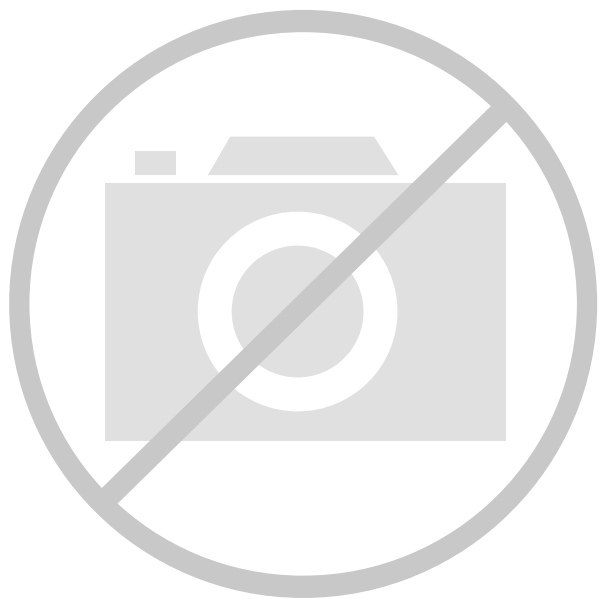




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### Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

### Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

#### Details

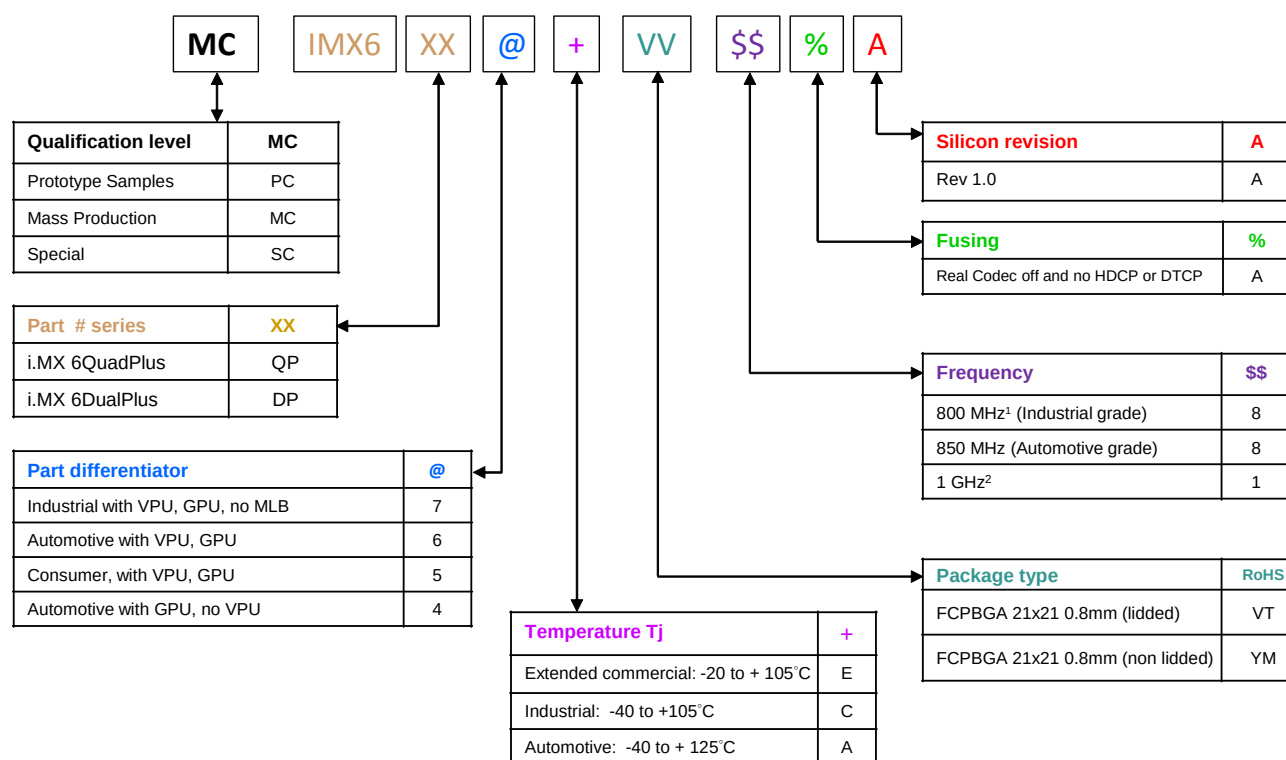
|                                 |                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product Status                  | Active                                                                                                                                                        |
| Core Processor                  | ARM® Cortex®-A9                                                                                                                                               |
| Number of Cores/Bus Width       | 2 Core, 32-Bit                                                                                                                                                |
| Speed                           | 800MHz                                                                                                                                                        |
| Co-Processors/DSP               | Multimedia; NEON™ SIMD                                                                                                                                        |
| RAM Controllers                 | LPDDR2, DDR3L, DDR3                                                                                                                                           |
| Graphics Acceleration           | Yes                                                                                                                                                           |
| Display & Interface Controllers | HDMI, Keypad, LCD, LVDS, MIPI/DSI, Parallel                                                                                                                   |
| Ethernet                        | 10/100/1000Mbps (1)                                                                                                                                           |
| SATA                            | SATA 3Gbps (1)                                                                                                                                                |
| USB                             | USB 2.0 + PHY (3), USB 2.0 OTG + PHY (1)                                                                                                                      |
| Voltage - I/O                   | 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.3V                                                                                                                                        |
| Operating Temperature           | -40°C ~ 105°C (TA)                                                                                                                                            |
| Security Features               | ARM TZ, A-HAB, CAAM, CSU, SJC, SNVS                                                                                                                           |
| Package / Case                  | 624-FBGA, FCBGA                                                                                                                                               |
| Supplier Device Package         | 624-FCBGA (21x21)                                                                                                                                             |
| Purchase URL                    | <a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mcimx6dp7cvt8aa">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mcimx6dp7cvt8aa</a> |

The i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus processors are specifically useful for applications such as the following:

- Reconfigurable instrument cluster high performance infotainment
- Graphics rendering for Human Machine Interfaces (HMI)
- Video processing and display

The i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus processors offers numerous advanced features, such as:

- **Multilevel memory system**—The multilevel memory system of each processor is based on the L1 instruction and data caches, L2 cache, and internal and external memory. The processors support many types of external memory devices, including DDR3, DDR3L, LPDDR2, NOR Flash, PSRAM, cellular RAM, NAND Flash (MLC and SLC), OneNAND™, and managed NAND, including eMMC up to rev 4.4/4.41.
- **Smart speed technology**—The processors have power management throughout the device that enables the rich suite of multimedia features and peripherals to consume minimum power in both active and various low power modes. Smart speed technology enables the designer to deliver a feature-rich product, requiring levels of power far lower than industry expectations.
- **Dynamic voltage and frequency scaling**—The processors improve the power efficiency of devices by scaling the voltage and frequency to optimize performance.
- **Multimedia powerhouse**—The multimedia performance of each processor is enhanced by a multilevel cache system, Neon® MPE (Media Processor Engine) co-processor, a multi-standard hardware video codec, 2 autonomous and independent image processing units (IPU), and a programmable smart DMA (SDMA) controller.
- **Powerful graphics acceleration**—Each processor provides three independent, integrated graphics processing units: an OpenGL® ES 3.0 3D graphics accelerator with four shaders (up to 198 MTri/s and OpenCL support), 2D graphics accelerator, and dedicated OpenVG™ 1.1 accelerator.
- **Interface flexibility**—Each processor supports connections to a variety of interfaces: LCD controller for up to four displays (including parallel display, HDMI1.4, MIPI display, and LVDS display), dual CMOS sensor interface (parallel or through MIPI), high-speed USB on-the-go with PHY, high-speed USB host with PHY, multiple expansion card ports (high-speed MMC/SDIO host and other), 10/100/1000 Mbps Gigabit Ethernet controller, and a variety of other popular interfaces (such as UART, I<sup>2</sup>C, and I<sup>2</sup>S serial audio, SATA-II, and PCIe-II).
- **Automotive environment support**—Each processor includes interfaces, such as two CAN ports, an MLB150/50 port, an ESAI audio interface, and an asynchronous sample rate converter for multichannel/multisource audio.
- **Advanced security**—The processors deliver hardware-enabled security features that enable secure e-commerce, digital rights management (DRM), information encryption, secure boot, and secure software downloads. The security features are discussed in detail in the i.MX 6Dual/6Quad security reference manual (IMX6DQ6SDL SRM).
- **Integrated power management**—The processors integrate linear regulators and internally generate voltage levels for different domains. This significantly simplifies system power management structure.



1. If a 24 MHz input clock is used (required for USB), the maximum SoC speed is limited to 792 MHz.

2. If a 24 MHz input clock is used (required for USB), the maximum SoC speed is limited to 996 MHz.

Figure 1. Part Number Nomenclature—i.MX 6DualPlus and i.MX 6QuadPlus

## 1.2 Features

The i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus processors are based on ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore platform, which has the following features:

- ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore 4xCPU processor (with TrustZone<sup>®</sup>)
- The core configuration is symmetric, where each core includes:
  - 32 KByte L1 Instruction Cache
  - 32 KByte L1 Data Cache
  - Private Timer and Watchdog
  - Cortex-A9 NEON MPE (Media Processing Engine) Co-processor

The ARM Cortex-A9 MPCore complex includes:

- General Interrupt Controller (GIC) with 128 interrupt support
- Global Timer
- Snoop Control Unit (SCU)
- 1 MB unified I/D L2 cache, shared by two/four cores
- Two Master AXI (64-bit) bus interfaces output of L2 cache
- Frequency of the core (including Neon and L1 cache) as per [Table 6](#).

Table 2. i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus Modules List (continued)

| Block Mnemonic                           | Block Name                                                                 | Subsystem                | Brief Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| uSDHC-1<br>uSDHC-2<br>uSDHC-2<br>uSDHC-4 | SD/MMC and SDXC Enhanced Multi-Media Card / Secure Digital Host Controller | Connectivity Peripherals | <p>i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus specific SoC characteristics:<br/>All four MMC/SD/SDIO controller IPs are identical and are based on the uSDHC IP. They are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conforms to the SD Host Controller Standard Specification version 3.0</li> <li>• Fully compliant with MMC command/response sets and Physical Layer as defined in the Multimedia Card System Specification, v4.2/4.3/4.4/4.41 including high-capacity (size &gt; 2 GB) cards HC MMC. Hardware reset as specified for eMMC cards is supported at ports #3 and #4 only.</li> <li>• Fully compliant with SD command/response sets and Physical Layer as defined in the SD Memory Card Specifications, v3.0 including high-capacity SDHC cards up to 32 GB and SDXC cards up to 2TB.</li> <li>• Fully compliant with SDIO command/response sets and interrupt/read-wait mode as defined in the SDIO Card Specification, Part E1, v1.10</li> <li>• Fully compliant with SD Card Specification, Part A2, SD Host Controller Standard Specification, v2.00</li> </ul> <p>All four ports support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1-bit or 4-bit transfer mode specifications for SD and SDIO cards up to UHS-I SDR104 mode (104 MB/s max)</li> <li>• 1-bit, 4-bit, or 8-bit transfer mode specifications for MMC cards up to 52 MHz in both SDR and DDR modes (104 MB/s max)</li> </ul> <p>However, the SoC-level integration and I/O muxing logic restrict the functionality to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Instances #1 and #2 are primarily intended to serve as external slots or interfaces to on-board SDIO devices. These ports are equipped with “Card Detection” and “Write Protection” pads and do not support hardware reset.</li> <li>• Instances #3 and #4 are primarily intended to serve interfaces to embedded MMC memory or interfaces to on-board SDIO devices. These ports do not have “Card detection” and “Write Protection” pads and do support hardware reset.</li> <li>• All ports can work with 1.8 V and 3.3 V cards. There are two completely independent I/O power domains for Ports #1 and #2 in four bit configuration (SD interface). Port #3 is placed in his own independent power domain and port #4 shares power domain with some other interfaces.</li> </ul> |
| VDOA                                     | VDOA                                                                       | Multimedia Peripherals   | The Video Data Order Adapter (VDOA) is used to re-order video data from the “tiled” order used by the VPU to the conventional raster-scan order needed by the IPU.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| VPU                                      | Video Processing Unit                                                      | Multimedia Peripherals   | A high-performing video processing unit (VPU), which covers many SD-level and HD-level video decoders and SD-level encoders as a multi-standard video codec engine as well as several important video processing, such as rotation and mirroring.<br>See the i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus reference manual (IMX6DQPRM) for complete list of VPU's decoding/encoding capabilities.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| WDOG-1                                   | Watchdog                                                                   | Timer Peripherals        | The Watchdog Timer supports two comparison points during each counting period. Each of the comparison points is configurable to evoke an interrupt to the ARM core, and a second point evokes an external event on the WDOG line.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## 4.8 Output Buffer Impedance Parameters

This section defines the I/O impedance parameters of the i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus processors for the following I/O types:

- General Purpose I/O (GPIO)
- Double Data Rate I/O (DDR) for LPDDR2, and DDR3 modes
- LVDS I/O
- MLB I/O

### NOTE

GPIO and DDR I/O output driver impedance is measured with “long” transmission line of impedance  $Z_{tl}$  attached to I/O pad and incident wave launched into transmission line.  $R_{pu}/R_{pd}$  and  $Z_{tl}$  form a voltage divider that defines specific voltage of incident wave relative to OVDD. Output driver impedance is calculated from this voltage divider (see [Figure 9](#)).

## 4.8.1 GPIO Output Buffer Impedance

Table 33 shows the GPIO output buffer impedance (OVDD 1.8 V).

**Table 33. GPIO Output Buffer Average Impedance (OVDD 1.8 V)**

| Parameter               | Symbol | Drive Strength (ipp_dse) | Typ Value | Unit     |
|-------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Output Driver Impedance | Rdrv   | 001                      | 260       | $\Omega$ |
|                         |        | 010                      | 130       |          |
|                         |        | 011                      | 90        |          |
|                         |        | 100                      | 60        |          |
|                         |        | 101                      | 50        |          |
|                         |        | 110                      | 40        |          |
|                         |        | 111                      | 33        |          |

Table 34 shows the GPIO output buffer impedance (OVDD 3.3 V).

**Table 34. GPIO Output Buffer Average Impedance (OVDD 3.3 V)**

| Parameter               | Symbol | Drive Strength (ipp_dse) | Typ Value | Unit     |
|-------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Output Driver Impedance | Rdrv   | 001                      | 150       | $\Omega$ |
|                         |        | 010                      | 75        |          |
|                         |        | 011                      | 50        |          |
|                         |        | 100                      | 37        |          |
|                         |        | 101                      | 30        |          |
|                         |        | 110                      | 25        |          |
|                         |        | 111                      | 20        |          |

## 4.8.2 DDR I/O Output Buffer Impedance

The LPDDR2 interface fully complies with JESD209-2B LPDDR2 JEDEC standard release June, 2009. The DDR3 interface fully complies with JESD79-3D DDR3 JEDEC standard release April, 2008.

Table 35 shows DDR I/O output buffer impedance of i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus processors.

**Table 35. DDR I/O Output Buffer Impedance**

| Parameter               | Symbol | Test Conditions        | Typical                                 |                                           | Unit     |
|-------------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------|
|                         |        |                        | NVCC_DRAM=1.5 V<br>(DDR3)<br>DDR_SEL=11 | NVCC_DRAM=1.2 V<br>(LPDDR2)<br>DDR_SEL=10 |          |
| Output Driver Impedance | Rdrv   | Drive Strength (DSE) = |                                         |                                           | $\Omega$ |
|                         |        | 000                    | Hi-Z                                    | Hi-Z                                      |          |
|                         |        | 001                    | 240                                     | 240                                       |          |
|                         |        | 010                    | 120                                     | 120                                       |          |
|                         |        | 011                    | 80                                      | 80                                        |          |
|                         |        | 100                    | 60                                      | 60                                        |          |
|                         |        | 101                    | 48                                      | 48                                        |          |
|                         |        | 110                    | 40                                      | 40                                        |          |
|                         |        | 111                    | 34                                      | 34                                        |          |

**Note:**

1. Output driver impedance is controlled across PVTs using ZQ calibration procedure.
2. Calibration is done against 240  $\Omega$  external reference resistor.
3. Output driver impedance deviation (calibration accuracy) is  $\pm 5\%$  (max/min impedance) across PVTs.

## 4.8.3 LVDS I/O Output Buffer Impedance

The LVDS interface complies with TIA/EIA 644-A standard. See, TIA/EIA STANDARD 644-A, “Electrical Characteristics of Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) Interface Circuits” for details.

## 4.8.4 MLB 6-Pin I/O Differential Output Impedance

Table 36 shows MLB 6-pin I/O differential output impedance of i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus processors.

**Table 36. MLB 6-Pin I/O Differential Output Impedance**

| Parameter                     | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit      |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Differential Output Impedance | $Z_O$  | —               | 1.6 | —   | —   | $k\Omega$ |

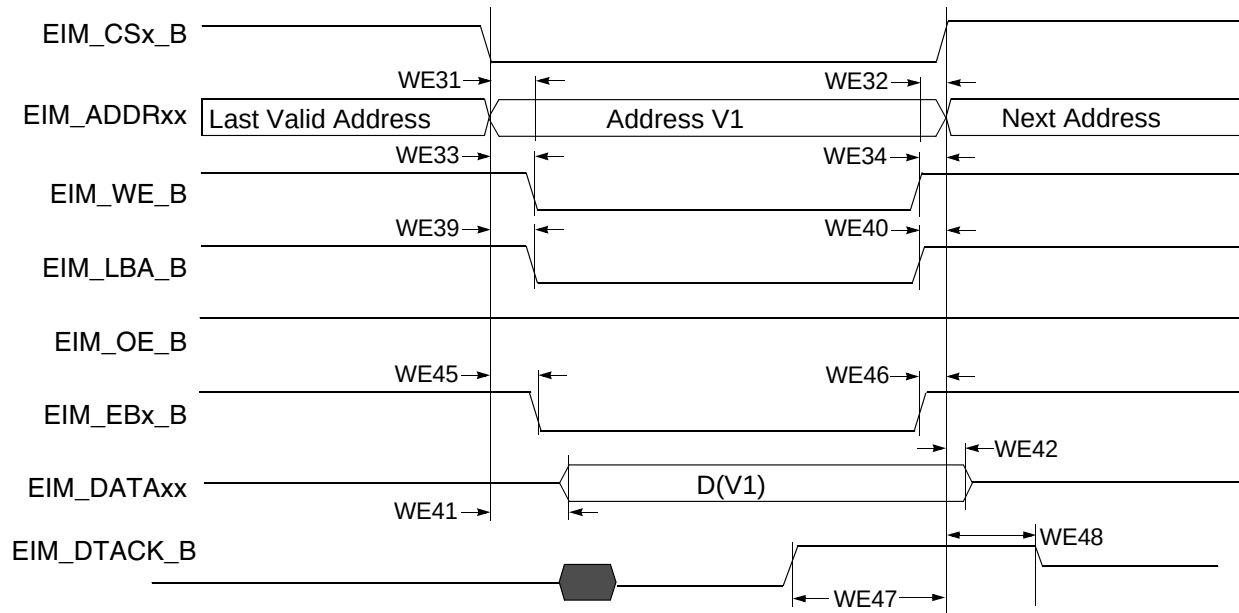


Figure 23. DTACK Mode Write Access (DAP=0)

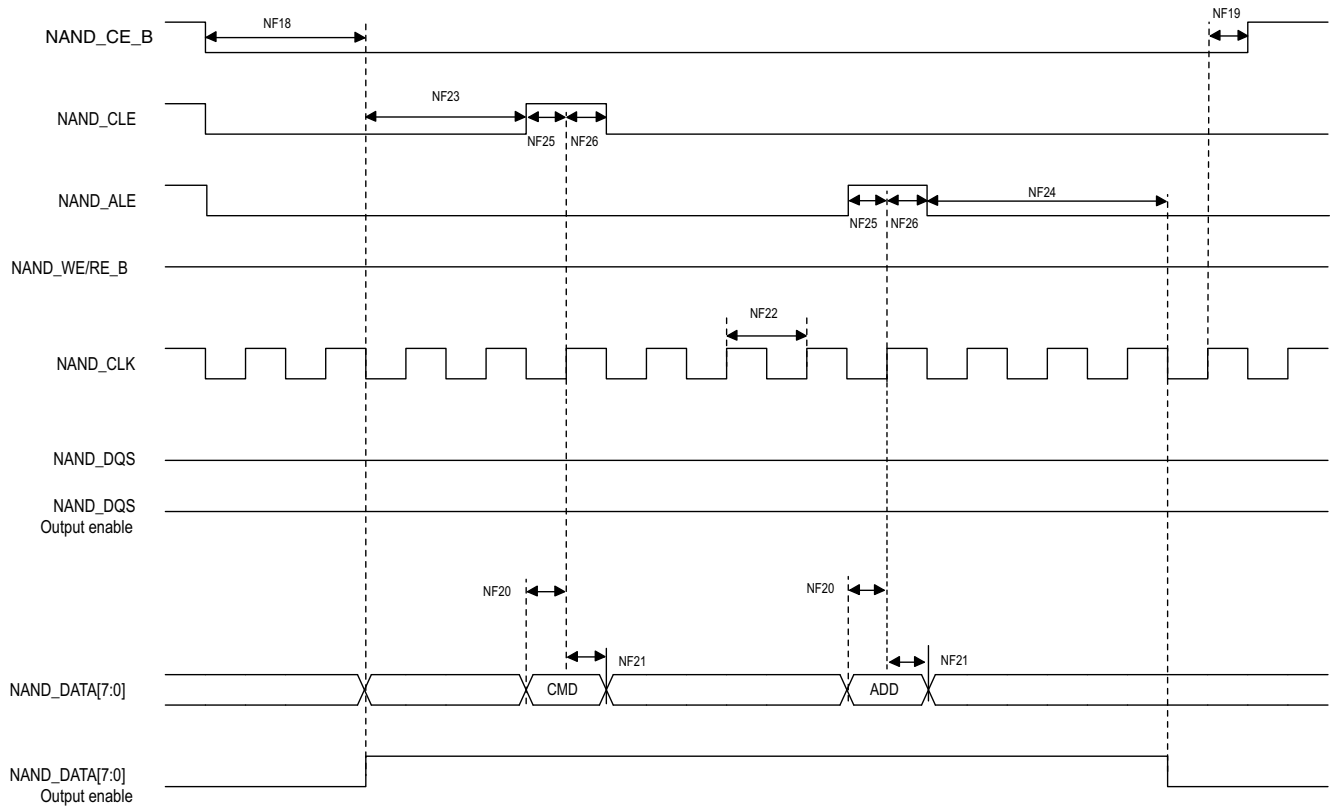
Table 41. EIM Asynchronous Timing Parameters Relative to Chip Select<sup>1, 2</sup>

| Ref No.           | Parameter                                            | Determination by Synchronous measured parameters        | Min                                               | Max                                               | Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------|
| WE31              | EIM_CSx_B valid to Address Valid                     | WE4 - WE6 - CSA × t                                     | -3.5 - CSA × t                                    | 3.5 - CSA × t                                     | ns   |
| WE32              | Address Invalid to EIM_CSx_B Invalid                 | WE7 - WE5 - CSN × t                                     | -3.5 - CSN × t                                    | 3.5 - CSN × t                                     | ns   |
| WE32A (muxed A/D) | EIM_CSx_B valid to Address Invalid                   | t + WE4 - WE7 + (ADV <sub>N</sub> + ADVA + 1 - CSA) × t | t - 3.5 + (ADV <sub>N</sub> + ADVA + 1 - CSA) × t | t + 3.5 + (ADV <sub>N</sub> + ADVA + 1 - CSA) × t | ns   |
| WE33              | EIM_CSx_B Valid to EIM_WE_B Valid                    | WE8 - WE6 + (WEA - WCSA) × t                            | -3.5 + (WEA - WCSA) × t                           | 3.5 + (WEA - WCSA) × t                            | ns   |
| WE34              | EIM_WE_B Invalid to EIM_CSx_B Invalid                | WE7 - WE9 + (WEN - WCSN) × t                            | -3.5 + (WEN - WCSN) × t                           | 3.5 + (WEN - WCSN) × t                            | ns   |
| WE35              | EIM_CSx_B Valid to EIM_OE_B Valid                    | WE10 - WE6 + (OEA - RCSA) × t                           | -3.5 + (OEA - RCSA) × t                           | 3.5 + (OEA - RCSA) × t                            | ns   |
| WE35A (muxed A/D) | EIM_CSx_B Valid to EIM_OE_B Valid                    | WE10 - WE6 + (OEA + RADVN + RADVA + ADH + 1 - RCSA) × t | -3.5 + (OEA + RADVN + RADVA + ADH + 1 - RCSA) × t | 3.5 + (OEA + RADVN + RADVA + ADH + 1 - RCSA) × t  | ns   |
| WE36              | EIM_OE_B Invalid to EIM_CSx_B Invalid                | WE7 - WE11 + (OEN - RCSN) × t                           | -3.5 + (OEN - RCSN) × t                           | 3.5 + (OEN - RCSN) × t                            | ns   |
| WE37              | EIM_CSx_B Valid to EIM_EBx_B Valid (Read access)     | WE12 - WE6 + (RBEA - RCSA) × t                          | -3.5 + (RBEA - RCSA) × t                          | 3.5 + (RBEA - RCSA) × t                           | ns   |
| WE38              | EIM_EBx_B Invalid to EIM_CSx_B Invalid (Read access) | WE7 - WE13 + (RBEN - RCSN) × t                          | -3.5 + (RBEN - RCSN) × t                          | 3.5 + (RBEN - RCSN) × t                           | ns   |
| WE39              | EIM_CSx_B Valid to EIM_LBA_B Valid                   | WE14 - WE6 + (ADVA - CSA) × t                           | -3.5 + (ADVA - CSA) × t                           | 3.5 + (ADVA - CSA) × t                            | ns   |



## 4.10.2 Source Synchronous Mode AC Timing (ONFI 2.x Compatible)

Figure 35 shows the write and read timing of Source Synchronous mode.



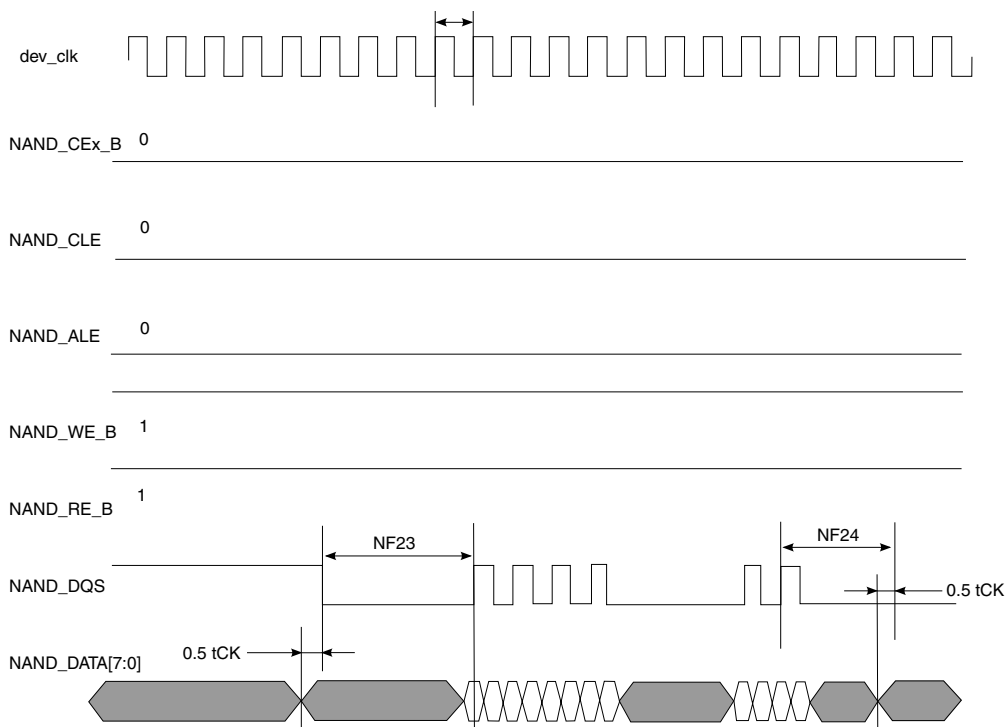
**Figure 35. Source Synchronous Mode Command and Address Timing Diagram**

### 4.10.3 Samsung Toggle Mode AC Timing

#### 4.10.3.1 Command and Address Timing

Samsung Toggle mode command and address timing is the same as ONFI 1.0 compatible Async mode AC timing. See [Section 4.10.1, “Asynchronous Mode AC Timing \(ONFI 1.0 Compatible\)”](#) for details.

#### 4.10.3.2 Read and Write Timing



**Figure 39. Samsung Toggle Mode Data Write Timing**

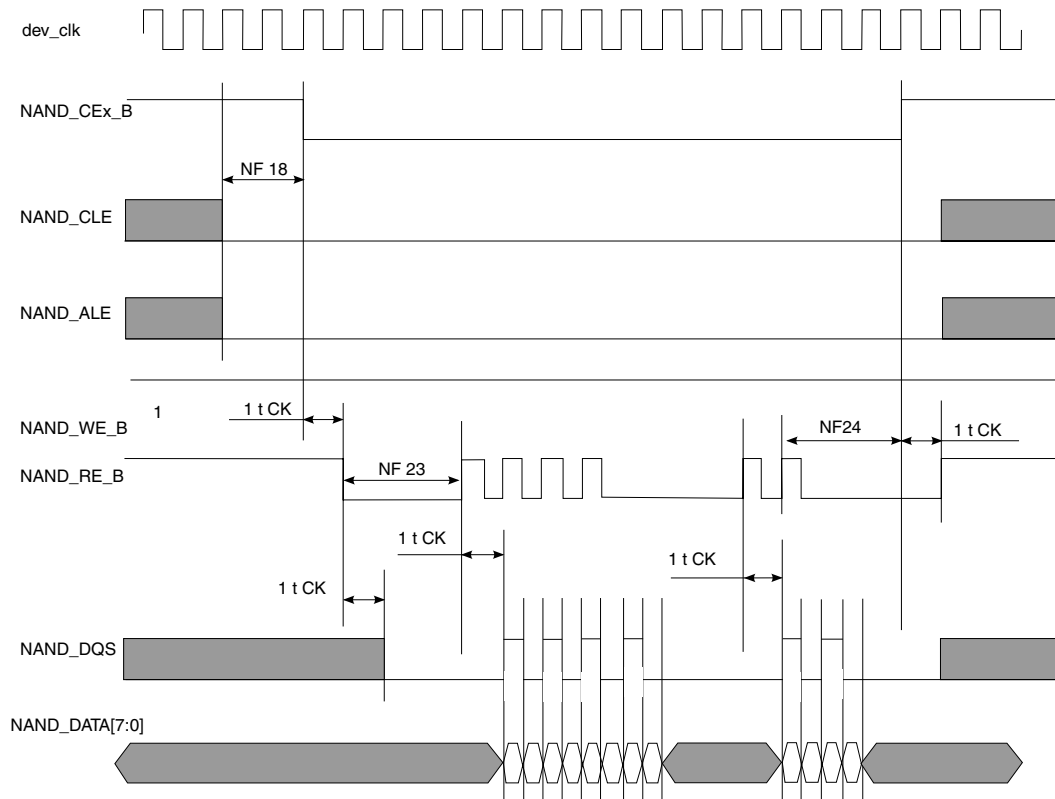


Figure 40. Samsung Toggle Mode Data Read Timing

Table 50. Samsung Toggle Mode Timing Parameters<sup>1</sup>

| ID   | Parameter                              | Symbol | Timing<br>T = GPML Clock Cycle                    |     | Unit |
|------|----------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------|
|      |                                        |        | Min                                               | Max |      |
| NF1  | NAND_CLE setup time                    | tCLS   | $(AS + DS) \times T - 0.12$ [see <sup>2,3</sup> ] |     | —    |
| NF2  | NAND_CLE hold time                     | tCLH   | $DH \times T - 0.72$ [see <sup>2</sup> ]          |     | —    |
| NF3  | NAND_CEx_B setup time                  | tCS    | $(AS + DS) \times T - 0.58$ [see <sup>3,2</sup> ] |     | —    |
| NF4  | NAND_CEx_B hold time                   | tCH    | $DH \times T - 1$ [see <sup>2</sup> ]             |     | —    |
| NF5  | NAND_WE_B pulse width                  | tWP    | $DS \times T$ [see <sup>2</sup> ]                 |     | —    |
| NF6  | NAND_ALE setup time                    | tALS   | $(AS + DS) \times T - 0.49$ [see <sup>3,2</sup> ] |     | —    |
| NF7  | NAND_ALE hold time                     | tALH   | $DH \times T - 0.42$ [see <sup>2</sup> ]          |     | —    |
| NF8  | Command/address NAND_DATAxx setup time | tCAS   | $DS \times T - 0.26$ [see <sup>2</sup> ]          |     | —    |
| NF9  | Command/address NAND_DATAxx hold time  | tCAH   | $DH \times T - 1.37$ [see <sup>2</sup> ]          |     | —    |
| NF18 | NAND_CEx_B access time                 | tCE    | $CE\_DELAY \times T$ [see <sup>4,2</sup> ]        | —   | ns   |
| NF22 | clock period                           | tCK    | —                                                 | —   | ns   |
| NF23 | preamble delay                         | tPRE   | $PRE\_DELAY \times T$ [see <sup>5,2</sup> ]       | —   | ns   |
| NF24 | postamble delay                        | tPOST  | $POST\_DELAY \times T + 0.43$ [see <sup>2</sup> ] | —   | ns   |

### 4.11.4.3 SDR50/SDR104 AC Timing

Figure 47 depicts the timing of SDR50/SDR104, and Table 56 lists the SDR50/SDR104 timing characteristics.

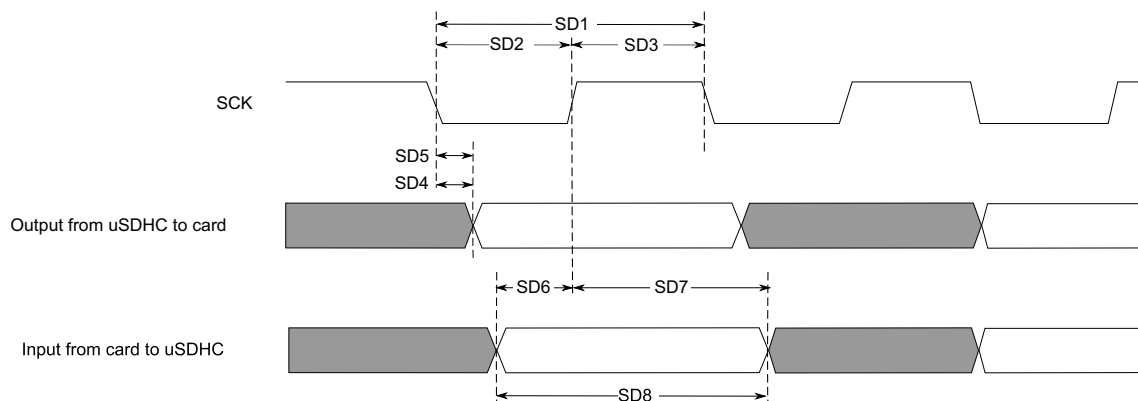


Figure 47. SDR50/SDR104 Timing

Table 56. SDR50/SDR104 Interface Timing Specification

| ID                                                                                             | Parameter               | Symbols   | Min                  | Max                  | Unit |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------|
| <b>Card Input Clock</b>                                                                        |                         |           |                      |                      |      |
| SD1                                                                                            | Clock Frequency Period  | $t_{CLK}$ | 4.8                  | —                    | ns   |
| SD2                                                                                            | Clock Low Time          | $t_{CL}$  | $0.3 \times t_{CLK}$ | $0.7 \times t_{CLK}$ | ns   |
| SD2                                                                                            | Clock High Time         | $t_{CH}$  | $0.3 \times t_{CLK}$ | $0.7 \times t_{CLK}$ | ns   |
| <b>uSDHC Output/Card Inputs SD_CMD, SDx_DATAx in SDR50 (Reference to SDx_CLK)</b>              |                         |           |                      |                      |      |
| SD4                                                                                            | uSDHC Output Delay      | $t_{OD}$  | -3                   | 1                    | ns   |
| <b>uSDHC Output/Card Inputs SD_CMD, SDx_DATAx in SDR104 (Reference to SDx_CLK)</b>             |                         |           |                      |                      |      |
| SD5                                                                                            | uSDHC Output Delay      | $t_{OD}$  | -1.6                 | 1                    | ns   |
| <b>uSDHC Input/Card Outputs SD_CMD, SDx_DATAx in SDR50 (Reference to SDx_CLK)</b>              |                         |           |                      |                      |      |
| SD6                                                                                            | uSDHC Input Setup Time  | $t_{ISU}$ | 2.5                  | —                    | ns   |
| SD7                                                                                            | uSDHC Input Hold Time   | $t_{IH}$  | 1.5                  | —                    | ns   |
| <b>uSDHC Input/Card Outputs SD_CMD, SDx_DATAx in SDR104 (Reference to SDx_CLK)<sup>1</sup></b> |                         |           |                      |                      |      |
| SD8                                                                                            | Card Output Data Window | $t_{ODW}$ | $0.5 \times t_{CLK}$ | —                    | ns   |

<sup>1</sup>Data window in SDR100 mode is variable.

**Table 59. MII Asynchronous Inputs Signal Timing**

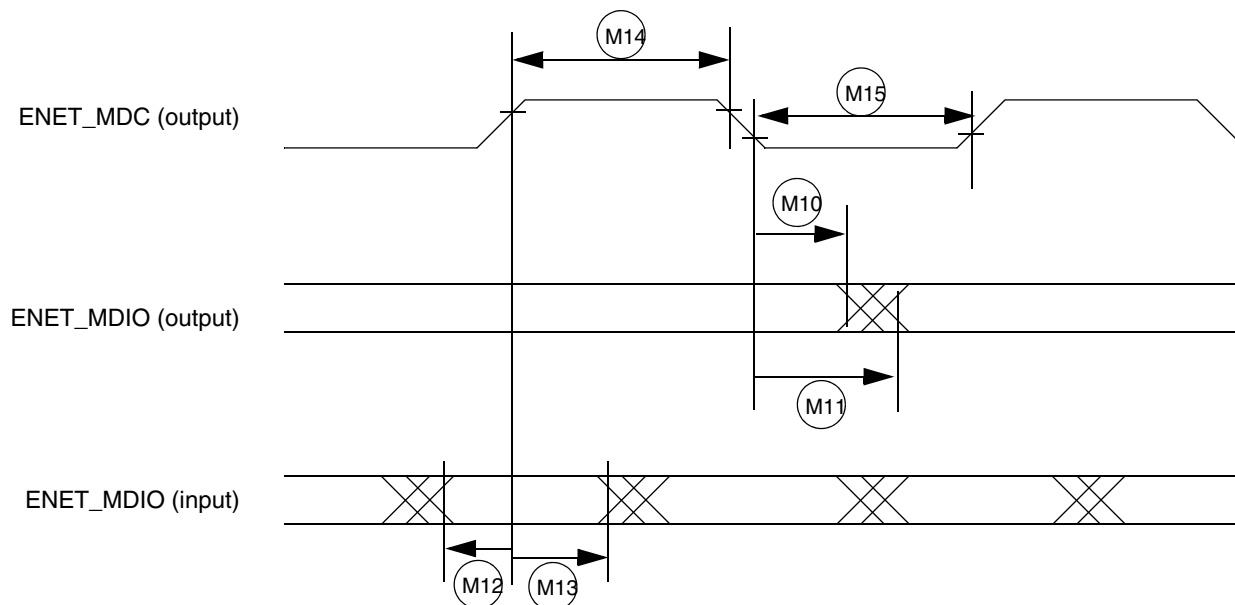
| ID              | Characteristic                           | Min | Max | Unit               |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------|
| M9 <sup>1</sup> | ENET_CRS to ENET_COL minimum pulse width | 1.5 | —   | ENET_TX_CLK period |

<sup>1</sup> ENET\_COL has the same timing in 10-Mbit 7-wire interface mode.

#### 4.11.5.1.4 MII Serial Management Channel Timing (ENET\_MDIO and ENET\_MDC)

The MDC frequency is designed to be equal to or less than 2.5 MHz to be compatible with the IEEE 802.3 MII specification. However the ENET can function correctly with a maximum MDC frequency of 15 MHz.

Figure 51 shows MII asynchronous input timings. Table 60 describes the timing parameters (M10–M15) shown in the figure.

**Figure 51. MII Serial Management Channel Timing Diagram****Table 60. MII Serial Management Channel Timing**

| ID  | Characteristic                                                                | Min | Max | Unit            |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| M10 | ENET_MDC falling edge to ENET_MDIO output invalid (minimum propagation delay) | 0   | —   | ns              |
| M11 | ENET_MDC falling edge to ENET_MDIO output valid (maximum propagation delay)   | —   | 5   | ns              |
| M12 | ENET_MDIO (input) to ENET_MDC rising edge setup                               | 18  | —   | ns              |
| M13 | ENET_MDIO (input) to ENET_MDC rising edge hold                                | 0   | —   | ns              |
| M14 | ENET_MDC pulse width high                                                     | 40% | 60% | ENET_MDC period |
| M15 | ENET_MDC pulse width low                                                      | 40% | 60% | ENET_MDC period |

### 4.11.12.3 HS Line Driver Characteristics

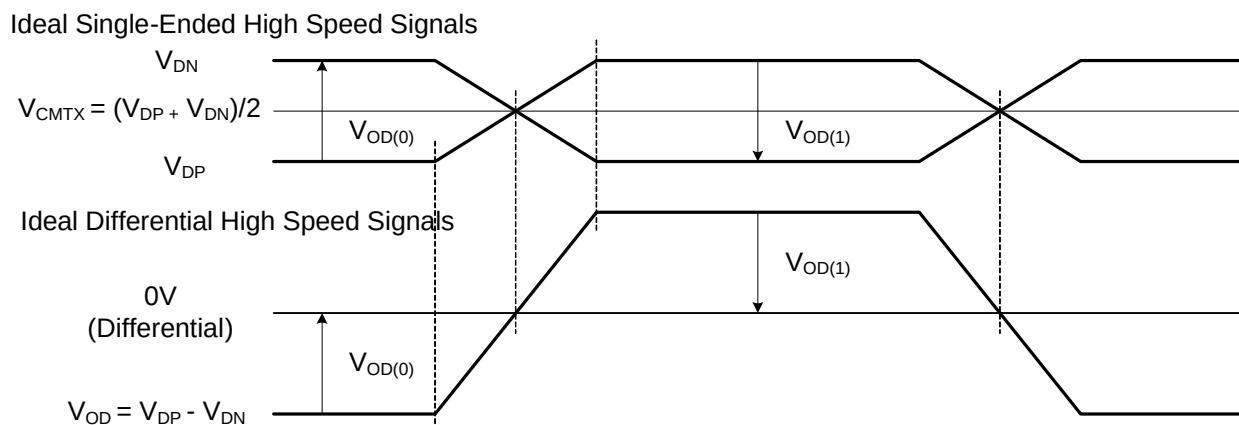


Figure 73. Ideal Single-ended and Resulting Differential HS Signals

### 4.11.12.4 Possible $\Delta V_{CMTX}$ and $\Delta V_{OD}$ Distortions of the Single-ended HS Signals

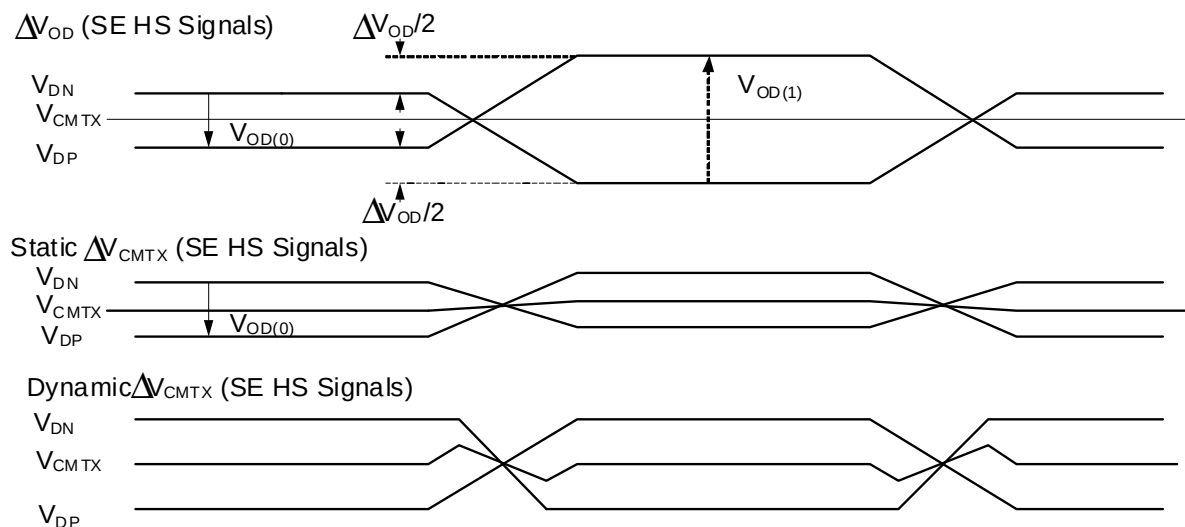


Figure 74. Possible  $\Delta V_{CMTX}$  and  $\Delta V_{OD}$  Distortions of the Single-ended HS Signals

### 4.11.12.5 D-PHY Switching Characteristics

Table 73. Electrical and Timing Information

| Symbol                                   | Parameters                                   | Test Conditions                                              | Min | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| <b>HS Line Drivers AC Specifications</b> |                                              |                                                              |     |     |      |      |
| —                                        | Maximum serial data rate (forward direction) | On DATAP/N outputs.<br>$80\ \Omega \leq RL \leq 125\ \Omega$ | 80  | —   | 1000 | Mbps |
| $F_{DDRCLK}$                             | DDR CLK frequency                            | On DATAP/N outputs.                                          | 40  | —   | 500  | MHz  |
| $P_{DDRCLK}$                             | DDR CLK period                               | $80\ \Omega \leq RL \leq 125\ \Omega$                        | 2   | —   | 25   | ns   |



Table 77. MLB 256/512 Fs Timing Parameters (continued)

| Parameter                                                                        | Symbol     | Min | Max   | Unit | Comment |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----|-------|------|---------|
| Bus Hold from MLB_CLK low                                                        | $t_{mdzh}$ | 4   | —     | ns   | —       |
| Transmitter MLBSIG (MLBDAT) output valid from transition of MLBCLK (low-to-high) | Tdelay     | —   | 10.75 | —    | ns      |

<sup>1</sup> The controller can shut off MLB\_CLK to place MediaLB in a low-power state. Depending on the time the clock is shut off, a runt pulse can occur on MLB\_CLK.

<sup>2</sup> MLB\_CLK low/high time includes the pulse width variation.

<sup>3</sup> The MediaLB driver can release the MLB\_DATA/MLB\_SIG line as soon as MLB\_CLK is low; however, the logic state of the final driven bit on the line must remain on the bus for  $t_{mdzh}$ . Therefore, coupling must be minimized while meeting the maximum load capacitance listed.

Ground = 0.0 V; load capacitance = 40 pF; MediaLB speed = 1024 Fs; Fs = 48 kHz; all timing parameters specified from the valid voltage threshold as listed in Table 78; unless otherwise noted.

Table 78. MLB 1024 Fs Timing Parameters

| Parameter                                                                        | Symbol      | Min        | Max        | Unit | Comment                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|------|--------------------------------------------|
| MLB_CLK Operating Frequency <sup>1</sup>                                         | $f_{mck}$   | 45.056     | 51.2       | MHz  | 1024xfs at 44.0 kHz<br>1024xfs at 50.0 kHz |
| MLB_CLK rise time                                                                | $t_{mckr}$  | —          | 1          | ns   | $V_{IL}$ TO $V_{IH}$                       |
| MLB_CLK fall time                                                                | $t_{mckf}$  | —          | 1          | ns   | $V_{IH}$ TO $V_{IL}$                       |
| MLB_CLK low time                                                                 | $t_{mckl}$  | 6.1        | —          | ns   | (see <sup>2</sup> )                        |
| MLB_CLK high time                                                                | $t_{mckh}$  | 9.3        | —          | ns   | —                                          |
| MLB_SIG/MLB_DATA receiver input valid to MLB_CLK falling                         | $t_{dsmcf}$ | 1          | —          | ns   | —                                          |
| MLB_SIG/MLB_DATA receiver input hold from MLB_CLK low                            | $t_{dhmcf}$ | $t_{mdzh}$ | —          | ns   | —                                          |
| MLB_SIG/MLB_DATA output high impedance from MLB_CLK low                          | $t_{mcfdz}$ | 0          | $t_{mckl}$ | ns   | (see <sup>3</sup> )                        |
| Bus Hold from MLB_CLK low                                                        | $t_{mdzh}$  | 2          | —          | ns   | —                                          |
| Transmitter MLBSIG (MLBDAT) output valid from transition of MLBCLK (low-to-high) | Tdelay      | —          | 6          | ns   | —                                          |

<sup>1</sup> The controller can shut off MLB\_CLK to place MediaLB in a low-power state. Depending on the time the clock is shut off, a runt pulse can occur on MLB\_CLK.

<sup>2</sup> MLB\_CLK low/high time includes the pulse width variation.

<sup>3</sup> The MediaLB driver can release the MLB\_DATA/MLB\_SIG line as soon as MLB\_CLK is low; however, the logic state of the final driven bit on the line must remain on the bus for  $t_{mdzh}$ . Therefore, coupling must be minimized while meeting the maximum load capacitance listed.

Table 79 lists the MediaLB 6-pin interface timing characteristics, and Figure 88 shows the MLB 6-pin delay, setup, and hold times.



Table 84. SPDIF Timing Parameters

| Parameter                                          | Symbol | Timing Parameter Range |      | Unit |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------|------|------|
|                                                    |        | Min                    | Max  |      |
| SPDIF_IN Skew: asynchronous inputs, no specs apply | —      | —                      | 0.7  | ns   |
| SPDIF_OUT output (Load = 50pf)                     | —      | —                      | 1.5  | ns   |
| • Skew                                             | —      | —                      | 24.2 | ns   |
| • Transition rising                                | —      | —                      | 31.3 | ns   |
| • Transition falling                               | —      | —                      | 31.3 | ns   |
| SPDIF_OUT output (Load = 30pf)                     | —      | —                      | 1.5  | ns   |
| • Skew                                             | —      | —                      | 13.6 | ns   |
| • Transition rising                                | —      | —                      | 18.0 | ns   |
| • Transition falling                               | —      | —                      | 18.0 | ns   |
| Modulating Rx clock (SPDIF_SR_CLK) period          | srckp  | 40.0                   | —    | ns   |
| SPDIF_SR_CLK high period                           | srckph | 16.0                   | —    | ns   |
| SPDIF_SR_CLK low period                            | srckpl | 16.0                   | —    | ns   |
| Modulating Tx clock (SPDIF_ST_CLK) period          | stckp  | 40.0                   | —    | ns   |
| SPDIF_ST_CLK high period                           | stckph | 16.0                   | —    | ns   |
| SPDIF_ST_CLK low period                            | stckpl | 16.0                   | —    | ns   |

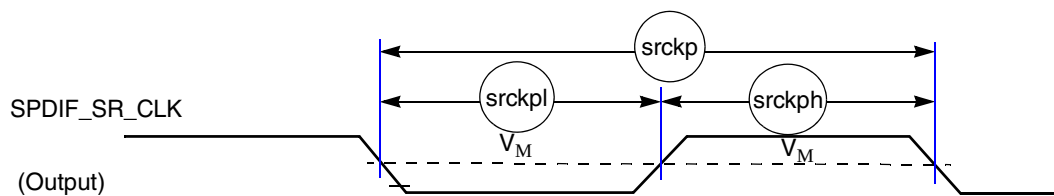


Figure 94. SPDIF\_SR\_CLK Timing Diagram

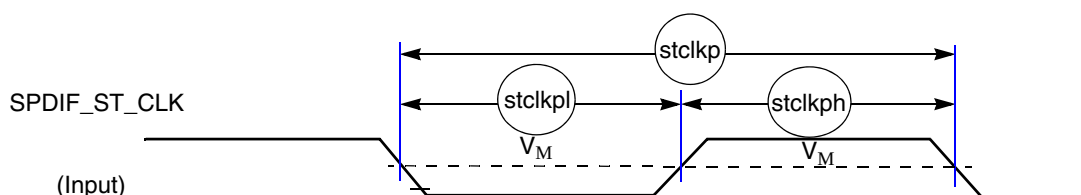


Figure 95. SPDIF\_ST\_CLK Timing Diagram

## 4.11.21 UART I/O Configuration and Timing Parameters

### 4.11.21.1 UART RS-232 I/O Configuration in Different Modes

The i.MX 6DualPlus/6QuadPlus UART interfaces can serve both as DTE or DCE device. This can be configured by the DCEDTE control bit (default 0 – DCE mode). [Table 90](#) shows the UART I/O configuration based on the enabled mode.

**Table 90. UART I/O Configuration vs. Mode**

| Port          | DTE Mode  |                             | DCE Mode  |                             |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
|               | Direction | Description                 | Direction | Description                 |
| UARTx_RTS_B   | Output    | RTS from DTE to DCE         | Input     | RTS from DTE to DCE         |
| UARTx_CTS_B   | Input     | CTS from DCE to DTE         | Output    | CTS from DCE to DTE         |
| UARTx_DTR_B   | Output    | DTR from DTE to DCE         | Input     | DTR from DTE to DCE         |
| UARTx_DSR_B   | Input     | DSR from DCE to DTE         | Output    | DSR from DCE to DTE         |
| UARTx_DCD_B   | Input     | DCD from DCE to DTE         | Output    | DCD from DCE to DTE         |
| UARTx_RI_B    | Input     | RING from DCE to DTE        | Output    | RING from DCE to DTE        |
| UARTx_TX_DATA | Input     | Serial data from DCE to DTE | Output    | Serial data from DCE to DTE |
| UARTx_RX_DATA | Output    | Serial data from DTE to DCE | Input     | Serial data from DTE to DCE |

Table 99. 21 x 21 mm Supplies Contact Assignment (continued)

| Supply Rail Name | Ball(s) Position(s)                              | Remark                                                                                                             |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VDDHIGH_CAP      | H10, J10                                         | Secondary supply for the 2.5 V domain (internal regulator output—requires capacitor if internal regulator is used) |
| VDDHIGH_IN       | H9, J9                                           | Primary supply for the 2.5 V regulator                                                                             |
| VDDPU_CAP        | H17, J17, K17, L17, M17, N17, P17                | Secondary supply for the VPU and GPU (internal regulator output—requires capacitor if internal regulator is used)  |
| VDDSOC_CAP       | R10, T10, T13, T14, U10, U13, U14                | Secondary supply for the SoC and PU (internal regulator output—requires capacitor if internal regulator is used)   |
| VDDSOC_IN        | H16, J16, K16, L16, M16, N16, P16, R16, T16, U16 | Primary supply for the SoC and PU regulators                                                                       |
| VDDUSB_CAP       | F9                                               | Secondary supply for the 3 V domain (internal regulator output—requires capacitor if internal regulator is used)   |
| ZQPAD            | AE17                                             | —                                                                                                                  |

Table 100 displays an alpha-sorted list of the signal assignments including power rails. The table also includes out of reset pad state.

Table 100. 21 x 21 mm Functional Contact Assignments

| Ball Name  | Ball | Power Group  | Ball Type | Out of Reset Condition <sup>1</sup> |                                |              |                    |
|------------|------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
|            |      |              |           | Default Mode (Reset Mode)           | Default Function (Signal Name) | Input/Output | Value <sup>2</sup> |
| BOOT_MODE0 | C12  | VDD_SNVS_IN  | GPIO      | ALT0                                | SRC_BOOT_MODE0                 | Input        | PD (100K)          |
| BOOT_MODE1 | F12  | VDD_SNVS_IN  | GPIO      | ALT0                                | SRC_BOOT_MODE1                 | Input        | PD (100K)          |
| CLK1_N     | C7   | VDD_HIGH_CAP | —         | —                                   | CLK1_N                         | —            | —                  |
| CLK1_P     | D7   | VDD_HIGH_CAP | —         | —                                   | CLK1_P                         | —            | —                  |
| CLK2_N     | C5   | VDD_HIGH_CAP | —         | —                                   | CLK2_N                         | —            | —                  |
| CLK2_P     | D5   | VDD_HIGH_CAP | —         | —                                   | CLK2_P                         | —            | —                  |
| CSI_CLK0M  | F4   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_CLK_N                      | —            | —                  |
| CSI_CLK0P  | F3   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_CLK_P                      | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D0M    | E4   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA0_N                    | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D0P    | E3   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA0_P                    | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D1M    | D1   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA1_N                    | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D1P    | D2   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA1_P                    | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D2M    | E1   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA2_N                    | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D2P    | E2   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA2_P                    | —            | —                  |
| CSI_D3M    | F2   | NVCC_MIPI    | —         | —                                   | CSI_DATA3_N                    | —            | —                  |

Table 100. 21 x 21 mm Functional Contact Assignments (continued)

| Ball Name | Ball | Power Group | Ball Type | Out of Reset Condition <sup>1</sup> |                                |              |                    |
|-----------|------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
|           |      |             |           | Default Mode (Reset Mode)           | Default Function (Signal Name) | Input/Output | Value <sup>2</sup> |
| EIM_A19   | G25  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR19                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_A20   | H22  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR20                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_A21   | H23  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR21                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_A22   | F24  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR22                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_A23   | J21  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR23                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_A24   | F25  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR24                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_A25   | H19  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_ADDR25                     | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_BCLK  | N22  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_BCLK                       | Output       | 0                  |
| EIM_CS0   | H24  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_CS0_B                      | Output       | 1                  |
| EIM_CS1   | J23  | NVCC_EIM1   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_CS1_B                      | Output       | 1                  |
| EIM_D16   | C25  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO16                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D17   | F21  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO17                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D18   | D24  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO18                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D19   | G21  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO19                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D20   | G20  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO20                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D21   | H20  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO21                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D22   | E23  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO22                     | Input        | PD (100K)          |
| EIM_D23   | D25  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO23                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D24   | F22  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO24                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D25   | G22  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO25                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D26   | E24  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO26                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D27   | E25  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO27                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D28   | G23  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO28                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D29   | J19  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO29                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D30   | J20  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO30                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_D31   | H21  | NVCC_EIM0   | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO3_IO31                     | Input        | PD (100K)          |
| EIM_DA0   | L20  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD00                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA1   | J25  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD01                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA2   | L21  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD02                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA3   | K24  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD03                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA4   | L22  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD04                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA5   | L23  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD05                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA6   | K25  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD06                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA7   | L25  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD07                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA8   | L24  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD08                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| EIM_DA9   | M21  | NVCC_EIM2   | GPIO      | ALT0                                | EIM_AD09                       | Input        | PU (100K)          |

Table 100. 21 x 21 mm Functional Contact Assignments (continued)

| Ball Name   | Ball | Power Group   | Ball Type | Out of Reset Condition <sup>1</sup> |                                |              |                    |
|-------------|------|---------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
|             |      |               |           | Default Mode (Reset Mode)           | Default Function (Signal Name) | Input/Output | Value <sup>2</sup> |
| GPIO_8      | R5   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO1_IO08                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| GPIO_9      | T2   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO1_IO09                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| HDMI_CLKM   | J5   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_CLK_N                  | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_CLKP   | J6   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_CLK_P                  | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_D0M    | K5   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_DATA0_N                | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_D0P    | K6   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_DATA0_P                | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_D1M    | J3   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_DATA1_N                | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_D1P    | J4   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_DATA1_P                | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_D2M    | K3   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_DATA2_N                | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_D2P    | K4   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_DATA2_P                | —            | —                  |
| HDMI_HPD    | K1   | HDMI_VPH      | —         | —                                   | HDMI_TX_HPD                    | —            | —                  |
| JTAG_MOD    | H6   | NVCC_JTAG     | GPIO      | ALT0                                | JTAG_MODE                      | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| JTAG_TCK    | H5   | NVCC_JTAG     | GPIO      | ALT0                                | JTAG_TCK                       | Input        | PU (47K)           |
| JTAG_TDI    | G5   | NVCC_JTAG     | GPIO      | ALT0                                | JTAG_TDI                       | Input        | PU (47K)           |
| JTAG_TDO    | G6   | NVCC_JTAG     | GPIO      | ALT0                                | JTAG_TDO                       | Output       | Keeper             |
| JTAG_TMS    | C3   | NVCC_JTAG     | GPIO      | ALT0                                | JTAG_TMS                       | Input        | PU (47K)           |
| JTAG_TRSTB  | C2   | NVCC_JTAG     | GPIO      | ALT0                                | JTAG_TRST_B                    | Input        | PU (47K)           |
| KEY_COL0    | W5   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO06                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_COL1    | U7   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO08                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_COL2    | W6   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO10                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_COL3    | U5   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO12                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_COL4    | T6   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO14                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_ROW0    | V6   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO07                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_ROW1    | U6   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO09                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_ROW2    | W4   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO11                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_ROW3    | T7   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO13                     | Input        | PU (100K)          |
| KEY_ROW4    | V5   | NVCC_GPIO     | GPIO      | ALT5                                | GPIO4_IO15                     | Input        | PD (100K)          |
| LVDS0_CLK_N | V4   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | —                                   | LVDS0_CLK_N                    | —            | —                  |
| LVDS0_CLK_P | V3   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | ALT0                                | LVDS0_CLK_P                    | Input        | Keeper             |
| LVDS0_TX0_N | U2   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | —                                   | LVDS0_TX0_N                    | —            | —                  |
| LVDS0_TX0_P | U1   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | ALT0                                | LVDS0_TX0_P                    | Input        | Keeper             |
| LVDS0_TX1_N | U4   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | —                                   | LVDS0_TX1_N                    | —            | —                  |
| LVDS0_TX1_P | U3   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | ALT0                                | LVDS0_TX1_P                    | Input        | Keeper             |
| LVDS0_TX2_N | V2   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | —                                   | LVDS0_TX2_N                    | —            | —                  |
| LVDS0_TX2_P | V1   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | ALT0                                | LVDS0_TX2_P                    | Input        | Keeper             |
| LVDS0_TX3_N | W2   | NVCC_LVDS_2P5 | LVDS      | —                                   | LVDS0_TX3_N                    | —            | —                  |