



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	384
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1728
Total RAM Bits	65536
Number of I/O	158
Number of Gates	71693
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	240-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	240-PQFP (32x32)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv50e-7pq240c">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv50e-7pq240c</a>

## Development System

Virtex-E FPGAs are supported by the Xilinx Foundation and Alliance Series CAE tools. The basic methodology for Virtex-E design consists of three interrelated steps: design entry, implementation, and verification. Industry-standard tools are used for design entry and simulation (for example, Synopsys FPGA Express), while Xilinx provides proprietary architecture-specific tools for implementation.

The Xilinx development system is integrated under the Xilinx Design Manager (XDM™) software, providing designers with a common user interface regardless of their choice of entry and verification tools. The XDM software simplifies the selection of implementation options with pull-down menus and on-line help.

Application programs ranging from schematic capture to Placement and Routing (PAR) can be accessed through the XDM software. The program command sequence is generated prior to execution, and stored for documentation.

Several advanced software features facilitate Virtex-E design. RPMs, for example, are schematic-based macros with relative location constraints to guide their placement. They help ensure optimal implementation of common functions.

For HDL design entry, the Xilinx FPGA Foundation development system provides interfaces to the following synthesis design environments.

- Synopsys (FPGA Compiler, FPGA Express)
- Exemplar (Spectrum)
- Synplicity (Synplify)

For schematic design entry, the Xilinx FPGA Foundation and Alliance development system provides interfaces to the following schematic-capture design environments.

- Mentor Graphics V8 (Design Architect, QuickSim II)
- Viewlogic Systems (Viewdraw)

Third-party vendors support many other environments.

A standard interface-file specification, Electronic Design Interchange Format (EDIF), simplifies file transfers into and out of the development system.

Virtex-E FPGAs are supported by a unified library of standard functions. This library contains over 400 primitives and macros, ranging from 2-input AND gates to 16-bit accumulators, and includes arithmetic functions, comparators, counters, data registers, decoders, encoders, I/O functions, latches, Boolean functions, multiplexers, shift registers, and barrel shifters.

The “soft macro” portion of the library contains detailed descriptions of common logic functions, but does not contain any partitioning or placement information. The performance of these macros depends, therefore, on the partitioning and placement obtained during implementation.

RPMs, on the other hand, do contain predetermined partitioning and placement information that permits optimal

implementation of these functions. Users can create their own library of soft macros or RPMs based on the macros and primitives in the standard library.

The design environment supports hierarchical design entry, with high-level schematics that comprise major functional blocks, while lower-level schematics define the logic in these blocks. These hierarchical design elements are automatically combined by the implementation tools. Different design entry tools can be combined within a hierarchical design, thus allowing the most convenient entry method to be used for each portion of the design.

## Design Implementation

The place-and-route tools (PAR) automatically provide the implementation flow described in this section. The partitioner takes the EDIF net list for the design and maps the logic into the architectural resources of the FPGA (CLBs and IOBs, for example). The placer then determines the best locations for these blocks based on their interconnections and the desired performance. Finally, the router interconnects the blocks.

The PAR algorithms support fully automatic implementation of most designs. For demanding applications, however, the user can exercise various degrees of control over the process. User partitioning, placement, and routing information is optionally specified during the design-entry process. The implementation of highly structured designs can benefit greatly from basic floor planning.

The implementation software incorporates Timing Wizard® timing-driven placement and routing. Designers specify timing requirements along entire paths during design entry. The timing path analysis routines in PAR then recognize these user-specified requirements and accommodate them.

Timing requirements are entered on a schematic in a form directly relating to the system requirements, such as the targeted clock frequency, or the maximum allowable delay between two registers. In this way, the overall performance of the system along entire signal paths is automatically tailored to user-generated specifications. Specific timing information for individual nets is unnecessary.

## Design Verification

In addition to conventional software simulation, FPGA users can use in-circuit debugging techniques. Because Xilinx devices are infinitely reprogrammable, designs can be verified in real time without the need for extensive sets of software simulation vectors.

The development system supports both software simulation and in-circuit debugging techniques. For simulation, the system extracts the post-layout timing information from the design database, and back-annotates this information into the net list for use by the simulator. Alternatively, the user can verify timing-critical portions of the design using the TRCE® static timing analyzer.

For in-circuit debugging, an optional download and read-back cable is available. This cable connects the FPGA in the target system to a PC or workstation. After downloading the design into the FPGA, the designer can single-step the

logic, readback the contents of the flip-flops, and so observe the internal logic state. Simple modifications can be downloaded into the system in a matter of minutes.

## Configuration

Virtex-E devices are configured by loading configuration data into the internal configuration memory. Note that attempting to load an incorrect bitstream causes configuration to fail and can damage the device.

Some of the pins used for configuration are dedicated pins, while others can be re-used as general purpose inputs and outputs once configuration is complete.

The following are dedicated pins:

- Mode pins (M2, M1, M0)
- Configuration clock pin (CCLK)
- PROGRAM pin
- DONE pin
- Boundary Scan pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK)

Depending on the configuration mode chosen, CCLK can be an output generated by the FPGA, or can be generated externally and provided to the FPGA as an input. The PROGRAM pin must be pulled High prior to reconfiguration.

Note that some configuration pins can act as outputs. For correct operation, these pins require a  $V_{CCO}$  of 3.3 V or 2.5 V. At 3.3 V the pins operate as LVTTL, and at 2.5 V they

operate as LVCMS. All affected pins fall in banks 2 or 3. The configuration pins needed for SelectMap (CS, Write) are located in bank 1.

## Configuration Modes

Virtex-E supports the following four configuration modes.

- Slave-serial mode
- Master-serial mode
- SelectMAP mode
- Boundary Scan mode (JTAG)

The Configuration mode pins (M2, M1, M0) select among these configuration modes with the option in each case of having the IOB pins either pulled up or left floating prior to configuration. The selection codes are listed in [Table 8](#).

Configuration through the Boundary Scan port is always available, independent of the mode selection. Selecting the Boundary Scan mode simply turns off the other modes. The three mode pins have internal pull-up resistors, and default to a logic High if left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally.

**Table 8: Configuration Codes**

Configuration Mode	M2 <sup>(1)</sup>	M1	M0	CCLK Direction	Data Width	Serial D <sub>out</sub>	Configuration Pull-ups <sup>(1)</sup>
Master-serial mode	0	0	0	Out	1	Yes	No
Boundary Scan mode	1	0	1	N/A	1	No	No
SelectMAP mode	1	1	0	In	8	No	No
Slave-serial mode	1	1	1	In	1	Yes	No
Master-serial mode	1	0	0	Out	1	Yes	Yes
Boundary Scan mode	0	0	1	N/A	1	No	Yes
SelectMAP mode	0	1	0	In	8	No	Yes
Slave-serial mode	0	1	1	In	1	Yes	Yes

**Notes:**

1. M2 is sampled continuously from power up until the end of the configuration. Toggling M2 while INIT is being held externally Low can cause the configuration pull-up settings to change.

## Termination Resistor Packs

Resistor packs are available with the values and the configuration required for LVDS and LVPECL termination from Bourns, Inc., as listed in Table. For pricing and availability, please contact Bourns directly at <http://www.bourns.com>.

Table 40: Bourns LVDS/LVPECL Resistor Packs

Part Number	I/O Standard	Term. for:	Pairs/ Pack	Pins
CAT16-LV2F6	LVDS	Driver	2	8
CAT16-LV4F12	LVDS	Driver	4	16
CAT16-PC2F6	LVPECL	Driver	2	8
CAT16-PC4F12	LVPECL	Driver	4	16
CAT16-PT2F2	LVDS/LVPECL	Receiver	2	8
CAT16-PT4F4	LVDS/LVPECL	Receiver	4	16

## LVDS Design Guide

The SelectI/O library elements have been expanded for Virtex-E devices to include new LVDS variants. At this time all of the cells might not be included in the Synthesis libraries. The 2.1i-Service Pack 2 update for Alliance and Foundation software includes these cells in the VHDL and Verilog libraries. It is necessary to combine these cells to create the P-side (positive) and N-side (negative) as described in the input, output, 3-state and bidirectional sections.

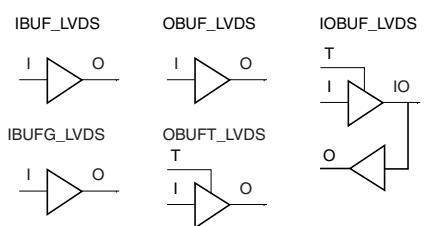


Figure 58: LVDS elements

## Creating LVDS Global Clock Input Buffers

Global clock input buffers can be combined with adjacent IOBs to form LVDS clock input buffers. P-side is the GCLKPAD location; N-side is the adjacent IO\_LVDS\_DLL site.

Table 41: Global Clock Input Buffer Pair Locations

Pkg	GCLK 3		GCLK 2		GCLK 1		GCLK 0	
	P	N	P	N	P	N	P	N
CS144	A6	C6	A7	B7	M7	M6	K7	N8
PQ240	P213	P215	P210	P209	P89	P87	P92	P93
HQ240	P213	P215	P210	P209	P89	P87	P92	P93
BG352	D14	A15	B14	A13	AF14	AD14	AE13	AC13
BG432	D17	C17	A16	B16	AK16	AL17	AL16	AH15
BG560	A17	C18	D17	E17	AJ17	AM18	AL17	AM17
FG256	B8	A7	C9	A8	R8	T8	N8	N9
FG456	C11	B11	A11	D11	YII	AA11	W12	U12
FG676	E13	B13	C13	F14	AB13	AF13	AA14	AC14
FG680	A20	C22	D21	A19	AU22	AT22	AW19	AT21
FG860	C22	A22	B22	D22	AY22	AW21	BA22	AW20
FG900	C15	A15	E15	E16	AK16	AH16	AJ16	AF16
FG1156	E17	C17	D17	J18	AI19	AL17	AH18	AM18

### HDL Instantiation

Only one global clock input buffer is required to be instantiated in the design and placed on the correct GCLKPAD location. The N-side of the buffer is reserved and no other IOB is allowed to be placed on this location.

In the physical device, a configuration option is enabled that routes the pad wire to the differential input buffer located in the GCLKIOB. The output of this buffer then drives the output of the GCLKIOB cell. In EPIC it appears that the second buffer is unused. Any attempt to use this location for another purpose leads to a DRC error in the software.

### VHDL Instantiation

```
gclk0_p : IBUFG_LVDS port map
(I=>clk_external, O=>clk_internal);
```

### Verilog Instantiation

```
IBUFG_LVDS gclk0_p (.I(clk_external),
.O(clk_internal));
```

### Location constraints

All LVDS buffers must be explicitly placed on a device. For the global clock input buffers this can be done with the following constraint in the .ucf or .ncf file.

```
NET clk_external LOC = GCLKPAD3;
```

GCLKPAD3 can also be replaced with the package pin name such as D17 for the BG432 package.

Table 2: IOB Input Switching Characteristics (Continued)

			Speed Grade <sup>(1)</sup>				Units			
Description <sup>(2)</sup>	Symbol	Device	Min	-8	-7	-6				
<b>Sequential Delays</b>										
<b>Clock CLK</b>										
Minimum Pulse Width, High	$T_{CH}$	All	0.56	1.2	1.3	1.4	ns, min			
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	$T_{CL}$		0.56	1.2	1.3	1.4	ns, min			
Clock CLK to output IQ	$T_{IOCKIQ}$		0.18	0.4	0.7	0.7	ns, max			
<b>Setup and Hold Times with respect to Clock at IOB Input Register</b>										
Pad, no delay	$T_{IOPICK}/T_{IOICKP}$	All	0.69 / 0	1.3 / 0	1.4 / 0	1.5 / 0	ns, min			
Pad, with delay	$T_{IOPICKD}/T_{IOICKPD}$	XCV50E XCV100E XCV200E XCV300E XCV400E XCV600E XCV1000E XCV1600E XCV2000E XCV2600E XCV3200E	1.25 / 0 1.25 / 0 1.33 / 0 1.33 / 0 1.37 / 0 1.49 / 0 1.49 / 0 1.53 / 0 1.53 / 0 1.53 / 0 1.53 / 0	2.8 / 0 2.8 / 0 3.0 / 0 3.0 / 0 3.1 / 0 3.4 / 0 3.4 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.5 / 0	2.9 / 0 2.9 / 0 3.1 / 0 3.1 / 0 3.2 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.6 / 0 3.6 / 0 3.6 / 0 3.6 / 0	2.9 / 0 2.9 / 0 3.1 / 0 3.1 / 0 3.2 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.5 / 0 3.6 / 0 3.6 / 0 3.6 / 0 3.6 / 0	ns, min ns, min			
ICE input	$T_{IOICECK}/T_{IOCKICE}$	All	0.28 / 0.0	0.55 / 0.01	0.7 / 0.01	0.7 / 0.01	ns, min			
SR input (IFF, synchronous)	$T_{IOSRCKI}$	All	0.38	0.8	0.9	1.0	ns, min			
<b>Set/Reset Delays</b>										
SR input to IQ (asynchronous)	$T_{IOSRIQ}$	All	0.54	1.1	1.2	1.4	ns, max			
GSR to output IQ	$T_{GSRQ}$	All	3.88	7.6	8.5	9.7	ns, max			

**Notes:**

1. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.
2. Input timing i for LVTTL is measured at 1.4 V. For other I/O standards, see Table 4.

## CLB Arithmetic Switching Characteristics

Setup times not listed explicitly can be approximated by decreasing the combinatorial delays by the setup time adjustment listed. Precise values are provided by the timing analyzer.

Description	Symbol	Speed Grade <sup>(1)</sup>			Units
		Min	-8	-7	
<b>Combinatorial Delays</b>					
F operand inputs to X via XOR	$T_{OPX}$	0.32	0.68	0.8	0.8
F operand input to XB output	$T_{OPXB}$	0.35	0.65	0.8	0.9
F operand input to Y via XOR	$T_{OPY}$	0.59	1.07	1.4	1.5
F operand input to YB output	$T_{OPYB}$	0.48	0.89	1.1	1.3
F operand input to COUT output	$T_{OPCYF}$	0.37	0.71	0.9	1.0
G operand inputs to Y via XOR	$T_{OPGY}$	0.34	0.72	0.8	0.9
G operand input to YB output	$T_{OPGYB}$	0.47	0.78	1.2	1.3
G operand input to COUT output	$T_{OPCYG}$	0.36	0.60	0.9	1.0
BX initialization input to COUT	$T_{BXCY}$	0.19	0.36	0.51	0.57
CIN input to X output via XOR	$T_{CINX}$	0.27	0.50	0.6	0.7
CIN input to XB	$T_{CINXB}$	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.08
CIN input to Y via XOR	$T_{CINY}$	0.26	0.45	0.7	0.7
CIN input to YB	$T_{CINYB}$	0.16	0.28	0.38	0.43
CIN input to COUT output	$T_{BYP}$	0.05	0.10	0.14	0.15
<b>Multiplier Operation</b>					
F1/2 operand inputs to XB output via AND	$T_{FANDXB}$	0.10	0.30	0.35	0.39
F1/2 operand inputs to YB output via AND	$T_{FANDYB}$	0.28	0.56	0.7	0.8
F1/2 operand inputs to COUT output via AND	$T_{FANDCY}$	0.17	0.38	0.46	0.51
G1/2 operand inputs to YB output via AND	$T_{GANDYB}$	0.20	0.46	0.55	0.7
G1/2 operand inputs to COUT output via AND	$T_{GANDCY}$	0.09	0.28	0.30	0.34
<b>Setup and Hold Times before/after Clock CLK</b>					
CIN input to FFX	$T_{CCKX}/T_{CKCX}$	0.47 / 0	1.0 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.3 / 0
CIN input to FFY	$T_{CCKY}/T_{CKCY}$	0.49 / 0	0.92 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.3 / 0

### Notes:

1. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.

## Block RAM Switching Characteristics

		Speed Grade <sup>(1)</sup>				Units
Description	Symbol	Min	-8	-7	-6	
<b>Sequential Delays</b>						
Clock CLK to DOUT output	$T_{BCKO}$	0.63	2.46	3.1	3.5	ns, max
<b>Setup and Hold Times before Clock CLK</b>						
ADDR inputs	$T_{BACK}/T_{BCKA}$	0.42 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.0 / 0	1.1 / 0	ns, min
DIN inputs	$T_{BDCK}/T_{BCKD}$	0.42 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.0 / 0	1.1 / 0	ns, min
EN input	$T_{BECK}/T_{BCKE}$	0.97 / 0	2.0 / 0	2.2 / 0	2.5 / 0	ns, min
RST input	$T_{BRCK}/T_{BCKR}$	0.9 / 0	1.8 / 0	2.1 / 0	2.3 / 0	ns, min
WEN input	$T_{BWCK}/T_{BCKW}$	0.86 / 0	1.7 / 0	2.0 / 0	2.2 / 0	ns, min
<b>Clock CLK</b>						
Minimum Pulse Width, High	$T_{BPWH}$	0.6	1.2	1.35	1.5	ns, min
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	$T_{BPWL}$	0.6	1.2	1.35	1.5	ns, min
CLKA -> CLKB setup time for different ports	$T_{BCCS}$	1.2	2.4	2.7	3.0	ns, min

**Notes:**

1. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.

## TBUF Switching Characteristics

		Speed Grade				Units
Description	Symbol	Min	-8	-7	-6	
<b>Combinatorial Delays</b>						
IN input to OUT output	$T_{IO}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns, max
TRI input to OUT output high-impedance	$T_{OFF}$	0.05	0.092	0.10	0.11	ns, max
TRI input to valid data on OUT output	$T_{ON}$	0.05	0.092	0.10	0.11	ns, max

## JTAG Test Access Port Switching Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Value	Units
TMS and TDI Setup times before TCK	$T_{TAPTK}$	4.0	ns, min
TMS and TDI Hold times after TCK	$T_{TCKTAP}$	2.0	ns, min
Output delay from clock TCK to output TDO	$T_{TCKTDO}$	11.0	ns, max
Maximum TCK clock frequency	$F_{TCK}$	33	MHz, max

## CS144 Chip-Scale Package

XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E and XCV400E devices in CS144 Chip-scale packages have footprint compatibility. In the CS144 package, bank pairs that share a side are internally interconnected, permitting four choices for  $V_{CCO}$ . See [Table 3](#).

**Table 3: I/O Bank Pairs and Shared V<sub>CCO</sub> Pins**

Paired Banks	Shared V <sub>CCO</sub> Pins
Banks 0 & 1	A2, A13, D7
Banks 2 & 3	B12, G11, M13
Banks 4 & 5	N1, N7, N13
Banks 6 & 7	B2, G2, M2

Pins labeled IO\_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent, as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as  $V_{REF}$  it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following [Table 4](#), see [Table 5](#) is Differential Pair information.

**Table 4: CS144 — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	GCK3	A6
0	IO	B3
0	IO_VREF_L0N_YY	B4 <sup>2</sup>
0	IO_L0P_YY	A4
0	IO_L1N_YY	B5
0	IO_L1P_YY	A5
0	IO_LVDS_DLL_L2N	C6
0	IO_VREF	A3 <sup>1</sup>
0	IO_VREF	C4
0	IO_VREF	D6
1	GCK2	A7
1	IO	A8
1	IO_LVDS_DLL_L2P	B7
1	IO_L3N_YY	C8
1	IO_L3P_YY	D8
1	IO_L4N_YY	C9
1	IO_VREF_L4P_YY	D9 <sup>2</sup>
1	IO_WRITE_L5N_YY	C10
1	IO_CS_L5P_YY	D10

**Table 4: CS144 — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
1	IO_VREF	A10
1	IO_VREF	B8
1	IO_VREF	B10 <sup>1</sup>
2	IO	D12
2	IO	F12
2	IO_DOUT_BUSY_L6P_YY	C11
2	IO_DIN_D0_L6N_YY	C12
2	IO_D1_L7N	E10
2	IO_VREF_L7P	D13 <sup>2</sup>
2	IO_L8N_YY	E13
2	IO_D2_L8P_YY	E12
2	IO_D3_L9N	F11
2	IO_VREF_L9P	F10
2	IO_L10P	F13
2	IO_VREF	C13 <sup>1</sup>
2	IO_VREF	D11
3	IO	H13
3	IO	K13
3	IO_L10N	G13
3	IO_VREF_L11N	H11
3	IO_D4_L11P	H12
3	IO_D5_L12N_YY	J13
3	IO_L12P_YY	H10
3	IO_VREF_L13N	J10 <sup>2</sup>
3	IO_D6_L13P	J11
3	IO_INIT_L14N_YY	L13
3	IO_D7_L14P_YY	K10
3	IO_VREF	K11 <sup>1</sup>
3	IO_VREF	K12
4	GCK0	K7
4	IO	M8
4	IO	M10

**Table 6: PQ240 — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E, XCV400E**

Pin #	Pin Description	Bank
P173	IO_L16N_Y	2
P171	IO_VREF_L17P_Y	2
P170	IO_L17N_Y	2
P169	IO	2
P168 <sup>1</sup>	IO_VREF_L18P_Y	2
P167	IO_D1_L18N_Y	2
P163	IO_D2_L19P_YY	2
P162	IO_L19N_YY	2
P161	IO	2
P160	IO_L20P_Y	2
P159	IO_L20N_Y	2
P157	IO_VREF_L21P_Y	2
P156	IO_D3_L21N_Y	2
P155	IO_L22P_Y	2
P154 <sup>3</sup>	IO_VREF_L22N_Y	2
P153	IO_L23P_YY	2
P152	IO_L23N_YY	2
P149	IO	3
P147 <sup>3</sup>	IO_VREF	3
P145	IO_D4_L24P_Y	3
P144	IO_VREF_L24N_Y	3
P142	IO_L25P_Y	3
P141	IO_L25N_Y	3
P140	IO	3
P139	IO_L26P_YY	3
P138	IO_D5_L26N_YY	3
P134	IO_D6_L27P_Y	3
P133 <sup>1</sup>	IO_VREF_L27N_Y	3
P132	IO	3
P131	IO_L28P_Y	3
P130	IO_VREF_L28N_Y	3
P128	IO_L29P_Y	3
P127	IO_L29N_Y	3
P126 <sup>2</sup>	IO_VREF_L30P_Y	3

**Table 6: PQ240 — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E, XCV400E**

Pin #	Pin Description	Bank
P125	IO_L30N_Y	3
P124	IO_D7_L31P_YY	3
P123	IO_INIT_L31N_YY	3
P118	IO_L32P_YY	4
P117	IO_L32N_YY	4
P115 <sup>2</sup>	IO_VREF	4
P114	IO_L33P_YY	4
P113	IO_L33N_YY	4
P111	IO_VREF_L34P_YY	4
P110	IO_L34N_YY	4
P109	IO	4
P108 <sup>1</sup>	IO_VREF_L35P_YY	4
P107	IO_L35N_YY	4
P103	IO_L36P_YY	4
P102	IO_L36N_YY	4
P101	IO	4
P100	IO_L37P_Y	4
P99	IO_L37N_Y	4
P97	IO_VREF_L38P_Y	4
P96	IO_L38N_Y	4
P95	IO_L39P_Y	4
P94 <sup>3</sup>	IO_VREF_L39N_Y	4
P93	IO_LVDS_DLL_L40P	4
P92	GCK0	4
P89	GCK1	5
P87	IO_LVDS_DLL_L40N	5
P86 <sup>3</sup>	IO_VREF	5
P84	IO_VREF_L41P_Y	5
P82	IO_L41N_Y	5
P81	IO	5
P80	IO	5
P79	IO_L42P_YY	5
P78	IO_L42N_YY	5

**Table 6: PQ240 — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E, XCV400E**

Pin #	Pin Description	Bank
P74	IO_L43P_YY	5
P73 <sup>1</sup>	IO_VREF_L43N_YY	5
P72	IO	5
P71	IO_L44P_YY	5
P70	IO_VREF_L44N_YY	5
P68	IO_L45P_YY	5
P67	IO_L45N_YY	5
P66 <sup>2</sup>	IO_VREF_L46P_Y	5
P65	IO_L46N_Y	5
P64	IO_L47P_YY	5
P63	IO_L47N_YY	5
P57	IO_L48N_YY	6
P56	IO_L48P_YY	6
P54 <sup>2</sup>	IO_VREF	6
P53	IO_L49N_Y	6
P52	IO_L49P_Y	6
P50	IO_VREF_L50N_Y	6
P49	IO_L50P_Y	6
P48	IO	6
P47 <sup>1</sup>	IO_VREF_L51N_Y	6
P46	IO_L51P_Y	6
P42	IO_L52N_YY	6
P41	IO_L52P_YY	6
P40	IO	6
P39	IO_L53N_Y	6
P38	IO_L53P_Y	6
P36	IO_VREF_L54N_Y	6
P35	IO_L54P_Y	6
P34	IO_L55N_Y	6
P33 <sup>3</sup>	IO_VREF_L55P_Y	6
P31	IO	6
P28	IO_L56N_YY	7
P27	IO_L56P_YY	7

**Table 6: PQ240 — XCV50E, XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E, XCV400E**

Pin #	Pin Description	Bank
P26 <sup>3</sup>	IO_VREF	7
P24	IO_L57N_Y	7
P23	IO_VREF_L57P_Y	7
P21	IO_L58N_Y	7
P20	IO_L58P_Y	7
P19	IO	7
P18	IO_L59N_YY	7
P17	IO_L59P_YY	7
P13	IO_L60N_Y	7
P12 <sup>1</sup>	IO_VREF_L60P_Y	7
P11	IO	7
P10	IO_L61N_Y	7
P9	IO_VREF_L61P_Y	7
P7	IO_L62N_Y	7
P6	IO_L62P_Y	7
P5 <sup>2</sup>	IO_VREF_L63N_Y	7
P4	IO_L63P_Y	7
P3	IO	7
P179	CCLK	2
P120	DONE	3
P60	M0	NA
P58	M1	NA
P62	M2	NA
P122	PROGRAM	NA
P183	TDI	NA
P239	TCK	NA
P181	TDO	2
P2	TMS	NA
P225	VCCINT	NA
P214	VCCINT	NA
P198	VCCINT	NA
P164	VCCINT	NA
P148	VCCINT	NA

**Table 19: FG456 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV200E, XCV300E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
88	5	V7	AB3	✓	-
89	6	Y2	W3	✓	-
90	6	V3	V4	✓	-
91	6	U4	Y1	✓	VREF
92	6	W1	V2	✓	-
93	6	U2	T3	✓	VREF
94	6	V1	T5	2	-
95	6	U1	R5	1	-
96	6	T1	R4	2	VREF
97	6	P3	R2	✓	-
98	6	R1	P5	✓	-
99	6	N5	P2	✓	-
100	6	N4	P1	2	-
101	6	N2	N3	1	VREF
102	6	M4	N1	2	-
103	6	M6	M3	✓	-
104	7	L4	L3	✓	-
105	7	L1	L5	✓	-
106	7	K2	L6	2	-
107	7	K3	K4	2	VREF
108	7	K5	K1	✓	-
109	7	J2	J3	✓	-
110	7	H1	J5	✓	-
111	7	H3	H2	✓	-
112	7	H4	G1	2	VREF
113	7	F2	F1	2	-
114	7	G3	H5	✓	-
115	7	E2	E1	✓	VREF
116	7	G5	F3	✓	-
117	7	D2	E3	✓	VREF
118	7	C1	F5	✓	-

**Notes:**

1. AO in the XCV200E.
2. AO in the XCV300E.

**FG676 Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package**

XCV400E and XCV600E devices in the FG676 fine-pitch Ball Grid Array package have footprint compatibility. Pins labeled I<sub>O</sub>\_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as V<sub>REF</sub> it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following Table 20, see Table 21 for Differential Pair information.

**Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	GCK3	E13
0	IO	A6
0	IO	A9 <sup>1</sup>
0	IO	A10 <sup>1</sup>
0	IO	B3
0	IO	B4 <sup>1</sup>
0	IO	B12 <sup>1</sup>
0	IO	C6
0	IO	C8
0	IO	D5
0	IO	D13 <sup>1</sup>
0	IO	G13
0	IO_L0N_Y	C4
0	IO_L0P_Y	F7
0	IO_L1N_YY	G8
0	IO_L1P_YY	C5
0	IO_VREF_L2N_YY	D6
0	IO_L2P_YY	E7
0	IO_L3N	A4
0	IO_L3P	F8
0	IO_L4N	B5
0	IO_L4P	D7
0	IO_VREF_L5N_YY	E8
0	IO_L5P_YY	G9
0	IO_L6N_YY	A5
0	IO_L6P_YY	F9
0	IO_L7N_Y	D8
0	IO_L7P_Y	C7
0	IO_VREF_L8N_Y	B7 <sup>2</sup>
0	IO_L8P_Y	E9

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
3	IO	Y26
3	IO	AB25
3	IO	AC25 <sup>1</sup>
3	IO	AC26
3	IO_L69P_YY	P21
3	IO_L69N_YY	P23
3	IO_L70P_Y	P22
3	IO_VREF_L70N_Y	R25
3	IO_L71P_Y	P19
3	IO_L71N_Y	P20
3	IO_L72P_YY	R21
3	IO_L72N_YY	R22
3	IO_D4_L73P_YY	R24
3	IO_VREF_L73N_YY	R23
3	IO_L74P_Y	T24
3	IO_L74N_Y	R20
3	IO_L75P_Y	T22
3	IO_L75N_Y	U24
3	IO_L76P_Y	T23
3	IO_L76N_Y	U25
3	IO_L77P_Y	T21
3	IO_L77N_Y	U20
3	IO_L78P_YY	U22
3	IO_L78N_YY	V26
3	IO_L79P_YY	T20
3	IO_D5_L79N_YY	U23
3	IO_D6_L80P_YY	V24
3	IO_VREF_L80N_YY	U21
3	IO_L81P_YY	V23
3	IO_L81N_YY	W24
3	IO_L82P_Y	V22
3	IO_VREF_L82N_Y	W26 <sup>2</sup>
3	IO_L83P_Y	Y25
3	IO_L83N_Y	V21
3	IO_L84P_YY	V20
3	IO_L84N_YY	AA26
3	IO_L85P_YY	Y24

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
3	IO_VREF_L85N_YY	W23
3	IO_L86P_Y	AA24
3	IO_L86N_Y	Y23
3	IO_L87P_Y	AB26
3	IO_L87N_Y	W21
3	IO_L88P_Y	Y22
3	IO_VREF_L88N_Y	W22
3	IO_L89P_Y	AA23
3	IO_L89N_Y	AB24
3	IO_L90P_YY	W20
3	IO_L90N_YY	AC24
3	IO_D7_L91P_YY	AB23
3	IO_INIT_L91N_YY	Y21
4	GCK0	AA14
4	IO	AC18
4	IO	AE15 <sup>1</sup>
4	IO	AE20
4	IO	AE23
4	IO	AF14 <sup>1</sup>
4	IO	AF16 <sup>1</sup>
4	IO	AF18 <sup>1</sup>
4	IO	AF21
4	IO	AF23 <sup>1</sup>
4	IO_L92P_YY	AC22
4	IO_L92N_YY	AD26
4	IO_L93P_Y	AD23
4	IO_L93N_Y	AA20
4	IO_L94P_YY	Y19
4	IO_L94N_YY	AC21
4	IO_VREF_L95P_YY	AD22
4	IO_L95N_YY	AB20
4	IO_L96P	AE22
4	IO_L96N	Y18
4	IO_L97P	AF22
4	IO_L97N	AA19
4	IO_VREF_L98P_YY	AD21

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	NC	L2
NA	NC	F6
NA	NC	F25
NA	NC	F21
NA	NC	F2
NA	NC	C26
NA	NC	C25
NA	NC	C2
NA	NC	C1
NA	NC	B6
NA	NC	B26
NA	NC	B24
NA	NC	B21
NA	NC	B16
NA	NC	B11
NA	NC	B1
NA	NC	AF25
NA	NC	AF24
NA	NC	AF2
NA	NC	AE6
NA	NC	AE3
NA	NC	AE26
NA	NC	AE24
NA	NC	AE21
NA	NC	AE16
NA	NC	AE14
NA	NC	AE11
NA	NC	AE1
NA	NC	AD25
NA	NC	AD2
NA	NC	AD1
NA	NC	AA6
NA	NC	AA25
NA	NC	AA21
NA	NC	AA2
NA	NC	A3
NA	NC	A25

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	NC	A2
NA	NC	A15
NA	VCCINT	G7
NA	VCCINT	G20
NA	VCCINT	H8
NA	VCCINT	H19
NA	VCCINT	J9
NA	VCCINT	J10
NA	VCCINT	J11
NA	VCCINT	J16
NA	VCCINT	J17
NA	VCCINT	J18
NA	VCCINT	K9
NA	VCCINT	K18
NA	VCCINT	L9
NA	VCCINT	L18
NA	VCCINT	T9
NA	VCCINT	T18
NA	VCCINT	U9
NA	VCCINT	U18
NA	VCCINT	V9
NA	VCCINT	V10
NA	VCCINT	V11
NA	VCCINT	V16
NA	VCCINT	V17
NA	VCCINT	V18
NA	VCCINT	Y7
NA	VCCINT	Y20
NA	VCCINT	W8
NA	VCCINT	W19
0	VCCO	J13
0	VCCO	J12
0	VCCO	H9
0	VCCO	H12
0	VCCO	H11

## FG676 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. A √ in the AO column indicates that the pin pair can be used as an asynchronous output for all devices provided in this package. Pairs with a note number in the AO column are device dependent. They can have asynchronous outputs if the pin pair are in the same CLB row and column in the device. Numbers in this column refer to footnotes that indicate which devices have pin pairs than can be asynchronous outputs. The Other Functions column indicates alternative function(s) not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 21: FG676 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV400E, XCV600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
Global Differential Clock					
3	0	E13	B13	NA	IO_DLL_L21N
2	1	C13	F14	NA	IO_DLL_L21P
1	5	AB13	AF13	NA	IO_DLL_L115N
0	4	AA14	AC14	NA	IO_DLL_L115P
IOLVDS					
Total Pairs: 183, Asynchronous Output Pairs: 97					
0	0	F7	C4	1	-
1	0	C5	G8	√	-
2	0	E7	D6	√	VREF
3	0	F8	A4	NA	-
4	0	D7	B5	NA	-
5	0	G9	E8	√	VREF
6	0	F9	A5	√	-
7	0	C7	D8	1	-
8	0	E9	B7	1	VREF
9	0	D9	A7	NA	-
10	0	G10	B8	NA	VREF
11	0	F10	C9	√	-
12	0	E10	A8	1	-
13	0	D10	G11	√	-
14	0	F11	B10	√	-
15	0	E11	C10	NA	-
16	0	D11	G12	√	-
17	0	F12	C11	√	VREF

**Table 21: FG676 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV400E, XCV600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
18	0	E12	A11	√	-
19	0	C12	D12	1	-
20	0	H13	A12	1	VREF
21	1	F14	B13	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
22	1	F13	E14	NA	-
23	1	A14	D14	1	VREF
24	1	H14	C14	1	-
25	1	C15	G14	√	-
26	1	D15	E15	√	VREF
27	1	F15	C16	√	-
28	1	D16	G15	-	-
29	1	A17	E16	√	-
30	1	E17	C17	√	-
31	1	D17	F16	1	-
32	1	C18	F17	√	-
33	1	G16	A18	√	VREF
34	1	G17	C19	√	-
35	1	B19	D18	1	VREF
36	1	E18	D19	1	-
37	1	B20	F18	√	-
38	1	C20	G19	√	VREF
39	1	E19	G18	√	-
40	1	D20	A21	√	-
41	1	C21	F19	√	VREF
42	1	E20	B22	√	-
43	1	D21	A23	2	-
44	1	E21	C22	√	CS
45	2	E23	F22	√	DIN, D0
46	2	E24	F20	√	-
47	2	G21	G22	2	-
48	2	F24	H20	1	VREF
49	2	E25	H21	1	-
50	2	F23	G23	√	-
51	2	H23	J20	√	VREF

**Table 21: FG676 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV400E, XCV600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
52	2	G24	H22	✓	-
53	2	J21	G25	2	-
54	2	G26	J22	1	VREF
55	2	H24	J23	✓	-
56	2	J24	K20	✓	VREF
57	2	K22	K21	✓	D2
58	2	H25	K23	✓	-
59	2	L20	J26	2	-
60	2	K25	L22	1	-
61	2	L21	L23	1	-
62	2	M20	L24	1	-
63	2	M23	M22	✓	D3
64	2	L26	M21	✓	-
65	2	N19	M24	2	-
66	2	M26	N20	1	VREF
67	2	N24	N21	✓	-
68	2	N23	N22	✓	-
69	3	P21	P23	✓	-
70	3	P22	R25	1	VREF
71	3	P19	P20	2	-
72	3	R21	R22	✓	-
73	3	R24	R23	✓	VREF
74	3	T24	R20	1	-
75	3	T22	U24	1	-
76	3	T23	U25	1	-
77	3	T21	U20	2	-
78	3	U22	V26	✓	-
79	3	T20	U23	✓	D5
80	3	V24	U21	✓	VREF
81	3	V23	W24	✓	-
82	3	V22	W26	1	VREF
83	3	Y25	V21	2	-
84	3	V20	AA26	✓	-
85	3	Y24	W23	✓	VREF

**Table 21: FG676 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV400E, XCV600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
86	3	AA24	Y23	1	-
87	3	AB26	W21	2	-
88	3	Y22	W22	1	VREF
89	3	AA23	AB24	2	-
90	3	W20	AC24	✓	-
91	3	AB23	Y21	✓	INIT
92	4	AC22	AD26	✓	-
93	4	AD23	AA20	1	-
94	4	Y19	AC21	✓	-
95	4	AD22	AB20	✓	VREF
96	4	AE22	Y18	NA	-
97	4	AF22	AA19	NA	-
98	4	AD21	AB19	✓	VREF
99	4	AC20	AA18	✓	-
100	4	AC19	AD20	1	-
101	4	AF20	AB18	1	VREF
102	4	AD19	Y17	NA	-
103	4	AE19	AD18	NA	VREF
104	4	AF19	AA17	✓	-
105	4	AC17	AB17	1	-
106	4	Y16	AE17	✓	-
107	4	AF17	AA16	✓	-
108	4	AD17	AB16	NA	-
109	4	AC16	AD16	✓	-
110	4	AC15	Y15	✓	VREF
111	4	AD15	AA15	✓	-
112	4	W14	AB15	1	-
113	4	AF15	Y14	1	VREF
114	4	AD14	AB14	NA	-
115	5	AC14	AF13	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
116	5	AA13	AF12	1	VREF
117	5	AC13	W13	1	-
118	5	AA12	AD12	✓	-
119	5	AC12	AB12	✓	VREF

**Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

<b>Bank</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Pin #</b>
NA	GND	C42
NA	GND	C41
NA	GND	C40
NA	GND	C3
NA	GND	C2
NA	GND	C1
NA	GND	BB41
NA	GND	BB40
NA	GND	BB4
NA	GND	BB39
NA	GND	BB3
NA	GND	BB2
NA	GND	BA42
NA	GND	BA41
NA	GND	BA40
NA	GND	BA3
NA	GND	BA2
NA	GND	BA1
NA	GND	B42
NA	GND	B41
NA	GND	B40
NA	GND	B3
NA	GND	B2
NA	GND	B1
NA	GND	AY42
NA	GND	AY41
NA	GND	AY40
NA	GND	AY3
NA	GND	AY2
NA	GND	AY1
NA	GND	AW42
NA	GND	AW4
NA	GND	AW39
NA	GND	AW1
NA	GND	AV5
NA	GND	AV38
NA	GND	AV30

**Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

<b>Bank</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Pin #</b>
NA	GND	AV22
NA	GND	AV21
NA	GND	AV13
NA	GND	AU6
NA	GND	AU37
NA	GND	AU30
NA	GND	AU22
NA	GND	AU21
NA	GND	AU13
NA	GND	AK6
NA	GND	AK5
NA	GND	AK38
NA	GND	AK37
NA	GND	AB6
NA	GND	AB5
NA	GND	AB38
NA	GND	AB37
NA	GND	AA6
NA	GND	AA5
NA	GND	AA38
NA	GND	AA37
NA	GND	A41
NA	GND	A40
NA	GND	A4
NA	GND	A39
NA	GND	A3
NA	GND	A2

**Notes:**

1.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV1600E, 2000E; otherwise, I/O option only.
2.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV2000E; otherwise, I/O option only.

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
2	IO_L99P_YY	N26
2	IO_L99N_YY	P28
2	IO_L100P	P29
2	IO_L100N	N24
2	IO_L101P_YY	P22
2	IO_L101N_YY	R26
2	IO_VREF_L102P_YY	P25
2	IO_L102N_YY	R29
2	IO_L103P_YY	R21 <sup>4</sup>
2	IO_L103N_YY	R28 <sup>3</sup>
2	IO_VREF_L104P_YY	R25 <sup>2</sup>
2	IO_L104N_YY	T30
2	IO_L105P_YY	P24 <sup>4</sup>
2	IO_L105N_YY	R27 <sup>3</sup>
2	IO_L106P	R24
3	IO	T22 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	T24 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	T26 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	T29 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	U26 <sup>5</sup>
3	IO	V23 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	V25 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	V30 <sup>5</sup>
3	IO	Y21 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	AA26 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	AA23 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	AB27 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	AB29 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	AC28 <sup>5</sup>
3	IO	AD26 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO	AD29 <sup>5</sup>
3	IO	AE27 <sup>5</sup>
3	IO_L106N	U29
3	IO_L107P_YY	R22
3	IO_VREF_L107N_YY	T27 <sup>2</sup>
3	IO_L108P_YY	R23

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
3	IO_L108N_YY	T28
3	IO_L109P_YY	T21
3	IO_VREF_L109N_YY	T25
3	IO_L110P_YY	U28
3	IO_L110N_YY	U30
3	IO_L111P	T23
3	IO_L111N	U27
3	IO_L112P_YY	U25
3	IO_L112N_YY	V27
3	IO_D4_L113P_YY	U24
3	IO_VREF_L113N_YY	V29
3	IO_L114P	W30
3	IO_L114N	U22
3	IO_L115P_YY	U21
3	IO_L115N_YY	W29
3	IO_L116P_YY	V26
3	IO_L116N_YY	W27
3	IO_L117P	W26
3	IO_VREF_L117N	Y29 <sup>1</sup>
3	IO_L118P_YY	W25
3	IO_L118N_YY	Y30
3	IO_L119P_Y	V24 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO_L119N_Y	Y28 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO_L120P_YY	AA30
3	IO_L120N_YY	W24
3	IO_L121P	AA29
3	IO_L121N	V20
3	IO_L122P	Y27 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO_L122N	W23 <sup>4</sup>
3	IO_L123P_YY	Y26
3	IO_D5_L123N_YY	AB30
3	IO_D6_L124P_YY	V21
3	IO_VREF_L124N_YY	AA28
3	IO_L125P_YY	Y25
3	IO_L125N_YY	AA27
3	IO_L126P_YY	W22
3	IO_L126N_YY	Y23

**Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

<b>Bank</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Pin #</b>
NA	VCCO_0	C12
NA	VCCO_1	B25
NA	VCCO_1	C19
NA	VCCO_1	M18
NA	VCCO_1	M17
NA	VCCO_1	L17
NA	VCCO_1	H17
NA	VCCO_1	L16
NA	VCCO_1	M16
NA	VCCO_2	F29
NA	VCCO_2	M28
NA	VCCO_2	P23
NA	VCCO_2	R20
NA	VCCO_2	P20
NA	VCCO_2	R19
NA	VCCO_2	N19
NA	VCCO_2	P19
NA	VCCO_3	AE29
NA	VCCO_3	W28
NA	VCCO_3	U23
NA	VCCO_3	U20
NA	VCCO_3	T20
NA	VCCO_3	V19
NA	VCCO_3	T19
NA	VCCO_3	U19
NA	VCCO_4	AJ25
NA	VCCO_4	AH19
NA	VCCO_4	W18
NA	VCCO_4	AC17
NA	VCCO_4	Y17
NA	VCCO_4	W17
NA	VCCO_4	W16
NA	VCCO_4	Y16
NA	VCCO_5	AJ6
NA	VCCO_5	Y15
NA	VCCO_5	W15
NA	VCCO_5	AC14

**Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

<b>Bank</b>	<b>Pin Description</b>	<b>Pin #</b>
NA	VCCO_5	Y14
NA	VCCO_5	W14
NA	VCCO_5	W13
NA	VCCO_5	AH12
NA	VCCO_6	AE2
NA	VCCO_6	V12
NA	VCCO_6	U12
NA	VCCO_6	T12
NA	VCCO_6	U11
NA	VCCO_6	T11
NA	VCCO_6	U8
NA	VCCO_6	W3
NA	VCCO_7	F2
NA	VCCO_7	R12
NA	VCCO_7	P12
NA	VCCO_7	N12
NA	VCCO_7	R11
NA	VCCO_7	P11
NA	VCCO_7	P8
NA	VCCO_7	M3
NA	GND	Y18
NA	GND	AH7
NA	GND	AK30
NA	GND	AJ30
NA	GND	B30
NA	GND	A30
NA	GND	AK29
NA	GND	AJ29
NA	GND	AC29
NA	GND	H29
NA	GND	B29
NA	GND	A29
NA	GND	AH28
NA	GND	V28
NA	GND	N28
NA	GND	C28

**Table 27: FG900 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
52	1	A22	C21	✓	VREF
53	1	B22	H19	4	-
54	1	D22	E21	4	-
55	1	C22	F21	✓	VREF
56	1	E22	H20	✓	-
57	1	A23	G21	2	-
58	1	K19	A24	2	-
59	1	B24	C24	✓	VREF
60	1	G22	H21	✓	-
61	1	C25	E23	1	-
62	1	A26	D24	1	-
63	1	K20	B26	✓	VREF
64	1	J21	D25	✓	-
65	1	F23	C26	2	-
66	1	G23	B27	2	VREF
67	1	F24	A27	2	-
68	1	A28	B28	4	-
69	1	C27	K21	✓	CS
70	2	J22	E27	✓	DIN, D0
71	2	C29	D28	NA	-
72	2	G25	E25	1	-
73	2	E28	C30	4	VREF
74	2	K22	F27	3	-
75	2	D30	J23	4	-
76	2	L21	F28	1	VREF
77	2	G28	E30	✓	-
78	2	G27	E29	4	-
79	2	K23	H26	1	-
80	2	F30	L22	✓	VREF
81	2	H27	G29	✓	-
82	2	G30	M21	2	-
83	2	J24	J26	4	-
84	2	H30	L23	4	VREF
85	2	K26	J28	4	-

**Table 27: FG900 Differential Pin Pair Summary  
XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
86	2	J29	K24	4	-
87	2	K27	J30	4	VREF
88	2	M22	K29	NA	D2
89	2	K28	L25	4	-
90	2	N21	K25	1	-
91	2	L24	L27	4	-
92	2	L29	M23	3	-
93	2	L26	L28	4	-
94	2	L30	M27	1	VREF
95	2	M26	M29	✓	-
96	2	N29	M30	4	-
97	2	N25	N27	1	-
98	2	N30	P21	✓	D3
99	2	N26	P28	✓	-
100	2	P29	N24	2	-
101	2	P22	R26	✓	-
102	2	P25	R29	4	VREF
103	2	R21	R28	4	-
104	2	R25	T30	4	VREF
105	2	P24	R27	4	-
106	3	R24	U29	NA	
107	3	R22	T27	4	VREF
108	3	R23	T28	4	-
109	3	T21	T25	4	VREF
110	3	U28	U30	4	-
111	3	T23	U27	2	-
112	3	U25	V27	✓	-
113	3	U24	V29	✓	VREF
114	3	W30	U22	1	-
115	3	U21	W29	4	-
116	3	V26	W27	✓	-
117	3	W26	Y29	1	VREF
118	3	W25	Y30	4	-
119	3	V24	Y28	3	-

**Table 28: FG1156 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	R15
NA	GND	P15
NA	GND	L3
NA	GND	G7
NA	GND	E30
NA	GND	C24
NA	GND	B34
NA	GND	AP32
NA	GND	AM1
NA	GND	AM34
NA	GND	AJ29
NA	GND	AF9
NA	GND	AA17
NA	GND	Y17
NA	GND	W16
NA	GND	V16
NA	GND	U17
NA	GND	T17
NA	GND	R16
NA	GND	P16
NA	GND	L32
NA	GND	G28
NA	GND	D4
NA	GND	C32
NA	GND	A1
NA	GND	AP33
NA	GND	AM2
NA	GND	AL4
NA	GND	AH1
NA	GND	AF26
NA	GND	AA18
NA	GND	Y18
NA	GND	W17
NA	GND	V17

**Table 28: FG1156 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	GND	U18
NA	GND	T18
NA	GND	R17
NA	GND	P17
NA	GND	J9
NA	GND	G34
NA	GND	D31
NA	GND	C33
NA	GND	A2
NA	GND	AB17
NA	GND	AB18
NA	GND	N17
NA	GND	N18
NA	GND	U13
NA	GND	V13
NA	GND	U22
NA	GND	V22

**Notes:**

1.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, and XCV3200E; otherwise, I/O option only.
2.  $V_{REF}$  or I/O option only in the XCV2000E, XCV2600E, and XCV3200E; otherwise, I/O option only.
3. No Connect in the XCV1000E, XCV1600E.
4. No Connect in the XCV1000E.
5. I/O in the XCV1000E.

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:  
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
270	6	AG2	AE7	2600 2000 1000	-
271	6	AG1	AF6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
272	6	AG4	AC9	2000 1600	-
273	6	AF3	AE6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
274	6	AF4	AF1	2600 1000	VREF
275	6	AF2	AB10	3200 2600 1600	-
276	6	AE1	AC8	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
277	6	AE3	AD5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
278	6	AD1	AC7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
279	6	AD2	AD6	3200 1600 1000	-
280	6	AC1	AB8	2000 1600 1000	VREF
281	6	AC2	AC5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
282	6	AC3	AA9	3200 2600 2000	-
283	6	AD4	AC4	2000 1000	-
284	6	AB6	AA8	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
285	6	Y10	AB1	2600 1600	-
286	6	AA7	AB2	3200 1600 1000	-
287	6	AA1	AA4	2600 2000 1000	VREF
288	6	AB4	Y9	3200 2600 2000 1600	-
289	6	Y8	AA2	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:  
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
290	6	AA5	AA6	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
291	6	Y7	AB3	3200 2600 2000	-
292	6	W10	Y1	2600 2000 1000	-
293	6	Y2	Y5	2000 1600 1000	VREF
294	6	W2	W9	2000 1600	-
295	6	Y4	W7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
296	6	Y6	W1	1000	-
297	6	W3	W6	3200 1600	-
298	6	W4	V9	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
299	6	V1	W5	2000 1600 1000	VREF
300	6	U2	V7	2000 1600 1000	-
301	6	U1	V6	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
302	7	U4	U9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
303	7	U5	U7	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
304	7	U6	U3	2000 1600 1000	-
305	7	T6	T3	2000 1600 1000	VREF
306	7	T4	T9	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
307	7	R1	T5	3200 1600	-
308	7	T10	R6	1000	-
309	7	R5	R2	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
310	7	P5	P1	2000 1600 1000	VREF