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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	11920
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	298000
Total RAM Bits	18854912
Number of I/O	281
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-HBGA (33x33)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agz300fh29i4n



Conditions beyond those listed in [Table 1-1](#) and [Table 1-2](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

[Table 1-1](#) lists the absolute maximum ratings for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCI Express® (PIPE) (PCIe) HIP block, and transceiver PCS	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCCB}	Supplies power for the configuration RAM bits	-0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCBAT}	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCPD}	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks	-0.5	3.9	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_I	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA
V_{CCA}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator	—	3.75	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking	—	1.21	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer	—	1.8	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (no bias)	-65	150	°C

[Table 1-2](#) lists the absolute maximum ratings for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-2. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCCB}	Power supply to the configuration RAM bits	-0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCPGM}	Supplies power to the configuration pins	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCBAT}	Supplies battery back-up power for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCPD}	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks	-0.5	3.9	V
V_{CC_CLKIN}	Supplies power to the differential clock input	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_I	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Arria II GX and GZ devices. All supplies are required to monotonically reach their full-rail values without plateaus within t_{RAMP} .

Table 1–5 lists the recommended operating conditions for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–5. Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCCB}	Supplies power to the configuration RAM bits	—	1.425	1.50	1.575	V
V_{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key registers	—	1.2	—	3.3	V
V_{CCPD} (3)	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks (4)	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
		—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
		—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_I	DC Input voltage	—	-0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
V_{CCA}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking	—	1.045	1.1	1.155	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	-40	—	100	°C

Table 1–17 lists the pin capacitance for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–17. Pin Capacitance for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Typical	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	4	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	4	pF
C_{CLKTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom non-dedicated clock input pins	4	pF
C_{CLKLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right non-dedicated clock input pins	4	pF
C_{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on the dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	5	pF
$C_{CLK1}, C_{CLK3}, C_{CLK8},$ and C_{CLK10}	Input capacitance for dedicated clock input pins	2	pF

Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistors

Table 1–18 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–18. Internal Weak Pull-up and Weak Pull-Down Resistors for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{PU}	Value of I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	7	25	41	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	7	28	47	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	8	35	61	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	10	57	108	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	13	82	163	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	19	143	351	kΩ
R_{PD}	Value of TCK pin pull-down resistor	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V \pm 5\%$	6	19	29	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V \pm 5\%$	6	22	32	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \pm 5\%$	6	25	42	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V \pm 5\%$	7	35	70	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V \pm 5\%$	8	50	112	kΩ

Notes to Table 1–18:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 × V _{CCIO}	0.65 × V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	2	-2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.3 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.1 × V _{CCIO}	0.9 × V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.35 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—	0.1 × V _{CCIO}	0.9 × V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5

Table 1–24 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–24. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.52 × V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–25 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–25. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	V _{REF}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–27. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 × V _{CCIO}	0.8 × V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	16	-16

Table 1–28 lists the differential SSTL I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–28. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)		V _{OX(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.7	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—	0.35	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–29 lists the differential SSTL I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices

Table 1–29. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)		V _{OX(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—	0.35	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–30 lists the HSTL I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–30. Differential HSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.85	—	0.95	0.88	—	0.95	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.71	—	0.79	0.71	—	0.79	0.4	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	—	—	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—	0.48 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.52 × V _{CCIO}	0.3	—

Table 1–31 lists the HSTL I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–31. Differential HSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—	0.4 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.6 × V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48

Table 1–32 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–32. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{ID} (mV)			V _{ICM} (V) (2)		V _{OD} (V) (3)			V _{OCM} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.80	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
RSDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 1–32:

- (1) The 1.5 V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 1–21.
- (2) V_{IN} range: 0 <= V_{IN} <= 1.85 V.
- (3) R_L range: 90 <= R_L <= 110 Ω.
- (4) The RSDS and mini-LVDS I/O standards are only supported for differential outputs.
- (5) The LVPECL input standard is supported at the dedicated clock input pins (GCLK) only.
- (6) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices **(Note 1)** (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—									
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R _{ref}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks														
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz

Table 1-35 lists the transceiver specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3 (1)			-C4 and -I4			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Reference Clock									
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL								
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	697	50	—	637.5	MHz	
Phase frequency detector (CMU PLL and receiver CDR)	—	50	—	325	50	—	325	MHz	
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
Operational V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V	
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω	
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	$1100 \pm 10\%$			$1100 \pm 10\%$			mV	
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz	
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz	
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz	
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz	
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps	
R_{REF}	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	Ω	

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 5 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
-3 dB Bandwidth	PCIe Gen1	2.5 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	6 - 8						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 4.976 Gbps	7 - 11						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	5 - 10						MHz
	XAUl	2 - 4						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	2 - 4						MHz
	GIGE	2.5 - 4.5						MHz
	SONET OC12	1.5 - 2.5						MHz
	SONET OC48	3.5 - 6						MHz
Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface								
Interface speed	—	25	—	325	25	—	250	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	—	Minimum is two parallel clock cycles					—	

Notes to Table 1–35:

- (1) The 3x speed grade is the fastest speed grade offered in the following Arria II GZ devices: EP2AGZ225, EP2AGZ300, and EP2AGZ350.
- (2) The rise and fall time transition is specified from 20% to 80%.
- (3) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula:

$$\text{REFCLK rms phase jitter at } f \text{ (MHz)} = \text{REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz} * 100/f$$
- (4) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (5) If your design uses more than one dynamic reconfiguration controller (`altgx_reconfig`) instances to control the transceiver (`altgx`) channels physically located on the same side of the device AND if you use different reconfig_clk sources for these `altgx_reconfig` instances, the delta time between any two of these reconfig_clk sources becoming stable must not exceed the maximum specification listed.
- (6) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (7) You must use the 1.1-V RX V_{ICM} setting if the input serial data standard is LVDS.
- (8) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that Receiver Equalization is disabled. If you enable Receiver Equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level. Use H-Spice simulation to derive the minimum eye opening requirement with Receiver Equalization enabled.
- (9) The rate matcher supports only up to ± 300 ppm.
- (10) Time taken to rx_pll_locked goes high from rx_analogreset de-assertion. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (11) Time for which the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx_pll_locked goes high and before rx_locktodata is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode. Refer to [Figure 1–2 on page 1–33](#).
- (14) A GPLL may be required to meet the PMA-FPGA fabric interface timing above certain data rates. For more information, refer to the [Transceiver Clocking for Arria II Devices](#) chapter.
- (15) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (16) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Figure 1–3 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1–3. Receiver Input Waveform

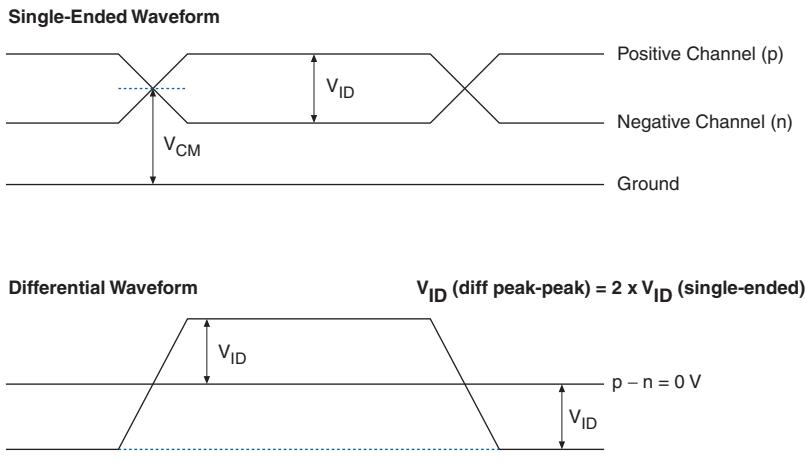


Figure 1–4 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1–4. Transmitter Output Waveform

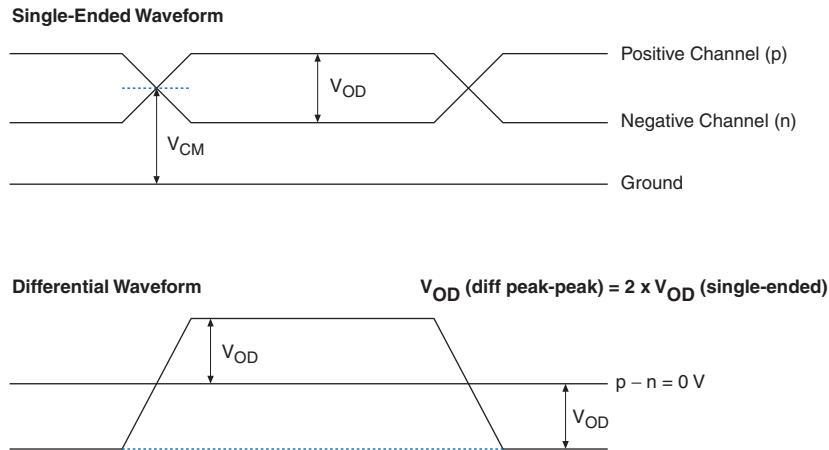


Table 1–36 lists the typical V_{OD} for TX term that equals 85 Ω for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–36. Typical V_{OD} Setting, TX Term = 85 Ω for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting (mV)							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
V_{OD} differential peak-to-peak Typical (mV)	$170 \pm 20\%$	$340 \pm 20\%$	$510 \pm 20\%$	$595 \pm 20\%$	$680 \pm 20\%$	$765 \pm 20\%$	$850 \pm 20\%$	$1020 \pm 20\%$

Table 1–39. Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Pre- Emphasis 1st Post-Tap Setting	V _{OD} Setting							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
29	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.5	9.6	7.7	6.3	4.3
30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.4	9	7.4	N/A
31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.9	10	8.2	N/A

Table 1–40 lists the transceiver jitter specifications for all supported protocols for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
SONET/SDH Transmit Jitter Generation (2)														
Peak-to-peak jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
Peak-to-peak jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
SONET/SDH Receiver Jitter Tolerance (2)														
Jitter tolerance at 622.08 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.03 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 25 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 250 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
XAU1 Transmit Jitter Generation (3)														
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAU1 Receiver Jitter Tolerance (3)														
Total jitter	—	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (4)														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 5 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SDI Transmitter Jitter Generation (8)														
Alignment jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) pattern = Color Bar Low- frequency Roll-off = 100 KHz	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	UI
	Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) pattern = Color bar Low- frequency Roll-off = 100 KHz	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	UI
SDI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (8)														
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 15 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 2		> 2		> 2		> 2		> 2		> 2		UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		> 0.3		UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11)														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12)														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15		> 15		> 15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15		> 0.15		> 0.15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15		> 0.15		> 0.15		UI
Fibre Channel Transmit Jitter Generation (4), (5)								
Total jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.23	—	—	0.23	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.11	UI
Total jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Total jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.52	—	—	0.52	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Fibre Channel Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4), (6)								
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37		> 0.37		> 0.37		UI
Random jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.31		> 0.31		> 0.31		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-1	Fc/25000	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33		> 0.33		> 0.33		UI
Random jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29		> 0.29		> 0.29		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-2	Fc/25000	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33		> 0.33		> 0.33		UI
Random jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29		> 0.29		> 0.29		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-4	Fc/25000	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
XAU1 Transmit Jitter Generation (7)								
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAU1 Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7)								
Total jitter	—	> 0.65		> 0.65		> 0.65		UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37		> 0.37		> 0.37		UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (8)								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)—x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)—x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	—	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (8)								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)	Compliance pattern	Not supported			Not supported			UI
PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold								
V _{RX-IDLE-DETDIFFp-p} (9)	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	UI
SRIO Transmit Jitter Generation (10)								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance (10)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (11)								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{CASC_OUTJITTER_PERIOD_DEDCLK}$ (6), (7)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	425	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{OUT} \leq 100$ MHz)	—	—	42.5	mUI (p-p)

Notes to Table 1–44:

- (1) f_{IN} is limited by the I/O f_{MAX} .
- (2) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (3) A high-input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean-clock source, which is less than 200 ps.
- (4) F_{REF} is f_{IN}/N when $N = 1$.
- (5) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in [Table 1–62 on page 1–70](#).
- (7) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: 0.59 MHz \leq Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
 - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz

[Table 1–45](#) lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GZ devices when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

Table 1–45. PLL Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (-3 speed grade)	5	—	717 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (-4 speed grade)	5	—	717 (1)	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating range (-3 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (-4 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-3 speed grade)	—	—	700 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-4 speed grade)	—	—	500 (2)	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (-3 speed grade)	—	—	717 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-4 speed grade)	—	—	717 (2)	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure scan chain	—	3.5	—	scanclk cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	scanclk cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	scanclk frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end-of-device configuration or de-assertion of areset	—	—	1	ms

Configuration

Table 1–50 lists the configuration mode specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–50. Configuration Mode Specifications for Arria II Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Frequency			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
Passive serial	—	—	125	MHz
Fast passive parallel	—	—	125	MHz
Fast active serial (fast clock)	17	26	40	MHz
Fast active serial (slow clock)	8.5	13	20	MHz
Remote update only in fast AS mode	—	—	10	MHz

JTAG Specifications

Table 1–51 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–51. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period	30	—	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time	14	—	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time	14	—	ns
t _{JPSU} (TDI)	TDI JTAG port setup time	1	—	ns
t _{JPSU} (TMS)	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14	ns

Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications

Table 1–52 lists the specifications for the chip-wide reset (Dev_CLRn) for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–52. Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications for Arria II Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Dev_CLRn	500	—	—	μs

Figure 1–6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Figure 1–6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

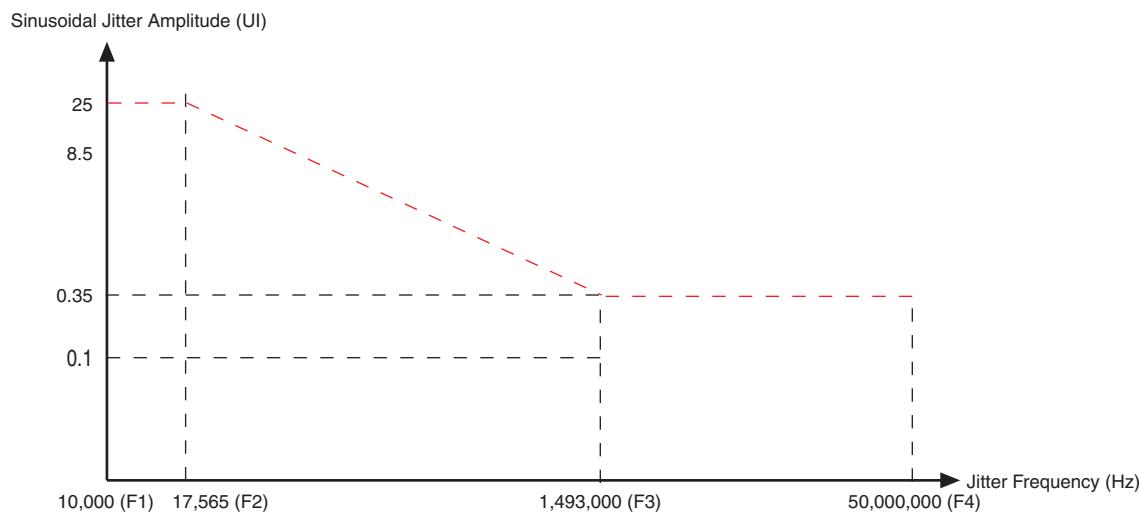


Table 1–56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Table 1–56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

External Memory Interface Specifications

For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the [External Memory Interface Spec Estimator](#) page on the Altera website.

Table 1–57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

