



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	11920
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	298000
Total RAM Bits	18854912
Number of I/O	734
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agz300hf40i4n

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 1-7 lists the Arria II GX I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-7. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-10	—	10	μA

Table 1-8 lists the Arria II GZ I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-8. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-20	—	20	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-20	—	20	μA

Bus Hold

Bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-9 lists bus hold specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-9. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	$V_{CCIO} (\text{V})$												Unit	
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Bus-hold low, sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL} (\text{max.})$	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA	
Bus-hold high, sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IL} (\text{min.})$	-8	—	-12	—	-30	—	-50	—	-70	—	-70	—	μA	
Bus-hold low, overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0 \text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA	
Bus-hold high, overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0 \text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-125	—	-175	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	—	-500	μA	
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V	

Note to Table 1-9:

- (1) The bus-hold trip points are based on calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

Table 1–11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
50- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50- Ω series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%
100- Ω R_D 2.5	100- Ω differential OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	± 30	± 30	%

Note to Table 1–11:

- (1) OCT with calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 1–12 lists the OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–12. OCT with Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy			Unit
			C2	C3,I3	C4,I4	
25- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (2)	25- Ω series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50- Ω internal series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50- Ω R_T 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50- Ω internal parallel OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8,$ 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
20- Ω , 40- Ω , and 60- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (3)	20- Ω , 40- Ω and 60- Ω R_S expanded range for internal series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
25- Ω $R_{S_left_shift}$ 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25- Ω $R_{S_left_shift}$ internal left shift series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%

Notes to Table 1–12:

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.
(2) 25- Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.
(3) 20- Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.

The calibration accuracy for calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When process, voltage, and temperature (PVT) conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

Table 1–13 lists the Arria II GZ OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 1–13. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
			C3,I3	C4,I4	
25- Ω R_S 3.0 and 2.5	25- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 40	± 40	%
25- Ω R_S 1.8 and 1.5	25- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5$	± 40	± 40	%
25- Ω R_S 1.2	25- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
50- Ω R_S 3.0 and 2.5	50- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 40	± 40	%
50- Ω R_S 1.8 and 1.5	50- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5$	± 40	± 40	%
50- Ω R_S 1.2	50- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
100- Ω R_D 2.5	100- Ω internal differential OCT	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	± 25	± 25	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power up for OCT-enabled I/Os. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the resistance may change. Use Equation 1–1 and Table 1–14 to determine the OCT variation when voltage and temperature vary after power-up calibration for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Equation 1–1. OCT Variation (*Note 1*)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \right)$$

Notes to Equation 1–1:

- (1) R_{OCT} value calculated from Equation 1–1 shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .

Table 1-35 lists the transceiver specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3 (1)			-C4 and -I4			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Reference Clock									
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL								
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	697	50	—	637.5	MHz	
Phase frequency detector (CMU PLL and receiver CDR)	—	50	—	325	50	—	325	MHz	
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
Operational V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V	
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω	
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	$1100 \pm 10\%$			$1100 \pm 10\%$			mV	
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz	
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz	
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz	
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz	
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps	
R_{REF}	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	Ω	

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 3 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit				
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max					
Receiver DC Coupling Support	—	For more information about receiver DC coupling support, refer to the “DC-Coupled Links” section in the <i>Transceiver Architecture for Arria II Devices</i> chapter.						—				
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85- Ω setting	85 \pm 20%		85 \pm 20%		Ω		Ω				
	100- Ω setting	100 \pm 20%		100 \pm 20%		Ω		Ω				
	120- Ω setting	120 \pm 20%		120 \pm 20%		Ω		Ω				
	150- Ω setting	150 \pm 20%		150 \pm 20%		Ω		Ω				
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe (Gen 1 and Gen 2), XAUI, HiGig+, CEI SR/LR, SRIO SR/LR, CPRI LV/HV, OBSAI, SATA	Compliant						—				
Programmable PPM detector (9)	—	\pm 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300, 500, 1,000						ppm				
Run length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI				
Programmable equalization	—	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB				
t _{LTR} (10)	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	μ s				
t _{LTD_Manual} (11)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s				
t _{LTD_Manual} (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns				
t _{LTD_Auto} (13)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns				
Receiver CDR 3 dB Bandwidth in lock-to-data (LTD) mode	PCIe Gen1	2.0 - 3.5						MHz				
	PCIe Gen2	40 - 65						MHz				
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	20 - 35						MHz				
	XAUI	10 - 18						MHz				
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz				
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz				
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	6 - 10						MHz				
	GIGE	6 - 10						MHz				
	SONET OC12	3 - 6						MHz				
	SONET OC48	14 - 19						MHz				
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	—	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	recon fig_clk cycles				
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB				
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB				
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB				

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 5 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
-3 dB Bandwidth	PCIe Gen1	2.5 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	6 - 8						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 4.976 Gbps	7 - 11						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	5 - 10						MHz
	XAUl	2 - 4						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	2 - 4						MHz
	GIGE	2.5 - 4.5						MHz
	SONET OC12	1.5 - 2.5						MHz
	SONET OC48	3.5 - 6						MHz
Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface								
Interface speed	—	25	—	325	25	—	250	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	—	Minimum is two parallel clock cycles					—	

Notes to Table 1–35:

- (1) The 3x speed grade is the fastest speed grade offered in the following Arria II GZ devices: EP2AGZ225, EP2AGZ300, and EP2AGZ350.
- (2) The rise and fall time transition is specified from 20% to 80%.
- (3) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula:

$$\text{REFCLK rms phase jitter at } f \text{ (MHz)} = \text{REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz} * 100/f$$
- (4) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (5) If your design uses more than one dynamic reconfiguration controller (`altgx_reconfig`) instances to control the transceiver (`altgx`) channels physically located on the same side of the device AND if you use different reconfig_clk sources for these `altgx_reconfig` instances, the delta time between any two of these reconfig_clk sources becoming stable must not exceed the maximum specification listed.
- (6) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (7) You must use the 1.1-V RX V_{ICM} setting if the input serial data standard is LVDS.
- (8) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that Receiver Equalization is disabled. If you enable Receiver Equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level. Use H-Spice simulation to derive the minimum eye opening requirement with Receiver Equalization enabled.
- (9) The rate matcher supports only up to ± 300 ppm.
- (10) Time taken to rx_pll_locked goes high from rx_analogreset de-assertion. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (11) Time for which the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx_pll_locked goes high and before rx_locktodata is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode. Refer to [Figure 1–2 on page 1–33](#).
- (14) A GPLL may be required to meet the PMA-FPGA fabric interface timing above certain data rates. For more information, refer to the [Transceiver Clocking for Arria II Devices](#) chapter.
- (15) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (16) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Figure 1-1 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

 LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1-1. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

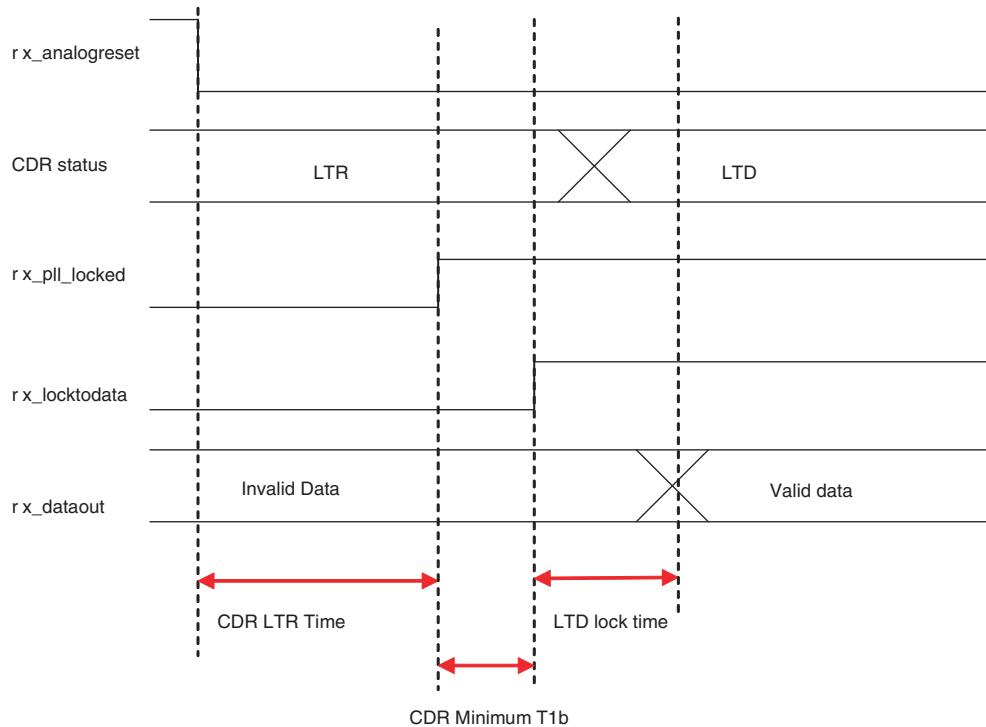


Figure 1-2 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1-2. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

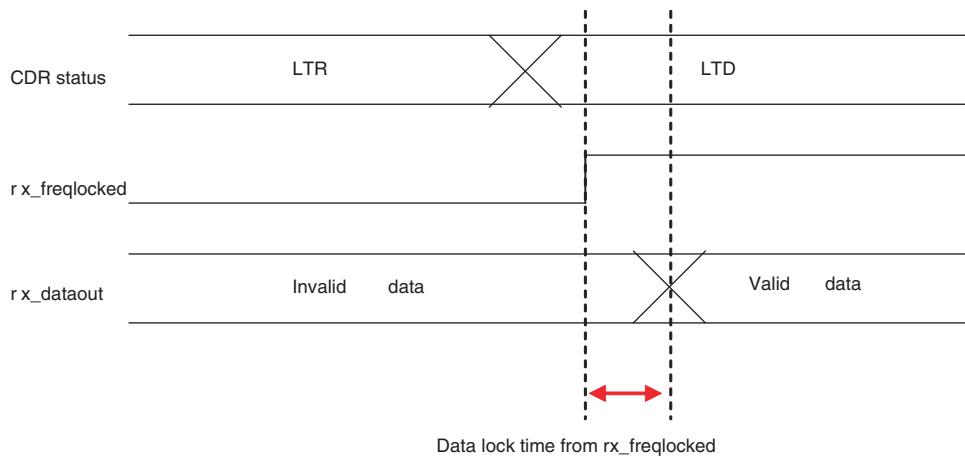


Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 3 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4)														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold (9)														
VRX-IDLE-DETDIFF (p-p)	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	mV
Serial RapidIO® (SRIO) Transmit Jitter Generation (5)														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance (5)														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (6)														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 7 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
SSC modulation deviation at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	80			80			80			80			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	75			75			75			75			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			UI
Random jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	30			30			30			30			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	100			100			100			100			mV

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11)														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12)														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 10 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 KHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI

Notes to Table 1–40:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins are used to drive the input reference clocks. The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (2) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (3) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (5) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (6) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (7) The jitter numbers for HiGig are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (9) Arria II PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the `VTX_CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA` of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) are compliant to the Serial ATA Revision 3.0 Specification.
- (11) The jitter numbers for Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (12) The jitter numbers for Open Base Station Architecture Initiative (OBSAI) are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Table 1–41 lists the transceiver jitter specifications for all supported protocols for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*), (*2*) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3			-C4 and -I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SONET/SDH Transmit Jitter Generation (<i>3</i>)								
Peak-to-peak jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
Peak-to-peak jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
SONET/SDH Receiver Jitter Tolerance (<i>3</i>)								
Jitter tolerance at 622.08 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.03 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 25 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 250 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter Frequency = 38.2 KHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}	> 0.5			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter Frequency = 3.82 MHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}	> 0.05			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter Frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}	> 0.05			—	—	—	UI
SDI Transmitter Jitter Generation (12)								
Alignment jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = color bar Low-frequency roll-off = 100 KHz	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	UI
	Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = color bar Low-frequency roll-off = 100 KHz	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	UI
SDI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (12)								
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 15 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 2			> 2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 20 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) pattern = 75% color bar	> 1			> 1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
SAS Transmit Jitter Generation (13)								
Total jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
OBSAI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (15)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.37			> 0.37		UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.55			> 0.55		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 5.4 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 460 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1536 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 10.9 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 921.6 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI

Notes to Table 1–41:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for Fibre Channel are compliant to the FC-PI-4 Specification revision 6.10.
- (5) The Fibre Channel transmitter jitter generation numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_T inter operability point.
- (6) The Fibre Channel receiver jitter tolerance numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_R interpretability point.
- (7) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (9) Arria II GZ PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the $V_{TX-CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA}$ of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (11) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (12) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (13) The jitter numbers for Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) are compliant to the SAS-2.1 Specification.
- (14) The jitter numbers for CPRI are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (15) The jitter numbers for OBSAI are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-4 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-5 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-6 Speed Grade)	—	—	400	MHz
$f_{\text{OUT_EXT}}$	Output frequency for external clock output (-4 Speed Grade)	—	—	670 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-5 Speed Grade)	—	—	622 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-6 Speed Grade)	—	—	500 (5)	MHz
t_{OUTDUTY}	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
$t_{\text{OUTPJ_DC}}$	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p-p)
	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTCCJ_DC}}$	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p-p)
	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p-p)
$f_{\text{OUTPJ_IO}}$	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p-p)
	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p-p)
$f_{\text{OUTCCJ_IO}}$	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p-p)
	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{CONFIGPLL}}$	Time required to reconfigure PLL scan chains	—	3.5	—	SCANCLK cycles
$t_{\text{CONFIGPHASE}}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	SCANCLK cycles
f_{SCANCLK}	SCANCLK frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth	—	4	—	MHz
$t_{\text{PLL_PSERR}}$	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	± 50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on areset signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance			Unit
	Number of Multipliers	-3	-4		
Double mode	1	440	380	MHz	

Notes to Table 1–47:

- (1) Maximum is for fully pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, and pipeline and output registers enabled.

Embedded Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–48 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–48. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	Embedded Memory	I3	C4	C5,I5	C6	
Memory Logic Array Block (MLAB)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	450	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20 single clock	0	1	270	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10 single clock	0	1	428	500	450	378	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36 single CLK, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18 single CLK, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	900	850	950	1130	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	730	690	770	920	ps

Table 1–53. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	I3		C4		C5,I5		C6		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{TX_JITTER} (4)	True LVDS with dedicated SERDES (data rate 600–1,250 Mbps)	—	175	—	175	—	225	—	300	ps
	True LVDS with dedicated SERDES (data rate < 600 Mbps)	—	0.105	—	0.105	—	0.135	—	0.18	UI
	True LVDS and emulated LVDS_E_3R with logic elements as SERDES (data rate 600 – 945 Mbps)	—	260	—	260	—	300	—	350	ps
	True LVDS and emulated LVDS_E_3R with logic elements as SERDES (data rate < 600 Mbps)	—	0.16	—	0.16	—	0.18	—	0.21	UI
t_{TX_DCD}	True LVDS and emulated LVDS_E_3R	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%
t_{RISE} and t_{FALL}	True LVDS and emulated LVDS_E_3R	—	200	—	200	—	225	—	250	ps
TCCS	True LVDS (5)	—	150	—	150	—	175	—	200	ps
	Emulated LVDS_E_3R	—	200	—	200	—	250	—	300	ps
Receiver (6)										
True differential I/O standards - $f_{HSDRDPA}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	150	1250	150	1250	150	1050	150	840	Mbps

Table 1–55. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Arria II Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions (4)	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 1–55:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in the table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 1–5 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at a data rate less than 1.25 Gbps and all the Arria II GX devices.

Figure 1–5. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for All Arria II GX Devices and for Arria II GZ Devices at a Data Rate less than 1.25 Gbps

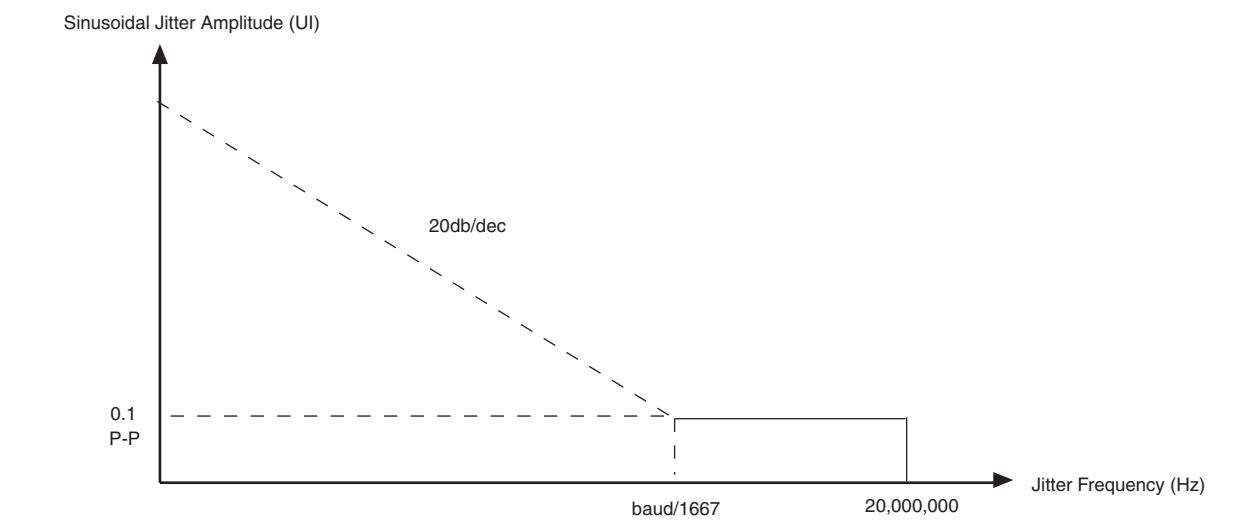


Table 1–63 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–63. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	-3		-4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-110	110	-110	110	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-165	165	-165	165	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-90	90	-90	90	ps

Notes to Table 1–63:

- (1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a regional or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using regional clock networks whenever possible.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1–63 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.

Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 1–64 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–64. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	C4		I3, C5, I5		C6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 1–64:

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

Table 1–65 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–65. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	C3, I3		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 1–65:

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G, H, I, J	J JTAG Timing Specifications	<p>High-speed I/O block: Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).</p> <p>JTAG Timing Specifications:</p> <p>The diagram illustrates the timing sequence for JTAG operations. It shows four signals: TMS, TDI, TCK, and TDO. TMS and TDI are high-speed parallel data buses. TCK is a clock signal. TDO is a low-speed parallel data bus. Various timing parameters are labeled: t_{JCP} (TMS setup time), t_{JCH} (TMS hold time), t_{JCL} (TDI setup time), t_{JPSU} (TDI hold time), t_{JPH} (TDO hold time), t_{JPZX} (TDO setup time), t_{JPZO} (TDO hold time), and t_{JPXZ} (TDO output time).</p>
K, L, M, N, O, P	PLL Specifications	<p>PLL Specification parameters:</p> <p>Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)</p> <p>The diagram shows a detailed block diagram of a PLL. It includes a Core Clock input, a Synchronizer, a Phase Frequency Detector (PFD), a Charge Pump (CP), a Loop Filter (LF), a Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO), a VCO post-scale counter K (with a value of 2), a Counter CO.C9, and various output paths for CLKOUT pins, GCLK, and RCLK. A feedback path from the output is labeled "External Feedback". A key legend indicates that blue boxes represent "Reconfigurable in User Mode".</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) CoreClock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs. (2) This is the VCO post-scale counter K.
Q, R	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Arria II device).

Table 1–69. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 2)

Date	Version	Changes
December 2010	4.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Arria II GZ information. ■ Added Table 1–61 with Arria II GX information. ■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–2, Table 1–5, Table 1–6, Table 1–7, Table 1–11, Table 1–35, Table 1–37, Table 1–40, Table 1–42, Table 1–44, Table 1–45, Table 1–57, Table 1–61, and Table 1–63. ■ Updated Figure 1–5. ■ Updated for the Quartus II version 10.0 release. ■ Updated the first paragraph for searchability. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–4, Table 1–16, Table 1–19, Table 1–21, Table 1–23, Table 1–25, Table 1–26, Table 1–30, and Table 1–35 ■ Added Table 1–27 and Table 1–29. ■ Added I3 speed grade information to Table 1–19, Table 1–21, Table 1–22, Table 1–24, Table 1–25, Table 1–30, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Table 1–35. ■ Updated the “Operating Conditions” section. ■ Removed “Preliminary” from Table 1–19, Table 1–21, Table 1–22, Table 1–23, Table 1–24, Table 1–25, Table 1–26, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, and Figure 1–4. ■ Minor text edits.
March 2010	2.3	<p>Updated for the Quartus II version 9.1 SP2 release:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–3, Table 1–7, Table 1–19, Table 1–21, Table 1–22, Table 1–24, Table 1–25 and Table 1–33. ■ Updated “Recommended Operating Conditions” section. ■ Minor text edits.
February 2010	2.2	Updated Table 1–19.
February 2010	2.1	<p>Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 SP1 release:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–19, Table 1–23, Table 1–28, Table 1–30, and Table 1–33. ■ Added Figure 1–5. ■ Minor text edits.
November 2009	2.0	<p>Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 release:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–4, Table 1–13, Table 1–14, Table 1–19, Table 1–15, Table 1–22, Table 1–24, and Table 1–28. ■ Added Table 1–6 and Table 1–33. ■ Added “Bus Hold” on page 1–5. ■ Added “IOE Programmable Delay” section. ■ Minor text edit.
June 2009	1.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–1, Table 1–3, Table 1–7, Table 1–8, Table 1–18, Table 1–23, Table 1–25, Table 1–26, Table 1–29, Table 1–30, Table 1–31, Table 1–32, and Table 1–33. ■ Added Table 1–32. ■ Updated Equation 1–1.
March 2009	1.1	Added “I/O Timing” section.
February 2009	1.0	Initial release.