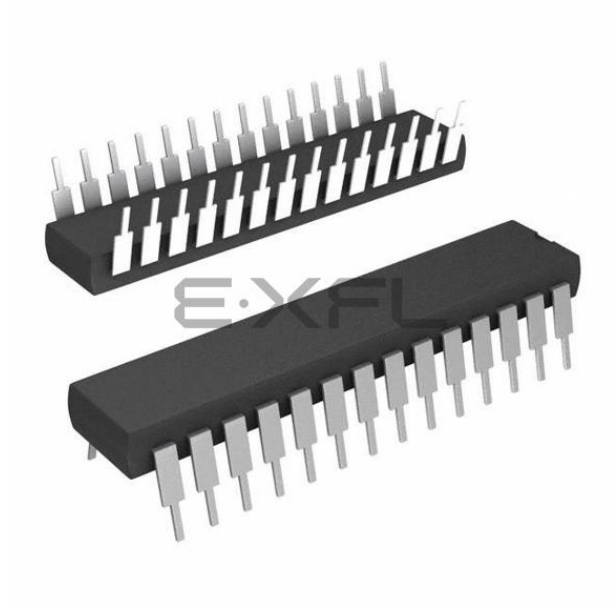

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Supplier Device Package	28-SPDIP
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NOTES:

TABLE 1-3: DEVICE FEATURES FOR THE PIC24FV16KM204 FAMILY

Features	PIC24FV16KM204	PIC24FV08KM204	PIC24FV16KM202	PIC24FV08KM202
Operating Frequency	DC-32 MHz			
Program Memory (bytes)	16K	8K	16K	8K
Program Memory (instructions)	5632	2816	5632	2816
Data Memory (bytes)	2048			
Data EEPROM Memory (bytes)	512			
Interrupt Sources (soft vectors/NMI traps)	40 (36/4)			
Voltage Range	2.0-5.5V			
I/O Ports	PORTA<11:7,5:0> PORTB<15:0> PORTC<9:0>		PORTA<7,5:0> PORTB<15:0>	
Total I/O Pins	37		23	
Timers	11 (One 16-bit timer, five MCCPs/SCCPs with up to two 16/32 timers each)			
Capture/Compare/PWM modules MCCP SCCP	 3 2			
Serial Communications MSSP UART	 2 2			
Input Change Notification Interrupt	36		22	
12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Module (input channels)	22		19	
Analog Comparators	3			
8-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters	2			
Operational Amplifiers	2			
Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)	Yes			
Real-Time Clock and Calendar (RTCC)	Yes			
Configurable Logic Cell (CLC)	2			
Resets (and delays)	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$, WDT, Illegal Opcode, REPEAT Instruction, Hardware Traps, Configuration Word Mismatch (PWRT, OST, PLL Lock)			
Instruction Set	76 Base Instructions, Multiple Addressing Mode Variations			
Packages	44-Pin QFN/TQFP, 48-Pin UQFN		28-Pin SPDIP/SSOP/SOIC/QFN	

TABLE 1-5: PIC24FV16KM204 FAMILY PINOUT DESCRIPTION

Function	F					FV					I/O	Buffer	Description
	Pin Number					Pin Number							
	20-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin QFN	44-Pin QFN/ TQFP	48-Pin UQFN	20-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin QFN	44-Pin QFN/ TQFP	48-Pin UQFN			
AN0	2	2	27	19	21	2	2	27	19	21	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN1	3	3	28	20	22	3	3	28	20	22	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN2	4	4	1	21	23	4	4	1	21	23	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN3	5	5	2	22	24	5	5	2	22	24	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN4	6	6	3	23	25	6	6	3	23	25	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN5	—	7	4	24	26	—	7	4	24	26	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN6	—	—	—	25	27	—	—	—	25	27	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN7	—	—	—	26	28	—	—	—	26	28	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN8	—	—	—	27	29	—	—	—	27	29	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN9	18	26	23	15	16	18	26	23	15	16	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN10	17	25	22	14	15	17	25	22	14	15	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN11	16	24	21	11	12	16	24	21	11	12	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN12	15	23	20	10	11	15	23	20	10	11	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN13	7	9	6	30	33	7	9	6	30	33	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN14	8	10	7	31	34	8	10	7	31	34	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN15	9	11	8	33	36	9	11	8	33	36	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN16	10	12	9	34	37	10	12	9	34	37	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN17	—	14	11	41	45	—	14	11	41	45	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN18	—	15	12	42	46	—	15	12	42	46	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN19	11	16	13	43	47	11	16	13	43	47	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN20	12	17	14	44	48	12	17	14	44	48	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
AN21	13	18	15	1	1	13	18	15	1	1	I	ANA	A/D Analog Inputs
ASCL1	—	15	12	42	46	—	15	12	42	46	I/O	I^2C™	Alternate I2C1 Clock Input/Output
ASDA1	—	14	11	41	45	—	14	11	41	45	I/O	I^2C	Alternate I2C1 Data Input/Output
AVDD	20	28	25	17	18	20	28	25	17	18	P	—	A/D Supply Pins
AVSS	19	27	24	16	17	19	27	24	16	17	P	—	A/D Supply Pins
C1INA	8	7	4	24	26	8	7	4	24	26	I	ANA	Comparator 1 Input A (+)
C1INB	7	6	3	23	25	7	6	3	23	25	I	ANA	Comparator 1 Input B (-)
C1INC	5	5	2	22	24	5	5	2	22	24	I	ANA	Comparator 1 Input C (+)
C1IND	4	4	1	21	23	4	4	1	21	23	I	ANA	Comparator 1 Input D (-)

Legend: ANA = Analog level input/output, ST = Schmitt Trigger input buffer, I^2C™ = I^2C/SMBus input buffer

TABLE 1-5: PIC24FV16KM204 FAMILY PINOUT DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Function	F					FV					I/O	Buffer	Description
	Pin Number					Pin Number							
	20-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin QFN	44-Pin QFN/ TQFP	48-Pin UQFN	20-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin PDIP/ SSOP/ SOIC	28-Pin QFN	44-Pin QFN/ TQFP	48-Pin UQFN			
RB9	13	18	15	1	1	13	18	15	1	1	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RB10	—	21	18	8	9	—	21	18	8	9	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RB11	—	22	19	9	10	—	22	19	9	10	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RB12	15	23	20	10	11	15	23	20	10	11	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RB13	16	24	21	11	12	16	24	21	11	12	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RB14	17	25	22	14	15	17	25	22	14	15	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RB15	18	26	23	15	16	18	26	23	15	16	I/O	ST	PORTB Pins
RC0	—	—	—	25	27	—	—	—	25	27	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC1	—	—	—	26	28	—	—	—	26	28	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC2	—	—	—	27	29	—	—	—	27	29	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC3	—	—	—	36	39	—	—	—	36	39	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC4	—	—	—	37	40	—	—	—	37	40	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC5	—	—	—	38	41	—	—	—	38	41	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC6	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	2	2	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC7	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	3	3	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC8	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	—	4	4	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
RC9	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	—	5	5	I/O	ST	PORTC Pins
REFO	18	26	23	15	16	18	26	23	15	16	O	—	Reference Clock Output
RTCC	—	25	22	14	15	—	25	22	14	15	O	—	Real-Time Clock/Calendar Output
SCK1	15	22	19	9	10	15	22	19	9	10	I/O	ST	MSSP1 SPI Clock
SDI1	17	21	18	8	9	17	21	18	8	9	I	ST	MSSP1 SPI Data Input
SDO1	16	24	21	11	12	16	24	21	11	12	O	—	MSSP1 SPI Data Output
$\overline{SS1}$	18	26	23	15	16	18	26	23	15	16	I	ST	MSSP1 SPI Slave Select Input
SCK2	—	14	11	38	41	—	14	11	38	41	I/O	ST	MSSP2 SPI Clock
SDI2	—	19	16	36	39	—	19	16	36	39	I	ST	MSSP2 SPI Data Input
SDO2	—	15	12	37	40	—	15	12	37	40	O	—	MSSP2 SPI Data Output
$\overline{SS2}$	—	23	20	35	38	—	23	20	35	38	I	ST	MSSP2 SPI Slave Select Input

Legend: ANA = Analog level input/output, ST = Schmitt Trigger input buffer, I^2C™ = I^2C/SMBus input buffer

TABLE 4-9: MCCP2 REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CCP2CON1L	164h	CCPON	—	CCPSIDL	r	TMRSYNC	CLKSEL2	CLKSEL1	CLKSEL0	TMRPS1	TMRPS0	T32	CCSEL	MOD3	MOD2	MOD1	MOD0	0000
CCP2CON1H	166h	OPSSRC	RTRGEN	—	—	IOPS3	IOPS2	IOPS1	IOPS0	TRIGEN	ONESHOT	ALTSYNC	SYNC4	SYNC3	SYNC2	SYNC1	SYNC0	0000
CCP2CON2L	168h	PWMRSEN	ASDGM	—	SSDG	—	—	—	—	ASDG7	ASDG6	ASDG5	ASDG4	ASDG3	ASDG2	ASDG1	ASDG0	0000
CCP2CON2H	16Ah	OENSYNC	—	OCFEN(1)	OCEEN(1)	OCDEN(1)	OCCEN(1)	OCBEN(1)	OCAEN	ICGSM1	ICGSM0	—	AUXOUT1	AUXOUT0	ICSEL2	ICSEL1	ICSEL0	0100
CCP2CON3L	16Ch	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		DT5	DT4	DT3	DT2	DT1	DT0	0000
CCP2CON3H	16Eh	OETRIG	OSCNT2	OSCNT1	OSCNT0	—	OUTM2(1)	OUTM1(1)	OUTM0(1)	—	—	POLACE	POLBDF(1)	PSSACE1	PSSACE0	PSSBDF1(1)	PSSBDF0(1)	0000
CCP2STATL	170h	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CCPTRIG	TRSET	TRCLR	ASEVT	SCEVT	ICDIS	ICOV	ICBNE	0000
CCP2TMRL	174h	MCCP2 Time Base Register Low Word																0000
CCP2TMRH	176h	MCCP2 Time Base Register High Word																0000
CCP2PRL	178h	MCCP2 Time Base Period Register Low Word																FFFF
CCP2PRH	17Ah	MCCP2 Time Base Period Register High Word																FFFF
CCP2RAL	17Ch	Output Compare 2 Data Word A																0000
CCP2RBL	180h	Output Compare 2 Data Word B																0000
CCP2BUFL	184h	Input Capture 2 Data Buffer Low Word																0000
CCP2BUFH	186h	Input Capture 2 Data Buffer High Word																0000

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, — = unimplemented, q = value depends on condition, r = reserved.

Note 1: These bits are available only on PIC24F(V)16KM2XX devices.

TABLE 4-11: SCCP4 REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr.	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CCP4CON1L(1)	1ACh	CCPON	—	CCPSIDL	r	TMRSYNC	CLKSEL2	CLKSEL1	CLKSEL0	TMRPS1	TMRPS0	T32	CCSEL	MOD3	MOD2	MOD1	MOD0	0000
CCP4CON1H(1)	1AEh	OPSSRC	RTRGEN	—	—	IOPS3	IOPS2	IOPS1	IOPS0	TRIGEN	ONESHOT	ALTSYNC	SYNC4	SYNC3	SYNC2	SYNC1	SYNC0	0000
CCP4CON2L(1)	1B0h	PWMRSEN	ASDGM	—	SSDG	—	—	—	—	ASDG7	ASDG6	ASDG5	ASDG4	ASDG3	ASDG2	ASDG1	ASDG0	0000
CCP4CON2H(1)	1B2h	OENSYNC	—	—	—	—	—	—	OCAEN	ICGSM1	ICGSM0	—	AUXOUT1	AUXOUT0	ICSEL2	ICSEL1	ICSEL0	0100
CCP4CON3H(1)	1B6h	OETRIG	OSCNT2	OSCNT1	OSCNT0	—	—	—	—	—	—	POLACE	—	PSSACE1	PSSACE0	—	—	0000
CCP4STATL(1)	1B8h	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CCPTRIG	TRSET	TRCLR	ASEVT	SCEVT	ICDIS	ICOV	ICBNE	0000
CCP4TMRL(1)	1BCh	SCCP4 Time Base Register Low Word																0000
CCP4TMRH(1)	1BEh	SCCP4 Time Base Register High Word																0000
CCP4PRL(1)	1C0h	SCCP4 Time Base Period Register Low Word																FFFF
CCP4PRH(1)	1C2h	SCCP4 Time Base Period Register High Word																FFFF
CCP4RAL(1)	1C4h	Output Compare 4 Data Word A																0000
CCP4RBL(1)	1C8h	Output Compare 4 Data Word B																0000
CCP4BUFL(1)	1CCh	Input Capture 4 Data Buffer Low Word																0000
CCP4BUFH(1)	1CEh	Input Capture 4 Data Buffer High Word																0000

Legend: x = unknown, u = unchanged, — = unimplemented, q = value depends on condition, r = reserved.
Note 1: These registers are available only on PIC24F(V)16KM2XX devices.

EXAMPLE 5-5: INITIATING A PROGRAMMING SEQUENCE – ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE CODE

```
        DISI    #5                      ; Block all interrupts
                                          for next 5 instructions
        MOV     #0x55, W0
        MOV     W0, NVMKEY              ; Write the 55 key
        MOV     #0xAA, W1               ;
        MOV     W1, NVMKEY              ; Write the AA key
        BSET    NVMCON, #WR             ; Start the erase sequence
        NOP                             ; 2 NOPs required after setting WR
        NOP                             ;
        BTSC    NVMCON, #15             ; Wait for the sequence to be completed
        BRA     $-2                     ;
```

EXAMPLE 5-6: INITIATING A PROGRAMMING SEQUENCE – 'C' LANGUAGE CODE

```
// C example using MPLAB C30

asm("DISI #5");               // Block all interrupts for next 5 instructions

__builtin_write_NVM();        // Perform unlock sequence and set WR
```

7.1 Clock Source Selection at Reset

If clock switching is enabled, the system clock source at device Reset is chosen, as shown in Table 7-2. If clock switching is disabled, the system clock source is always selected according to the Oscillator Configuration bits. For more information, see **Section 9.0 "Oscillator Configuration"**.

TABLE 7-2: OSCILLATOR SELECTION vs. TYPE OF RESET (CLOCK SWITCHING ENABLED)

Reset Type	Clock Source Determinant
POR	FNOSC<2:0> Configuration bits (FOSCSEL<2:0>)
BOR	
$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$	COSC<2:0> Control bits (OSCCON<14:12>)
WDTO	
SWR	

7.2 Device Reset Times

The Reset times for various types of device Reset are summarized in Table 7-3. Note that the system Reset signal, $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$, is released after the POR and PWRT delay times expire.

The time at which the device actually begins to execute code will also depend on the system oscillator delays, which include the Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST) and the PLL lock time. The OST and PLL lock times occur in parallel with the applicable $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$ delay times.

The FSCM delay determines the time at which the FSCM begins to monitor the system clock source after the $\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$ signal is released.

TABLE 7-3: RESET DELAY TIMES FOR VARIOUS DEVICE RESETS

Reset Type	Clock Source	$\overline{\text{SYSRST}}$ Delay	System Clock Delay	Notes
POR(6)	EC	TPOR + TPWRT	—	1, 2
	FRC, FRCDIV	TPOR + TPWRT	TFRC	1, 2, 3
	LPRC	TPOR + TPWRT	TLPRC	1, 2, 3
	ECPLL	TPOR + TPWRT	TLOCK	1, 2, 4
	FRCPLL	TPOR + TPWRT	TFRC + TLOCK	1, 2, 3, 4
	XT, HS, SOSC	TPOR+ TPWRT	TOST	1, 2, 5
	XTPLL, HSPLL	TPOR + TPWRT	TOST + TLOCK	1, 2, 4, 5
BOR	EC	TPWRT	—	2
	FRC, FRCDIV	TPWRT	TFRC	2, 3
	LPRC	TPWRT	TLPRC	2, 3
	ECPLL	TPWRT	TLOCK	2, 4
	FRCPLL	TPWRT	TFRC + TLOCK	2, 3, 4
	XT, HS, SOSC	TPWRT	TOST	2, 5
	XTPLL, HSPLL	TPWRT	TFRC + TLOCK	2, 3, 4
All Others	Any Clock	—	—	None

Note 1: TPOR = Power-on Reset delay.

2: TPWRT = 64 ms nominal if the Power-up Timer is enabled; otherwise, it is zero.

3: TFRC and TLPRC = RC Oscillator start-up times.

4: TLOCK = PLL Lock time.

5: TOST = Oscillator Start-up Timer (OST). A 10-bit counter waits 1024 oscillator periods before releasing the oscillator clock to the system.

6: If Two-Speed Start-up is enabled, regardless of the Primary Oscillator selected, the device starts with FRC, and in such cases, FRC start-up time is valid.

Note: For detailed operating frequency and timing specifications, see **Section 27.0 "Electrical Characteristics"**.

REGISTER 8-9: IFS4: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 4

R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS
DAC2IF	DAC1IF	CTMUIF	—	—	—	—	HLVDIF
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0, HS	R/W-0, HS	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	U2ERIF	U1ERIF	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	HS = Hardware Settable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **DAC2IF:** Digital-to-Analog Converter 2 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 14 **DAC1IF:** Digital-to-Analog Converter 1 Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 13 **CTMUIF:** CTMU Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 12-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 **HLVDIF:** High/Low-Voltage Detect Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 2 **U2ERIF:** UART2 Error Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 1 **U1ERIF:** UART1 Error Interrupt Flag Status bit
1 = Interrupt request has occurred
0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 8-23: IPC4: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 4

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	CNIP2	CNIP1	CNIP0	—	CMIP2	CMIP1	CMIP0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	BCL1IP2	BCL1IP1	BCL1IP0	—	SSP1IP2	SSP1IP1	SSP1IP0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as ‘0’	
-n = Value at POR	‘1’ = Bit is set	‘0’ = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 14-12 **CNIP<2:0>:** Input Change Notification Interrupt Priority bits
111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
•
•
•
001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 10-8 **CMIP<2:0>:** Comparator Interrupt Priority bits
111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
•
•
•
001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 6-4 **BCL1IP<2:0>:** MSSP1 I^2C™ Bus Collision Interrupt Priority bits
111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
•
•
•
001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as ‘0’

bit 2-0 **SSP1IP<2:0>:** MSSP1 SPI/I^2C Event Interrupt Priority bits
111 = Interrupt is Priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
•
•
•
001 = Interrupt is Priority 1
000 = Interrupt source is disabled

10.0 POWER-SAVING FEATURES

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of this group of PIC24F devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. For more information, refer to the *"PIC24F Family Reference Manual"*, **"Power-Saving Features with VBAT"** (DS30622).

This FRM describes some features which are not implemented in this device. Sections related to the VBAT pin and Deep Sleep do not apply to the PIC24FV16KM204 family.

The PIC24FV16KM204 family of devices provides the ability to manage power consumption by selectively managing clocking to the CPU and the peripherals. In general, a lower clock frequency and a reduction in the number of circuits being clocked constitutes lower consumed power. All PIC24F devices manage power consumption in four different ways:

- Clock Frequency
- Instruction-Based Sleep and Idle modes
- Software Controlled Doze mode
- Selective Peripheral Control in Software

Combinations of these methods can be used to selectively tailor an application's power consumption, while still maintaining critical application features, such as timing-sensitive communications.

10.1 Clock Frequency and Clock Switching

PIC24F devices allow for a wide range of clock frequencies to be selected under application control. If the system clock configuration is not locked, users can choose low-power or high-precision oscillators by simply changing the NOSCx bits. The process of changing a system clock during operation, as well as limitations to the process, are discussed in more detail in **Section 9.0 "Oscillator Configuration"**.

10.2 Instruction-Based Power-Saving Modes

PIC24F devices have two special power-saving modes that are entered through the execution of a special PWRSAV instruction. Sleep mode stops clock operation and halts all code execution; Idle mode halts the CPU and code execution, but allows peripheral modules to continue operation.

The 'C' syntax of the PWRSAV instruction is shown in Example 10-1.

Note: SLEEP_MODE and IDLE_MODE are constants defined in the assembler include file for the selected device.

Sleep and Idle modes can be exited as a result of an enabled interrupt, WDT time-out or a device Reset. When the device exits these modes, it is said to "wake-up".

10.2.1 SLEEP MODE

Sleep mode includes these features:

- The system clock source is shut down. If an on-chip oscillator is used, it is turned off.
- The device current consumption will be reduced to a minimum provided that no I/O pin is sourcing current.
- The I/O pin directions and states are frozen.
- The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor does not operate during Sleep mode since the system clock source is disabled.
- The LPRC clock will continue to run in Sleep mode if the WDT or RTCC with LPRC as the clock source is enabled.
- The WDT, if enabled, is automatically cleared prior to entering Sleep mode.
- Some device features or peripherals may continue to operate in Sleep mode. This includes items, such as the Input Change Notification on the I/O ports or peripherals that use an External Clock input. Any peripheral that requires the system clock source for its operation will be disabled in Sleep mode.

The device will wake-up from Sleep mode on any of these events:

- On any interrupt source that is individually enabled
- On any form of device Reset
- On a WDT time-out

On wake-up from Sleep, the processor will restart with the same clock source that was active when Sleep mode was entered.

EXAMPLE 10-1: 'C' POWER-SAVING ENTRY

```
Sleep();              //Put the device into Sleep mode
Idle();               //Put the device into Idle mode
```

REGISTER 13-6: CCPxCON3H: CCPx CONTROL 3 HIGH REGISTERS

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
OETRIG	OSCNT2	OSCNT1	OSCNT0	—	OUTM2(1)	OUTM1(1)	OUTM0(1)
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	POLACE	POLBDF(1)	PSSACE1	PSSACE0	PSSBDF1(1)	PSSBDF0(1)
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **OETRIG:** CCPx Dead-Time Select bit
1 = For Triggered mode (TRIGEN = 1): Module does not drive enabled output pins until triggered
0 = Normal output pin operation

bit 14-12 **OSCNT<2:0>:** One-Shot Event Count bits
111 = Extend one-shot event by 7 time base periods (8 time base periods total)
110 = Extend one-shot event by 6 time base periods (7 time base periods total)
101 = Extend one-shot event by 5 time base periods (6 time base periods total)
100 = Extend one-shot event by 4 time base periods (5 time base periods total)
011 = Extend one-shot event by 3 time base periods (4 time base periods total)
010 = Extend one-shot event by 2 time base periods (3 time base periods total)
001 = Extend one-shot event by 1 time base period (2 time base periods total)
000 = Do not extend one-shot Trigger event

bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **OUTM<2:0>:** PWMx Output Mode Control bits(1)
111 = Reserved
110 = Output Scan mode
101 = Brush DC Output mode, forward
100 = Brush DC Output mode, reverse
011 = Reserved
010 = Half-Bridge Output mode
001 = Push-Pull Output mode
000 = Steerable Single Output mode

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5 **POLACE:** CCPx Output Pins, OCxA, OCxC and OCxE, Polarity Control bit
1 = Output pin polarity is active-low
0 = Output pin polarity is active-high

bit 4 **POLBDF:** CCPx Output Pins, OCxB, OCxD and OCxF, Polarity Control bit(1)
1 = Output pin polarity is active-low
0 = Output pin polarity is active-high

bit 3-2 **PSSACE<1:0>:** PWMx Output Pins, OCxA, OCxC and OCxE, Shutdown State Control bits
11 = Pins are driven active when a shutdown event occurs
10 = Pins are driven inactive when a shutdown event occurs
0x = Pins are tri-stated when a shutdown event occurs

bit 1-0 **PSSBDF<1:0>:** PWMx Output Pins, OCxB, OCxD, and OCxF, Shutdown State Control bits(1)
11 = Pins are driven active when a shutdown event occurs
10 = Pins are driven inactive when a shutdown event occurs
0x = Pins are in a high-impedance state when a shutdown event occurs

Note 1: These bits are implemented in MCCPx modules only.

REGISTER 16-6: WKDYHR: WEEKDAY AND HOURS VALUE REGISTER(1)

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	—	—	—	WDAY2	WDAY1	WDAY0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	—	HRTEN1	HRTEN0	HRONE3	HRONE2	HRONE1	HRONE0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **WDAY<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Weekday Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 6.

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-4 **HRTEN<1:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Hour's Tens Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 2.

bit 3-0 **HRONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Hour's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

Note 1: A write to this register is only allowed when RTCWREN = 1.

REGISTER 16-7: MINSEC: MINUTES AND SECONDS VALUE REGISTER

U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	MINTEN2	MINTEN1	MINTEN0	MINONE3	MINONE2	MINONE1	MINONE0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	SECTEN2	SECTEN1	SECTEN0	SECONE3	SECONE2	SECONE1	SECONE0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **MINTEN<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Minute's Tens Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 5.

bit 11-8 **MINONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Minute's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 6-4 **SECTEN<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Second's Tens Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 5.

bit 3-0 **SECONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Second's Ones Digit bits
Contains a value from 0 to 9.

REGISTER 19-7: AD1CHITL: A/D SCAN COMPARE HIT REGISTER (LOW WORD)(1)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CHH15	CHH14	CHH13	CHH12	CHH11	CHH10	CHH9	CHH8(2,3)
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CHH7(2,3)	CHH6(2,3)	CHH5(2)	CHH4	CHH3	CHH2	CHH1	CHH0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **CHH<15:0>:** A/D Compare Hit bits(2,3)

If CM<1:0> = 11:
1 = A/D Result Buffer x has been written with data or a match has occurred
0 = A/D Result Buffer x has not been written with data

For All Other Values of CM<1:0>:
1 = A match has occurred on A/D Result Channel x
0 = No match has occurred on A/D Result Channel x

Note 1: Unimplemented channels are read as '0'.
2: The CHH<8:5> bits are not implemented in 20-pin devices.
3: The CHH<8:6> bits are not implemented in 28-pin devices.

TABLE 27-15: INTERNAL VOLTAGE REGULATOR SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Conditions: -40°C < TA < +85°C (unless otherwise stated) -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended							
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristics**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Units**	**Comments**
	VBG	Band Gap Reference Voltage	0.973	1.024	1.075	V	VDD > 4.5V for 4*VBG reference VDD > 2.3V for 2*VBG reference
	TBG	Band Gap Reference Start-up Time	—	1	—	ms	
	VRGOUT	Regulator Output Voltage	3.1	3.3	3.6	V	
	CEFC	External Filter Capacitor Value	4.7	10	—	μF	Series resistance < 3 Ohm recommended; < 5 Ohm is required.
	VLVR	Low-Voltage Regulator Output Voltage	—	2.6	—	V	

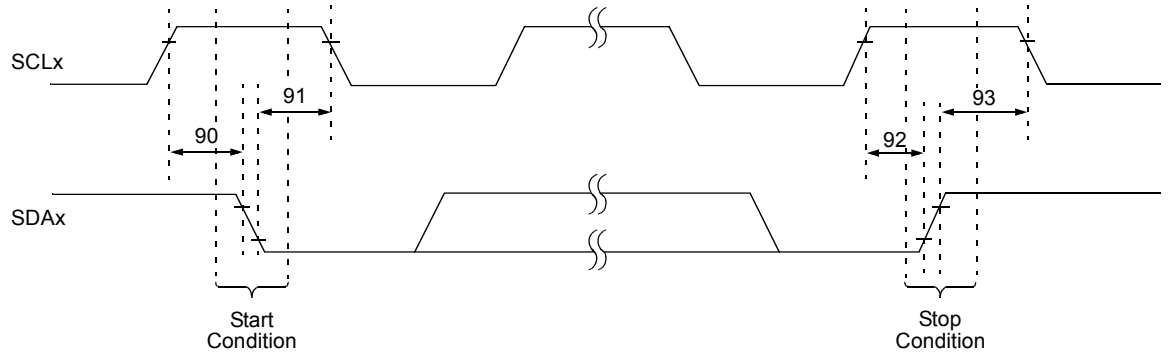
TABLE 27-16: CTMU CURRENT SOURCE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			**Standard Operating Conditions: 1.8V to 3.6V (PIC24F16KM204)** **2.0V to 5.5V (PIC24FV16KM204)** Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended					
Param No.	**Sym**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ(1)**	**Max**	**Units**	**Comments**	**Conditions**
	IOUT1	CTMU Current Source, Base Range	—	550	—	nA	CTMUCON1L<1:0> = 01	2.5V < VDD < VDDMAX
	IOUT2	CTMU Current Source, 10x Range	—	5.5	—	μA	CTMUCON1L<1:0> = 10	
	IOUT3	CTMU Current Source, 100x Range	—	55	—	μA	CTMUCON1L<1:0> = 11	
	IOUT4	CTMU Current Source, 1000x Range	—	550	—	μA	CTMUCON1L<1:0> = 00 **(Note 2)**	
	VF	Temperature Diode Forward Voltage	—	.76	—	V		
	VΔ	Voltage Change per Degree Celsius	—	1.6	—	mV/°C		

Note 1: Nominal value at the center point of the current trim range (CTMUCON1L<7:2> = 000000). On PIC24F16KM parts, the current output is limited to the typical current value when IOUT4 is chosen.

2: Do not use this current range with a temperature sensing diode.

FIGURE 27-15: I²C™ BUS START/STOP BITS TIMING

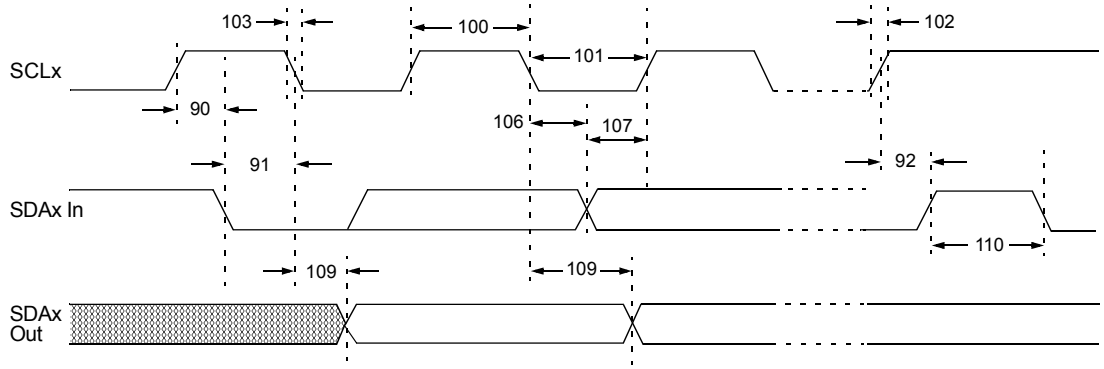


Note: Refer to Figure 27-5 for load conditions.

TABLE 27-33: I²C™ BUS START/STOP BITS REQUIREMENTS (SLAVE MODE)

Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristic		Min	Max	Units	Conditions
90	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	4700	—	ns	Only relevant for Repeated Start condition
			400 kHz mode	600	—		
91	THD:STA	Start Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	4000	—	ns	After this period, the first clock pulse is generated
			400 kHz mode	600	—		
92	TSU:STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	4700	—	ns	
			400 kHz mode	600	—		
93	THD:STO	Stop Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	4000	—	ns	
			400 kHz mode	600	—		

FIGURE 27-16: I²C™ BUS DATA TIMING



Note: Refer to Figure 27-5 for load conditions.

TABLE 27-37: A/D MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

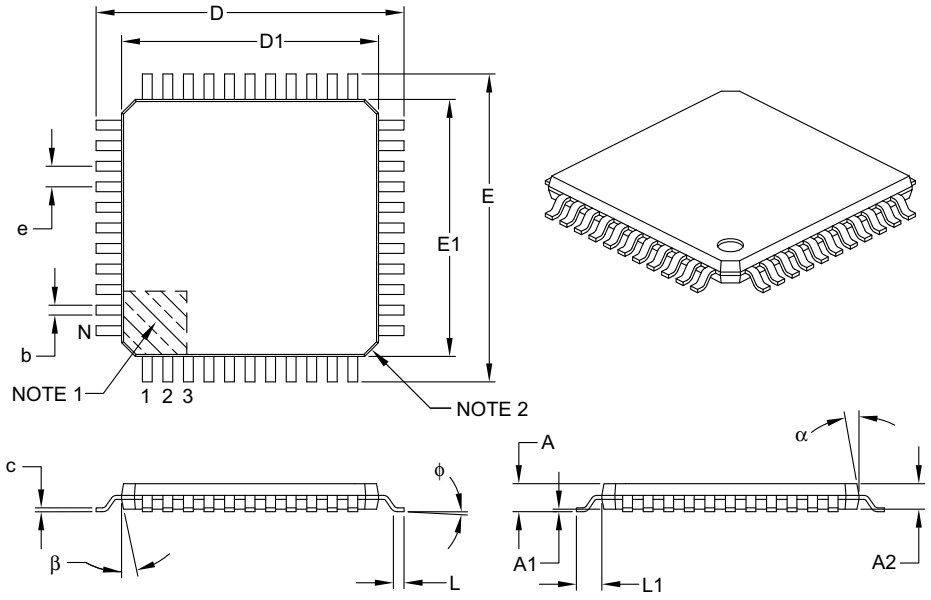
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 1.8V to 3.6V (PIC24F16KM204) 2.0V to 5.5V (PIC24FV16KM204) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Min.**	**Typ**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
Device Supply							
AD01	AVDD	Module VDD Supply	Greater of: VDD – 0.3 or 1.8	—	Lesser of: VDD + 0.3 or 3.6	V	PIC24FXXKMXXX devices
			Greater of: VDD – 0.3 or 2.0	—	Lesser of: VDD + 0.3 or 5.5	V	PIC24FVXXKMXXX devices
AD02	AVSS	Module VSS Supply	VSS – 0.3	—	VSS + 0.3	V	
Reference Inputs							
AD05	VREFH	Reference Voltage High	AVSS + 1.7	—	AVDD	V	
AD06	VREFL	Reference Voltage Low	AVSS	—	AVDD – 1.7	V	
AD07	VREF	Absolute Reference Voltage	AVSS – 0.3	—	AVDD + 0.3	V	
AD08	IVREF	Reference Voltage Input Current	—	1.25	—	mA	
AD09	ZVREF	Reference Input Impedance	—	10k	—	Ω	
Analog Input							
AD10	VINH-VINL	Full-Scale Input Span	VREFL	—	VREFH	V	**(Note 2)**
AD11	VIN	Absolute Input Voltage	AVSS – 0.3	—	AVDD + 0.3	V	
AD12	VINL	Absolute VINL Input Voltage	AVSS – 0.3	—	AVDD/2	V	
AD17	RIN	Recommended Impedance of Analog Voltage Source	—	—	1k	Ω	12-bit
A/D Accuracy							
AD20b	NR	Resolution	—	12	—	bits	
AD21b	INL	Integral Nonlinearity	—	±1	±9	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 5V
AD22b	DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	—	±1	±5	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 5V
AD23b	GERR	Gain Error	—	±1	±9	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 5V
AD24b	EOFF	Offset Error	—	±1	±5	LSb	VINL = AVSS = VREFL = 0V, AVDD = VREFH = 5V
AD25b		Monotonicity(1)	—	—	—	—	Guaranteed

Note 1: The A/D conversion result never decreases with an increase in the input voltage.

2: Measurements are taken with external VREF+ and VREF- used as the A/D voltage reference.

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N		44	
Lead Pitch	e		0.80 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E		12.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		12.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		10.00 BSC	
Molded Package Length	D1		10.00 BSC	
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.30	0.37	0.45
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
3. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-076B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (February 2013)

Original data sheet for the PIC24FV16KM204 family of devices.

Revision B (July 2013)

Updates all references to PGCx and PGDx pin functions throughout the document to PGECx and PGEDx.

Updates **Section 4.0 "Memory Organization"** to change bit 12 in the following registers to reserved ("r" designation):

- CCP1CON1L (Table 4-8)
- CCP2CON1L (Table 4-9)
- CCP3CON1L (Table 4-10)
- CCP4CON1L (Table 4-11)
- CCP5CON1L (Table 4-12)

Updates **Section 13.0 "Capture/Compare/PWM/ Timer Modules (MCCP and SCCP)"**:

- Replaces bit 12 of CCPxCON1L (CCPSLP) and its description with a reserved bit
- Removes references to asynchronous operation in Sleep mode (and in other occurrences throughout the document)
- Modifies **Section 13.1 "Time Base Generator"** to add synchronous operation limitations; adds Table 13-1 to list valid clock options for all operating modes
- Removes the system clock as a time base input option
- Removes external input sources, comparators and CTMU as synchronization sources in Table 13-6; clarifies that other selected sources must be synchronous

Removes the input buffer from the band gap reference input in Figure 20-1.

Adds BUFCON0 register description (Register 20-2) to **Section 20.0 "8-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)"**.

Changes references to internal band gap voltages (V_{BG}, $V_{BG}/2$ and BGBUF0) in **Section 20.0 "8-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)"** and **Section 22.0 "Comparator Module"** to BGBUF1.

Adds minimum V_{DD} conditions for V_{BG} specification in Table 27-15 (Internal Voltage Regulator Specifications).

Other minor typographical corrections throughout the document.