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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	6144
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	27648
Total RAM Bits	393216
Number of I/O	660
Number of Gates	1569178
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	900-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	900-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv1000e-7fg900i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv1000e-7fg900i</a>

**Table 9** lists the total number of bits required to configure each device.

**Table 9: Virtex-E Bitstream Lengths**

Device	# of Configuration Bits
XCV50E	630,048
XCV100E	863,840
XCV200E	1,442,016
XCV300E	1,875,648
XCV400E	2,693,440
XCV600E	3,961,632
XCV1000E	6,587,520
XCV1600E	8,308,992
XCV2000E	10,159,648
XCV2600E	12,922,336
XCV3200E	16,283,712

### Slave-Serial Mode

In slave-serial mode, the FPGA receives configuration data in bit-serial form from a serial PROM or other source of serial configuration data. The serial bitstream must be set up at the DIN input pin a short time before each rising edge of an externally generated CCLK.

For more detailed information on serial PROMs, see the PROM data sheet at <http://www.xilinx.com/bvdocs/publications/ds026.pdf>.

Multiple FPGAs can be daisy-chained for configuration from a single source. After a particular FPGA has been configured, the data for the next device is routed to the DOUT pin. The maximum capacity for a single LOUT/DOUT write is  $2^{20} \cdot 1$  (1,048,575) 32-bit words, or 33,554,4000 bits. The data on the DOUT pin changes on the rising edge of CCLK.

The change of DOUT on the rising edge of CCLK differs from previous families, but does not cause a problem for mixed configuration chains. This change was made to improve serial configuration rates for Virtex and Virtex-E only chains.

**Figure 13** shows a full master/slave system. A Virtex-E device in slave-serial mode should be connected as shown in the right-most device.

Slave-serial mode is selected by applying <111> or <011> to the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). A weak pull-up on the mode pins makes slave serial the default mode if the pins are left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally. **Figure 14** shows slave-serial mode programming switching characteristics.

**Table 10** provides more detail about the characteristics shown in **Figure 14**. Configuration must be delayed until the INIT pins of all daisy-chained FPGAs are High.

**Table 10: Master/Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching**

	Description	Figure References	Symbol	Values	Units
CCLK	DIN setup/hold, slave mode	1/2	$T_{DCC}/T_{CCD}$	5.0 / 0.0	ns, min
	DIN setup/hold, master mode	1/2	$T_{DSCK}/T_{CKDS}$	5.0 / 0.0	ns, min
	DOUT	3	$T_{CCO}$	12.0	ns, max
	High time	4	$T_{CCH}$	5.0	ns, min
	Low time	5	$T_{CCL}$	5.0	ns, min
	Maximum Frequency		$F_{cc}$	66	MHz, max
	Frequency Tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal			+45% –30%	

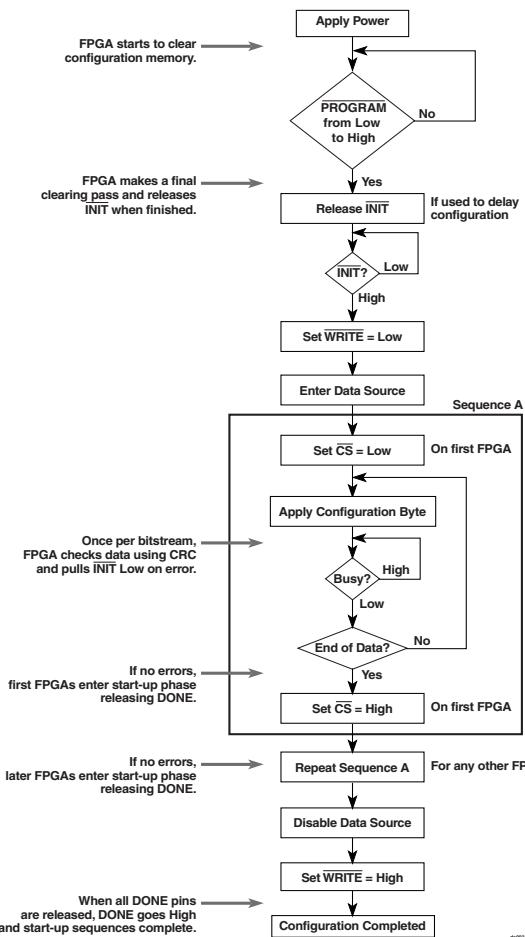


Figure 18: SelectMAP Flowchart for Write Operations

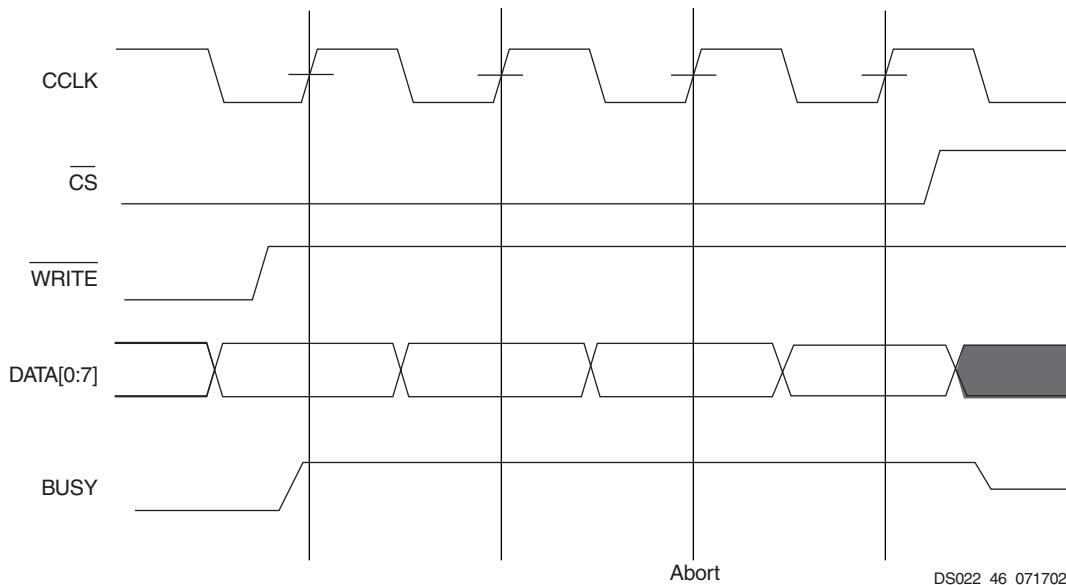


Figure 19: SelectMAP Write Abort Waveforms

### Boundary Scan Mode

In the Boundary Scan mode, configuration is done through the IEEE 1149.1 Test Access Port. Note that the

PROGRAM pin must be pulled High prior to reconfiguration. A Low on the PROGRAM pin resets the TAP controller and no JTAG operations can be performed.

## Fundamentals

Modern bus applications, pioneered by the largest and most influential companies in the digital electronics industry, are commonly introduced with a new I/O standard tailored specifically to the needs of that application. The bus I/O standards provide specifications to other vendors who create products designed to interface with these applications. Each standard often has its own specifications for current, voltage, I/O buffering, and termination techniques.

The ability to provide the flexibility and time-to-market advantages of programmable logic is increasingly dependent on the capability of the programmable logic device to support an ever increasing variety of I/O standards.

The SelectI/O resources feature highly configurable input and output buffers which provide support for a wide variety of I/O standards. As shown in **Table 18**, each buffer type can support a variety of voltage requirements.

**Table 18: Virtex-E Supported I/O Standards**

I/O Standard	Output V <sub>CCO</sub>	Input V <sub>CCO</sub>	Input V <sub>REF</sub>	Board Termination Voltage (V <sub>TT</sub> )
LVTTL	3.3	3.3	N/A	N/A
LVCMOS2	2.5	2.5	N/A	N/A
LVCMOS18	1.8	1.8	N/A	N/A
SSTL3 I & II	3.3	N/A	1.50	1.50
SSTL2 I & II	2.5	N/A	1.25	1.25
GTL	N/A	N/A	0.80	1.20
GTL+	N/A	N/A	1.0	1.50
HSTL I	1.5	N/A	0.75	0.75
HSTL III & IV	1.5	N/A	0.90	1.50
CTT	3.3	N/A	1.50	1.50
AGP-2X	3.3	N/A	1.32	N/A
PCI33_3	3.3	3.3	N/A	N/A
PCI66_3	3.3	3.3	N/A	N/A
BLVDS & LVDS	2.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
LVPECL	3.3	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Overview of Supported I/O Standards

This section provides a brief overview of the I/O standards supported by all Virtex-E devices.

While most I/O standards specify a range of allowed voltages, this document records typical voltage values only. Detailed information on each specification can be found on the Electronic Industry Alliance Jedec website at:

<http://www.jedec.org>

### **LVTTL — Low-Voltage TTL**

The Low-Voltage TTL, or LVTTL standard is a general purpose EIA/JESDSA standard for 3.3V applications that uses an LVTTL input buffer and a Push-Pull output buffer. This standard requires a 3.3V output source voltage (V<sub>CCO</sub>), but does not require the use of a reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) or a termination voltage (V<sub>TT</sub>).

### **LVCMOS2 — Low-Voltage CMOS for 2.5 Volts**

The Low-Voltage CMOS for 2.5 Volts or lower, or LVCMOS2 standard is an extension of the LVCMOS standard (JESD 8-5) used for general purpose 2.5V applications. This standard requires a 2.5V output source voltage (V<sub>CCO</sub>), but does not require the use of a reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) or a board termination voltage (V<sub>TT</sub>).

### **LVCMOS18 — 1.8 V Low Voltage CMOS**

This standard is an extension of the LVCMOS standard. It is used in general purpose 1.8 V applications. The use of a reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) or a board termination voltage (V<sub>TT</sub>) is not required.

### **PCI — Peripheral Component Interface**

The Peripheral Component Interface, or PCI standard specifies support for both 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications. It uses a LVTTL input buffer and a Push-Pull output buffer. This standard does not require the use of a reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) or a board termination voltage (V<sub>TT</sub>), however, it does require a 3.3V output source voltage (V<sub>CCO</sub>).

### **GTL — Gunning Transceiver Logic Terminated**

The Gunning Transceiver Logic, or GTL standard is a high-speed bus standard (JESD8.3) invented by Xerox. Xilinx has implemented the terminated variation for this standard. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a Open Drain output buffer.

### **GTL+ — Gunning Transceiver Logic Plus**

The Gunning Transceiver Logic Plus, or GTL+ standard is a high-speed bus standard (JESD8.3) first used by the Pentium Pro processor.

### **HSTL — High-Speed Transceiver Logic**

The High-Speed Transceiver Logic, or HSTL standard is a general purpose high-speed, 1.5V bus standard sponsored by IBM (EIA/JESD 8-6). This standard has four variations or classes. SelectI/O devices support Class I, III, and IV. This

standard requires a Differential Amplifier input buffer and a Push-Pull output buffer.

### **SSTL3 — Stub Series Terminated Logic for 3.3V**

The Stub Series Terminated Logic for 3.3V, or SSTL3 standard is a general purpose 3.3V memory bus standard also sponsored by Hitachi and IBM (JESD8-8). This standard has two classes, I and II. Selectl/O devices support both classes for the SSTL3 standard. This standard requires a Differential Amplifier input buffer and an Push-Pull output buffer.

### **SSTL2 — Stub Series Terminated Logic for 2.5V**

The Stub Series Terminated Logic for 2.5V, or SSTL2 standard is a general purpose 2.5V memory bus standard sponsored by Hitachi and IBM (JESD8-9). This standard has two classes, I and II. Selectl/O devices support both classes for the SSTL2 standard. This standard requires a Differential Amplifier input buffer and an Push-Pull output buffer.

### **CTT — Center Tap Terminated**

The Center Tap Terminated, or CTT standard is a 3.3V memory bus standard sponsored by Fujitsu (JESD8-4). This standard requires a Differential Amplifier input buffer and a Push-Pull output buffer.

### **AGP-2X — Advanced Graphics Port**

The Intel AGP standard is a 3.3V Advanced Graphics Port-2X bus standard used with the Pentium II processor for graphics applications. This standard requires a Push-Pull output buffer and a Differential Amplifier input buffer.

### **LVDS — Low Voltage Differential Signal**

LVDS is a differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit is carried through two signal lines. As with all differential signaling standards, LVDS has an inherent noise immunity over single-ended I/O standards. The voltage swing between two signal lines is approximately 350mV. The use of a reference voltage ( $V_{REF}$ ) or a board termination voltage ( $V_{TT}$ ) is not required. LVDS requires the use of two pins per input or output. LVDS requires external resistor termination.

### **BLVDS — Bus LVDS**

This standard allows for bidirectional LVDS communication between two or more devices. The external resistor termination is different than the one for standard LVDS.

### **LVPECL — Low Voltage Positive Emitter Coupled Logic**

LVPECL is another differential I/O standard. It requires two signal lines for transmitting one data bit. This standard specifies two pins per input or output. The voltage swing between these two signal lines is approximately 850 mV. The use of a reference voltage ( $V_{REF}$ ) or a board termination voltage ( $V_{TT}$ ) is not required. The LVPECL standard requires external resistor termination.

## **Library Symbols**

The Xilinx library includes an extensive list of symbols designed to provide support for the variety of Selectl/O features. Most of these symbols represent variations of the five generic Selectl/O symbols.

- IBUF (input buffer)
- IBUFG (global clock input buffer)
- OBUF (output buffer)
- OBUFT (3-state output buffer)
- IOBUF (input/output buffer)

### **IBUF**

Signals used as inputs to the Virtex-E device must source an input buffer (IBUF) via an external input port. The generic Virtex-E IBUF symbol appears in Figure 37. The extension

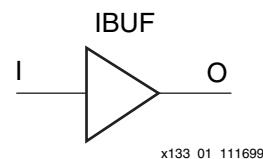


Figure 37: **Input Buffer (IBUF) Symbols**

to the base name defines which I/O standard the IBUF uses. The assumed standard is LVTTL when the generic IBUF has no specified extension.

The following list details the variations of the IBUF symbol:

- IBUF
- IBUF\_LVCMOS2
- IBUF\_PCI33\_3
- IBUF\_PCI66\_3
- IBUF\_GTL
- IBUF\_GTL\_P
- IBUF\_HSTL\_I
- IBUF\_HSTL\_III
- IBUF\_HSTL\_IV
- IBUF\_SSTL3\_I
- IBUF\_SSTL3\_II
- IBUF\_SSTL2\_I
- IBUF\_SSTL2\_II
- IBUF\_CTT
- IBUF\_AGPF
- IBUF\_LVCMOS18
- IBUF\_LVDS
- IBUF\_LVPECL

When the IBUF symbol supports an I/O standard that requires a  $V_{REF}$ , the IBUF automatically configures as a differential amplifier input buffer. The  $V_{REF}$  voltage must be supplied on the  $V_{REF}$  pins. In the case of LVDS, LVPECL, and BLVDS,  $V_{REF}$  is not required.

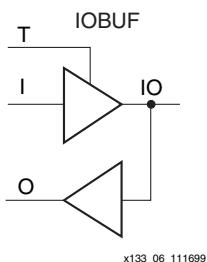


Figure 42: Input/Output Buffer Symbol (IOBUF)

The following list details variations of the IOBUF symbol.

- IOBUF
- IOBUF\_S\_2
- IOBUF\_S\_4
- IOBUF\_S\_6
- IOBUF\_S\_8
- IOBUF\_S\_12
- IOBUF\_S\_16
- IOBUF\_S\_24
- IOBUF\_F\_2
- IOBUF\_F\_4
- IOBUF\_F\_6
- IOBUF\_F\_8
- IOBUF\_F\_12
- IOBUF\_F\_16
- IOBUF\_F\_24
- IOBUF\_LVCMOS2
- IOBUF\_PCI33\_3
- IOBUF\_PCI66\_3
- IOBUF\_GTL
- IOBUF\_GTL\_P
- IOBUF\_HSTL\_I
- IOBUF\_HSTL\_III
- IOBUF\_HSTL\_IV
- IOBUF\_SSTL3\_I
- IOBUF\_SSTL3\_II
- IOBUF\_SSTL2\_I
- IOBUF\_SSTL2\_II
- IOBUF\_CTT
- IOBUF\_AGP
- IOBUF\_LVCMOS18
- IOBUF\_LVDS
- IOBUF\_LVPECL

When the IOBUF symbol used supports an I/O standard that requires a differential amplifier input, the IOBUF automatically configures with a differential amplifier input buffer.

The low-voltage I/O standards with a differential amplifier input require an external reference voltage input  $V_{REF}$ .

The voltage reference signal is “banked” within the Virtex-E device on a half-edge basis such that for all packages there are eight independent  $V_{REF}$  banks internally. See [Figure 38, page 34](#) for a representation of the Virtex-E I/O banks. Within each bank approximately one of every six I/O pins is automatically configured as a  $V_{REF}$  input. After placing a differential amplifier input signal within a given  $V_{REF}$  bank, the same external source must drive all I/O pins configured as a  $V_{REF}$  input.

IOBUF placement restrictions require any differential amplifier input signals within a bank be of the same standard.

The Virtex-E series supports eight banks for the HQ and PQ packages. The CS package supports four  $V_{CCO}$  banks.

Additional restrictions on the Virtex-E SelectI/O IOBUF placement require that within a given  $V_{CCO}$  bank each IOBUF must share the same output source drive voltage. Input buffers of any type and output buffers that do not require  $V_{CCO}$  can be placed within the same  $V_{CCO}$  bank. The LOC property can specify a location for the IOBUF.

An optional delay element is associated with the input path in each IOBUF. When the IOBUF drives an input flip-flop within the IOB, the delay element activates by default to ensure a zero hold-time requirement. Override this default with the NODELAY=TRUE property.

In the case when the IOBUF does not drive an input flip-flop within the IOB, the delay element de-activates by default to provide higher performance. To delay the input signal, activate the delay element with the DELAY=TRUE property.

3-state output buffers and bidirectional buffers can have either a weak pull-up resistor, a weak pull-down resistor, or a weak “keeper” circuit. Control this feature by adding the appropriate symbol to the output net of the IOBUF (PULLUP, PULLDOWN, or KEEPER).

## SelectI/O Properties

Access to some of the SelectI/O features (for example, location constraints, input delay, output drive strength, and slew rate) is available through properties associated with these features.

### **Input Delay Properties**

An optional delay element is associated with each IBUF. When the IBUF drives a flip-flop within the IOB, the delay element activates by default to ensure a zero hold-time requirement. Use the NODELAY=TRUE property to override this default.

In the case when the IBUF does not drive a flip-flop within the IOB, the delay element by default de-activates to provide higher performance. To delay the input signal, activate the delay element with the DELAY=TRUE property.

## DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description		Device	Min	Max	Units
$V_{DRINT}$	Data Retention $V_{CCINT}$ Voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)		All	1.5		V
$V_{DRIQ}$	Data Retention $V_{CCO}$ Voltage (below which configuration data might be lost)		All	1.2		V
$I_{CCINTQ}$	Quiescent $V_{CCINT}$ supply current (Note 1)		XCV50E	200	mA	
			XCV100E	200	mA	
			XCV200E	300	mA	
			XCV300E	300	mA	
			XCV400E	300	mA	
			XCV600E	400	mA	
			XCV1000E	500	mA	
			XCV1600E	500	mA	
			XCV2000E	500	mA	
			XCV2600E	500	mA	
			XCV3200E	500	mA	
$I_{CCOQ}$	Quiescent $V_{CCO}$ supply current (Note 1)		XCV50E	2	mA	
			XCV100E	2	mA	
			XCV200E	2	mA	
			XCV300E	2	mA	
			XCV400E	2	mA	
			XCV600E	2	mA	
			XCV1000E	2	mA	
			XCV1600E	2	mA	
			XCV2000E	2	mA	
			XCV2600E	2	mA	
			XCV3200E	2	mA	
$I_L$	Input or output leakage current		All	-10	+10	$\mu A$
$C_{IN}$	Input capacitance (sample tested)	BGA, PQ, HQ, packages	All		8	pF
$I_{RPU}$	Pad pull-up (when selected) @ $V_{in} = 0$ V, $V_{CCO} = 3.3$ V (sample tested)		All	Note 2	0.25	mA
$I_{RPD}$	Pad pull-down (when selected) @ $V_{in} = 3.6$ V (sample tested)			Note 2	0.25	mA

**Notes:**

- With no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins 3-stated and floating.
- Internal pull-up and pull-down resistors guarantee valid logic levels at unconnected input pins. These pull-up and pull-down resistors do not guarantee valid logic levels when input pins are connected to other circuits.

## IOB Output Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments

Output delays terminating at a pad are specified for LVTTL with 12 mA drive and fast slew rate. For other standards, adjust the delays by the values shown.

Description	Symbol	Standard	Speed Grade				Units
			Min	-8	-7	-6	
<b>Output Delay Adjustments</b>							
Standard-specific adjustments for output delays terminating at pads (based on standard capacitive load, C <sub>SL</sub> )	T <sub>OLVTTL_S2</sub>	LVTTL, Slow, 2 mA	4.2	+14.7	+14.7	+14.7	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_S4</sub>	4 mA	2.5	+7.5	+7.5	+7.5	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_S6</sub>	6 mA	1.8	+4.8	+4.8	+4.8	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_S8</sub>	8 mA	1.2	+3.0	+3.0	+3.0	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_S12</sub>	12 mA	1.0	+1.9	+1.9	+1.9	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_S16</sub>	16 mA	0.9	+1.7	+1.7	+1.7	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_S24</sub>	24 mA	0.8	+1.3	+1.3	+1.3	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F2</sub>	LVTTL, Fast, 2 mA	1.9	+13.1	+13.1	+13.1	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F4</sub>	4 mA	0.7	+5.3	+5.3	+5.3	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F6</sub>	6 mA	0.20	+3.1	+3.1	+3.1	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F8</sub>	8 mA	0.10	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F12</sub>	12 mA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F16</sub>	16 mA	-0.10	-0.05	-0.05	-0.05	ns
	T <sub>OLVTTL_F24</sub>	24 mA	-0.10	-0.20	-0.20	-0.20	ns
	T <sub>OLVCMOS_2</sub>	LVCMOS2	0.10	+0.09	+0.09	+0.09	ns
	T <sub>OLVCMOS_18</sub>	LVCMOS18	0.10	+0.7	+0.7	+0.7	ns
	T <sub>OLVDS</sub>	LVDS	-0.39	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2	ns
	T <sub>OLVPECL</sub>	LVPECL	-0.20	-0.41	-0.41	-0.41	ns
	T <sub>OPCI33_3</sub>	PCI, 33 MHz, 3.3 V	0.50	+2.3	+2.3	+2.3	ns
	T <sub>OPCI66_3</sub>	PCI, 66 MHz, 3.3 V	0.10	-0.41	-0.41	-0.41	ns
	T <sub>O GTL</sub>	GTL	0.6	+0.49	+0.49	+0.49	ns
	T <sub>O GTLP</sub>	GTL+	0.7	+0.8	+0.8	+0.8	ns
	T <sub>O HSTL_I</sub>	HSTL I	0.10	-0.51	-0.51	-0.51	ns
	T <sub>O HSTL_III</sub>	HSTL III	-0.10	-0.91	-0.91	-0.91	ns
	T <sub>O HSTL_IV</sub>	HSTL IV	-0.20	-1.01	-1.01	-1.01	ns
	T <sub>O SSTL2_I</sub>	SSTL2 I	-0.10	-0.51	-0.51	-0.51	ns
	T <sub>O SSTL2_II</sub>	SSTL2 II	-0.20	-0.91	-0.91	-0.91	ns
	T <sub>O SSTL3_I</sub>	SSTL3 I	-0.20	-0.51	-0.51	-0.51	ns
	T <sub>O SSTL3_II</sub>	SSTL3 II	-0.30	-1.01	-1.01	-1.01	ns
	T <sub>O CTT</sub>	CTT	0.0	-0.61	-0.61	-0.61	ns
	T <sub>O AGP</sub>	AGP	-0.1	-0.91	-0.91	-0.91	ns

## Clock Distribution Switching Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Speed Grade				Units
		Min	-8	-7	-6	
<b>GCLK IOB and Buffer</b>						
Global Clock PAD to output.	T <sub>GPIO</sub>	0.38	0.7	0.7	0.7	ns, max
Global Clock Buffer I input to O output	T <sub>GIO</sub>	0.11	0.20	0.45	0.50	ns, max

## I/O Standard Global Clock Input Adjustments

Description	Symbol <sup>(1)</sup>	Standard	Speed Grade				Units
			Min	-8	-7	-6	
<b>Data Input Delay Adjustments</b>							
Standard-specific global clock input delay adjustments	T <sub>GPLVTTL</sub>	LVTTL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns, max
	T <sub>GPLVCMOS2</sub>	LVCMOS2	-0.02	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns, max
	T <sub>GPLVCMOS18</sub>	LVCMOS18	0.12	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns, max
	T <sub>GLVDS</sub>	LVDS	0.23	0.38	0.38	0.38	ns, max
	T <sub>GLVPECL</sub>	LVPECL	0.23	0.38	0.38	0.38	ns, max
	T <sub>GPPCI33_3</sub>	PCI, 33 MHz, 3.3 V	-0.05	0.08	0.08	0.08	ns, max
	T <sub>GPPCI66_3</sub>	PCI, 66 MHz, 3.3 V	-0.05	-0.11	-0.11	-0.11	ns, max
	T <sub>GPGTL</sub>	GTL	0.20	0.37	0.37	0.37	ns, max
	T <sub>GPGTLP</sub>	GTL+	0.20	0.37	0.37	0.37	ns, max
	T <sub>GPHSTL</sub>	HSTL	0.18	0.27	0.27	0.27	ns, max
	T <sub>GPSSTL2</sub>	SSTL2	0.21	0.27	0.27	0.27	ns, max
	T <sub>GPSSTL3</sub>	SSTL3	0.18	0.27	0.27	0.27	ns, max
	T <sub>GPCTT</sub>	CTT	0.22	0.33	0.33	0.33	ns, max
	T <sub>GPAGP</sub>	AGP	0.21	0.27	0.27	0.27	ns, max

**Notes:**

1. Input timing for GPLVTTL is measured at 1.4 V. For other I/O standards, see Table 4.

## Virtex-E Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Listed below are representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

### Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTL Standard, with DLL

Description <sup>(1)</sup>	Symbol	Device	Speed Grade <sup>(2, 3)</sup>				Units
			Min	-8	-7	-6	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVTTL Standard. For data input with different standards, adjust the setup time delay by the values shown in <b>IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments</b> , page 8.							
No Delay Global Clock and IFF, with DLL	$T_{PSDLL}/T_{PHDLL}$	XCV50E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV100E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV200E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV300E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV400E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV600E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV1000E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV1600E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV2000E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV2600E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns
		XCV3200E	1.5 / -0.4	1.5 / -0.4	1.6 / -0.4	1.7 / -0.4	ns

#### Notes:

1. IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch
2. Setup time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal with the fastest route and the lightest load. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal with the slowest route and heaviest load.
3. DLL output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

## Pinout Differences Between Virtex and Virtex-E Families

The same device in the same package for the Virtex-E and Virtex families are pin-compatible with some minor exceptions, listed in [Table 1](#).

### XCV200E Device, FG456 Package

The Virtex-E XCV200E has two I/O pins swapped with the Virtex XCV200 to accommodate differential clock pairing.

### XCV400E Device, FG676 Package

The Virtex-E XCV400E has two I/O pins swapped with the Virtex XCV400 to accommodate differential clock pairing.

### All Devices, PQ240 and HQ240 Packages

The Virtex devices in PQ240 and HQ240 packages do not have  $V_{CCO}$  banking, but Virtex-E devices do. To achieve this, eight Virtex I/O pins (P232, P207, P176, P146, P116, P85, P55, and P25) are now  $V_{CCO}$  pins in the Virtex-E family. This change also requires one Virtex I/O or  $V_{REF}$  pin to be swapped with a standard I/O pin.

Additionally, accommodating differential clock input pairs in Virtex-E caused some  $IO\_V_{REF}$  differences in the XCV400E and XCV600E devices only. Virtex  $IO\_V_{REF}$  pins P215 and P87 are Virtex-E  $IO\_V_{REF}$  pins P216 and P86, respectively. Virtex-E pins P215 and P87 are  $IO\_DLL$ .

*Table 1: Pinout Differences Summary*

Part	Package	Pins	Virtex	Virtex-E
XCV200	FG456	E11, U11	I/O	No Connect
		B11, AA11	No Connect	IO_LVDS_DLL
XCV400	FG676	D13, Y13	I/O	No Connect
		B13, AF13	No Connect	IO_LVDS_DLL
XCV400/600	PQ240/HQ240	P215, P87	$IO\_V_{REF}$	IO_LVDS_DLL
		P216, P86	I/O	$IO\_V_{REF}$
All	PQ240/HQ240	P232, P207, P176, P146, P116, P85, P55, and P25	I/O	$V_{CCO}$
		P231	I/O	$IO\_V_{REF}$

**Table 14: BG560 — XCV400E, XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin#	See Note
0	IO_L11P_YY	B24	
0	IO_L12N_Y	E22	
0	IO_L12P_Y	C23	
0	IO_L13N_YY	A23	
0	IO_L13P_YY	D22	
0	IO_VREF_L14N_YY	E21	3
0	IO_L14P_YY	B22	
0	IO_L15N_Y	D21	
0	IO_L15P_Y	C21	
0	IO_L16N_YY	B21	
0	IO_L16P_YY	E20	
0	IO_VREF_L17N_YY	D20	
0	IO_L17P_YY	C20	
0	IO_L18N_Y	B20	
0	IO_L18P_Y	E19	
0	IO_L19N_Y	D19	
0	IO_L19P_Y	C19	
0	IO_VREF_L20N_Y	A19	
0	IO_L20P_Y	D18	
0	IO_LVDS_DLL_L21N	C18	
0	IO_VREF	E18	2
1	GCK2	D17	
1	IO	A3	
1	IO	D9	
1	IO	E8	
1	IO	E11	
1	IO_LVDS_DLL_L21P	E17	
1	IO_VREF_L22N_Y	C17	2
1	IO_L22P_Y	B17	
1	IO_L23N_Y	B16	
1	IO_VREF_L23P_Y	D16	
1	IO_L24N_Y	E16	
1	IO_L24P_Y	C16	
1	IO_L25N_Y	A15	

**Table 14: BG560 — XCV400E, XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin#	See Note
1	IO_L25P_Y	C15	
1	IO_L26N_YY	D15	
1	IO_VREF_L26P_YY	E15	
1	IO_L27N_YY	C14	
1	IO_L27P_YY	D14	
1	IO_L28N_Y	A13	
1	IO_L28P_Y	E14	
1	IO_L29N_YY	C13	
1	IO_VREF_L29P_YY	D13	3
1	IO_L30N_YY	C12	
1	IO_L30P_YY	E13	
1	IO_L31N_Y	A11	
1	IO_L31P_Y	D12	
1	IO_L32N_YY	B11	
1	IO_L32P_YY	C11	
1	IO_L33N_YY	B10	
1	IO_VREF_L33P_YY	D11	
1	IO_L34N_Y	C10	
1	IO_L34P_Y	A9	
1	IO_L35N_Y	C9	
1	IO_VREF_L35P_Y	D10	4
1	IO_L36N_Y	A8	
1	IO_L36P_Y	B8	
1	IO_L37N_Y	E10	
1	IO_VREF_L37P_Y	C8	1
1	IO_L38N_YY	B7	
1	IO_VREF_L38P_YY	A6	
1	IO_L39N_YY	C7	
1	IO_L39P_Y	D8	
1	IO_L40N_Y	A5	
1	IO_L40P_Y	B5	
1	IO_L41N_YY	C6	
1	IO_VREF_L41P_YY	D7	
1	IO_L42N_YY	A4	
1	IO_L42P_YY	B4	

**Table 14: BG560 — XCV400E, XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin#	See Note
1	IO_L43N_Y	C5	
1	IO_VREF_L43P_Y	E7	3
1	IO_WRITE_L44N_YY	D6	
1	IO_CS_L44P_YY	A2	
2	IO	D3	
2	IO	F3	
2	IO	G1	
2	IO	J2	
2	IO_DOUT_BUSY_L45P_YY	D4	
2	IO_DIN_D0_L45N_YY	E4	
2	IO_L46P_Y	F5	
2	IO_VREF_L46N_Y	B3	3
2	IO_L47P_Y	F4	
2	IO_L47N_Y	C1	
2	IO_VREF_L48P_Y	G5	
2	IO_L48N_Y	E3	
2	IO_L49P_Y	D2	
2	IO_L49N_Y	G4	
2	IO_L50P_Y	H5	
2	IO_L50N_Y	E2	
2	IO_VREF_L51P_YY	H4	
2	IO_L51N_YY	G3	
2	IO_L52P_Y	J5	
2	IO_VREF_L52N_Y	F1	1
2	IO_L53P_Y	J4	
2	IO_L53N_Y	H3	
2	IO_VREF_L54P_Y	K5	4
2	IO_L54N_Y	H2	
2	IO_L55P_Y	J3	
2	IO_L55N_Y	K4	
2	IO_VREF_L56P_YY	L5	
2	IO_D1_L56N_YY	K3	
2	IO_D2_L57P_YY	L4	
2	IO_L57N_YY	K2	

**Table 14: BG560 — XCV400E, XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin#	See Note
2	IO_L58P_Y	M5	
2	IO_L58N_Y	L3	
2	IO_L59P_Y	L1	
2	IO_L59N_Y	M4	
2	IO_VREF_L60P_Y	N5	3
2	IO_L60N_Y	M2	
2	IO_L61P_Y	N4	
2	IO_L61N_Y	N3	
2	IO_L62P_Y	N2	
2	IO_L62N_Y	P5	
2	IO_VREF_L63P_YY	P4	
2	IO_D3_L63N_YY	P3	
2	IO_L64P_Y	P2	
2	IO_L64N_Y	R5	
2	IO_L65P_Y	R4	
2	IO_L65N_Y	R3	
2	IO_VREF_L66P_Y	R1	
2	IO_L66N_Y	T4	
2	IO_L67P_Y	T5	
2	IO_VREF_L67N_Y	T3	2
2	IO_L68P_YY	T2	
2	IO_L68N_YY	U3	
3	IO	AE3	
3	IO	AF3	
3	IO	AH3	
3	IO	AK3	
3	IO_VREF_L69P_Y	U1	2
3	IO_L69N_Y	U2	
3	IO_L70P_Y	V2	
3	IO_VREF_L70N_Y	V4	
3	IO_L71P_Y	V5	
3	IO_L71N_Y	V3	
3	IO_L72P_Y	W1	
3	IO_L72N_Y	W3	

**Table 16: FG256 Package — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO_L74N_Y	G4
7	IO_VREF_L74P_Y	H3
7	IO_L75N_YY	G2
7	IO_L75P_YY	F5
7	IO_L76N	F4
7	IO_L76P	F1
7	IO_L77N_YY	G3
7	IO_L77P_YY	F2
7	IO_L78N_Y	E1
7	IO_VREF_L78P_Y	D1 <sup>1</sup>
7	IO_L79N	E4
7	IO_L79P	E2
7	IO_L80N_Y	F3
7	IO_VREF_L80P_Y	C1
7	IO_L81N_YY	D2
7	IO_L81P_YY	E3
7	IO_VREF_L82N	B1 <sup>2</sup>
7	IO_L82P	A2
2	CCLK	D15
3	DONE	R14
NA	DXN	R4
NA	DXP	P4
NA	M0	N3
NA	M1	P2
NA	M2	R3
NA	PROGRAM	P15
NA	TCK	C4
NA	TDI	A15
2	TDO	B14
NA	TMS	D3
NA	VCCINT	C3
NA	VCCINT	C14
NA	VCCINT	D4

**Table 16: FG256 Package — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCINT	D13
NA	VCCINT	E5
NA	VCCINT	E12
NA	VCCINT	M5
NA	VCCINT	M12
NA	VCCINT	N4
NA	VCCINT	N13
NA	VCCINT	P3
NA	VCCINT	P14
0	VCCO	F8
0	VCCO	E8
1	VCCO	F9
1	VCCO	E9
2	VCCO	H12
2	VCCO	H11
3	VCCO	J12
3	VCCO	J11
4	VCCO	M9
4	VCCO	L9
5	VCCO	M8
5	VCCO	L8
6	VCCO	J6
6	VCCO	J5
7	VCCO	H6
7	VCCO	H5
NA	GND	T16
NA	GND	T1
NA	GND	R15
NA	GND	R2
NA	GND	L11
NA	GND	L10
NA	GND	L7
NA	GND	L6

**Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E**

<b>Bank</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Pin #</b>
7	IO	D2
7	IO	D3
7	IO	E1
7	IO	G1
7	IO	H2
7	IO	J1 <sup>1</sup>
7	IO	L1 <sup>1</sup>
7	IO	M1 <sup>1</sup>
7	IO	N1 <sup>1</sup>
7	IO_L160N_YY	N5
7	IO_L160P_YY	N8
7	IO_L161N_YY	N6
7	IO_L161P_YY	N3
7	IO_L162N_Y	N4
7	IO_VREF_L162P_Y	M2
7	IO_L163N_Y	N7
7	IO_L163P_Y	M7
7	IO_L164N_YY	M6
7	IO_L164P_YY	M3
7	IO_L165N_YY	M4
7	IO_VREF_L165P_YY	M5
7	IO_L166N_Y	L3
7	IO_L166P_Y	L7
7	IO_L167N_Y	L6
7	IO_L167P_Y	K2
7	IO_L168N_Y	L4
7	IO_L168P_Y	K1
7	IO_L169N_Y	K3
7	IO_L169P_Y	L5
7	IO_L170N_YY	K5
7	IO_L170P_YY	J3
7	IO_L171N_YY	K4
7	IO_L171P_YY	J4
7	IO_L172N_YY	H3
7	IO_VREF_L172P_YY	K6
7	IO_L173N_YY	K7
7	IO_L173P_YY	G3

**Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E**

<b>Bank</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Pin #</b>
7	IO_L174N_Y	J5
7	IO_VREF_L174P_Y	H1 <sup>2</sup>
7	IO_L175N_Y	G2
7	IO_L175P_Y	J6
7	IO_L176N_YY	J7
7	IO_L176P_YY	F1
7	IO_L177N_YY	H4
7	IO_VREF_L177P_YY	G4
7	IO_L178N_Y	F3
7	IO_L178P_Y	H5
7	IO_L179N_Y	E2
7	IO_L179P_Y	H6
7	IO_L180N_Y	G5
7	IO_VREF_L180P_Y	F4
7	IO_L181N_Y	H7
7	IO_L181P_Y	G6
7	IO_L182N_YY	E3
7	IO_L182P_YY	E4
2	CCLK	D24
3	DONE	AB21
NA	DXN	AB7
NA	DXP	Y8
NA	M0	AD4
NA	M1	W7
NA	M2	AB6
NA	PROGRAM	AA22
NA	TCK	E6
NA	TDI	D22
2	TDO	C23
NA	TMS	F5
NA	NC	T25
NA	NC	T2
NA	NC	P2
NA	NC	N25
NA	NC	L25

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	P14
NA	GND	P13
NA	GND	P12
NA	GND	P11
NA	GND	P10
NA	GND	N2
NA	GND	N17
NA	GND	N16
NA	GND	N15
NA	GND	N14
NA	GND	N13
NA	GND	N12
NA	GND	N11
NA	GND	N10
NA	GND	M17
NA	GND	M16
NA	GND	M15
NA	GND	M14
NA	GND	M13
NA	GND	M12
NA	GND	M11
NA	GND	M10
NA	GND	L17
NA	GND	L16
NA	GND	L15
NA	GND	L14
NA	GND	L13
NA	GND	L12
NA	GND	L11
NA	GND	L10
NA	GND	K17
NA	GND	K16
NA	GND	K15
NA	GND	K14
NA	GND	K13
NA	GND	K12
NA	GND	K11

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	K10
NA	GND	J25
NA	GND	J2
NA	GND	E5
NA	GND	E22
NA	GND	D4
NA	GND	D23
NA	GND	C3
NA	GND	C24
NA	GND	B9
NA	GND	B25
NA	GND	B2
NA	GND	B18
NA	GND	B14
NA	GND	AF26
NA	GND	AF1
NA	GND	AE9
NA	GND	AE25
NA	GND	AE2
NA	GND	AE18
NA	GND	AE13
NA	GND	AD3
NA	GND	AD24
NA	GND	AC4
NA	GND	AC23
NA	GND	AB5
NA	GND	AB22
NA	GND	A26
NA	GND	A1

**Notes:**

1. NC in the XCV400E.
2.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV600E; otherwise, I/O option only.

Table 22: FG680 - XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	D20
NA	GND	D12
NA	GND	C39
NA	GND	C37
NA	GND	C3
NA	GND	C20
NA	GND	C1
NA	GND	B39
NA	GND	B38
NA	GND	B2
NA	GND	B1
NA	GND	AW39
NA	GND	AW38
NA	GND	AW37
NA	GND	AW3
NA	GND	AW2
NA	GND	AW1
NA	GND	AV39
NA	GND	AV38
NA	GND	AV2
NA	GND	AV1
NA	GND	AU39
NA	GND	AU37
NA	GND	AU3
NA	GND	AU20
NA	GND	AU1
NA	GND	AT4
NA	GND	AT36
NA	GND	AT28
NA	GND	AT20
NA	GND	AT12
NA	GND	AR5
NA	GND	AR35
NA	GND	AR28
NA	GND	AR21
NA	GND	AR20

Table 22: FG680 - XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	AR19
NA	GND	AR12
NA	GND	AH5
NA	GND	AH4
NA	GND	AH36
NA	GND	AH35
NA	GND	AA5
NA	GND	AA35
NA	GND	A39
NA	GND	A38
NA	GND	A37
NA	GND	A3
NA	GND	A2
NA	GND	A1

**Notes:**

1.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV1000E, 1600E, 2000E; otherwise, I/O option only.
2.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV1600E, 2000E; otherwise, I/O option only.
3.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV2000E; otherwise, I/O option only.

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
1	IO_L57N_Y	D9
1	IO_VREF_L57P_Y	A12 <sup>2</sup>
1	IO_L58N_Y	E9
1	IO_L58P_Y	C12
1	IO_L59N_YY	B12
1	IO_VREF_L59P_YY	D8
1	IO_L60N_YY	A11
1	IO_L60P_YY	E8
1	IO_L61N_Y	C7
1	IO_L61P_Y	A10
1	IO_L62N_Y	C6
1	IO_L62P_Y	B10
1	IO_L63N_YY	A9
1	IO_VREF_L63P_YY	B9
1	IO_L64N_YY	A8
1	IO_L64P_YY	E7
1	IO_L65N_Y	B8
1	IO_L65P_Y	C5
1	IO_L66N_Y	A7
1	IO_VREF_L66P_Y	A6
1	IO_L67N_Y	B7
1	IO_L67P_Y	D6
1	IO_L68N_Y	A5
1	IO_L68P_Y	C4
1	IO_WRITE_L69N_YY	B6
1	IO_CS_L69P_YY	E6
2	IO	H2
2	IO	H3
2	IO	J1
2	IO	K5
2	IO	M2
2	IO	N1
2	IO	R5
2	IO	U1
2	IO	U4
2	IO	W3

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
2	IO	Y3
2	IO	AA3
2	IO_DOUT_BUSY_L70P_YY	F5
2	IO_DIN_D0_L70N_YY	D2
2	IO_L71P_Y	E4
2	IO_L71N_Y	E2
2	IO_L72P_Y	D3
2	IO_L72N_Y	F2
2	IO_VREF_L73P_Y	E1
2	IO_L73N_Y	F4
2	IO_L74P	G2
2	IO_L74N	E3
2	IO_L75P_Y	F1
2	IO_L75N_Y	G5
2	IO_VREF_L76P_Y	G1
2	IO_L76N_Y	F3
2	IO_L77P_YY	G4
2	IO_L77N_YY	H1
2	IO_L78P_Y	J2
2	IO_L78N_Y	G3
2	IO_L79P_Y	H5
2	IO_L79N_Y	K2
2	IO_VREF_L80P_YY	H4
2	IO_L80N_YY	K1
2	IO_L81P_YY	L2
2	IO_L81N_YY	L3
2	IO_VREF_L82P_Y	L1 <sup>2</sup>
2	IO_L82N_Y	J5
2	IO_L83P_Y	J4
2	IO_L83N_Y	M3
2	IO_VREF_L84P_YY	J3
2	IO_L84N_YY	M1
2	IO_L85P_YY	N2
2	IO_L85N_YY	K4
2	IO_L86P_Y	N3
2	IO_L86N_Y	K3
2	IO_VREF_L87P_YY	L5

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
1	IO	J20 <sup>5</sup>
1	IO	L18 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_LVDS_DLL_L34P	E16
1	IO_L35N_YY	B16
1	IO_VREF_L35P_YY	F16 <sup>2</sup>
1	IO_L36N_YY	A16
1	IO_L36P_YY	H16
1	IO_L37N_YY	C16
1	IO_VREF_L37P_YY	K15
1	IO_L38N_YY	K16
1	IO_L38P_YY	G16
1	IO_L39N_Y	A17
1	IO_L39P_Y	E17
1	IO_L40N_Y	F17
1	IO_L40P_Y	C17
1	IO_L41N_YY	E18
1	IO_VREF_L41P_YY	A18
1	IO_L42N_YY	D18
1	IO_L42P_YY	A19
1	IO_L43N_Y	B19
1	IO_L43P_Y	G18
1	IO_L44N_Y	D19
1	IO_L44P_Y	H18
1	IO_L45N_YY	F18
1	IO_VREF_L45P_YY	F19 <sup>1</sup>
1	IO_L46N_YY	B20
1	IO_L46P_YY	K17
1	IO_L47N_Y	D20 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_L47P_Y	A20 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_L48N_Y	G19
1	IO_L48P_Y	C20
1	IO_L49N_Y	K18
1	IO_L49P_Y	E20
1	IO_L50N_YY	B21 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_L50P_YY	D21 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_L51N_YY	F20
1	IO_L51P_YY	A21

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
1	IO_L52N_YY	C21
1	IO_VREF_L52P_YY	A22
1	IO_L53N_YY	H19
1	IO_L53P_YY	B22
1	IO_L54N_YY	E21
1	IO_L54P_YY	D22
1	IO_L55N_YY	F21
1	IO_VREF_L55P_YY	C22
1	IO_L56N_YY	H20
1	IO_L56P_YY	E22
1	IO_L57N_Y	G21
1	IO_L57P_Y	A23
1	IO_L58N_Y	A24
1	IO_L58P_Y	K19
1	IO_L59N_YY	C24
1	IO_VREF_L59P_YY	B24
1	IO_L60N_YY	H21
1	IO_L60P_YY	G22
1	IO_L61N_Y	E23
1	IO_L61P_Y	C25
1	IO_L62N_Y	D24
1	IO_L62P_Y	A26
1	IO_L63N_YY	B26
1	IO_VREF_L63P_YY	K20
1	IO_L64N_YY	D25
1	IO_L64P_YY	J21
1	IO_L65N_Y	C26 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_L65P_Y	F23 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_L66N_Y	B27
1	IO_VREF_L66P_Y	G23 <sup>1</sup>
1	IO_L67N_Y	A27
1	IO_L67P_Y	F24
1	IO_L68N_YY	B28 <sup>3</sup>
1	IO_L68P_YY	A28 <sup>4</sup>
1	IO_WRITE_L69N_YY	K21
1	IO_CS_L69P_YY	C27

## FG1156 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. The AO column in [Table 29](#) indicates which devices in this package can use the pin pair as an asynchronous output. The “Other Functions” column indicates alternative function(s) that are not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:  
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
GCLK LVDS					
3	0	E17	C17	NA	IO_DLL_L 42N
2	1	D17	J18	NA	IO_DLL_L 42P
1	5	AL19	AL17	NA	IO_DLL_L 215N
0	4	AH18	AM18	NA	IO_DLL_L 215P
IO LVDS					
Total Pairs: 344, Asynchronous Output Pairs: 134					
0	0	H9	F7	3200 1600 1000	-
1	0	J10	C5	3200 2000 1000	-
2	0	D6	E6	3200 2000 1000	VREF
3	0	G8	A4	3200 2600 1000	-
4	0	J11	C6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
5	0	F8	G9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
6	0	H10	A5	2000 1600	-
7	0	B5	D7	3200 1000	-
8	0	E8	K12	3200 1000	-
9	0	F9	B6	3200 2600	-
10	0	C7	G10	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
11	0	B7	D8	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
12	0	C8	H11	3200 1600	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:  
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
13	0	B8	E9	3200 2000 1000	-
14	0	G11	K13	3200 2000 1000	VREF
15	0	F10	A8	3200 2600	-
16	0	H12	C9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
17	0	A9	D10	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
18	0	A10	F11	2600 1600 1000	-
19	0	C10	K14	2600 1600 1000	-
20	0	G12	H13	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
21	0	B11	A11	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
22	0	D11	E12	3200 1600 1000	-
23	0	C12	G13	3200 2000 1000	-
24	0	A12	K15	3200 2000 1000	-
25	0	H14	B12	3200 2600 1000	-
26	0	F13	D12	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
27	0	B13	A13	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
28	0	G14	J15	2000 1600	-
29	0	F14	C13	3200 2600 1000	-
30	0	D13	H15	3200 2600 1000	-
31	0	K16	A14	3200	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:  
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
270	6	AG2	AE7	2600 2000 1000	-
271	6	AG1	AF6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
272	6	AG4	AC9	2000 1600	-
273	6	AF3	AE6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
274	6	AF4	AF1	2600 1000	VREF
275	6	AF2	AB10	3200 2600 1600	-
276	6	AE1	AC8	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
277	6	AE3	AD5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
278	6	AD1	AC7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
279	6	AD2	AD6	3200 1600 1000	-
280	6	AC1	AB8	2000 1600 1000	VREF
281	6	AC2	AC5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
282	6	AC3	AA9	3200 2600 2000	-
283	6	AD4	AC4	2000 1000	-
284	6	AB6	AA8	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
285	6	Y10	AB1	2600 1600	-
286	6	AA7	AB2	3200 1600 1000	-
287	6	AA1	AA4	2600 2000 1000	VREF
288	6	AB4	Y9	3200 2600 2000 1600	-
289	6	Y8	AA2	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:  
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
290	6	AA5	AA6	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
291	6	Y7	AB3	3200 2600 2000	-
292	6	W10	Y1	2600 2000 1000	-
293	6	Y2	Y5	2000 1600 1000	VREF
294	6	W2	W9	2000 1600	-
295	6	Y4	W7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
296	6	Y6	W1	1000	-
297	6	W3	W6	3200 1600	-
298	6	W4	V9	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
299	6	V1	W5	2000 1600 1000	VREF
300	6	U2	V7	2000 1600 1000	-
301	6	U1	V6	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
302	7	U4	U9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
303	7	U5	U7	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
304	7	U6	U3	2000 1600 1000	-
305	7	T6	T3	2000 1600 1000	VREF
306	7	T4	T9	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
307	7	R1	T5	3200 1600	-
308	7	T10	R6	1000	-
309	7	R5	R2	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
310	7	P5	P1	2000 1600 1000	VREF