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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	13940
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	348500
Total RAM Bits	21270528
Number of I/O	734
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agz350hf40c3n

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Arria II GX and GZ devices. All supplies are required to monotonically reach their full-rail values without plateaus within t_{RAMP} .

Table 1–5 lists the recommended operating conditions for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–5. Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCCB}	Supplies power to the configuration RAM bits	—	1.425	1.50	1.575	V
V_{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key registers	—	1.2	—	3.3	V
V_{CCPD} (3)	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks (4)	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
		—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
		—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_I	DC Input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
V_{CCA}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking	—	1.045	1.1	1.155	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	–40	—	100	°C

Table 1-10 lists the bus hold specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-10. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V _{CCIO} (V)										Unit
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	μA
Bus-hold High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (min.)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	μA
Bus-hold Low overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	μA
Bus-hold High overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

OCT Specifications

Table 1-11 lists the Arria II GX device and differential OCT with and without calibration accuracy.

Table 1-11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
25- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5	25- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 30	± 40	%
50- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5	50- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 30	± 40	%
25- Ω R_S 1.8	25- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	± 40	± 50	%
50- Ω R_S 1.8	50- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	± 40	± 50	%
25- Ω R_S 1.5, 1.2	25- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
50- Ω R_S 1.5, 1.2	50- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
25- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25- Ω series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2$	± 10	± 10	%

The calibration accuracy for calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When process, voltage, and temperature (PVT) conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

Table 1-13 lists the Arria II GZ OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 1-13. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
			C3,I3	C4,I4	
25-Ω R _S 3.0 and 2.5	25-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 40	± 40	%
25-Ω R _S 1.8 and 1.5	25-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5	± 40	± 40	%
25-Ω R _S 1.2	25-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
50-Ω R _S 3.0 and 2.5	50-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 40	± 40	%
50-Ω R _S 1.8 and 1.5	50-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5	± 40	± 40	%
50-Ω R _S 1.2	50-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
100-Ω R _D 2.5	100-Ω internal differential OCT	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	± 25	± 25	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power up for OCT-enabled I/Os. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the resistance may change. Use Equation 1-1 and Table 1-14 to determine the OCT variation when voltage and temperature vary after power-up calibration for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Equation 1-1. OCT Variation (Note 1)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left(1 + \left\langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right\rangle \pm \left\langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right\rangle \right)$$

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) R_{OCT} value calculated from Equation 1-1 shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO}.

Table 1-19 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-19. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ (3)	—	25	—	$k\Omega$

Notes to Table 1-19:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately $25\text{ k}\Omega$.
- (3) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .

Hot Socketing

Table 1-20 lists the hot-socketing specification for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1-20. Hot Socketing Specifications for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN(DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	$300\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IOPIN(AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
$I_{XCVR TX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVR RX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1-20:

- (1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns , $|I_{IOPIN}| = C\text{ dv/dt}$, in which “C” is I/O pin capacitance and “dv/dt” is slew rate.

Schmitt Trigger Input

The Arria II GX device supports Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rates.

Table 1-21 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-21. Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Minimum	Unit
$V_{Schmitt}$	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$	220	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	180	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	110	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5$	70	mV

Table 1-26 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O standard signal specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-26. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standard Signal Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)} (V)$		$V_{IH(DC)} (V)$		$V_{IL(AC)} (V)$	$V_{IH(AC)} (V)$	$V_{OL} (V)$	$V_{OH} (V)$	$I_{OL} (mA)$	$I_{OH} (mA)$
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.18$	$V_{REF} + 0.18$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.35$	$V_{REF} + 0.35$	$V_{TT} - 0.57$	$V_{TT} + 0.57$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.18$	$V_{REF} + 0.18$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.35$	$V_{REF} + 0.35$	$V_{TT} - 0.76$	$V_{TT} + 0.76$	16.4	-16.4
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.475$	$V_{TT} + 0.475$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
HSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	14	-14

Table 1-27 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O standard signal specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-27. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)} (V)$		$V_{IH(DC)} (V)$		$V_{IL(AC)} (V)$	$V_{IH(AC)} (V)$	$V_{OL} (V)$	$V_{OH} (V)$	$I_{OL} (mA)$	$I_{OH} (mA)$
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.57$	$V_{TT} + 0.57$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.76$	$V_{TT} + 0.76$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.475$	$V_{TT} + 0.475$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	8	-8

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfig. clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clks (5)	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	μs
Receiver														
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS													
Data rate (13)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin (6)	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p)	$V_{ICM} = 0.82$ V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	$V_{ICM} = 1.1$ V setting (7)	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
LTD lock time (11)	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
Data lock time from rx_ freqlocked (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter														
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML													
Data rate	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –10dB												
	XAUI	312 MHz to 625 MHz: –10dB 625 MHz to 3.125 GHz: –10dB/decade slope												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –6dB												
Rise time (2)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps

Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transceiver Clocks								
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clks (5)	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down (gxb_powerdown) pulse width	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Data rate (16)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (6)	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting (7)	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (8)	Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	100	—	—	165	—	—	mV
	Data Rate > 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	165	—	—	165	—	—	mV
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	820 ± 10%			820 ± 10%			mV
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting (7)	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV

Figure 1-1 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

 LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1-1. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

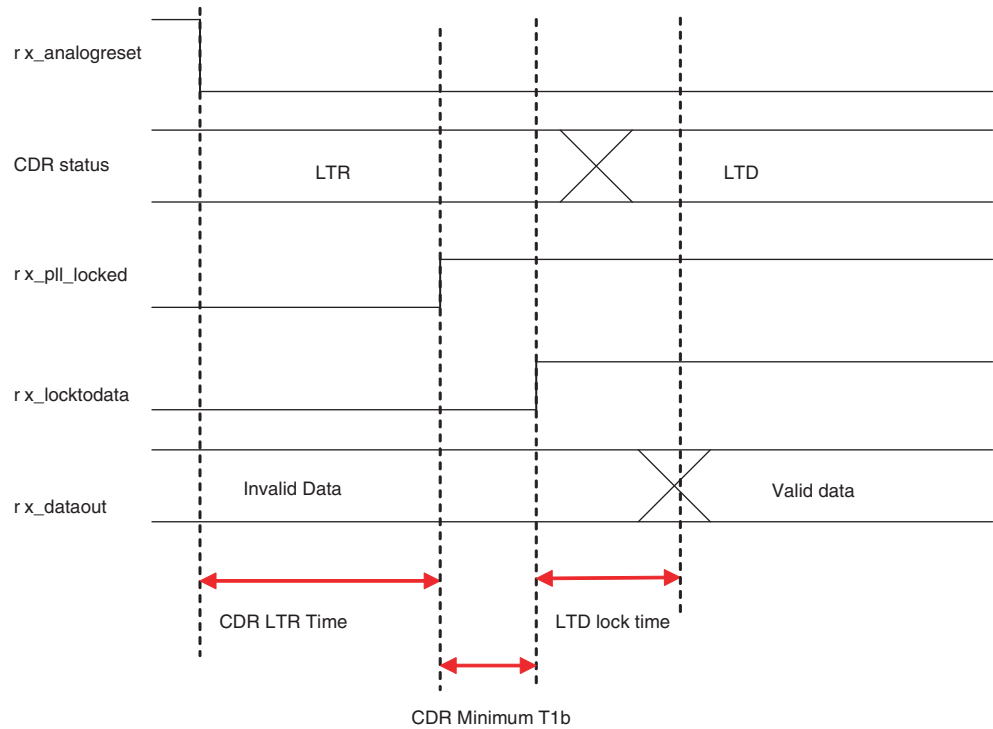


Figure 1-2 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1-2. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

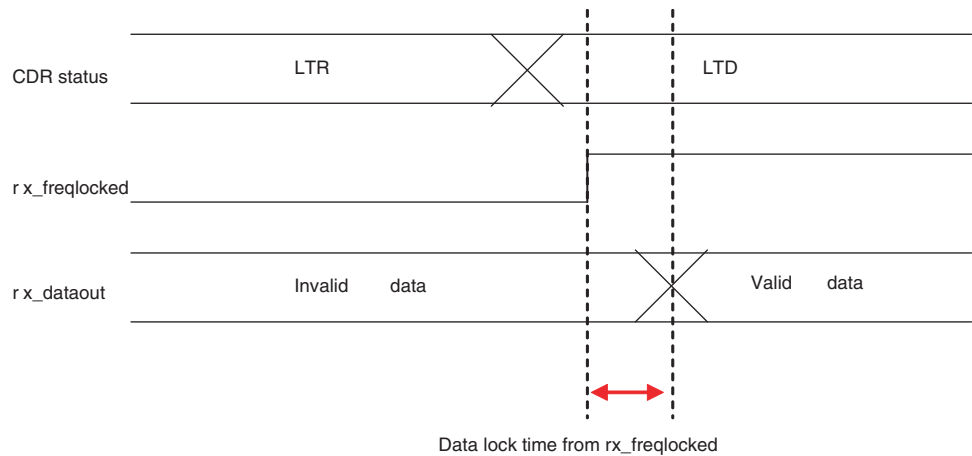


Table 1-40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11)														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.27 9	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12)														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1-41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			—	—	—	UI
(OIF) CEI Transmitter Jitter Generation								
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS15 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
(OIF) CEI Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.675			—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.988			—	—	—	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
SAS Receiver Jitter Tolerance (13)								
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.65	—	—	0.65	UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Jitter frequency = 900 KHz to 5 MHz Pattern = CJTPAT BER = 1E-12	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (14)								
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (14)								
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (15)								
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 MBps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Core Performance Specifications for the Arria II Device Family

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), embedded memory, configuration, and JTAG specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1-42 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-42. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GX Devices

Clock Network	Performance			Unit
	I3, C4	C5,I5	C6	
GCLK and RCLK	500	500	400	MHz
PCLK	420	350	280	MHz

Table 1-43 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-43. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GZ Devices

Clock Network	Performance		Unit
	-C3 and -I3	-C4 and -I4	
GCLK and RCLK	700	500	MHz
PCLK	500	450	MHz

PLL Specifications

Table 1-44 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-4 Speed Grade)	5	—	670 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-5 Speed Grade)	5	—	622 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-6 Speed Grade)	5	—	500 (1)	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating Range (2)	600	—	1,400	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{EINDUTY}$	External feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
t_{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency $\geq$ 100 MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency $\leq$ 100 MHz)	—	—	± 750	ps (p-p)

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–4 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–5 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–6 Speed Grade)	—	—	400	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (–4 Speed Grade)	—	—	670 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (–5 Speed Grade)	—	—	622 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (–6 Speed Grade)	—	—	500 (5)	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{OUTPJ_DC}	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p–p)
	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p–p)
t_{OUTCCJ_DC}	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p–p)
	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p–p)
f_{OUTPJ_IO}	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p–p)
	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p–p)
f_{OUTCCJ_IO}	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p–p)
	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p–p)
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure PLL scan chains	—	3.5	—	SCANCLK cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	SCANCLK cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	SCANCLK frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
$f_{CL\ BW}$	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on areset signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	–3	–4	
Double mode	1	440	380	MHz

Notes to Table 1–47:

- (1) Maximum is for fully pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, and pipeline and output registers enabled.

Embedded Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–48 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–48. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	Embedded Memory	I3	C4	C5,I5	C6	
Memory Logic Array Block (MLAB)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	450	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20 single clock	0	1	270	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10 single clock	0	1	428	500	450	378	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36 single CLK, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18 single CLK, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	900	850	950	1130	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	730	690	770	920	ps

Table 1-49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	I4	
MLAB (2)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
M9K Block (2)	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	340	340	300	300	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	335	335	290	290	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690	ps
M144K Block (2)	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	240	225	205	200	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	230	225	205	200	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690	ps

Notes to Table 1-48:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .

Configuration

Table 1–50 lists the configuration mode specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–50. Configuration Mode Specifications for Arria II Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Frequency			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
Passive serial	—	—	125	MHz
Fast passive parallel	—	—	125	MHz
Fast active serial (fast clock)	17	26	40	MHz
Fast active serial (slow clock)	8.5	13	20	MHz
Remote update only in fast AS mode	—	—	10	MHz

JTAG Specifications

Table 1–51 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–51. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period	30	—	ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time	14	—	ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time	14	—	ns
$t_{JPSU} (TDI)$	TDI JTAG port setup time	1	—	ns
$t_{JPSU} (TMS)$	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14	ns

Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications

Table 1–52 lists the specifications for the chip-wide reset (Dev_CLRn) for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–52. Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications for Arria II Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Dev_CLRn	500	—	—	μ s

Table 1-55. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Arria II Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions (4)	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 1-55:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in the table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 1-5 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at a data rate less than 1.25 Gbps and all the Arria II GX devices.

Figure 1-5. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for All Arria II GX Devices and for Arria II GZ Devices at a Data Rate less than 1.25 Gbps

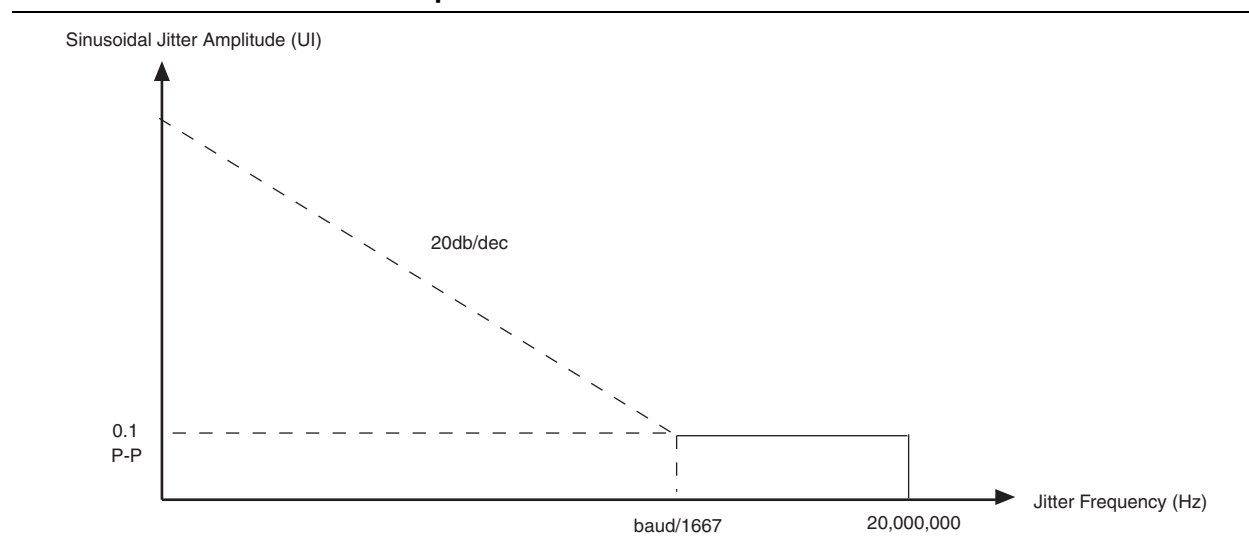


Table 1-57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
5	270-410	270-380	270-320	36	High	10
6	320-450	320-410	320-370	45	High	8

Note to Table 1-57:

(1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1-58 lists the DLL frequency range specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-58. DLL Frequency Range Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)		Available Phase Shift	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	-3	-4			
0	90-130	90-120	22.5°, 45°, 67.5°, 90°	Low	16
1	120-170	120-160	30°, 60°, 90°, 120°	Low	12
2	150-210	150-200	36°, 72°, 108°, 144°	Low	10
3	180-260	180-240	45°, 90°, 135°, 180°	Low	8
4	240-320	240-290	30°, 60°, 90°, 120°	High	12
5	290-380	290-360	36°, 72°, 108°, 144°	High	10
6	360-450	360-450	45°, 90°, 135°, 180°	High	8
7	470-630	470-590	60°, 120°, 180°, 240°	High	6

Note to Table 1-58:

(1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1-59 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-59. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4	7.0	13.0	ps
I3, C5, I5	7.0	15.0	ps
C6	8.5	18.0	ps

Notes to Table 1-59:

- (1) The valid settings for phase offset are -64 to +63 for frequency modes 0 to 3 and -32 to +31 for frequency modes 4 to 5.
- (2) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (3) The delay settings are linear.

Table 1–60 lists the DQS phase shift error for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–60. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffer	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6	Unit
1	26	30	36	ps
2	52	60	72	ps
3	78	90	108	ps
4	104	120	144	ps

Note to Table 1–60:

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a C4 speed grade is ± 78 ps or ± 39 ps.

Table 1–61 lists the DQS phase shift error for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–61. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffer	–3	–4	Unit
1	28	30	ps
2	56	60	ps
3	84	90	ps
4	112	120	ps

Note to Table 1–61:

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a 3 speed grade is ± 84 ps or ± 42 ps.

Table 1–62 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–62. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	–4		–5		–6		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-100	100	-125	125	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-200	200	-250	250	-250	250	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-100	100	-125	125	-125	125	ps

Notes to Table 1–62:

- (1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock network.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1–62 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.