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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	3456
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	15552
Total RAM Bits	294912
Number of I/O	404
Number of Gates	985882
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	560-LBGA Exposed Pad, Metal
Supplier Device Package	560-MBGA (42.5x42.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv600e-8bg560c

resources. The abundance of routing resources permits the Virtex-E family to accommodate even the largest and most complex designs.

Virtex-E FPGAs are SRAM-based, and are customized by loading configuration data into internal memory cells. Configuration data can be read from an external SPROM (master serial mode), or can be written into the FPGA (SelectMAP™, slave serial, and JTAG modes).

The standard Xilinx Foundation Series™ and Alliance Series™ Development systems deliver complete design support for Virtex-E, covering every aspect from behavioral and schematic entry, through simulation, automatic design translation and implementation, to the creation and downloading of a configuration bit stream.

Higher Performance

Virtex-E devices provide better performance than previous generations of FPGAs. Designs can achieve synchronous system clock rates up to 240 MHz including I/O or 622 Mb/s using Source Synchronous data transmission architectures. Virtex-E I/Os comply fully with 3.3 V PCI specifications, and interfaces can be implemented that operate at 33 MHz or 66 MHz.

While performance is design-dependent, many designs operate internally at speeds in excess of 133 MHz and can achieve over 311 MHz. **Table 2** shows performance data for representative circuits, using worst-case timing parameters.

Table 2: Performance for Common Circuit Functions

Function	Bits	Virtex-E (-7)
Register-to-Register		
Adder	16	4.3 ns
	64	6.3 ns
Pipelined Multiplier		
	8 x 8	4.4 ns
	16 x 16	5.1 ns
Address Decoder		
	16	3.8 ns
	64	5.5 ns
16:1 Multiplexer		4.6 ns
Parity Tree		
	9	3.5 ns
	18	4.3 ns
	36	5.9 ns
Chip-to-Chip		
HSTL Class IV		
LVTTL,16mA, fast slew		
LVDS		
LVPECL		

Virtex-E Device/Package Combinations and Maximum I/O

Table 3: Virtex-E Family Maximum User I/O by Device/Package (Excluding Dedicated Clock Pins)

	XCV 50E	XCV 100E	XCV 200E	XCV 300E	XCV 400E	XCV 600E	XCV 1000E	XCV 1600E	XCV 2000E	XCV 2600E	XCV 3200E
CS144	94	94	94								
PQ240	158	158	158	158	158						
HQ240						158	158				
BG352		196	260	260							
BG432				316	316	316					
BG560					404	404	404	404	404		
FG256	176	176	176	176							
FG456			284	312							
FG676					404	444					
FG680						512	512	512	512		
FG860							660	660	660		
FG900						512	660	700			
FG1156							660	724	804	804	804

Development System

Virtex-E FPGAs are supported by the Xilinx Foundation and Alliance Series CAE tools. The basic methodology for Virtex-E design consists of three interrelated steps: design entry, implementation, and verification. Industry-standard tools are used for design entry and simulation (for example, Synopsys FPGA Express), while Xilinx provides proprietary architecture-specific tools for implementation.

The Xilinx development system is integrated under the Xilinx Design Manager (XDM™) software, providing designers with a common user interface regardless of their choice of entry and verification tools. The XDM software simplifies the selection of implementation options with pull-down menus and on-line help.

Application programs ranging from schematic capture to Placement and Routing (PAR) can be accessed through the XDM software. The program command sequence is generated prior to execution, and stored for documentation.

Several advanced software features facilitate Virtex-E design. RPMs, for example, are schematic-based macros with relative location constraints to guide their placement. They help ensure optimal implementation of common functions.

For HDL design entry, the Xilinx FPGA Foundation development system provides interfaces to the following synthesis design environments.

- Synopsys (FPGA Compiler, FPGA Express)
- Exemplar (Spectrum)
- Synplicity (Synplify)

For schematic design entry, the Xilinx FPGA Foundation and Alliance development system provides interfaces to the following schematic-capture design environments.

- Mentor Graphics V8 (Design Architect, QuickSim II)
- Viewlogic Systems (Viewdraw)

Third-party vendors support many other environments.

A standard interface-file specification, Electronic Design Interchange Format (EDIF), simplifies file transfers into and out of the development system.

Virtex-E FPGAs are supported by a unified library of standard functions. This library contains over 400 primitives and macros, ranging from 2-input AND gates to 16-bit accumulators, and includes arithmetic functions, comparators, counters, data registers, decoders, encoders, I/O functions, latches, Boolean functions, multiplexers, shift registers, and barrel shifters.

The “soft macro” portion of the library contains detailed descriptions of common logic functions, but does not contain any partitioning or placement information. The performance of these macros depends, therefore, on the partitioning and placement obtained during implementation.

RPMs, on the other hand, do contain predetermined partitioning and placement information that permits optimal

implementation of these functions. Users can create their own library of soft macros or RPMs based on the macros and primitives in the standard library.

The design environment supports hierarchical design entry, with high-level schematics that comprise major functional blocks, while lower-level schematics define the logic in these blocks. These hierarchical design elements are automatically combined by the implementation tools. Different design entry tools can be combined within a hierarchical design, thus allowing the most convenient entry method to be used for each portion of the design.

Design Implementation

The place-and-route tools (PAR) automatically provide the implementation flow described in this section. The partitioner takes the EDIF net list for the design and maps the logic into the architectural resources of the FPGA (CLBs and IOBs, for example). The placer then determines the best locations for these blocks based on their interconnections and the desired performance. Finally, the router interconnects the blocks.

The PAR algorithms support fully automatic implementation of most designs. For demanding applications, however, the user can exercise various degrees of control over the process. User partitioning, placement, and routing information is optionally specified during the design-entry process. The implementation of highly structured designs can benefit greatly from basic floor planning.

The implementation software incorporates Timing Wizard® timing-driven placement and routing. Designers specify timing requirements along entire paths during design entry. The timing path analysis routines in PAR then recognize these user-specified requirements and accommodate them.

Timing requirements are entered on a schematic in a form directly relating to the system requirements, such as the targeted clock frequency, or the maximum allowable delay between two registers. In this way, the overall performance of the system along entire signal paths is automatically tailored to user-generated specifications. Specific timing information for individual nets is unnecessary.

Design Verification

In addition to conventional software simulation, FPGA users can use in-circuit debugging techniques. Because Xilinx devices are infinitely reprogrammable, designs can be verified in real time without the need for extensive sets of software simulation vectors.

The development system supports both software simulation and in-circuit debugging techniques. For simulation, the system extracts the post-layout timing information from the design database, and back-annotates this information into the net list for use by the simulator. Alternatively, the user can verify timing-critical portions of the design using the TRCE® static timing analyzer.

Configuration through the TAP uses the CFG_IN instruction. This instruction allows data input on TDI to be converted into data packets for the internal configuration bus.

The following steps are required to configure the FPGA through the Boundary Scan port (when using TCK as a start-up clock).

1. Load the CFG_IN instruction into the Boundary Scan instruction register (IR).
2. Enter the Shift-DR (SDR) state.
3. Shift a configuration bitstream into TDI.
4. Return to Run-Test-Idle (RTI).
5. Load the JSTART instruction into IR.
6. Enter the SDR state.
7. Clock TCK through the startup sequence.
8. Return to RTI.

Configuration and readback via the TAP is always available. The Boundary Scan mode is selected by a $<101>$ or $<001>$ on the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). For details on TAP characteristics, refer to XAPP139.

Configuration Sequence

The configuration of Virtex-E devices is a three-phase process. First, the configuration memory is cleared. Next, configuration data is loaded into the memory, and finally, the logic is activated by a start-up process.

Configuration is automatically initiated on power-up unless it is delayed by the user, as described below. The configuration process can also be initiated by asserting PROGRAM. The end of the memory-clearing phase is signalled by INIT going High, and the completion of the entire process is signalled by DONE going High.

The power-up timing of configuration signals is shown in Figure 20.

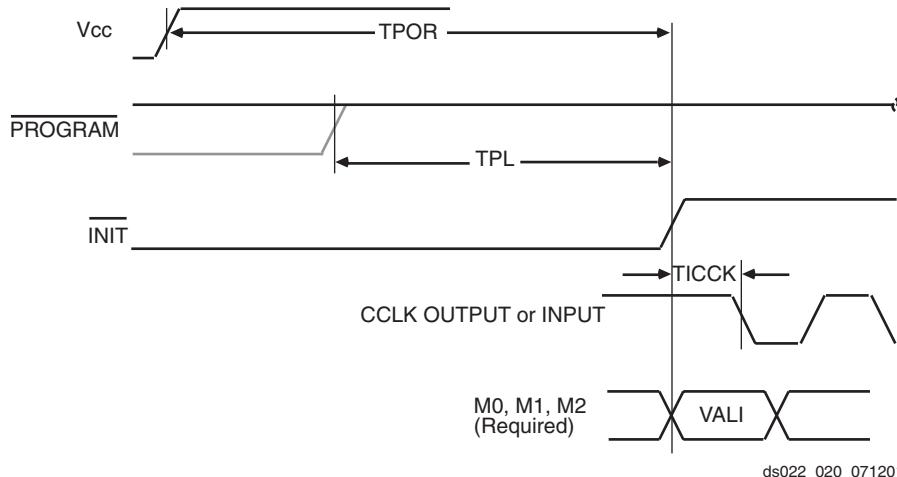


Figure 20: Power-Up Timing Configuration Signals

The corresponding timing characteristics are listed in Table 12.

Table 12: Power-up Timing Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Value	Units
Power-on Reset ¹	T _{POR}	2.0	ms, max
Program Latency	T _{PL}	100.0	μs, max
CCLK (output) Delay	T _{ICCK}	0.5	μs, min
		4.0	μs, max
Program Pulse Width	T _{PROGRAM}	300	ns, min

Notes:

1. T_{POR} delay is the initialization time required after V_{CCINT} and V_{CCO} in Bank 2 reach the recommended operating voltage.

Delaying Configuration

INIT can be held Low using an open-drain driver. An open-drain is required since INIT is a bidirectional open-drain pin that is held Low by the FPGA while the configuration memory is being cleared. Extending the time that the pin is Low causes the configuration sequencer to wait. Thus, configuration is delayed by preventing entry into the phase where data is loaded.

Start-Up Sequence

The default Start-up sequence is that one CCLK cycle after DONE goes High, the global 3-state signal (GTS) is released. This permits device outputs to turn on as necessary.

One CCLK cycle later, the Global Set/Reset (GSR) and Global Write Enable (GWE) signals are released. This permits

Virtex-E Electrical Characteristics

Definition of Terms

Electrical and switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance: These speed files are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary: These speed files are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production: These speed files are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between speed files and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

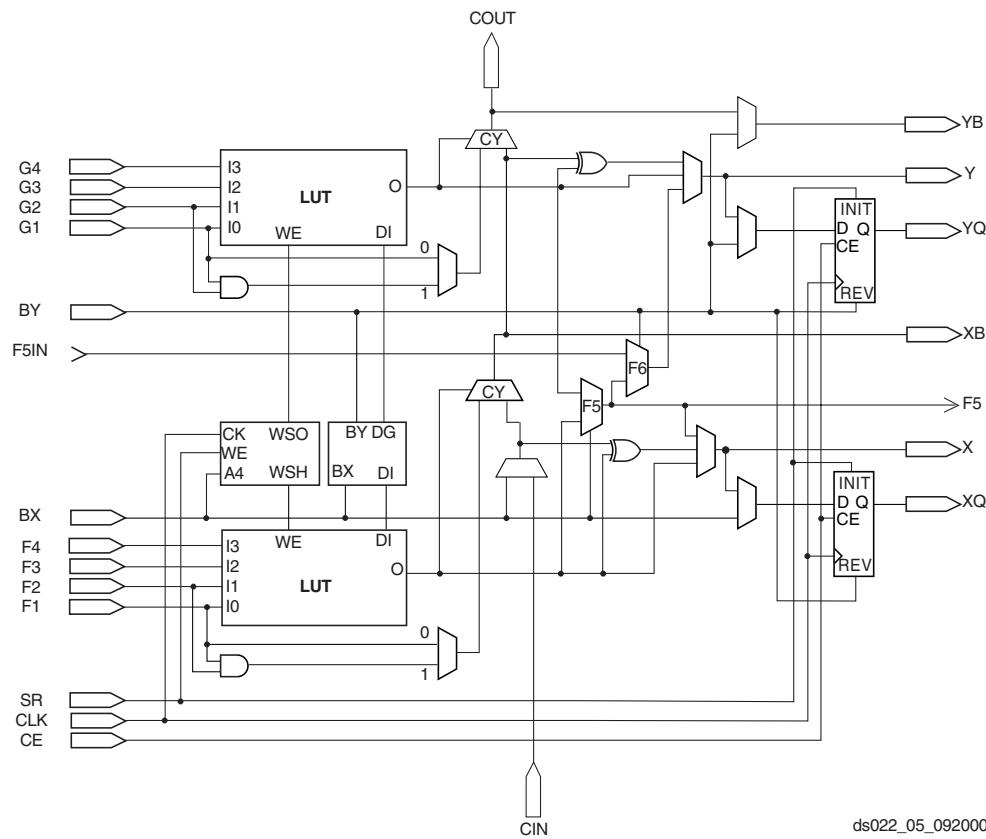
All specifications are representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions. The parameters included are common to popular designs and typical applications. Contact the factory for design considerations requiring more detailed information.

Table 1 correlates the current status of each Virtex-E device with a corresponding speed file designation.

Table 1: Virtex-E Device Speed Grade Designations

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XCV50E			-8, -7, -6
XCV100E			-8, -7, -6
XCV200E			-8, -7, -6
XCV300E			-8, -7, -6
XCV400E			-8, -7, -6
XCV600E			-8, -7, -6
XCV1000E			-8, -7, -6
XCV1600E			-8, -7, -6
XCV2000E			-8, -7, -6
XCV2600E			-8, -7, -6
XCV3200E			-8, -7, -6

All specifications are subject to change without notice.



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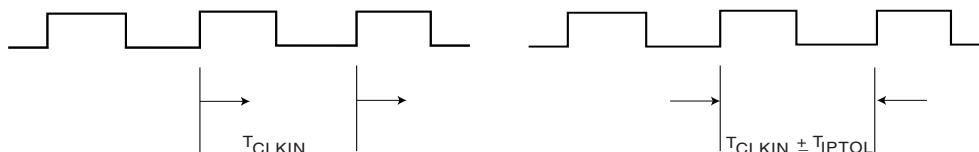
Figure 2: Detailed View of Virtex-E Slice

DLL Timing Parameters

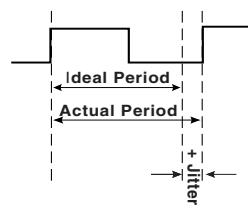
All devices are 100 percent functionally tested. Because of the difficulty in directly measuring many internal timing parameters, those parameters are derived from benchmark timing patterns. The following guidelines reflect worst-case values across the recommended operating conditions.

Description	Symbol	F _{CLKIN}	Speed Grade						Units	
			-8		-7		-6			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Input Clock Frequency (CLKDLLHF)	F _{CLKINHF}		60	350	60	320	60	275	MHz	
Input Clock Frequency (CLKDLL)	F _{CLKINLF}		25	160	25	160	25	135	MHz	
Input Clock Low/High Pulse Width	T _{DLLPW}	≥2.5 MHz	5.0		5.0		5.0		ns	
		≥50 MHz	3.0		3.0		3.0		ns	
		≥100 MHz	2.4		2.4		2.4		ns	
		≥150 MHz	2.0		2.0		2.0		ns	
		≥200 MHz	1.8		1.8		1.8		ns	
		≥250 MHz	1.5		1.5		1.5		ns	
		≥300 MHz	1.3		1.3		NA		ns	

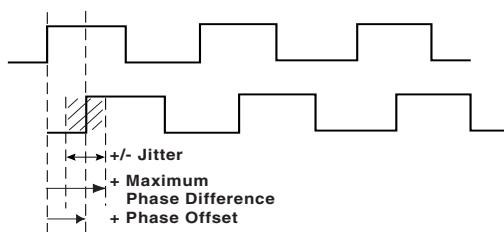
Period Tolerance: the allowed input clock period change in nanoseconds.



Output Jitter: the difference between an ideal reference clock edge and the actual design.



Phase Offset and Maximum Phase Difference



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Figure 4: DLL Timing Waveforms

HQ240 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. A √ in the AO column indicates that the pin pair can be used as an asynchronous output for all devices provided in this package. Pairs with a note number in the AO column are device dependent. They can have asynchronous outputs if the pin pair are in the same CLB row and column in the device. Numbers in this column refer to footnotes that indicate which devices have pin pairs than can be asynchronous outputs. The Other Functions column indicates alternative function(s) not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 9: HQ240 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
Global Differential Clock					
0	4	P92	P93	NA	IO_DLL_L40P
1	5	P89	P87	NA	IO_DLL_L40N
2	1	P210	P209	NA	IO_DLL_L6P
3	0	P213	P215	NA	IO_DLL_L6N
IO LVDS					
Total Pairs: 64, Asynchronous Output Pairs: 53					
0	0	P236	P237	NA	VREF
1	0	P234	P235	√	-
2	0	P228	P229	√	VREF
3	0	P223	P224	√	-
4	0	P220	P221	√	-
5	0	P217	P218	√	VREF
6	1	P209	P215	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
7	1	P205	P206	√	VREF
8	1	P202	P203	√	-
9	1	P199	P200	√	-
10	1	P194	P195	√	VREF
11	1	P191	P192	√	VREF
12	1	P188	P189	√	-
13	1	P186	P187	NA	VREF
14	1	P184	P185	√	CS
15	2	P178	P177	√	DIN, D0

**Table 9: HQ240 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
16	2	P174	P173	√	-
17	2	P171	P170	√	VREF
18	2	P168	P167	√	D1
19	2	P163	P162	√	D2
20	2	P160	P159	√	-
21	2	P157	P156	√	D3
22	2	P155	P154	1	VREF
23	2	P153	P152	√	-
24	3	P145	P144	√	D4, VREF
25	3	P142	P141	√	-
26	3	P139	P138	√	D5
27	3	P134	P133	√	VREF
28	3	P131	P130	√	VREF
29	3	P128	P127	√	-
30	3	P126	P125	1	VREF
31	3	P124	P123	√	INIT
32	4	P118	P117	√	-
33	4	P114	P113	√	-
34	4	P111	P110	√	VREF
35	4	P108	P107	√	VREF
36	4	P103	P102	√	-
37	4	P100	P99	√	-
38	4	P97	P96	√	VREF
39	4	P95	P94	NA	VREF
40	5	P93	P87	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
41	5	P84	P82	NA	VREF
42	5	P79	P78	√	-
43	5	P74	P73	√	VREF
44	5	P71	P70	√	VREF
45	5	P68	P67	√	-
46	5	P66	P65	NA	VREF
47	5	P64	P63	√	-

Table 10: BG352 — XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
6	IO_L74P_Y	R25
6	IO_L75N	R26
6	IO_L75P	P24
6	IO	P23 ¹
6	IO	N26
7	IO_L76N_YY	N25
7	IO_L76P_YY	N24
7	IO	M26 ¹
7	IO_L77N	M25
7	IO_L77P	M24
7	IO_L78N_Y	M23
7	IO_VREF_7_L78P_Y	L26
7	IO_L79N_YY	K25
7	IO_L79P_YY	L24
7	IO	L23 ¹
7	IO_L80N	J26
7	IO_L80P	J25
7	IO	K24 ¹
7	IO_L81N_YY	K23
7	IO_L81P_YY	H25
7	IO_L82N_Y	J23
7	IO_VREF_7_L82P_Y	G26
7	IO_L83N_Y	G25
7	IO_L83P_Y	H24
7	IO	H23
7	IO	F26 ¹
7	IO	F25 ¹
7	IO_L84N_Y	G24
7	IO_VREF_7_L84P_Y	D26
7	IO_L85N_YY	E25
7	IO_L85P_YY	F24
7	IO	F23 ¹
7	IO_L86N_YY	D25

Table 10: BG352 — XCV100E, XCV200E, XCV300E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO_VREF_7_L86P_YY	E24 ²
7	IO	C26
7	IO	E23 ¹
7	IO	D24 ¹
7	IO	C25
NA	TDI	B3
NA	TDO	D4
NA	CCLK	C3
NA	TCK	C24
NA	TMS	D23
NA	PROGRAM	AC4
NA	DONE	AD3
NA	DXN	AD23
NA	DXP	AE24
NA	M2	AC23
NA	M0	AD24
NA	M1	AB23
NA	VCCINT	A20
NA	VCCINT	B16
NA	VCCINT	C14
NA	VCCINT	D12
NA	VCCINT	D10
NA	VCCINT	K4
NA	VCCINT	L1
NA	VCCINT	P2
NA	VCCINT	T1
NA	VCCINT	W2
NA	VCCINT	AC10
NA	VCCINT	AF11
NA	VCCINT	AE14
NA	VCCINT	AF16
NA	VCCINT	AE19

BG432 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. A √ in the AO column indicates that the pin pair can be used as an asynchronous output for all devices provided in this package. Pairs with a note number in the AO column are device dependent. They can have asynchronous outputs if the pin pair are in the same CLB row and column in the device. Numbers in this column refer to footnotes that indicate which devices have pin pairs than can be asynchronous outputs. The Other Functions column indicates alternative function(s) not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 13: BG432 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV300E, XCV400E, XC600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
Global Differential Clock					
0	4	AL16	AH15	NA	IO_DLL_L86P
1	5	AK16	AL17	NA	IO_DLL_L86N
2	1	A16	B16	NA	IO_DLL_L16P
3	0	D17	C17	NA	IO_DLL_L16N
IO LVDS					
Total Outputs: 137, Asynchronous Output Pairs: 63					
0	0	D27	B29	1	-
1	0	C27	B28	√	-
2	0	A28	D26	√	VREF
3	0	C26	B27	2	-
4	0	A27	D25	√	-
5	0	C25	D24	√	VREF
6	0	D23	B25	1	-
7	0	B24	C24	1	VREF
8	0	A24	D22	√	VREF
9	0	B22	C22	√	-
10	0	D20	C21	√	-
11	0	C20	B21	√	-
12	0	D19	A20	√	-
13	0	A19	B19	√	VREF
14	0	D18	B18	1	-
15	0	B17	C18	1	VREF

**Table 13: BG432 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV300E, XCV400E, XC600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
16	1	B16	C17	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
17	1	B15	A15	1	VREF
18	1	D15	C15	1	-
19	1	A13	B14	√	VREF
20	1	D14	B13	√	-
21	1	B12	C13	√	-
22	1	C12	D13	√	-
23	1	C11	D12	√	-
24	1	C10	B10	√	VREF
25	1	D10	C9	1	VREF
26	1	B8	A8	1	-
27	1	B7	C8	√	VREF
28	1	A6	D8	√	-
29	1	D7	B6	2	-
30	1	C6	A5	√	VREF
31	1	D6	B5	√	-
32	1	C5	A4	1	-
33	1	D5	B4	√	CS, WRITE
34	2	D3	C2	√	DIN, D0, BUSY
35	2	D2	E4	3	-
36	2	D1	E3	4	-
37	2	E2	F4	1	VREF
38	2	E1	F3	5	-
39	2	F2	G4	1	-
40	2	G3	G2	√	VREF
41	2	H3	H2	4	-
42	2	H1	J4	1	VREF
43	2	J2	K4	√	D1
44	2	K2	K1	√	D2
45	2	L2	M4	4	-
46	2	M3	M2	1	-
47	2	N4	N3	1	-

Table 13: BG432 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV300E, XCV400E, XC600E

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
112	6	AB29	AB28	✓	VREF
113	6	AA29	AB31	✓	-
114	6	Y29	Y28	4	-
115	6	Y31	Y30	1	-
116	6	W30	W29	1	-
117	6	V29	V28	✓	VREF
118	6	U29	V30	4	-
119	6	U30	U28	1	VREF
120	7	R29	T31	✓	-
121	7	R31	R30	1	VREF
122	7	P28	P29	4	-
123	7	N30	P30	✓	VREF
124	7	N31	N28	1	-
125	7	M28	M29	1	-
126	7	L30	M30	4	-
127	7	K30	K31	✓	-
128	7	J30	K28	✓	VREF
129	7	J28	J29	1	VREF
130	7	G30	H30	4	-
131	7	F31	H28	✓	VREF
132	7	G28	G29	1	-
133	7	E30	E31	5	-
134	7	F28	F29	1	VREF
135	7	D30	D31	4	-
136	7	E28	E29	3	-

Notes:

1. AO in the XCV300E, 600E.
2. AO in the XCV300E.
3. AO in the XCV400E, 600E.
4. AO in the XCV300E, 400E.
5. AO in the XCV600E.

BG560 Ball Grid Array Packages

XCV1000E, XCV1600E, and XCV2000E devices in BG560 Ball Grid Array packages have footprint compatibility. Pins labeled I_O_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as V_{REF} it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following Table 14, see Table 15 for Differential Pair information.

Table 14: BG560 — XCV400E, XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin#	See Note
0	GCK3	A17	
0	IO	A27	
0	IO	B25	
0	IO	C28	
0	IO	C30	
0	IO	D30	
0	IO_L0N	E28	
0	IO_VREF_L0P	D29	3
0	IO_L1N_YY	D28	
0	IO_L1P_YY	A31	
0	IO_VREF_L2N_YY	E27	
0	IO_L2P_YY	C29	
0	IO_L3N_Y	B30	
0	IO_L3P_Y	D27	
0	IO_L4N_YY	E26	
0	IO_L4P_YY	B29	
0	IO_VREF_L5N_YY	D26	
0	IO_L5P_YY	C27	
0	IO_L6N_Y	E25	
0	IO_VREF_L6P_Y	A28	1
0	IO_L7N_Y	D25	
0	IO_L7P_Y	C26	
0	IO_VREF_L8N_Y	E24	4
0	IO_L8P_Y	B26	
0	IO_L9N_Y	C25	
0	IO_L9P_Y	D24	
0	IO_VREF_L10N_YY	E23	
0	IO_L10P_YY	A25	
0	IO_L11N_YY	D23	

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO	D2
7	IO	D3
7	IO	E1
7	IO	G1
7	IO	H2
7	IO	J1 ¹
7	IO	L1 ¹
7	IO	M1 ¹
7	IO	N1 ¹
7	IO_L160N_YY	N5
7	IO_L160P_YY	N8
7	IO_L161N_YY	N6
7	IO_L161P_YY	N3
7	IO_L162N_Y	N4
7	IO_VREF_L162P_Y	M2
7	IO_L163N_Y	N7
7	IO_L163P_Y	M7
7	IO_L164N_YY	M6
7	IO_L164P_YY	M3
7	IO_L165N_YY	M4
7	IO_VREF_L165P_YY	M5
7	IO_L166N_Y	L3
7	IO_L166P_Y	L7
7	IO_L167N_Y	L6
7	IO_L167P_Y	K2
7	IO_L168N_Y	L4
7	IO_L168P_Y	K1
7	IO_L169N_Y	K3
7	IO_L169P_Y	L5
7	IO_L170N_YY	K5
7	IO_L170P_YY	J3
7	IO_L171N_YY	K4
7	IO_L171P_YY	J4
7	IO_L172N_YY	H3
7	IO_VREF_L172P_YY	K6
7	IO_L173N_YY	K7
7	IO_L173P_YY	G3

Table 20: FG676 — XCV400E, XCV600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO_L174N_Y	J5
7	IO_VREF_L174P_Y	H1 ²
7	IO_L175N_Y	G2
7	IO_L175P_Y	J6
7	IO_L176N_YY	J7
7	IO_L176P_YY	F1
7	IO_L177N_YY	H4
7	IO_VREF_L177P_YY	G4
7	IO_L178N_Y	F3
7	IO_L178P_Y	H5
7	IO_L179N_Y	E2
7	IO_L179P_Y	H6
7	IO_L180N_Y	G5
7	IO_VREF_L180P_Y	F4
7	IO_L181N_Y	H7
7	IO_L181P_Y	G6
7	IO_L182N_YY	E3
7	IO_L182P_YY	E4
2	CCLK	D24
3	DONE	AB21
NA	DXN	AB7
NA	DXP	Y8
NA	M0	AD4
NA	M1	W7
NA	M2	AB6
NA	PROGRAM	AA22
NA	TCK	E6
NA	TDI	D22
2	TDO	C23
NA	TMS	F5
NA	NC	T25
NA	NC	T2
NA	NC	P2
NA	NC	N25
NA	NC	L25

FG680 Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package

XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, and XCV2000E devices in the FG680 fine-pitch Ball Grid Array package have footprint compatibility. Pins labeled IO_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as V_{REF} it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following Table 22, see Table 23 for Differential Pair information.

Table 22: FG680 - XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	GCK3	A20
0	IO	D35
0	IO	B36
0	IO_L0N_Y	C35
0	IO_L0P_Y	A36
0	IO_VREF_L1N_Y	D34 ¹
0	IO_L1P_Y	B35
0	IO_L2N_YY	C34
0	IO_L2P_YY	A35
0	IO_VREF_L3N_YY	D33
0	IO_L3P_YY	B34
0	IO_L4N	C33
0	IO_L4P	A34
0	IO_L5N_Y	D32
0	IO_L5P_Y	B33
0	IO_L6N_YY	C32
0	IO_L6P_YY	D31
0	IO_VREF_L7N_YY	A33
0	IO_L7P_YY	C31
0	IO_L8N_Y	B32
0	IO_L8P_Y	B31
0	IO_VREF_L9N_Y	A32 ³
0	IO_L9P_Y	D30
0	IO_L10N_YY	A31
0	IO_L10P_YY	C30
0	IO_VREF_L11N_YY	B30
0	IO_L11P_YY	D29
0	IO_L12N_Y	A30
0	IO_L12P_Y	C29

Table 22: FG680 - XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	IO_L13N_Y	A29
0	IO_L13P_Y	B29
0	IO_VREF_L14N_YY	B28
0	IO_L14P_YY	A28
0	IO_L15N_YY	C28
0	IO_L15P_YY	B27
0	IO_L16N_Y	D27
0	IO_L16P_Y	A27
0	IO_L17N_Y	C27
0	IO_L17P_Y	B26
0	IO_L18N_YY	D26
0	IO_L18P_YY	C26
0	IO_VREF_L19N_YY	A26 ¹
0	IO_L19P_YY	D25
0	IO_L20N_Y	B25
0	IO_L20P_Y	C25
0	IO_L21N_Y	A25
0	IO_L21P_Y	D24
0	IO_L22N_YY	A24
0	IO_L22P_YY	B23
0	IO_VREF_L23N_YY	C24
0	IO_L23P_YY	A23
0	IO_L24N_Y	B24
0	IO_L24P_Y	B22
0	IO_L25N_Y	E23
0	IO_L25P_Y	A22
0	IO_L26N_YY	D23
0	IO_L26P_YY	B21
0	IO_VREF_L27N_YY	C23
0	IO_L27P_YY	A21
0	IO_L28N_Y	E22
0	IO_L28P_Y	B20
0	IO_LVDS_DLL_L29N	C22
0	IO_VREF	D22 ²
1	GCK2	D21

FG860 Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package

XCV1000E, XCV1600E, and XCV2000E devices in the FG860 fine-pitch Ball Grid Array package have footprint compatibility. Pins labeled IO_VREF can be used as either in all parts unless device-dependent as indicated in the footnotes. If the pin is not used as V_{REF} , it can be used as general I/O. Immediately following Table 24, see Table 25 for Differential Pair information.

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	GCK3	C22
0	IO	A26
0	IO	B31
0	IO	B34
0	IO	C24
0	IO	C29
0	IO	C34
0	IO	D24
0	IO	D36
0	IO	D40
0	IO	E26
0	IO	E28
0	IO	E35
0	IO_L0N_Y	A38
0	IO_L0P_Y	D38
0	IO_L1N_Y	B37
0	IO_L1P_Y	E37
0	IO_VREF_L2N_Y	A37
0	IO_L2P_Y	C39
0	IO_L3N_Y	B36
0	IO_L3P_Y	C38
0	IO_L4N_YY	A36
0	IO_L4P_YY	B35
0	IO_VREF_L5N_YY	A35
0	IO_L5P_YY	D37
0	IO_L6N_Y	C37
0	IO_L6P_Y	A34
0	IO_L7N_Y	E36
0	IO_L7P_Y	B33
0	IO_L8N_YY	A33

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
0	IO_L8P_YY	C32
0	IO_VREF_L9N_YY	C36
0	IO_L9P_YY	B32
0	IO_L10N_Y	A32
0	IO_L10P_Y	D35
0	IO_VREF_L11N_Y	C31 ²
0	IO_L11P_Y	C35
0	IO_L12N_YY	E34
0	IO_L12P_YY	A31
0	IO_VREF_L13N_YY	D34
0	IO_L13P_YY	C30
0	IO_L14N_Y	B30
0	IO_L14P_Y	E33
0	IO_L15N_Y	A30
0	IO_L15P_Y	D33
0	IO_VREF_L16N_YY	C33
0	IO_L16P_YY	B29
0	IO_L17N_YY	E32
0	IO_L17P_YY	A29
0	IO_L18N_Y	D32
0	IO_L18P_Y	C28
0	IO_L19N_Y	E31
0	IO_L19P_Y	B28
0	IO_L20N_Y	D31
0	IO_L20P_Y	A28
0	IO_L21N_Y	D30
0	IO_L21P_Y	C27
0	IO_L22N_YY	E29
0	IO_L22P_YY	B27
0	IO_VREF_L23N_YY	D29
0	IO_L23P_YY	A27
0	IO_L24N_Y	C26
0	IO_L24P_Y	D28
0	IO_L25N_Y	B26
0	IO_L25P_Y	F27
0	IO_L26N_YY	E27
0	IO_L26P_YY	C25

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO_L275N_Y	G38
7	IO_VREF_L275P_Y	G42
7	IO_L276N_Y	G41
7	IO_L276P_Y	F40
7	IO_L277N	F42
7	IO_L277P	F41
7	IO_L278N_Y	F39
7	IO_VREF_L278P_Y	E42
7	IO_L279N_Y	E40
7	IO_L279P_Y	E41
7	IO_L280N_Y	E39
7	IO_L280P_Y	D41
2	CCLK	B4
3	DONE	AW2
NA	DXN	BA38
NA	DXP	AW38
NA	M0	AW41
NA	M1	AV37
NA	M2	BA39
NA	PROGRAM	AV2
NA	TCK	B38
NA	TDI	B5
2	TDO	D5
NA	TMS	B39
NA	VCCINT	F9
NA	VCCINT	F10
NA	VCCINT	F17
NA	VCCINT	F18
NA	VCCINT	F25
NA	VCCINT	F26
NA	VCCINT	F33
NA	VCCINT	F34
NA	VCCINT	J6
NA	VCCINT	J37
NA	VCCINT	K6

Table 24: FG860 — XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCINT	K37
NA	VCCINT	T6
NA	VCCINT	T37
NA	VCCINT	U6
NA	VCCINT	U37
NA	VCCINT	V6
NA	VCCINT	V37
NA	VCCINT	AE6
NA	VCCINT	AE37
NA	VCCINT	AF6
NA	VCCINT	AF37
NA	VCCINT	AG6
NA	VCCINT	AG37
NA	VCCINT	AN6
NA	VCCINT	AN37
NA	VCCINT	AP6
NA	VCCINT	AP37
NA	VCCINT	AU9
NA	VCCINT	AU10
NA	VCCINT	AU17
NA	VCCINT	AU18
NA	VCCINT	AU25
NA	VCCINT	AU26
NA	VCCINT	AU33
NA	VCCINT	AU34
NA	VCCO_0	F23
NA	VCCO_0	F24
NA	VCCO_0	F28
NA	VCCO_0	F29
NA	VCCO_0	F31
NA	VCCO_0	F32
NA	VCCO_0	F35
NA	VCCO_0	F36
NA	VCCO_1	F11
NA	VCCO_1	F12
NA	VCCO_1	F14

**Table 25: FG860 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
120	3	AH1	AL5	1	-
121	3	AH2	AM4	3	-
122	3	AH3	AM5	✓	D5
123	3	AJ1	AN3	✓	VREF
124	3	AN4	AJ3	2	-
125	3	AN5	AK1	✓	-
126	3	AK2	AP4	✓	VREF
127	3	AK3	AP5	2	-
128	3	AR3	AL2	5	VREF
129	3	AR4	AL3	✓	-
130	3	AM1	AT3	✓	VREF
131	3	AM2	AT4	1	-
132	3	AT5	AN1	2	-
133	3	AU3	AN2	✓	-
134	3	AP1	AP2	1	VREF
135	3	AR1	AV3	2	-
136	3	AR2	AT1	4	-
137	3	AV4	AT2	2	VREF
138	3	AU1	AU5	1	-
139	3	AU2	AW3	3	-
140	3	AV1	AW5	✓	INIT
141	4	AV6	BA4	✓	-
142	4	AY4	BA5	2	-
143	4	AW6	BB5	1	-
144	4	BA6	AY5	1	VREF
145	4	BB6	AY6	5	-
146	4	BA7	AV7	✓	-
147	4	BB7	AW7	✓	VREF
148	4	AY7	BB8	5	-
149	4	BA9	AV8	5	-
150	4	AW8	BA10	✓	-
151	4	BB10	AY8	✓	VREF
152	4	AV9	BA11	1	-
153	4	BB11	AW9	1	VREF

**Table 25: FG860 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
154	4	AY9	BA12	✓	-
155	4	BB12	AV10	✓	VREF
156	4	BA13	AW10	2	-
157	4	BB13	AY10	2	-
158	4	AV11	BA14	✓	VREF
159	4	AW11	BB14	✓	-
160	4	AV12	BA15	2	-
161	4	AW12	AY15	1	-
162	4	AW13	BB15	1	-
163	4	AV14	BA16	5	-
164	4	AW14	AY16	✓	-
165	4	BB16	AV15	✓	VREF
166	4	AY17	AW15	5	-
167	4	BB17	AU16	5	-
168	4	AV16	AY18	✓	-
169	4	AW16	BA18	✓	VREF
170	4	BB19	AW17	1	-
171	4	AY19	AV18	1	-
172	4	AW18	BB20	✓	-
173	4	AY20	AV19	✓	VREF
174	4	BB21	AW19	2	-
175	4	AY21	AV20	2	VREF
176	5	AW20	AW21	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
177	5	BB22	AW22	2	VREF
178	5	BB23	AW23	2	-
179	5	AV23	BA23	✓	VREF
180	5	AW24	BB24	✓	-
181	5	AY24	AW25	1	-
182	5	BA24	AV25	1	-
183	5	AW26	AY25	✓	VREF
184	5	AV26	BA25	✓	-
185	5	BB26	AV27	5	-
186	5	AY26	AU27	5	-
187	5	AW28	BB27	✓	VREF

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
6	IO	AC5 ⁴
6	IO	AD1 ⁴
6	IO	AE5 ⁵
6	IO_L212N_YY	AF3
6	IO_L212P_YY	AC6
6	IO_L213N	AH2 ⁴
6	IO_L213P	AG2 ³
6	IO_L214N	AB9
6	IO_L214P	AE4
6	IO_VREF_L215N_YY	AE3 ¹
6	IO_L215P_YY	AH1
6	IO_L216N_Y	AB8 ⁴
6	IO_L216P_Y	AD6 ³
6	IO_L217N_YY	AG1
6	IO_L217P_YY	AA10
6	IO_VREF_L218N	AA9
6	IO_L218P	AD4
6	IO_L219N_YY	AD5
6	IO_L219P_YY	AD2
6	IO_L220N_YY	AD3
6	IO_L220P_YY	AF2
6	IO_L221N	AA8
6	IO_L221P	AA7
6	IO_VREF_L222N_YY	AF1
6	IO_L222P_YY	Y9
6	IO_L223N_YY	AB6
6	IO_L223P_YY	AC4
6	IO_L224N	AE1
6	IO_L224P	W8
6	IO_L225N_YY	Y8
6	IO_L225P_YY	AB4
6	IO_VREF_L226N_YY	AB3
6	IO_L226P_YY	W9
6	IO_L227N_YY	AA5 ⁴
6	IO_L227P_YY	W10 ³
6	IO_L228N_YY	AB1
6	IO_L228P_YY	V10

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
6	IO_L229N_YY	Y7 ⁴
6	IO_VREF_L229P_YY	AC1
6	IO_L230N	V11
6	IO_L230P	AA3
6	IO_L231N_YY	AA2 ³
6	IO_L231P_YY	U10 ⁴
6	IO_L232N	W7
6	IO_L232P	AA6
6	IO_L233N_YY	Y6
6	IO_L233P_YY	Y4
6	IO_L234N_Y	AA1 ⁴
6	IO_L234P_Y	V7 ⁴
6	IO_L235N_YY	Y3
6	IO_L235P_YY	Y2
6	IO_VREF_L236N	Y5 ¹
6	IO_L236P	W5
6	IO_L237N_YY	W4
6	IO_L237P_YY	W6
6	IO_L238N_YY	V6
6	IO_L238P_YY	W2
6	IO_L239N	U9
6	IO_L239P	V4
6	IO_VREF_L240N_YY	AB2
6	IO_L240P_YY	T8
6	IO_L241N_YY	U5
6	IO_L241P_YY	W1
6	IO_L242N	Y1
6	IO_L242P	T9
6	IO_L243N_YY	T7
6	IO_L243P_YY	U3
6	IO_VREF_L244N_YY	T5
6	IO_L244P_YY	V2
6	IO_L245N_YY	R9 ⁴
6	IO_L245P_YY	T6 ³
6	IO_VREF_L246N_YY	T4 ²
6	IO_L246P_YY	U2
6	IO_L247N	T1

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
7	IO_L275N_YY	G3
7	IO_L275P_YY	E1
7	IO_L276N_YY	H6
7	IO_L276P_YY	E2
7	IO_L277N	E4
7	IO_VREF_L277P	K9
7	IO_L278N_YY	J8
7	IO_L278P_YY	F4
7	IO_L279N_Y	D1 ³
7	IO_L279P_Y	H7 ⁴
7	IO_L280N_YY	G6
7	IO_VREF_L280P_YY	C2 ¹
7	IO_L281N	D2
7	IO_L281P	F5
7	IO_L282N_YY	D3 ⁴
7	IO_L282P_YY	K10 ³
2	CCLK	F26
3	DONE	AJ28
NA	DXN	AJ3
NA	DXP	AH4
NA	M0	AF4
NA	M1	AC7
NA	M2	AK3
NA	PROGRAM	AG28
NA	TCK	B3
NA	TDI	H22
2	TDO	D26
NA	TMS	C1
NA	VCCINT	L11
NA	VCCINT	L12
NA	VCCINT	L19
NA	VCCINT	L20
NA	VCCINT	M11
NA	VCCINT	M12
NA	VCCINT	M19

Table 26: FG900 — XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E

Bank	Pin Description	Pin #
NA	VCCINT	M20
NA	VCCINT	N13
NA	VCCINT	N14
NA	VCCINT	N15
NA	VCCINT	N16
NA	VCCINT	N17
NA	VCCINT	N18
NA	VCCINT	P13
NA	VCCINT	P18
NA	VCCINT	R13
NA	VCCINT	R18
NA	VCCINT	T13
NA	VCCINT	T18
NA	VCCINT	U13
NA	VCCINT	U18
NA	VCCINT	V13
NA	VCCINT	V14
NA	VCCINT	V15
NA	VCCINT	V16
NA	VCCINT	V17
NA	VCCINT	V18
NA	VCCINT	W11
NA	VCCINT	W12
NA	VCCINT	W19
NA	VCCINT	W20
NA	VCCINT	Y11
NA	VCCINT	Y12
NA	VCCINT	Y19
NA	VCCINT	Y20
NA	VCCO_0	B6
NA	VCCO_0	M15
NA	VCCO_0	M14
NA	VCCO_0	L15
NA	VCCO_0	L14
NA	VCCO_0	H14
NA	VCCO_0	M13

FG900 Differential Pin Pairs

Virtex-E devices have differential pin pairs that can also provide other functions when not used as a differential pair. A √ in the AO column indicates that the pin pair can be used as an asynchronous output for all devices provided in this package. Pairs with a note number in the AO column are device dependent. They can have asynchronous outputs if the pin pair are in the same CLB row and column in the device. Numbers in this column refer to footnotes that indicate which devices have pin pairs than can be asynchronous outputs. The Other Functions column indicates alternative function(s) not available when the pair is used as a differential pair or differential clock.

**Table 27: FG900 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
GCLK LVDS					
3	0	C15	A15	NA	IO_DLL_34N
2	1	E15	E16	NA	IO_DLL_34P
1	5	AK16	AH16	NA	IO_DLL_177N
0	4	AJ16	AF16	NA	IO_DLL_177P
IO LVDS					
Total Pairs: 283, Asynchronous Output Pairs: 168					
0	0	F7	C4	4	-
1	0	G8	D5	2	-
2	0	H9	A3	2	VREF
3	0	J10	B4	2	-
4	0	D6	A4	√	-
5	0	B5	E7	√	VREF
6	0	F8	A5	1	-
7	0	N11	D7	1	-
8	0	E8	G9	√	-
9	0	J11	A6	√	VREF
10	0	B7	C7	2	-
11	0	H10	C8	2	-
12	0	F10	G10	√	-
13	0	H11	A8	√	VREF
14	0	C9	D9	NA	-
15	0	J12	B9	4	-
16	0	A9	E10	NA	VREF
17	0	B10	G11	NA	-

**Table 27: FG900 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
18	0	C10	H12	4	-
19	0	F11	H13	2	-
20	0	D11	E11	2	-
21	0	G12	B11	2	-
22	0	C11	F12	√	-
23	0	D12	A10	√	VREF
24	0	A11	E12	1	-
25	0	B12	G13	1	-
26	0	K13	A12	√	-
27	0	B13	F13	√	VREF
28	0	E13	G14	2	-
29	0	B14	D14	2	-
30	0	J14	A14	√	-
31	0	J15	K14	√	VREF
32	0	H15	B15	NA	-
33	0	D15	F15	√	VREF
34	1	E16	A15	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
35	1	F16	B16	4	VREF
36	1	H16	A16	4	-
37	1	K15	C16	√	VREF
38	1	G16	K16	√	-
39	1	E17	A17	2	-
40	1	C17	F17	2	-
41	1	A18	E18	√	VREF
42	1	A19	D18	√	-
43	1	G18	B19	1	-
44	1	H18	D19	1	-
45	1	F19	F18	√	VREF
46	1	K17	B20	√	-
47	1	A20	D20	2	-
48	1	C20	G19	2	-
49	1	E20	K18	2	-
50	1	D21	B21	4	-
51	1	A21	F20	√	-

**Table 27: FG900 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
120	3	AA30	W24	4	-
121	3	AA29	V20	1	-
122	3	Y27	W23	NA	-
123	3	Y26	AB30	✓	D5
124	3	V21	AA28	✓	VREF
125	3	Y25	AA27	4	-
126	3	W22	Y23	4	-
127	3	Y24	AB28	4	VREF
128	3	AC30	AA25	✓	-
129	3	W21	AA24	2	-
130	3	AB26	AD30	✓	-
131	3	Y22	AC27	✓	VREF
132	3	AD28	AB25	2	-
133	3	AC26	AE30	4	-
134	3	AD27	AF30	✓	-
135	3	AF29	AB24	1	VREF
136	3	AB23	AE28	4	-
137	3	AG30	AC25	3	-
138	3	AE26	AG29	4	VREF
139	3	AH30	AC24	1	-
140	3	AF28	AD25	NA	-
141	3	AH29	AA22	✓	INIT
142	4	AF27	AK28	✓	-
143	4	AG26	AH27	4	-
144	4	AD23	AJ27	2	-
145	4	AB21	AF25	2	VREF
146	4	AC22	AH26	2	-
147	4	AA21	AG25	✓	-
148	4	AJ26	AD22	✓	VREF
149	4	AA20	AH25	1	-
150	4	AC21	AF24	1	-
151	4	AG24	AK26	✓	-
152	4	AJ24	AF23	✓	VREF
153	4	AE23	AB20	2	-

**Table 27: FG900 Differential Pin Pair Summary
XCV600E, XCV1000E, XCV1600E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
154	4	AC20	AG23	2	-
155	4	AF22	AE22	✓	-
156	4	AJ22	AG22	✓	VREF
157	4	AK24	AD20	NA	-
158	4	AA19	AF21	4	-
159	4	AH22	AA18	NA	VREF
160	4	AG21	AK23	NA	-
161	4	AH21	AD19	4	-
162	4	AE20	AJ21	2	-
163	4	AG20	AF20	2	-
164	4	AC18	AF19	2	-
165	4	AJ20	AE19	✓	-
166	4	AK22	AH20	✓	VREF
167	4	AG19	AB17	1	-
168	4	AJ19	AD17	1	-
169	4	AA16	AA17	✓	-
170	4	AK21	AB16	✓	VREF
171	4	AG18	AK20	2	-
172	4	AK19	AD16	2	-
173	4	AE16	AE17	✓	-
174	4	AG17	AJ17	✓	VREF
175	4	AD15	AH17	NA	-
176	4	AG16	AK17	4	VREF
177	5	AF16	AH16	NA	IO_LVDS_DLL
178	5	AC15	AG15	4	VREF
179	5	AB15	AF15	✓	-
180	5	AA15	AF14	✓	VREF
181	5	AH15	AK15	✓	-
182	5	AB14	AF13	2	-
183	5	AH14	AJ14	2	-
184	5	AE14	AG13	✓	VREF
185	5	AK13	AD13	✓	-
186	5	AE13	AF12	1	-
187	5	AC13	AA13	1	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
270	6	AG2	AE7	2600 2000 1000	-
271	6	AG1	AF6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
272	6	AG4	AC9	2000 1600	-
273	6	AF3	AE6	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
274	6	AF4	AF1	2600 1000	VREF
275	6	AF2	AB10	3200 2600 1600	-
276	6	AE1	AC8	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
277	6	AE3	AD5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	VREF
278	6	AD1	AC7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
279	6	AD2	AD6	3200 1600 1000	-
280	6	AC1	AB8	2000 1600 1000	VREF
281	6	AC2	AC5	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
282	6	AC3	AA9	3200 2600 2000	-
283	6	AD4	AC4	2000 1000	-
284	6	AB6	AA8	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
285	6	Y10	AB1	2600 1600	-
286	6	AA7	AB2	3200 1600 1000	-
287	6	AA1	AA4	2600 2000 1000	VREF
288	6	AB4	Y9	3200 2600 2000 1600	-
289	6	Y8	AA2	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-

**Table 29: FG1156 Differential Pin Pair Summary:
XCV1000E, XCV1600E, XCV2000E, XCV2600E, XCV3200E**

Pair	Bank	P Pin	N Pin	AO	Other Functions
290	6	AA5	AA6	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
291	6	Y7	AB3	3200 2600 2000	-
292	6	W10	Y1	2600 2000 1000	-
293	6	Y2	Y5	2000 1600 1000	VREF
294	6	W2	W9	2000 1600	-
295	6	Y4	W7	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
296	6	Y6	W1	1000	-
297	6	W3	W6	3200 1600	-
298	6	W4	V9	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
299	6	V1	W5	2000 1600 1000	VREF
300	6	U2	V7	2000 1600 1000	-
301	6	U1	V6	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
302	7	U4	U9	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
303	7	U5	U7	3200 2600 1600 1000	VREF
304	7	U6	U3	2000 1600 1000	-
305	7	T6	T3	2000 1600 1000	VREF
306	7	T4	T9	3200 2600 1600 1000	-
307	7	R1	T5	3200 1600	-
308	7	T10	R6	1000	-
309	7	R5	R2	3200 2600 2000 1600 1000	-
310	7	P5	P1	2000 1600 1000	VREF