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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	11920
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	298000
Total RAM Bits	18854912
Number of I/O	281
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-HBGA (33x33)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agz300fh29i3n

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 1-7 lists the Arria II GX I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-7. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-10	—	10	μA

Table 1-8 lists the Arria II GZ I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-8. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-20	—	20	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-20	—	20	μA

Bus Hold

Bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-9 lists bus hold specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-9. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V _{CCIO} (V)												Unit
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold low, sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA
Bus-hold high, sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (min.)	−8	—	−12	—	−30	—	−50	—	−70	—	−70	—	μA
Bus-hold low, overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA
Bus-hold high, overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	−125	—	−175	—	−200	—	−300	—	−500	—	−500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

Note to Table 1-9:

(1) The bus-hold trip points are based on calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

Table 1-11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%
100-Ω R _D 2.5	100-Ω differential OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	± 30	± 30	%

Note to Table 1-11:

(1) OCT with calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 1-12 lists the OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-12. OCT with Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy			Unit
			C2	C3,I3	C4,I4	
25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (2)	25-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω internal series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50-Ω R _T 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω internal parallel OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
20-Ω, 40-Ω, and 60-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (3)	20-Ω, 40-Ω and 60-Ω R _S expanded range for internal series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} internal left shift series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%

Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.
 (2) 25-Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.
 (3) 20-Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.

Use the following with Equation 1-1:

- R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power up.
- ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power up.
- ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power up.
- dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- dR/dV is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with voltage.

Table 1-14 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-14. OCT Variation after Power-up Calibration for Arria II GX Devices

Nominal Voltage V_{CCIO} (V)	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.262	0.035
2.5	0.234	0.039
1.8	0.219	0.086
1.5	0.199	0.136
1.2	0.161	0.288

Table 1-15 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-15. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Nominal Voltage, V_{CCIO} (V)	dR/dT (%/°C)	dR/dV (%/mV)
3.0	0.189	0.0297
2.5	0.208	0.0344
1.8	0.266	0.0499
1.5	0.273	0.0744
1.2	0.317	0.1241

Note to Table 1-15:

(1) Valid for V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 1-16 lists the pin capacitance for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-16. Pin Capacitance for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Typical	Unit
C_{IO}	Input capacitance on I/O pins, dual-purpose pins (differential I/O, clock, R_{up} , R_{dn}), and dedicated clock input pins	7	pF

Table 1-17 lists the pin capacitance for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-17. Pin Capacitance for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Typical	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	4	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	4	pF
C_{CLKTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom non-dedicated clock input pins	4	pF
C_{CLKLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right non-dedicated clock input pins	4	pF
C_{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on the dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	5	pF
C_{CLK1} , C_{CLK3} , C_{CLK8} , and C_{CLK10}	Input capacitance for dedicated clock input pins	2	pF

Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistors

Table 1-18 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-18. Internal Weak Pull-up and Weak Pull-Down Resistors for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{PU}	Value of I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2)	7	25	41	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2)	7	28	47	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2)	8	35	61	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2)	10	57	108	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2)	13	82	163	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (2)	19	143	351	k Ω
R_{PD}	Value of TCK pin pull-down resistor	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	6	19	29	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	6	22	32	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	6	25	42	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	7	35	70	k Ω
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	8	50	112	k Ω

Notes to Table 1-18:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .

Table 1-19 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-19. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$

Notes to Table 1-19:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately $25\text{ k}\Omega$.
- (3) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .

Hot Socketing

Table 1-20 lists the hot-socketing specification for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1-20. Hot Socketing Specifications for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN(DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	$300\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IOPIN(AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
$I_{XCVR TX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVR RX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1-20:

- (1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns , $|I_{IOPIN}| = C\text{ dv/dt}$, in which “C” is I/O pin capacitance and “dv/dt” is slew rate.

Schmitt Trigger Input

The Arria II GX device supports Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rates.

Table 1-21 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-21. Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Minimum	Unit
$V_{Schmitt}$	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$	220	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	180	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	110	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5$	70	mV

Table 1–33 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–33. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

I/O Standard (2)	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{ID} (mV)			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)		V _{OD} (V) (3)			V _{OCM} (V) (3)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
2.5 V LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1	1.25	1.5
RSDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
RSDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.5
Mini-LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.32 5	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.32 5	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.5
LVPECL	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 1–33:

- (1) 1.4-V/1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 1–21.
- (2) Vertical I/O (VIO) is top and bottom I/Os; horizontal I/O (HIO) is left and right I/Os.
- (3) R_L range: 90 ≤ R_L ≤ 110 Ω.
- (4) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Power Consumption for the Arria II Device Family

Altera offers two ways to estimate power for a design:

- Using the Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator
- Using the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature

The interactive Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator is typically used prior to designing the FPGA in order to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities which, when combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
LTD lock time (11)	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
Data lock time from rx_ freqlocked (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter														
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML													
Data rate	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –10dB												
	XAUI	312 MHz to 625 MHz: –10dB 625 MHz to 3.125 GHz: –10dB/decade slope												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –6dB												
Rise time (2)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
XAUI Transmit Jitter Generation (3)														
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAUI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (3)														
Total jitter	—	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (4)														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 4 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.27 9	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (6)														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation (7)														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7)														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 6 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 20 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar		> 1			> 1			> 1			> 1		UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar		> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2		UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar		> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2		UI
SATA Transmit Jitter Generation (10)														
Total jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
SATA Receiver Jitter Tolerance (10)														
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern		> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65		UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern		> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35		UI
SSC modulation frequency at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern		33			33			33			33		kHz

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (8)								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)— x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)— x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	—	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (8)								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)	Compliance pattern	Not supported			Not supported			UI
PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold								
V _{RX-IDLE-DETDIFFp-p} (9)	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	UI
SRIO Transmit Jitter Generation (10)								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance (10)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to- peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak- to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (11)								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
OBSAI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (15)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 5.4 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 460 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1536 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 10.9 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 921.6 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI

Notes to Table 1–41:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for Fibre Channel are compliant to the FC-P1-4 Specification revision 6.10.
- (5) The Fibre Channel transmitter jitter generation numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_T inter operability point.
- (6) The Fibre Channel receiver jitter tolerance numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_R interpretability point.
- (7) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (9) Arria II GZ PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the $V_{TX-CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA}$ of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (11) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (12) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (13) The jitter numbers for Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) are compliant to the SAS-2.1 Specification.
- (14) The jitter numbers for CPRI are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (15) The jitter numbers for OBSAI are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Table 1-44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK}$ (6), (7)	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	425	ps (p-p)
	Period jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \leq 100$ MHz)	—	—	42.5	mUI (p-p)

Notes to Table 1-44:

- (1) f_{IN} is limited by the I/O f_{MAX} .
- (2) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (3) A high-input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean-clock source, which is less than 200 ps.
- (4) F_{REF} is f_{IN}/N when $N = 1$.
- (5) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 1-62 on page 1-70.
- (7) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: $0.59 \text{ MHz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL BW} < 1 \text{ MHz}$
 - b. Downstream PLL: $\text{Downstream PLL BW} > 2 \text{ MHz}$

Table 1-45 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GZ devices when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

Table 1-45. PLL Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (-3 speed grade)	5	—	717 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (-4 speed grade)	5	—	717 (1)	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating range (-3 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (-4 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-3 speed grade)	—	—	700 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-4 speed grade)	—	—	500 (2)	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (-3 speed grade)	—	—	717 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-4 speed grade)	—	—	717 (2)	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure scan chain	—	3.5	—	scanclk cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	scanclk cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	scanclk frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end-of-device configuration or de-assertion of areset	—	—	1	ms

Table 1-45. PLL Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the $areset$ signal	10	—	—	ns
t_{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle to cycle jitter ($F_{REF} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle to cycle jitter ($F_{REF} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	±750	ps (p-p)
t_{OUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
t_{OUTCCJ_DC} (5)	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
t_{OUTPJ_IO} (5), (8)	Period Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
t_{OUTCCJ_IO} (5), (8)	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}$ (5), (6)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	250	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	25	mUI (p-p)
f_{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for duration of 100 μ s	—	—	±10	%

Notes to Table 1-45:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O F_{MAX} or F_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 120 ps.
- (4) F_{REF} is f_{IN}/N when $N = 1$.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in [Table 1-64 on page 1-71](#).
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: $0.59 \text{ MHz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL BW} < 1 \text{ MHz}$
 - b. Downstream PLL: $\text{Downstream PLL BW} > 2 \text{ MHz}$
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) External memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in [Table 1-63 on page 1-71](#).

DSP Block Specifications

Table 1-46 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-46. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance				Unit
	Number of Multipliers	C4	I3	C5,I5	C6	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 36-bit high-precision multiplier adder mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback (2)	2	275	220	220	180	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
Double mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz

Notes to Table 1-46:

- (1) Maximum is for a fully-pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum is for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, pipeline and output registers enabled.

Table 1-47 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	-3	-4	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	460	400	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	500	440	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	550	480	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	470	410	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	450	390	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback (2)	2	350	310	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	440	380	MHz

Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	–3	–4	
Double mode	1	440	380	MHz

Notes to Table 1–47:

- (1) Maximum is for fully pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, and pipeline and output registers enabled.

Embedded Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–48 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–48. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	Embedded Memory	I3	C4	C5,I5	C6	
Memory Logic Array Block (MLAB)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	450	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20 single clock	0	1	270	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10 single clock	0	1	428	500	450	378	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36 single CLK, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18 single CLK, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	900	850	950	1130	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	730	690	770	920	ps

Table 1-49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	I4	
MLAB (2)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
M9K Block (2)	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	340	340	300	300	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	335	335	290	290	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690	ps
M144K Block (2)	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	240	225	205	200	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	230	225	205	200	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690	ps

Notes to Table 1-48:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .

Configuration

Table 1–50 lists the configuration mode specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–50. Configuration Mode Specifications for Arria II Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Frequency			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
Passive serial	—	—	125	MHz
Fast passive parallel	—	—	125	MHz
Fast active serial (fast clock)	17	26	40	MHz
Fast active serial (slow clock)	8.5	13	20	MHz
Remote update only in fast AS mode	—	—	10	MHz

JTAG Specifications

Table 1–51 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–51. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period	30	—	ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time	14	—	ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time	14	—	ns
$t_{JPSU(TDI)}$	TDI JTAG port setup time	1	—	ns
$t_{JPSU(TMS)}$	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14	ns

Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications

Table 1–52 lists the specifications for the chip-wide reset (Dev_CLRn) for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–52. Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications for Arria II Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Dev_CLRn	500	—	—	μ s

IOE Programmable Delay

Table 1–66 lists the delay associated with each supported IOE programmable delay chain for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–66. IOE Programmable Delay for Arria II GX Devices

Parameter	Available Settings (1)	Minimum Offset (2)	Maximum Offset								Unit
			Fast Model			Slow Model					
			I3	C4	I5	I3	C4	C5	I5	C6	
Output enable pin delay	7	0	0.413	0.442	0.413	0.814	0.713	0.796	0.801	0.873	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	7	0	0.339	0.362	0.339	0.671	0.585	0.654	0.661	0.722	ns
Input delay from pin to internal cell	52	0	1.494	1.607	1.494	2.895	2.520	2.733	2.775	2.944	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	52	0	1.493	1.607	1.493	2.896	2.503	2.732	2.774	2.944	ns
DQS bus to input register delay	4	0	0.074	0.076	0.074	0.140	0.124	0.147	0.147	0.167	ns

Notes to Table 1–66:

- (1) The available setting for every delay chain starts with zero and ends with the specified maximum number of settings.
- (2) The minimum offset represented in the table does not include intrinsic delay.

Table 1–67 lists the IOE programmable delay settings for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–67. IOE Programmable Delay for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Available Settings <i>(1)</i>	Minimum Offset <i>(2)</i>	Maximum Offset						Unit
			Fast Model		Slow Model				
			Industrial	Commercial	C3	I3	C4	I4	
D1	15	0	0.462	0.505	0.795	0.801	0.857	0.864	ns
D2	7	0	0.234	0.232	0.372	0.371	0.407	0.405	ns
D3	7	0	1.700	1.769	2.927	2.948	3.157	3.178	ns
D4	15	0	0.508	0.554	0.882	0.889	0.952	0.959	ns
D5	15	0	0.472	0.500	0.799	0.817	0.875	0.882	ns
D6	6	0	0.186	0.195	0.319	0.321	0.345	0.347	ns

Notes to Table 1–67:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D4**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Table 1-69. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 2)

Date	Version	Changes
December 2010	4.0	■ Added Arria II GZ information. ■ Added Table 1-61 with Arria II GX information. ■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-2, Table 1-5, Table 1-6, Table 1-7, Table 1-11, Table 1-35, Table 1-37, Table 1-40, Table 1-42, Table 1-44, Table 1-45, Table 1-57, Table 1-61, and Table 1-63. ■ Updated Figure 1-5. ■ Updated for the Quartus II version 10.0 release. ■ Updated the first paragraph for searchability. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	3.0	■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-4, Table 1-16, Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-23, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-30, and Table 1-35 ■ Added Table 1-27 and Table 1-29. ■ Added I3 speed grade information to Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, Table 1-25, Table 1-30, Table 1-32, Table 1-33, Table 1-34, and Table 1-35. ■ Updated the “Operating Conditions” section. ■ Removed “Preliminary” from Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-23, Table 1-24, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-28, Table 1-30, Table 1-32, Table 1-33, Table 1-34, and Figure 1-4. ■ Minor text edits.
March 2010	2.3	Updated for the Quartus II version 9.1 SP2 release: ■ Updated Table 1-3, Table 1-7, Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, Table 1-25 and Table 1-33. ■ Updated “Recommended Operating Conditions” section. ■ Minor text edits.
February 2010	2.2	Updated Table 1-19.
February 2010	2.1	Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 SP1 release: ■ Updated Table 1-19, Table 1-23, Table 1-28, Table 1-30, and Table 1-33. ■ Added Figure 1-5. ■ Minor text edits.
November 2009	2.0	Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 release: ■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-4, Table 1-13, Table 1-14, Table 1-19, Table 1-15, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, and Table 1-28. ■ Added Table 1-6 and Table 1-33. ■ Added “Bus Hold” on page 1-5. ■ Added “IOE Programmable Delay” section. ■ Minor text edit.
June 2009	1.2	■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-3, Table 1-7, Table 1-8, Table 1-18, Table 1-23, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-29, Table 1-30, Table 1-31, Table 1-32, and Table 1-33. ■ Added Table 1-32. ■ Updated Equation 1-1.
March 2009	1.1	Added “I/O Timing” section.
February 2009	1.0	Initial release.