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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

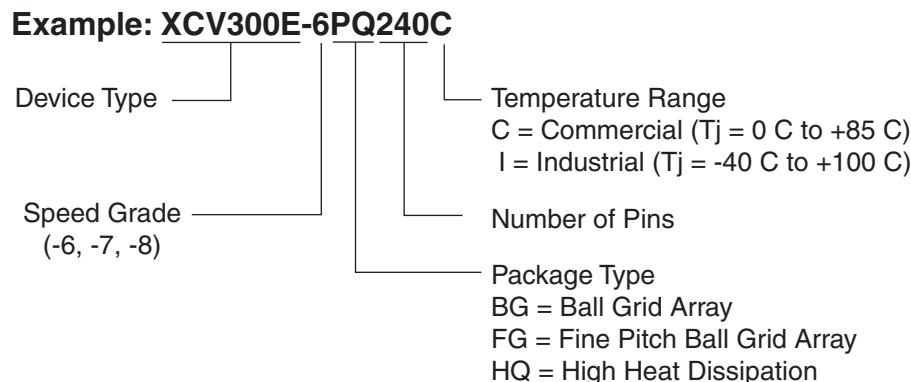
Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	7776
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	34992
Total RAM Bits	589824
Number of I/O	724
Number of Gates	2188742
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1156-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	1156-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv1600e-7fg1156c

Virtex-E Ordering Information



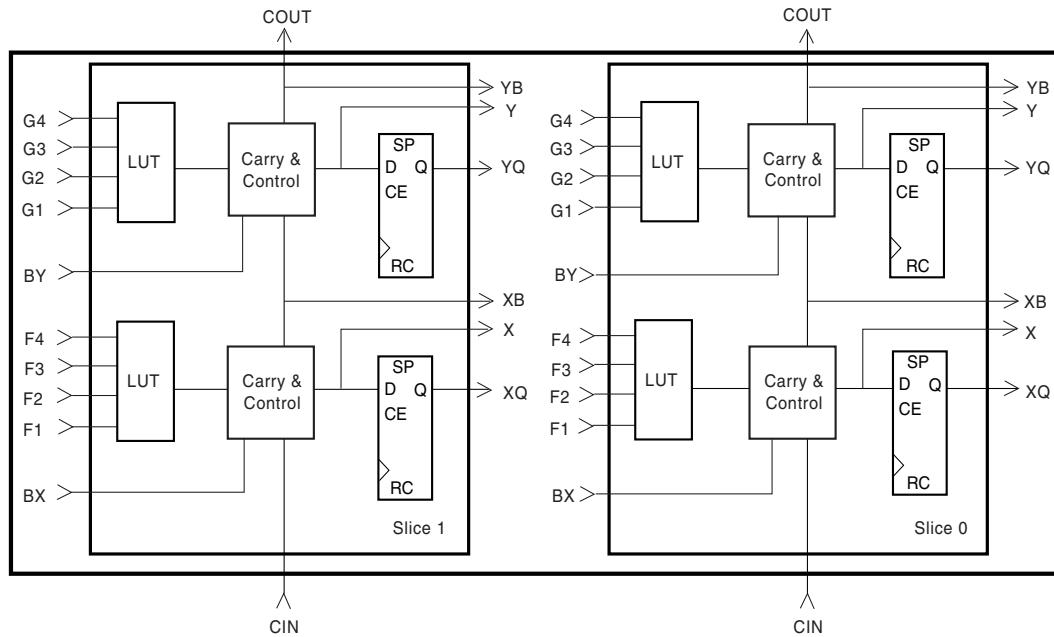
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Figure 1: Ordering Information

Revision History

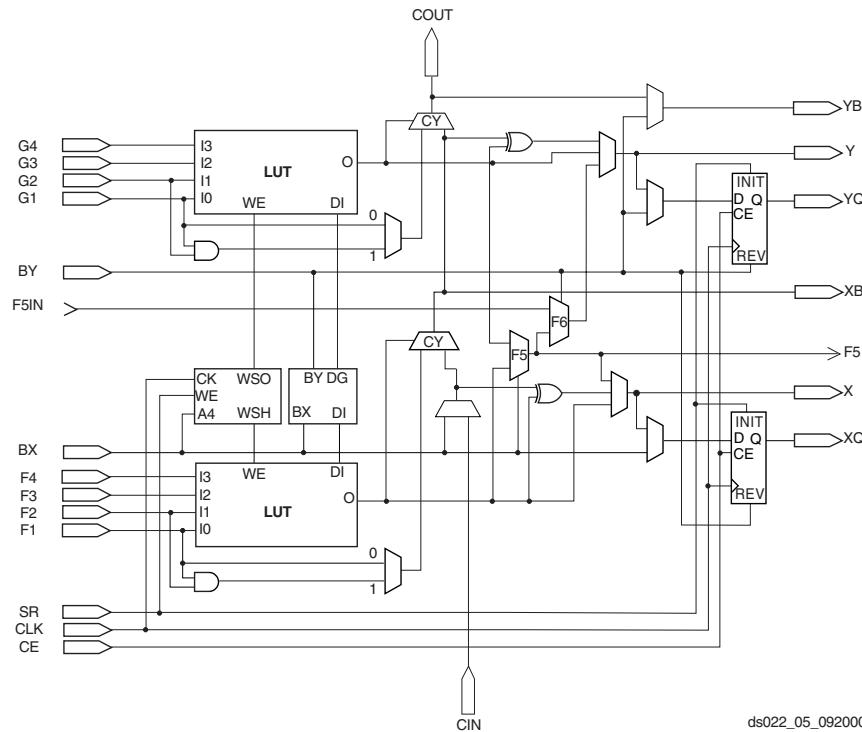
The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Revision
12/7/99	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
1/10/00	1.1	Re-released with spd.txt v. 1.18, FG860/900/1156 package information, and additional DLL, Select RAM and SelectI/O information.
1/28/00	1.2	Added Delay Measurement Methodology table, updated SelectI/O section, Figures 30, 54, & 55, text explaining Table 5, T_{BYP} values, buffered Hex Line info, p. 8, I/O Timing Measurement notes, notes for Tables 15, 16, and corrected F1156 pinout table footnote references.
2/29/00	1.3	Updated pinout tables, V_{CC} page 20, and corrected Figure 20.
5/23/00	1.4	Correction to table on p. 22.
7/10/00	1.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Numerous minor edits. • Data sheet upgraded to Preliminary. • Preview -8 numbers added to Virtex-E Electrical Characteristics tables.
8/1/00	1.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reformatted entire document to follow new style guidelines. • Changed speed grade values in tables on pages 35-37.
9/20/00	1.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Min values added to Virtex-E Electrical Characteristics tables. • XCV2600E and XCV3200E numbers added to Virtex-E Electrical Characteristics tables (Module 3). • Corrected user I/O count for XCV100E device in Table 1 (Module 1). • Changed several pins to "No Connect in the XCV100E" and removed duplicate V_{CCINT} pins in Table ~ (Module 4). • Changed pin J10 to "No connect in XCV600E" in Table 74 (Module 4). • Changed pin J30 to "VREF option only in the XCV600E" in Table 74 (Module 4). • Corrected pair 18 in Table 75 (Module 4) to be "AO in the XCV1000E, XCV1600E".



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Figure 4: 2-Slice Virtex-E CLB



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Figure 5: Detailed View of Virtex-E Slice

Storage Elements

The storage elements in the Virtex-E slice can be configured either as edge-triggered D-type flip-flops or as level-sensitive latches. The D inputs can be driven either by

the function generators within the slice or directly from slice inputs, bypassing the function generators.

In addition to Clock and Clock Enable signals, each Slice has synchronous set and reset signals (SR and BY). SR

forces a storage element into the initialization state specified for it in the configuration. BY forces it into the opposite state. Alternatively, these signals can be configured to operate asynchronously. All of the control signals are independently invertible, and are shared by the two flip-flops within the slice.

Additional Logic

The F5 multiplexer in each slice combines the function generator outputs. This combination provides either a function generator that can implement any 5-input function, a 4:1 multiplexer, or selected functions of up to nine inputs.

Similarly, the F6 multiplexer combines the outputs of all four function generators in the CLB by selecting one of the F5-multiplexer outputs. This permits the implementation of any 6-input function, an 8:1 multiplexer, or selected functions of up to 19 inputs.

Each CLB has four direct feedthrough paths, two per slice. These paths provide extra data input lines or additional local routing that does not consume logic resources.

Arithmetic Logic

Dedicated carry logic provides fast arithmetic carry capability for high-speed arithmetic functions. The Virtex-E CLB supports two separate carry chains, one per Slice. The height of the carry chains is two bits per CLB.

The arithmetic logic includes an XOR gate that allows a 2-bit full adder to be implemented within a slice. In addition, a dedicated AND gate improves the efficiency of multiplier implementation. The dedicated carry path can also be used to cascade function generators for implementing wide logic functions.

BUFTs

Each Virtex-E CLB contains two 3-state drivers (BUFTs) that can drive on-chip buses. See **Dedicated Routing**. Each Virtex-E BUFT has an independent 3-state control pin and an independent input pin.

Block SelectRAM

Virtex-E FPGAs incorporate large block SelectRAM memories. These complement the Distributed SelectRAM memories that provide shallow RAM structures implemented in CLBs.

Block SelectRAM memory blocks are organized in columns, starting at the left (column 0) and right outside edges and inserted every 12 CLB columns (see notes for smaller devices). Each memory block is four CLBs high, and each memory column extends the full height of the chip, immediately adjacent (to the right, except for column 0) of the CLB column locations indicated in **Table 3**.

Table 3: CLB/Block RAM Column Locations

XCV Device /Col.	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	138	156
50E	Columns 0, 6, 18, & 24												
100E	Columns 0, 12, 18, & 30												
200E	Columns 0, 12, 30, & 42												
300E	✓	✓		✓	✓								
400E	✓	✓			✓	✓							
600E	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓						
1000E	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓				
1600E	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓			
2000E	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓		
2600E	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	
3200E	✓	✓	✓	✓						✓	✓	✓	✓

Table 4 shows the amount of block SelectRAM memory that is available in each Virtex-E device.

Table 4: Virtex-E Block SelectRAM Amounts

Virtex-E Device	# of Blocks	Block SelectRAM Bits
XCV50E	16	65,536
XCV100E	20	81,920
XCV200E	28	114,688
XCV300E	32	131,072
XCV400E	40	163,840
XCV600E	72	294,912
XCV1000E	96	393,216
XCV1600E	144	589,824
XCV2000E	160	655,360
XCV2600E	184	753,664
XCV3200E	208	851,968

As illustrated in **Figure 6**, each block SelectRAM cell is a fully synchronous dual-ported (True Dual Port) 4096-bit RAM with independent control signals for each port. The data widths of the two ports can be configured independently, providing built-in bus-width conversion.

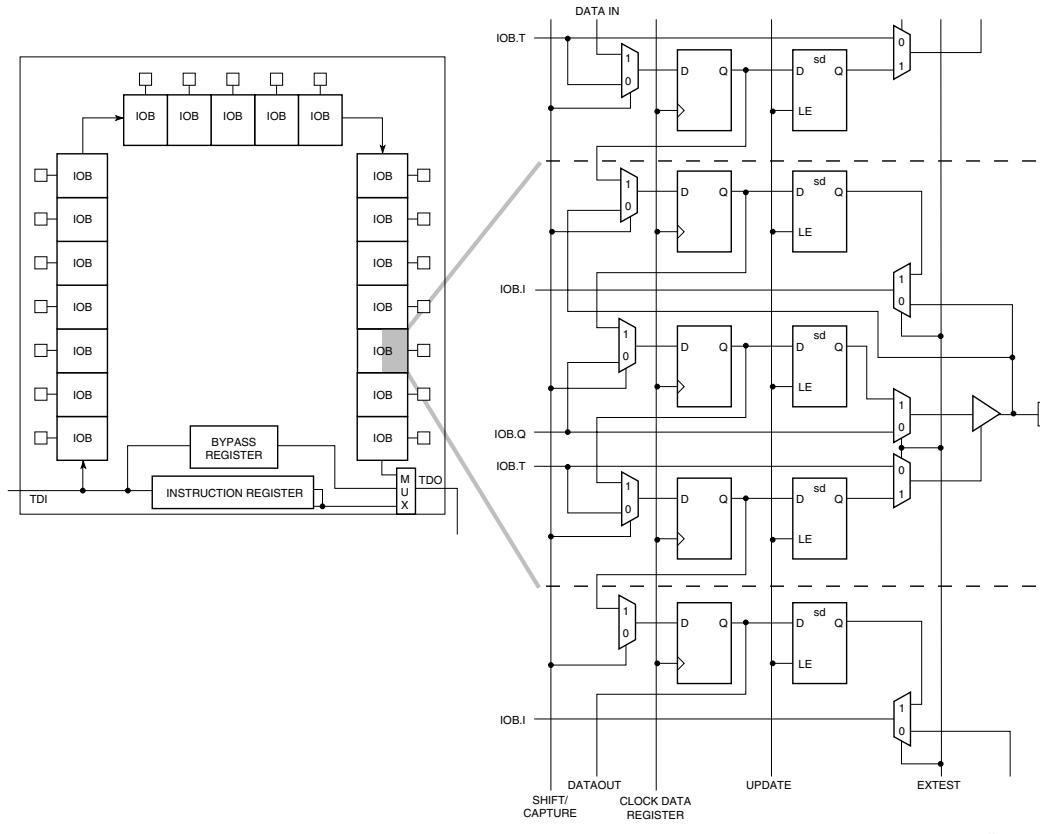


Figure 11: Virtex-E Family Boundary Scan Logic

Instruction Set

The Virtex-E series Boundary Scan instruction set also includes instructions to configure the device and read back configuration data (CFG_IN, CFG_OUT, and JSTART). The complete instruction set is coded as shown in [Table 6](#).

Table 6: Boundary Scan Instructions

Boundary Scan Command	Binary Code(4:0)	Description
EXTEST	00000	Enables Boundary Scan EXTEST operation
SAMPLE/ PRELOAD	00001	Enables Boundary Scan SAMPLE/PRELOAD operation
USER1	00010	Access user-defined register 1
USER2	00011	Access user-defined register 2
CFG_OUT	00100	Access the configuration bus for read operations.

Table 6: Boundary Scan Instructions (Continued)

Boundary Scan Command	Binary Code(4:0)	Description
CFG_IN	00101	Access the configuration bus for write operations.
INTEST	00111	Enables Boundary Scan INTEST operation
USERCODE	01000	Enables shifting out USER code
IDCODE	01001	Enables shifting out of ID Code
HIGHZ	01010	3-states output pins while enabling the Bypass Register
JSTART	01100	Clock the start-up sequence when StartupClk is TCK
BYPASS	11111	Enables BYPASS
RESERVED	All other codes	Xilinx reserved instructions

Table 9 lists the total number of bits required to configure each device.

Table 9: Virtex-E Bitstream Lengths

Device	# of Configuration Bits
XCV50E	630,048
XCV100E	863,840
XCV200E	1,442,016
XCV300E	1,875,648
XCV400E	2,693,440
XCV600E	3,961,632
XCV1000E	6,587,520
XCV1600E	8,308,992
XCV2000E	10,159,648
XCV2600E	12,922,336
XCV3200E	16,283,712

Slave-Serial Mode

In slave-serial mode, the FPGA receives configuration data in bit-serial form from a serial PROM or other source of serial configuration data. The serial bitstream must be set up at the DIN input pin a short time before each rising edge of an externally generated CCLK.

For more detailed information on serial PROMs, see the PROM data sheet at <http://www.xilinx.com/bvdocs/publications/ds026.pdf>.

Multiple FPGAs can be daisy-chained for configuration from a single source. After a particular FPGA has been configured, the data for the next device is routed to the DOUT pin. The maximum capacity for a single LOUT/DOUT write is $2^{20} \cdot 1$ (1,048,575) 32-bit words, or 33,554,4000 bits. The data on the DOUT pin changes on the rising edge of CCLK.

The change of DOUT on the rising edge of CCLK differs from previous families, but does not cause a problem for mixed configuration chains. This change was made to improve serial configuration rates for Virtex and Virtex-E only chains.

Figure 13 shows a full master/slave system. A Virtex-E device in slave-serial mode should be connected as shown in the right-most device.

Slave-serial mode is selected by applying <111> or <011> to the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). A weak pull-up on the mode pins makes slave serial the default mode if the pins are left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally. **Figure 14** shows slave-serial mode programming switching characteristics.

Table 10 provides more detail about the characteristics shown in **Figure 14**. Configuration must be delayed until the INIT pins of all daisy-chained FPGAs are High.

Table 10: Master/Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching

	Description	Figure References	Symbol	Values	Units
CCLK	DIN setup/hold, slave mode	1/2	T_{DCC}/T_{CCD}	5.0 / 0.0	ns, min
	DIN setup/hold, master mode	1/2	T_{DSCK}/T_{CKDS}	5.0 / 0.0	ns, min
	DOUT	3	T_{CCO}	12.0	ns, max
	High time	4	T_{CCH}	5.0	ns, min
	Low time	5	T_{CCL}	5.0	ns, min
	Maximum Frequency		F_{cc}	66	MHz, max
	Frequency Tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal			+45% –30%	

Configuration through the TAP uses the CFG_IN instruction. This instruction allows data input on TDI to be converted into data packets for the internal configuration bus.

The following steps are required to configure the FPGA through the Boundary Scan port (when using TCK as a start-up clock).

1. Load the CFG_IN instruction into the Boundary Scan instruction register (IR).
2. Enter the Shift-DR (SDR) state.
3. Shift a configuration bitstream into TDI.
4. Return to Run-Test-Idle (RTI).
5. Load the JSTART instruction into IR.
6. Enter the SDR state.
7. Clock TCK through the startup sequence.
8. Return to RTI.

Configuration and readback via the TAP is always available. The Boundary Scan mode is selected by a $<101>$ or $<001>$ on the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). For details on TAP characteristics, refer to XAPP139.

Configuration Sequence

The configuration of Virtex-E devices is a three-phase process. First, the configuration memory is cleared. Next, configuration data is loaded into the memory, and finally, the logic is activated by a start-up process.

Configuration is automatically initiated on power-up unless it is delayed by the user, as described below. The configuration process can also be initiated by asserting PROGRAM. The end of the memory-clearing phase is signalled by INIT going High, and the completion of the entire process is signalled by DONE going High.

The power-up timing of configuration signals is shown in Figure 20.

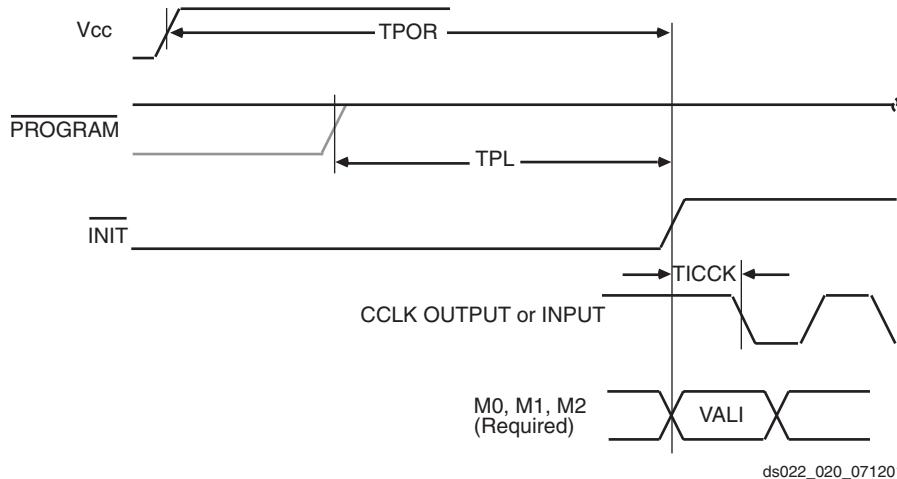


Figure 20: Power-Up Timing Configuration Signals

The corresponding timing characteristics are listed in Table 12.

Table 12: Power-up Timing Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Value	Units
Power-on Reset ¹	T _{POR}	2.0	ms, max
Program Latency	T _{PL}	100.0	μs, max
CCLK (output) Delay	T _{ICCK}	0.5	μs, min
		4.0	μs, max
Program Pulse Width	T _{PROGRAM}	300	ns, min

Notes:

1. T_{POR} delay is the initialization time required after V_{CCINT} and V_{CCO} in Bank 2 reach the recommended operating voltage.

Delaying Configuration

INIT can be held Low using an open-drain driver. An open-drain is required since INIT is a bidirectional open-drain pin that is held Low by the FPGA while the configuration memory is being cleared. Extending the time that the pin is Low causes the configuration sequencer to wait. Thus, configuration is delayed by preventing entry into the phase where data is loaded.

Start-Up Sequence

The default Start-up sequence is that one CCLK cycle after DONE goes High, the global 3-state signal (GTS) is released. This permits device outputs to turn on as necessary.

One CCLK cycle later, the Global Set/Reset (GSR) and Global Write Enable (GWE) signals are released. This permits

ground. As the DLL delay taps reset to zero, glitches can occur on the DLL clock output pins. Activation of the RST pin can also severely affect the duty cycle of the clock output pins. Furthermore, the DLL output clocks no longer deskew with respect to one another. For these reasons, rarely use the reset pin unless re-configuring the device or changing the input frequency.

2x Clock Output — CLK2X

The output pin CLK2X provides a frequency-doubled clock with an automatic 50/50 duty-cycle correction. Until the CLKDLL has achieved lock, the CLK2X output appears as a 1x version of the input clock with a 25/75 duty cycle. This behavior allows the DLL to lock on the correct edge with respect to source clock. This pin is not available on the CLKDLLHF primitive.

Clock Divide Output — CLKDV

The clock divide output pin CLKDV provides a lower frequency version of the source clock. The CLKDV_DIVIDE property controls CLKDV such that the source clock is divided by N where N is either 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 8, or 16.

This feature provides automatic duty cycle correction such that the CLKDV output pin always has a 50/50 duty cycle, with the exception of noninteger divides in HF mode, where the duty cycle is 1/3 for N=1.5 and 2/5 for N=2.5.

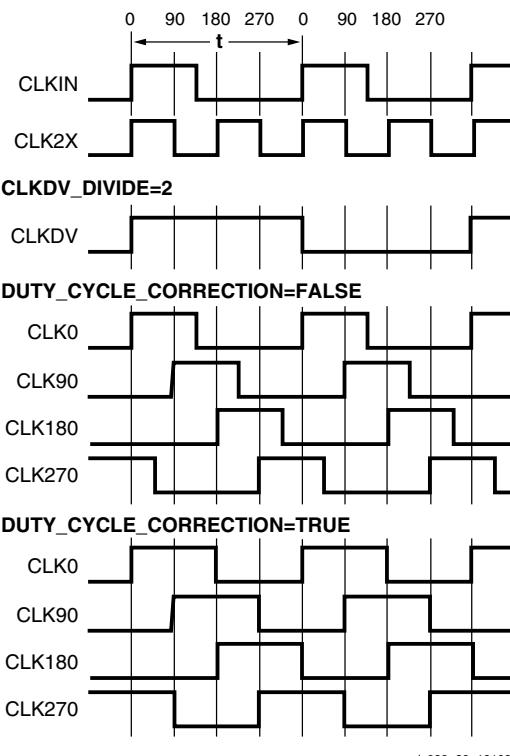
1x Clock Outputs — CLK[0|90|180|270]

The 1x clock output pin CLK0 represents a delay-compensated version of the source clock (CLKIN) signal. The CLKDLL primitive provides three phase-shifted versions of the CLK0 signal while CLKDLLHF provides only the 180° phase-shifted version. The relationship between phase shift and the corresponding period shift appears in Table 13.

Table 13: Relationship of Phase-Shifted Output Clock to Period Shift

Phase (degrees)	Period Shift (percent)
0	0%
90	25%
180	50%
270	75%

The timing diagrams in Figure 25 illustrate the DLL clock output characteristics.



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Figure 25: DLL Output Characteristics

The DLL provides duty cycle correction on all 1x clock outputs such that all 1x clock outputs by default have a 50/50 duty cycle. The DUTY_CYCLE_CORRECTION property (TRUE by default), controls this feature. In order to deactivate the DLL duty cycle correction, attach the DUTY_CYCLE_CORRECTION=FALSE property to the DLL symbol. When duty cycle correction deactivates, the output clock has the same duty cycle as the source clock.

The DLL clock outputs can drive an OBUF, a BUFG, or they can route directly to destination clock pins. The DLL clock outputs can only drive the BUFGs that reside on the same edge (top or bottom).

Locked Output — LOCKED

To achieve lock, the DLL might need to sample several thousand clock cycles. After the DLL achieves lock, the LOCKED signal activates. The DLL timing parameter section of the data sheet provides estimates for locking times.

To guarantee that the system clock is established prior to the device “waking up,” the DLL can delay the completion of the device configuration process until after the DLL locks. The STARTUP_WAIT property activates this feature.

Until the LOCKED signal activates, the DLL output clocks are not valid and can exhibit glitches, spikes, or other spurious movement. In particular the CLK2X output appears as a 1x clock with a 25/75 duty cycle.

Application Examples

Creating a design with the SelectI/O features requires the instantiation of the desired library symbol within the design code. At the board level, designers need to know the termination techniques required for each I/O standard.

This section describes some common application examples illustrating the termination techniques recommended by each of the standards supported by the SelectI/O features.

Termination Examples

Circuit examples involving typical termination techniques for each of the SelectI/O standards follow. For a full range of accepted values for the DC voltage specifications for each standard, refer to the table associated with each figure.

The resistors used in each termination technique example and the transmission lines depicted represent board level components and are not meant to represent components on the device.

GTL

A sample circuit illustrating a valid termination technique for GTL is shown in Figure 44.

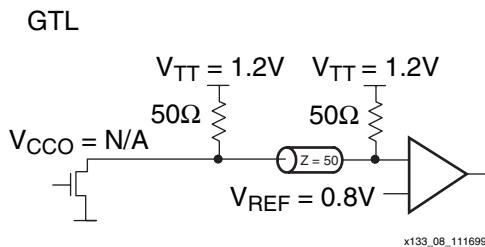


Figure 44: Terminated GTL

Table 23 lists DC voltage specifications.

Table 23: GTL Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
V_{CCO}	-	N/A	-
$V_{REF} = N \times V_{TT}^1$	0.74	0.8	0.86
V_{TT}	1.14	1.2	1.26
$V_{IH} = V_{REF} + 0.05$	0.79	0.85	-
$V_{IL} = V_{REF} - 0.05$	-	0.75	0.81
V_{OH}	-	-	-
V_{OL}	-	0.2	0.4
I_{OH} at V_{OH} (mA)	-	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA) at 0.4V	32	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA) at 0.2V	-	-	40

Notes:

1. N must be greater than or equal to 0.653 and less than or equal to 0.68.

GTL+

A sample circuit illustrating a valid termination technique for GTL+ appears in Figure 45. DC voltage specifications appear in Table 24.

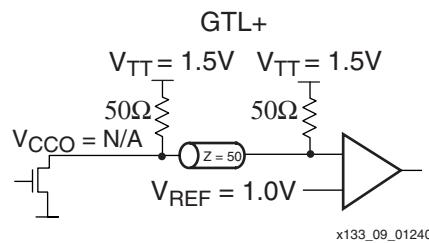


Figure 45: Terminated GTL+

Table 24: GTL+ Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
V_{CCO}	-	-	-
$V_{REF} = N \times V_{TT}^1$	0.88	1.0	1.12
V_{TT}	1.35	1.5	1.65
$V_{IH} = V_{REF} + 0.1$	0.98	1.1	-
$V_{IL} = V_{REF} - 0.1$	-	0.9	1.02
V_{OH}	-	-	-
V_{OL}	0.3	0.45	0.6
I_{OH} at V_{OH} (mA)	-	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA) at 0.6V	36	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA) at 0.3V	-	-	48

Notes:

1. N must be greater than or equal to 0.653 and less than or equal to 0.68.

LVTTL

LVTTL requires no termination. DC voltage specifications appears in [Table 34](#).

Table 34: LVTTL Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
V_{CCO}	3.0	3.3	3.6
V_{REF}	-	-	-
V_{TT}	-	-	-
V_{IH}	2.0	-	3.6
V_{IL}	-0.5	-	0.8
V_{OH}	2.4	-	-
V_{OL}	-	-	0.4
I_{OH} at V_{OH} (mA)	-24	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA)	24	-	-

Notes:

1. Note: V_{OL} and V_{OH} for lower drive currents sample tested.

LVCMOS2

LVCMOS2 requires no termination. DC voltage specifications appear in [Table 35](#).

Table 35: LVCMOS2 Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
V_{CCO}	2.3	2.5	2.7
V_{REF}	-	-	-
V_{TT}	-	-	-
V_{IH}	1.7	-	3.6
V_{IL}	-0.5	-	0.7
V_{OH}	1.9	-	-
V_{OL}	-	-	0.4
I_{OH} at V_{OH} (mA)	-12	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA)	12	-	-

LVCMOS18

LVCMOS18 does not require termination. [Table 36](#) lists DC voltage specifications.

Table 36: LVCMOS18 Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
V_{CCO}	1.70	1.80	1.90
V_{REF}	-	-	-
V_{TT}	-	-	-
V_{IH}	$0.65 \times V_{CCO}$	-	1.95
V_{IL}	-0.5	-	$0.2 \times V_{CCO}$
V_{OH}	$V_{CCO} - 0.4$	-	-
V_{OL}	-	-	0.4
I_{OH} at V_{OH} (mA)	-8	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA)	8	-	-

AGP-2X

The specification for the AGP-2X standard does not document a recommended termination technique. DC voltage specifications appear in [Table 37](#).

Table 37: AGP-2X Voltage Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
V_{CCO}	3.0	3.3	3.6
$V_{REF} = N \times V_{CCO}^{(1)}$	1.17	1.32	1.48
V_{TT}	-	-	-
$V_{IH} = V_{REF} + 0.2$	1.37	1.52	-
$V_{IL} = V_{REF} - 0.2$	-	1.12	1.28
$V_{OH} = 0.9 \times V_{CCO}$	2.7	3.0	-
$V_{OL} = 0.1 \times V_{CCO}$	-	0.33	0.36
I_{OH} at V_{OH} (mA)	Note 2	-	-
I_{OL} at V_{OL} (mA)	Note 2	-	-

Notes:

1. N must be greater than or equal to 0.39 and less than or equal to 0.41.
2. Tested according to the relevant specification.

PQ240 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. A √ in the AO column indicates that the pin pair can be used as an asynchronous output for all devices provided in this package. Pairs with a note number in the AO column are device dependent. They can have asynchronous outputs if the pin pair are in the same CLB row and column in the device. Numbers in this column refer to footnotes that indicate which devices have pin pairs than can be asynchronous outputs. The Other Functions column indicates alternative function(s) not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 7: PQ240 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E, XCV400E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
Global Differential Clock					
0	4	P92	P93	NA	IO_DLL_L40P
1	5	P89	P87	NA	IO_DLL_L40N
2	1	P210	P209	NA	IO_DLL_L6P
3	0	P213	P215	NA	IO_DLL_L6N
IO LVDS					
Total Pairs: 64, Asynchronous Outputs Pairs: 27					
0	0	P236	P237	1	VREF
1	0	P234	P235	√	-
2	0	P228	P229	√	VREF
3	0	P223	P224	√	-
4	0	P220	P221	3	-
5	0	P217	P218	3	VREF
6	1	P209	P215	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
7	1	P205	P206	3	VREF
8	1	P202	P203	3	-
9	1	P199	P200	√	-
10	1	P194	P195	√	VREF
11	1	P191	P192	√	VREF
12	1	P188	P189	√	-
13	1	P186	P187	1	VREF
14	1	P184	P185	√	CS
15	2	P178	P177	√	DIN, D0

**Table 7: PQ240 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E, XCV400E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
16	2	P174	P173	2	-
17	2	P171	P170	3	VREF
18	2	P168	P167	4	D1, VREF
19	2	P163	P162	√	D2
20	2	P160	P159	2	-
21	2	P157	P156	4	D3, VREF
22	2	P155	P154	5	VREF
23	2	P153	P152	√	-
24	3	P145	P144	4	D4, VREF
25	3	P142	P141	2	-
26	3	P139	P138	√	D5
27	3	P134	P133	4	VREF
28	3	P131	P130	3	VREF
29	3	P128	P127	2	-
30	3	P126	P125	6	VREF
31	3	P124	P123	√	INIT
32	4	P118	P117	√	-
33	4	P114	P113	√	-
34	4	P111	P110	√	VREF
35	4	P108	P107	√	VREF
36	4	P103	P102	√	-
37	4	P100	P99	3	-
38	4	P97	P96	3	VREF
39	4	P95	P94	7	VREF
40	5	P93	P87	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
41	5	P84	P82	8	VREF
42	5	P79	P78	√	-
43	5	P74	P73	√	VREF
44	5	P71	P70	√	VREF
45	5	P68	P67	√	-
46	5	P66	P65	1	VREF
47	5	P64	P63	√	-

**Table 9: HQ240 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
48	6	P56	P57	✓	-
49	6	P52	P53	✓	-
50	6	P49	P50	✓	VREF
51	6	P46	P47	✓	VREF
52	6	P41	P42	✓	-
53	6	P38	P39	✓	-
54	6	P35	P36	✓	VREF
55	6	P33	P34	1	VREF
56	7	P27	P28	✓	-
57	7	P23	P24	✓	VREF
58	7	P20	P21	✓	-
59	7	P17	P18	✓	-
60	7	P12	P13	✓	VREF
61	7	P9	P10	✓	VREF
62	7	P6	P7	✓	-
63	7	P4	P5	1	VREF

Note 1: AO in the XCV600E.

BG352 Ball Grid Array Packages

XCV100E, XCV200E, and XCV300E devices in BG352 Ball Grid Array packages have footprint compatibility. Pins labeled I_O_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as V_{REF} it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following Table 10, see Table 11 for Differential Pair information.

Table 10: BG352 — XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	IO	D22
0	IO	C23 ¹
0	IO	B24 ¹
0	IO	C22
0	IO_VREF_0_L0N_YY	D21 ²
0	IO_L0P_YY	B23
0	IO	A24 ¹
0	IO_L1N_YY	A23
0	IO_L1P_YY	D20
0	IO_VREF_0_L2N_YY	C21
0	IO_L2P_YY	B22
0	IO	B21 ¹
0	IO	C20 ¹
0	IO_L3N	B20
0	IO_L3P	A21
0	IO	D18
0	IO_VREF_0_L4N_YY	C19
0	IO_L4P_YY	B19
0	IO_L5N_YY	D17
0	IO_L5P_YY	C18
0	IO	B18 ¹
0	IO_L6N	C17
0	IO_L6P	A18
0	IO	D16 ¹
0	IO_L7N_Y	B17
0	IO_L7P_Y	C16
0	IO_VREF_0_L8N_Y	A16
0	IO_L8P_Y	D15

Table 11: BG352 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
55	5	AC13	AD14	✓	GCLK LVDS 1/0
56	5	AD15	AC15	✓	VREF_5
57	5	AE16	AE17	✓	-
58	5	AC16	AF18	2	-
59	5	AD17	AC17	✓	-
60	5	AD18	AC18	✓	VREF_5
61	5	AF20	AE20	1	-
62	5	AE21	AD20	✓	VREF_5
63	5	AF23	AE22	✓	-
64	5	AC21	AE23	✓	VREF_5
65	6	AD25	AC24	✓	-
66	6	AC26	AD26	✓	VREF_6
67	6	AB25	AA24	✓	-
68	6	Y24	AA25	✓	VREF_6
69	6	W24	V23	2	-
70	6	U23	Y26	✓	VREF_6
71	6	U24	V25	✓	-
72	6	U25	T23	1	-
73	6	T26	T25	✓	-
74	6	R25	R24	✓	VREF_6
75	6	P24	R26	2	-
76	7	N24	N25	✓	-
77	7	M24	M25	2	-
78	7	L26	M23	✓	VREF_7
79	7	L24	K25	✓	-
80	7	J25	J26	1	-
81	7	H25	K23	✓	-
82	7	G26	J23	✓	VREF_7
83	7	H24	G25	1	-
84	7	D26	G24	✓	VREF_7
85	7	F24	E25	✓	-
86	7	E24	D25	✓	VREF_7

Notes:

1. AO in the XCV100E.
2. AO in the XCV200E.

BG432 Ball Grid Array Packages

XCV300E, XCV400E, and XCV600E devices in BG432 Ball Grid Array packages have footprint compatibility. Pins labeled I_O_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as V_{REF}, it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following Table 12, see Table 13 for Differential Pair information.

Table 12: BG432 — XCV300E, XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	GCK3	D17
0	IO	A22
0	IO	A26
0	IO	B20
0	IO	C23
0	IO	C28
0	IO_L0N_Y	B29
0	IO_L0P_Y	D27
0	IO_L1N_YY	B28
0	IO_L1P_YY	C27
0	IO_VREF_L2N_YY	D26
0	IO_L2P_YY	A28
0	IO_L3N_Y	B27
0	IO_L3P_Y	C26
0	IO_L4N_YY	D25
0	IO_L4P_YY	A27
0	IO_VREF_L5N_YY	D24
0	IO_L5P_YY	C25
0	IO_L6N_Y	B25
0	IO_L6P_Y	D23
0	IO_VREF_L7N_Y	C24 ¹
0	IO_L7P_Y	B24
0	IO_VREF_L8N_YY	D22
0	IO_L8P_YY	A24
0	IO_L9N_YY	C22
0	IO_L9P_YY	B22
0	IO_L10N_YY	C21
0	IO_L10P_YY	D20
0	IO_L11N_YY	B21
0	IO_L11P_YY	C20

Table 12: BG432 — XCV300E, XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO_L132P_Y	G28
7	IO_L133N	E31
7	IO_L133P	E30
7	IO_L134N_Y	F29
7	IO_VREF_L134P_Y	F28
7	IO_L135N_Y	D31
7	IO_L135P_Y	D30
7	IO_L136N	E29
7	IO_L136P	E28
2	CCLK	D4
3	DONE	AH4
NA	DXN	AH27
NA	DXP	AK29
NA	M0	AH28
NA	M1	AH29
NA	M2	AJ28
NA	PROGRAM	AH3
NA	TCK	D28
NA	TDI	B3
2	TDO	C4
NA	TMS	D29
NA	VCCINT	A10
NA	VCCINT	A17
NA	VCCINT	B23
NA	VCCINT	B26
NA	VCCINT	C7
NA	VCCINT	C14
NA	VCCINT	C19
NA	VCCINT	F1
NA	VCCINT	F30
NA	VCCINT	K3
NA	VCCINT	K29
NA	VCCINT	N2
NA	VCCINT	N29

Table 12: BG432 — XCV300E, XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCINT	T1
NA	VCCINT	T29
NA	VCCINT	W2
NA	VCCINT	W31
NA	VCCINT	AB2
NA	VCCINT	AB30
NA	VCCINT	AE29
NA	VCCINT	AF1
NA	VCCINT	AH8
NA	VCCINT	AH24
NA	VCCINT	AJ10
NA	VCCINT	AJ16
NA	VCCINT	AK22
NA	VCCINT	AK13
NA	VCCINT	AK19
0	VCCO	A21
0	VCCO	C29
0	VCCO	D21
1	VCCO	A1
1	VCCO	A11
1	VCCO	D11
2	VCCO	C3
2	VCCO	L4
2	VCCO	L1
3	VCCO	AA1
3	VCCO	AA4
3	VCCO	AJ3
4	VCCO	AH11
4	VCCO	AL1
4	VCCO	AL11
5	VCCO	AH21
5	VCCO	AL21
5	VCCO	AJ29
6	VCCO	AA28
6	VCCO	AA31

FG676 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. A √ in the AO column indicates that the pin pair can be used as an asynchronous output for all devices provided in this package. Pairs with a note number in the AO column are device dependent. They can have asynchronous outputs if the pin pair are in the same CLB row and column in the device. Numbers in this column refer to footnotes that indicate which devices have pin pairs than can be asynchronous outputs. The Other Functions column indicates alternative function(s) not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 21: FG676 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV400E, XCV600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
Global Differential Clock					
3	0	E13	B13	NA	IO_DLL_L21N
2	1	C13	F14	NA	IO_DLL_L21P
1	5	AB13	AF13	NA	IO_DLL_L115N
0	4	AA14	AC14	NA	IO_DLL_L115P
IOLVDS					
Total Pairs: 183, Asynchronous Output Pairs: 97					
0	0	F7	C4	1	-
1	0	C5	G8	√	-
2	0	E7	D6	√	VREF
3	0	F8	A4	NA	-
4	0	D7	B5	NA	-
5	0	G9	E8	√	VREF
6	0	F9	A5	√	-
7	0	C7	D8	1	-
8	0	E9	B7	1	VREF
9	0	D9	A7	NA	-
10	0	G10	B8	NA	VREF
11	0	F10	C9	√	-
12	0	E10	A8	1	-
13	0	D10	G11	√	-
14	0	F11	B10	√	-
15	0	E11	C10	NA	-
16	0	D11	G12	√	-
17	0	F12	C11	√	VREF

**Table 21: FG676 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV400E, XCV600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
18	0	E12	A11	√	-
19	0	C12	D12	1	-
20	0	H13	A12	1	VREF
21	1	F14	B13	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
22	1	F13	E14	NA	-
23	1	A14	D14	1	VREF
24	1	H14	C14	1	-
25	1	C15	G14	√	-
26	1	D15	E15	√	VREF
27	1	F15	C16	√	-
28	1	D16	G15	-	-
29	1	A17	E16	√	-
30	1	E17	C17	√	-
31	1	D17	F16	1	-
32	1	C18	F17	√	-
33	1	G16	A18	√	VREF
34	1	G17	C19	√	-
35	1	B19	D18	1	VREF
36	1	E18	D19	1	-
37	1	B20	F18	√	-
38	1	C20	G19	√	VREF
39	1	E19	G18	√	-
40	1	D20	A21	√	-
41	1	C21	F19	√	VREF
42	1	E20	B22	√	-
43	1	D21	A23	2	-
44	1	E21	C22	√	CS
45	2	E23	F22	√	DIN, D0
46	2	E24	F20	√	-
47	2	G21	G22	2	-
48	2	F24	H20	1	VREF
49	2	E25	H21	1	-
50	2	F23	G23	√	-
51	2	H23	J20	√	VREF

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
6	IO	AJ40
6	IO	AL41
6	IO	AN38
6	IO	AN42
6	IO	AP41
6	IO	AR39
6	IO_L211N_YY	AV41
6	IO_L211P_YY	AV42
6	IO_L212N_Y	AW40
6	IO_L212P_Y	AU41
6	IO_L213N_Y	AV39
6	IO_L213P_Y	AU42
6	IO_VREF_L214N_Y	AT41
6	IO_L214P_Y	AU38
6	IO_L215N	AT42
6	IO_L215P	AV40
6	IO_L216N_Y	AR41
6	IO_L216P_Y	AU39
6	IO_VREF_L217N_Y	AR42
6	IO_L217P_Y	AU40
6	IO_L218N_YY	AT38
6	IO_L218P_YY	AP42
6	IO_L219N_Y	AN41
6	IO_L219P_Y	AT39
6	IO_L220N_Y	AT40
6	IO_L220P_Y	AM40
6	IO_VREF_L221N_YY	AR38
6	IO_L221P_YY	AM41
6	IO_L222N_YY	AM42
6	IO_L222P_YY	AR40
6	IO_VREF_L223N_Y	AL40 ²
6	IO_L223P_Y	AP38
6	IO_L224N_Y	AP39
6	IO_L224P_Y	AL42
6	IO_VREF_L225N_YY	AP40
6	IO_L225P_YY	AK40
6	IO_L226N_YY	AK41

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
6	IO_L226P_YY	AN39
6	IO_L227N_Y	AK42
6	IO_L227P_Y	AN40
6	IO_VREF_L228N_YY	AM38
6	IO_L228P_YY	AJ41
6	IO_L229N_YY	AJ42
6	IO_L229P_YY	AM39
6	IO_L230N_Y	AH40
6	IO_L230P_Y	AH41
6	IO_L231N_Y	AL38
6	IO_L231P_Y	AH42
6	IO_L232N_Y	AL39
6	IO_L232P_Y	AG41
6	IO_L233N	AK39
6	IO_L233P	AG40
6	IO_L234N_Y	AJ38
6	IO_L234P_Y	AG42
6	IO_VREF_L235N_Y	AF42
6	IO_L235P_Y	AJ39
6	IO_L236N_YY	AF41
6	IO_L236P_YY	AH38
6	IO_L237N_Y	AE42
6	IO_L237P_Y	AH39
6	IO_L238N_Y	AG38
6	IO_L238P_Y	AE41
6	IO_VREF_L239N_YY	AG39
6	IO_L239P_YY	AD42
6	IO_L240N_YY	AD40
6	IO_L240P_YY	AF39
6	IO_L241N_Y	AD41
6	IO_L241P_Y	AE38
6	IO_L242N_Y	AE39
6	IO_L242P_Y	AC40
6	IO_VREF_L243N_YY	AD38
6	IO_L243P_YY	AC41
6	IO_L244N_YY	AB42
6	IO_L244P_YY	AC38

**Table 25: FG860 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
120	3	AH1	AL5	1	-
121	3	AH2	AM4	3	-
122	3	AH3	AM5	✓	D5
123	3	AJ1	AN3	✓	VREF
124	3	AN4	AJ3	2	-
125	3	AN5	AK1	✓	-
126	3	AK2	AP4	✓	VREF
127	3	AK3	AP5	2	-
128	3	AR3	AL2	5	VREF
129	3	AR4	AL3	✓	-
130	3	AM1	AT3	✓	VREF
131	3	AM2	AT4	1	-
132	3	AT5	AN1	2	-
133	3	AU3	AN2	✓	-
134	3	AP1	AP2	1	VREF
135	3	AR1	AV3	2	-
136	3	AR2	AT1	4	-
137	3	AV4	AT2	2	VREF
138	3	AU1	AU5	1	-
139	3	AU2	AW3	3	-
140	3	AV1	AW5	✓	INIT
141	4	AV6	BA4	✓	-
142	4	AY4	BA5	2	-
143	4	AW6	BB5	1	-
144	4	BA6	AY5	1	VREF
145	4	BB6	AY6	5	-
146	4	BA7	AV7	✓	-
147	4	BB7	AW7	✓	VREF
148	4	AY7	BB8	5	-
149	4	BA9	AV8	5	-
150	4	AW8	BA10	✓	-
151	4	BB10	AY8	✓	VREF
152	4	AV9	BA11	1	-
153	4	BB11	AW9	1	VREF

**Table 25: FG860 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
154	4	AY9	BA12	✓	-
155	4	BB12	AV10	✓	VREF
156	4	BA13	AW10	2	-
157	4	BB13	AY10	2	-
158	4	AV11	BA14	✓	VREF
159	4	AW11	BB14	✓	-
160	4	AV12	BA15	2	-
161	4	AW12	AY15	1	-
162	4	AW13	BB15	1	-
163	4	AV14	BA16	5	-
164	4	AW14	AY16	✓	-
165	4	BB16	AV15	✓	VREF
166	4	AY17	AW15	5	-
167	4	BB17	AU16	5	-
168	4	AV16	AY18	✓	-
169	4	AW16	BA18	✓	VREF
170	4	BB19	AW17	1	-
171	4	AY19	AV18	1	-
172	4	AW18	BB20	✓	-
173	4	AY20	AV19	✓	VREF
174	4	BB21	AW19	2	-
175	4	AY21	AV20	2	VREF
176	5	AW20	AW21	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
177	5	BB22	AW22	2	VREF
178	5	BB23	AW23	2	-
179	5	AV23	BA23	✓	VREF
180	5	AW24	BB24	✓	-
181	5	AY24	AW25	1	-
182	5	BA24	AV25	1	-
183	5	AW26	AY25	✓	VREF
184	5	AV26	BA25	✓	-
185	5	BB26	AV27	5	-
186	5	AY26	AU27	5	-
187	5	AW28	BB27	✓	VREF

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCO_0	C12
NA	VCCO_1	B25
NA	VCCO_1	C19
NA	VCCO_1	M18
NA	VCCO_1	M17
NA	VCCO_1	L17
NA	VCCO_1	H17
NA	VCCO_1	L16
NA	VCCO_1	M16
NA	VCCO_2	F29
NA	VCCO_2	M28
NA	VCCO_2	P23
NA	VCCO_2	R20
NA	VCCO_2	P20
NA	VCCO_2	R19
NA	VCCO_2	N19
NA	VCCO_2	P19
NA	VCCO_3	AE29
NA	VCCO_3	W28
NA	VCCO_3	U23
NA	VCCO_3	U20
NA	VCCO_3	T20
NA	VCCO_3	V19
NA	VCCO_3	T19
NA	VCCO_3	U19
NA	VCCO_4	AJ25
NA	VCCO_4	AH19
NA	VCCO_4	W18
NA	VCCO_4	AC17
NA	VCCO_4	Y17
NA	VCCO_4	W17
NA	VCCO_4	W16
NA	VCCO_4	Y16
NA	VCCO_5	AJ6
NA	VCCO_5	Y15
NA	VCCO_5	W15
NA	VCCO_5	AC14

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCO_5	Y14
NA	VCCO_5	W14
NA	VCCO_5	W13
NA	VCCO_5	AH12
NA	VCCO_6	AE2
NA	VCCO_6	V12
NA	VCCO_6	U12
NA	VCCO_6	T12
NA	VCCO_6	U11
NA	VCCO_6	T11
NA	VCCO_6	U8
NA	VCCO_6	W3
NA	VCCO_7	F2
NA	VCCO_7	R12
NA	VCCO_7	P12
NA	VCCO_7	N12
NA	VCCO_7	R11
NA	VCCO_7	P11
NA	VCCO_7	P8
NA	VCCO_7	M3
NA	GND	Y18
NA	GND	AH7
NA	GND	AK30
NA	GND	AJ30
NA	GND	B30
NA	GND	A30
NA	GND	AK29
NA	GND	AJ29
NA	GND	AC29
NA	GND	H29
NA	GND	B29
NA	GND	A29
NA	GND	AH28
NA	GND	V28
NA	GND	N28
NA	GND	C28

Table 28: FG1156 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCINT	N22
NA	VCCINT	P13
NA	VCCINT	P22
NA	VCCINT	R13
NA	VCCINT	R22
NA	VCCINT	T13
NA	VCCINT	T22
NA	VCCINT	U10
NA	VCCINT	U25
NA	VCCINT	V10
NA	VCCINT	V25
NA	VCCINT	W13
NA	VCCINT	W22
NA	VCCINT	Y13
NA	VCCINT	Y22
NA	VCCINT	AA13
NA	VCCINT	AA22
NA	VCCINT	AB13
NA	VCCINT	AB14
NA	VCCINT	AB15
NA	VCCINT	AB16
NA	VCCINT	AB19
NA	VCCINT	AB20
NA	VCCINT	AB21
NA	VCCINT	AB22
NA	VCCINT	AC12
NA	VCCINT	AC23
NA	VCCINT	AD24
NA	VCCINT	AD11
NA	VCCINT	AE10
NA	VCCINT	AE17
NA	VCCINT	AE18
NA	VCCINT	AE25

Table 28: FG1156 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCO_0	M17
NA	VCCO_0	L17
NA	VCCO_0	L16
NA	VCCO_0	E10
NA	VCCO_0	C14
NA	VCCO_0	A6
NA	VCCO_0	M13
NA	VCCO_0	M14
NA	VCCO_0	M15
NA	VCCO_0	M16
NA	VCCO_0	L12
NA	VCCO_0	L13
NA	VCCO_0	L14
NA	VCCO_0	L15
NA	VCCO_1	M18
NA	VCCO_1	L18
NA	VCCO_1	L23
NA	VCCO_1	E25
NA	VCCO_1	C21
NA	VCCO_1	A29
NA	VCCO_1	M19
NA	VCCO_1	M20
NA	VCCO_1	M21
NA	VCCO_1	M22
NA	VCCO_1	L19
NA	VCCO_1	L20
NA	VCCO_1	L21
NA	VCCO_1	L22
NA	VCCO_2	U24
NA	VCCO_2	U23
NA	VCCO_2	N24
NA	VCCO_2	M24
NA	VCCO_2	K30
NA	VCCO_2	F34

Table 28: FG1156 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	R15
NA	GND	P15
NA	GND	L3
NA	GND	G7
NA	GND	E30
NA	GND	C24
NA	GND	B34
NA	GND	AP32
NA	GND	AM1
NA	GND	AM34
NA	GND	AJ29
NA	GND	AF9
NA	GND	AA17
NA	GND	Y17
NA	GND	W16
NA	GND	V16
NA	GND	U17
NA	GND	T17
NA	GND	R16
NA	GND	P16
NA	GND	L32
NA	GND	G28
NA	GND	D4
NA	GND	C32
NA	GND	A1
NA	GND	AP33
NA	GND	AM2
NA	GND	AL4
NA	GND	AH1
NA	GND	AF26
NA	GND	AA18
NA	GND	Y18
NA	GND	W17
NA	GND	V17

Table 28: FG1156 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	U18
NA	GND	T18
NA	GND	R17
NA	GND	P17
NA	GND	J9
NA	GND	G34
NA	GND	D31
NA	GND	C33
NA	GND	A2
NA	GND	AB17
NA	GND	AB18
NA	GND	N17
NA	GND	N18
NA	GND	U13
NA	GND	V13
NA	GND	U22
NA	GND	V22

Notes:

1. V_{REF} or I/O option only in the XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, and XCV3200E; otherwise, I/O option only.
2. V_{REF} or I/O option only in the XCV2000E, XCV2600E, and XCV3200E; otherwise, I/O option only.
3. No Connect in the XCV1000E, XCV1600E.
4. No Connect in the XCV1000E.
5. I/O in the XCV1000E.

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
231	5	AH14	AP12	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
232	5	AJ14	AL14	3200 2600 1000	-
233	5	AF13	AN12	3200 2000 1000	-
234	5	AF14	AP11	3200 2000 1000	-
235	5	AN11	AH13	3200 1600 1000	-
236	5	AM12	AL12	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
237	5	AJ13	AP10	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
238	5	AK12	AM10	2600 1600 1000	-
239	5	AP9	AK11	2600 1600 1000	-
240	5	AL11	AL10	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
241	5	AE13	AM9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
242	5	AF12	AP8	3200 2600	-
243	5	AL9	AH11	3200 2000 1000	VREF
244	5	AF11	AN8	3200 2000 1000	-
245	5	AM8	AG11	3200 1600	-
246	5	AL8	AK9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
247	5	AH10	AN7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
248	5	AE12	AJ9	3200 2600	-
249	5	AM7	AL7	3200 1000	-
250	5	AG10	AN6	3200 1000	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
251	5	AK8	AH9	2000 1600	-
252	5	AP5	AJ8	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
253	5	AE11	AN5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
254	5	AF10	AM6	3200 2600 1000	-
255	5	AL6	AG9	3200 2000 1000	VREF
256	5	AH8	AP4	3200 2000 1000	-
257	5	AN4	AJ7	3200 1600 1000	-
258	5	AM5	AK6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
259	6	AF8	AH6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
260	6	AK3	AE9	3200 2600 2000	-
261	6	AL2	AD10	2600 2000 1000	-
262	6	AH4	AL1	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
263	6	AK1	AG6	2600 1600	-
264	6	AK2	AF7	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
265	6	AG5	AJ3	2600 2000 1000	VREF
266	6	AJ2	AD9	3200 2600 2000 1600	-
267	6	AH2	AC10	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
268	6	AF5	AH3	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
269	6	AG3	AE8	3200 2600 2000	-