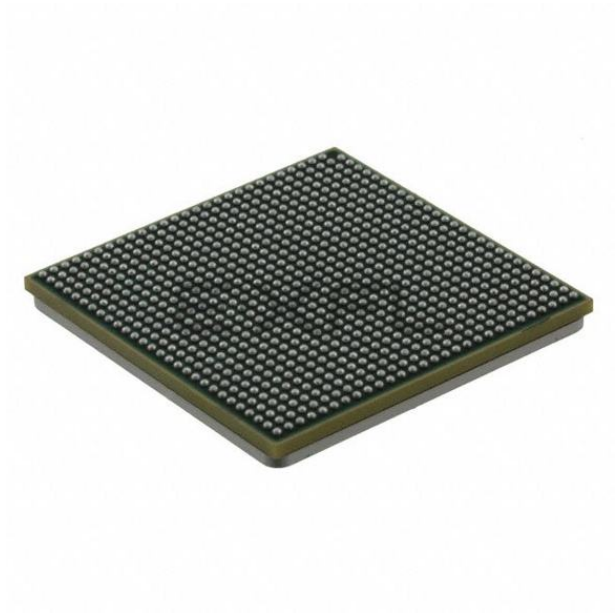


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - DSP (Digital Signal Processors)

Embedded - DSP (Digital Signal Processors) are specialized microprocessors designed to perform complex mathematical computations on digital signals in real-time. Unlike general-purpose processors, DSPs are optimized for high-speed numeric processing tasks, making them ideal for applications that require efficient and precise manipulation of digital data. These processors are fundamental in converting and processing signals in various forms, including audio, video, and communication signals, ensuring that data is accurately interpreted and utilized in embedded systems.

Applications of Embedded - DSP (Digital Signal Processors)

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Type	SC3400 Core
Interface	Ethernet, I²C, SPI, TDM, UART, UTOPIA
Clock Rate	800MHz
Non-Volatile Memory	External
On-Chip RAM	10.5MB
Voltage - I/O	3.30V
Voltage - Core	1.00V
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TJ)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	783-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	783-FCPBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/msc8144etvt800b

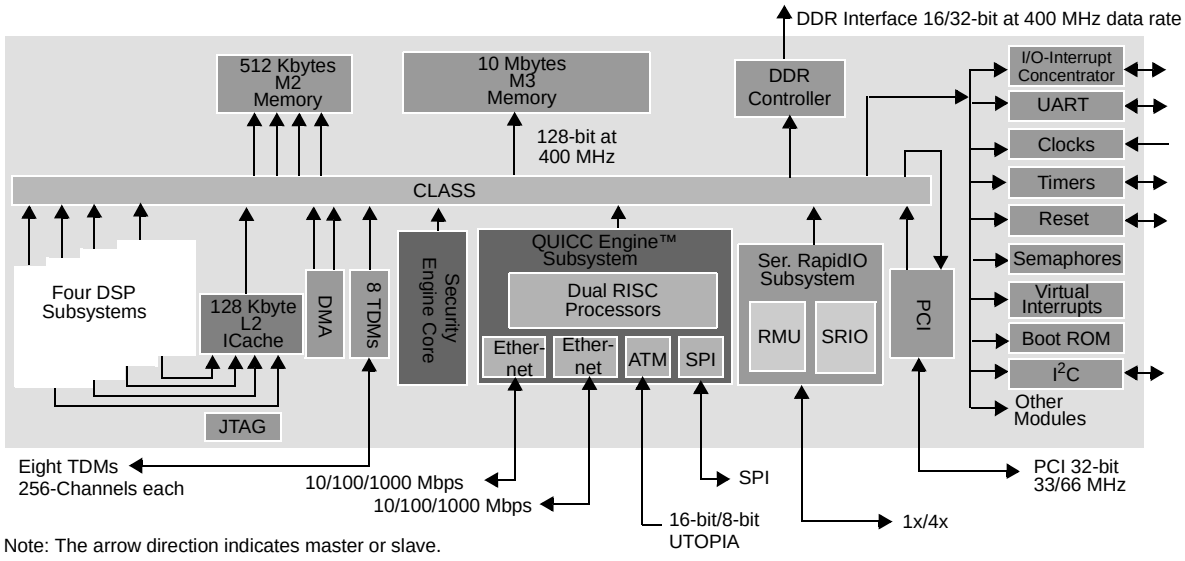


Figure 1. MSC8144E Block Diagram

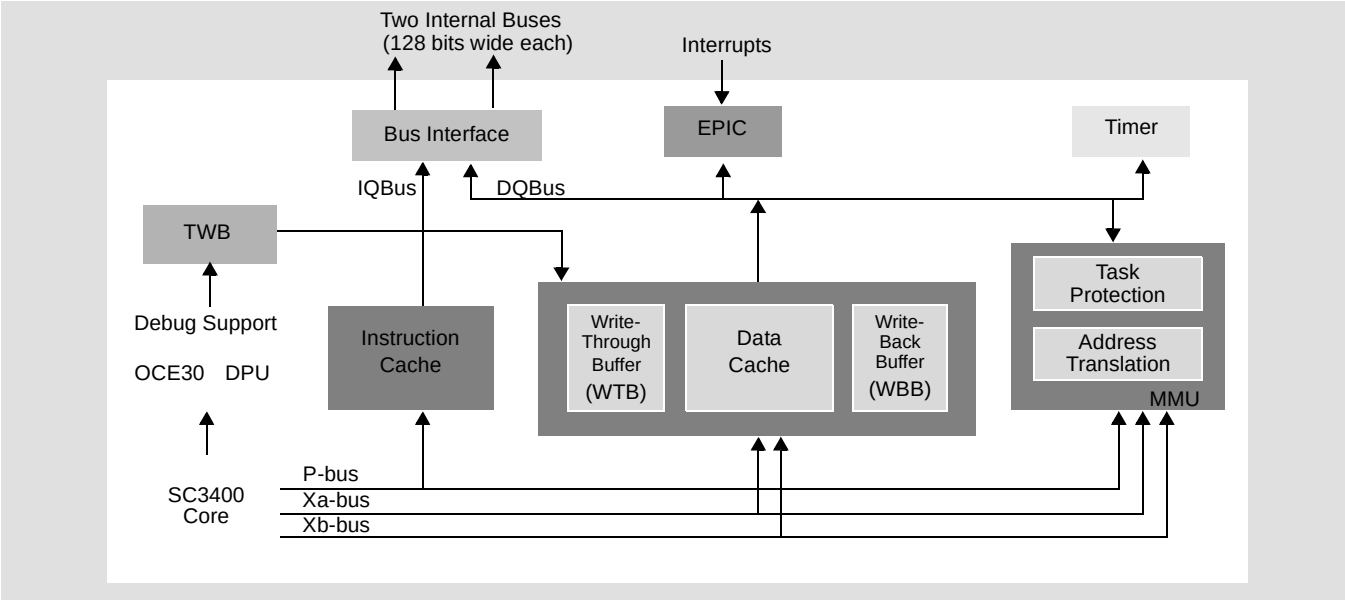


Figure 2. StarCore SC3400 DSP Core Subsystem Block Diagram

Table 1. Signal List by Ball Number (continued)

Ball Number	Signal Name	Power-On Reset Value	I/O Multiplexing Mode[2]								Ref. Supply
			0 (000)	1 (001)	2 (010)	3 (011)	4 (100)	5 (101)	6 (110)	7 (111)	
B10	Reserved[1]										—
B11	Reserved[1]										—
B12	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_RXD0}}$										V_{DDSXC}
B13	GND_{SXC}										GND_{SXC}
B14	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_RXD1}}$										V_{DDSXC}
B15	GND_{SXC}										GND_{SXC}
B16	SRIO_REF_CLK										V_{DDSXC}
B17	Reserved[1]										—
B18	V_{DDSXC}										V_{DDSXC}
B19	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_RXD2}}$/ $\overline{\text{GE1\_SGMII\_RX}}$		SGMII support on SERDES is enabled by Reset Configuration Word								V_{DDSXC}
B20	GND_{SXC}										GND_{SXC}
B21	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_RXD3}}$/ $\overline{\text{GE2\_SGMII\_RX}}$		SGMII support on SERDES is enabled by Reset Configuration Word								V_{DDSXC}
B22	GND_{SXC}										GND_{SXC}
B23	GND_{SXP}										GND_{SXP}
B24	MDQ27										V_{DDDDR}
B25	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
B26	GND										GND
B27	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
B28	MDQS3										V_{DDDDR}
C1	Reserved[1]										—
C2	GE2_RX_CLK/PCI_AD29		Ethernet 2				PCI	Ethernet 2			V_{DDGE2}
C3	V_{DDGE2}										V_{DDGE2}
C4	TDM7RSYN/GE2_TD2/ PCI_AD2/UTP_TER		TDM		PCI			Ethernet 2		UTOPIA	V_{DDGE2}
C5	TDM7RCLK/GE2_RD2/ PCI_AD0/UTP_RVL		TDM		PCI			Ethernet 2		UTOPIA	V_{DDGE2}
C6	V_{DDGE2}										V_{DDGE2}
C7	GE2_RD0/PCI_AD27		Ethernet 2				PCI	Ethernet 2			V_{DDGE2}
C8	Reserved[1]										—
C9	Reserved[1]										—
C10	Reserved[1]										—
C11	Reserved[1]										—
C12	V_{DDSXP}										V_{DDSXP}
C13	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_TXD0}}$										V_{DDSXP}
C14	V_{DDSXP}										V_{DDSXP}
C15	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_TXD1}}$										V_{DDSXP}
C16	GND_{SXC}										GND_{SXC}
C17	GND_{RIOPLL}										GND_{RIOPLL}
C18	Reserved[1]										—
C19	V_{DDSXP}										V_{DDSXP}
C20	$\overline{\text{SRIO\_TXD2}}$/$\overline{\text{GE1\_SGMII\_TX}}$		SGMII support on SERDES is enabled by Reset Configuration Word								V_{DDSXP}

Table 1. Signal List by Ball Number (continued)

Ball Number	Signal Name	Power-On Reset Value	I/O Multiplexing Mode[2]								Ref. Supply
			0 (000)	1 (001)	2 (010)	3 (011)	4 (100)	5 (101)	6 (110)	7 (111)	
K23	MBA2										V_{DDDDR}
K24	MA10										V_{DDDDR}
K25	MA12										V_{DDDDR}
K26	MA14										V_{DDDDR}
K27	MA4										V_{DDDDR}
K28	MV_{REF}										V_{DDDDR}
L1	Reserved[1]										—
L2	CLKOUT										V_{DDIO}
L3	TMR1/UTP_IR/$\overline{\text{PCI\_CBE3}}$/ GPIO17[3, 6]		UTOPIA		TMR/ GPIO	UTOPIA	PCI	UTOPIA			V_{DDIO}
L4	TMR4/PCI_PAR/GPIO20[3, 6]/ UTP_REOP		TIMER/GPIO				PCI	TIMER/GPIO			V_{DDIO}
L5	GND										GND
L6	TMR2/$\overline{\text{PCI\_FRAME}}$/ GPIO18[3, 6]		TIMER/GPIO				PCI	TIMER/GPIO		UTOPIA	V_{DDIO}
L7	SCL/GPIO26[3, 4, 6]		I^2C/GPIO								V_{DDIO}
L8	UTXD/GPIO15/$\overline{\text{IRQ9}}$[3, 6]		UART/GPIO/IRQ								V_{DDIO}
L9	GND										GND
L10	V_{DD}										V_{DD}
L11	GND										GND
L12	V_{DD}										V_{DD}
L13	GND										GND
L14	V_{DD}										V_{DD}
L15	Reserved[1]										GND
L16	V_{DD}										V_{DD}
L17	GND										GND
L18	V_{DD}										V_{DD}
L19	GND										GND
L20	V_{DD}										V_{DD}
L21	GND										GND
L22	GND										GND
L23	MCKE1										V_{DDDDR}
L24	MA1										V_{DDDDR}
L25	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
L26	GND										GND
L27	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
L28	$\overline{\text{MCK1}}$										V_{DDDDR}
M1	Reserved[1]										—
M2	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$										V_{DDIO}
M3	EE0										V_{DDIO}
M4	EE1										V_{DDIO}
M5	UTP_RCLK/PCI_AD13		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
M6	UTP_RADDR0/PCI_AD7		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
M7	UTP_TD8/PCI_AD30		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}

Table 1. Signal List by Ball Number (continued)

Ball Number	Signal Name	Power-On Reset Value	I/O Multiplexing Mode[2]								Ref. Supply
			0 (000)	1 (001)	2 (010)	3 (011)	4 (100)	5 (101)	6 (110)	7 (111)	
V8	V_{DDIO}										V_{DDIO}
V9	Reserved[1]										V_{DDIO}
V10	GND										GND
V11	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
V12	GND										GND
V13	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
V14	GND										GND
V15	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
V16	GND										GND
V17	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
V18	GND										GND
V19	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
V20	GND										GND
V21	GND										GND
V22	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
V23	MDQ2										V_{DDDDR}
V24	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
V25	MDQ6										V_{DDDDR}
V26	GND										GND
V27	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
V28	MDQS0										V_{DDDDR}
W1	Reserved[1]										—
W2	UTP_TD12/$\overline{\text{PCI\_CBE2}}$		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
W3	UTP_TD11/$\overline{\text{PCI\_CBE1}}$		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
W4	V_{DDIO}										V_{DDIO}
W5	GND										GND
W6	UTP_TD15/$\overline{\text{PCI\_IRDY}}$		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
W7	UTP_TD0/$\overline{\text{PCI\_SERR}}$		UTOPIA		PCI		UTOPIA				V_{DDIO}
W8	UTP_RSOC/PCI_AD22		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
W9	Reserved[1]										V_{DDIO}
W10	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
W11	GND										GND
W12	V_{25M3}										V_{25M3}
W13	GND										GND
W14	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
W15	V_{25M3}										V_{25M3}
W16	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
W17	GND										GND
W18	V_{25M3}										V_{25M3}
W19	GND										GND
W20	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
W21	GND										GND
W22	GND										GND

Table 1. Signal List by Ball Number (continued)

Ball Number	Signal Name	Power-On Reset Value	I/O Multiplexing Mode[2]								Ref. Supply
			0 (000)	1 (001)	2 (010)	3 (011)	4 (100)	5 (101)	6 (110)	7 (111)	
W23	MDQ10										V_{DDDDR}
W24	GND										GND
W25	MDQ11										V_{DDDDR}
W26	MDM0										V_{DDDDR}
W27	GND										GND
W28	$\overline{\text{MDQS0}}$										V_{DDDDR}
Y1	Reserved[1]										-
Y2	UTP_TD14/$\overline{\text{PCI\_FRAME}}$		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
Y3	TDM5TSYN/PCI_AD18/ GPIO12[3, 6]		TDM/GPIO			PCI		TDM/GPIO			V_{DDIO}
Y4	TDM5TCLK/PCI_AD16		TDM			PCI		TDM			V_{DDIO}
Y5	TDM4RCLK/PCI_AD7		TDM			PCI		TDM			V_{DDIO}
Y6	TDM4TSYN/PCI_AD12		TDM			PCI		TDM			V_{DDIO}
Y7	UTP_TPRTY/RC14	RC14	UTOPIA								V_{DDIO}
Y8	$\overline{\text{UTP\_TEN}}$/PCI_PAR		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
Y9	Reserved[1]										V_{DDIO}
Y10	GND										GND
Y11	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
Y12	GND										GND
Y13	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
Y14	GND										GND
Y15	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
Y16	GND										GND
Y17	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
Y18	GND										GND
Y19	V_{DDM3}										V_{DDM3}
Y20	GND										GND
Y21	GND										GND
Y22	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
Y23	MDQ13										V_{DDDDR}
Y24	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
Y25	GND										GND
Y26	MDQ9										V_{DDDDR}
Y27	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
Y28	MDQ8										V_{DDDDR}
AA1	Reserved[1]										—
AA2	UTP_TD13/$\overline{\text{PCI\_CBE3}}$		UTOPIA		PCI	UTOPIA					V_{DDIO}
AA3	TDM5RSYN/PCI_AD15/ GPIO10[3, 6]		TDM/GPIO			PCI		TDM/GPIO			V_{DDIO}
AA4	TDM5TDAT, AT/PCI_AD17/ GPIO11[6]		TDM/GPIO			PCI		TDM/GPIO			V_{DDIO}
AA5	TDM5RCLK/PCI_AD13/ GPIO28[3, 6]		TDM/GPIO			PCI		TDM/GPIO			V_{DDIO}
AA6	GND										GND

Table 1. Signal List by Ball Number (continued)

Ball Number	Signal Name	Power-On Reset Value	I/O Multiplexing Mode[2]								Ref. Supply
			0 (000)	1 (001)	2 (010)	3 (011)	4 (100)	5 (101)	6 (110)	7 (111)	
AE19	GND										GND
AE20	V_{DDM3IO}										V_{DDM3IO}
AE21	Reserved[1]										—
AE22	GND										GND
AE23	GND										GND
AE24	GND										GND
AE25	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
AE26	GND										GND
AE27	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
AE28	GND										GND
AF1	Reserved[1]										—
AF2	V_{DDIO}										V_{DDIO}
AF3	GND										GND
AF4	TDM0RDAT/ RCFG_CLKIN_RNG	RCFG_ CLKIN_ RNG	TDM								V_{DDIO}
AF5	TDM0TSYN/RCW_SRC2	RCW_ SRC2	TDM								V_{DDIO}
AF6	TDM1RDAT/RC0	RC0	TDM								V_{DDIO}
AF7	V_{DDIO}										V_{DDIO}
AF8	GND										GND
AF9	TDM2RDAT/RC4	RC4	TDM								V_{DDIO}
AF10	TDM2TCLK		TDM								V_{DDIO}
AF11	GPIO22/$\overline{IRQ4}$[3, 6]/SPIMOSI		GPIO/IRQ/SPI								V_{DDIO}
AF12	GND										GND
AF13	GND										GND
AF14	V_{DDM3IO}										V_{DDM3IO}
AF15	GND										GND
AF16	GND										GND
AF17	Reserved[1]										—
AF18	V_{DDM3IO}										V_{DDM3IO}
AF19	GND										GND
AF20	Reserved[1]										—
AF21	Reserved[1]										—
AF22	$\overline{M3\_RESET}$										V_{DDM3IO}
AF23	GND										GND
AF24	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
AF25	GND										GND
AF26	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
AF27	GND										GND
AF28	V_{DDDDR}										V_{DDDDR}
AG1	Reserved[1]										—
AG2	GPIO16/$\overline{IRQ0}$[3, 6]		GPIO/IRQ								V_{DDIO}
AG3	TDM0TCLK		TDM								V_{DDIO}

Table 1. Signal List by Ball Number (continued)

Ball Number	Signal Name	Power-On Reset Value	I/O Multiplexing Mode[2]								Ref. Supply
			0 (000)	1 (001)	2 (010)	3 (011)	4 (100)	5 (101)	6 (110)	7 (111)	
AH17	Reserved[1]										—
AH18	Reserved[1]										—
AH19	Reserved[1]										—
AH20	Reserved[1]										—
AH21	Reserved[1]										—
AH22	Reserved[1]										—
AH23	Reserved[1]										—
AH24	Reserved[1]										—
AH25	Reserved[1]										—
AH26	Reserved[1]										—
AH27	Reserved[1]										—
AH28	Reserved[1]										—

Notes:
1. Reserved signals should be disconnected for compatibility with future revisions of the device.
2. For signals with same functionality in all modes the appropriate cells are empty.
3. The choice between GPIO function and other function is by GPIO registers setup. For configuration details, see **Chapter 23,** *GPIO* in the *MSC8144E Reference Manual*.
4. Open-drain signal.
5. Internal 20 KΩ pull-up resistor.
6. For signals with GPIO functionality, the open-drain and internal 20 KΩ pull-up resistor can be configured by GPIO register programming. See **Chapter 23**, *GPIO* of the *MSC8144E Reference Manual* for configuration details.

2 Electrical Characteristics

This document contains detailed information on power considerations, DC/AC electrical characteristics, and AC timing specifications. For additional information, see the *MSC8144E Reference Manual*.

2.1 Maximum Ratings

CAUTION

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, normal precautions should be taken to avoid exceeding maximum voltage ratings. Reliability is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for example, either GND or V_{DD}).

In calculating timing requirements, adding a maximum value of one specification to a minimum value of another specification does not yield a reasonable sum. A maximum specification is calculated using a worst case variation of process parameter values in one direction. The minimum specification is calculated using the worst case for the same parameters in the opposite direction. Therefore, a “maximum” value for a specification never occurs in the same device with a “minimum” value for another specification; adding a maximum to a minimum represents a condition that can never exist.

Table 2 describes the maximum electrical ratings for the MSC8144E.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core supply voltage	V_{dd}	–0.3 to 1.1	V
PLL supply voltage[3]	V_{DDPLL0} V_{DDPLL1} V_{DDPLL2}	–0.3 to 1.1	V
M3 memory Internal voltage	V_{DDM3}	–0.3 to 1.32	V
DDR memory supply voltage • DDR mode • DDR2 mode	V_{DDDDR}	 –0.3 to 2.75 –0.3 to 1.98	 V V
DDR reference voltage	MV_{REF}	–0.3 to 0.51 × V_{DDDDR}	V
Input DDR voltage	V_{INDDR}	–0.3 to V_{DDDDR} + 0.3	V
Ethernet 1 I/O voltage	V_{DDGE1}	–0.3 to 3.465	V
Input Ethernet 1 I/O voltage	V_{INGE1}	–0.3 to V_{DDGE1} + 0.3	V
Ethernet 2 I/O voltage	V_{DDGE2}	–0.3 to 3.465	V
Input Ethernet 2I/O voltage	V_{INGE2}	–0.3 to V_{DDGE2} + 0.3	V
I/O voltage excluding Ethernet, DDR, M3, and RapidIO lines	V_{DDIO}	–0.3 to 3.465	V
Input I/O voltage	V_{INIO}	–0.3 to V_{DDIO} + 0.3	V

2.5.2 Serial RapidIO DC Electrical Characteristics

DC receiver logic levels are not defined since the receiver is AC-coupled.

2.5.2.1 DC Requirements for SerDes Reference Clocks

The SerDes reference clocks SRIO_REF_CLK and $\overline{\text{SRIO\_REF\_CLK}}$ are AC-coupled differential inputs. Each differential clock input has an internal 50 Ω termination to GND_{SXC}. The reference clock must be able to drive this termination. The recommended minimum operating voltage is –0.4 V; the recommended maximum operating voltage is 1.32 V; and the maximum absolute voltage is 1.72 V.

The maximum average current allowed in each input is 8 mA. This current limitation sets the maximum common mode input voltage to be less than 0.4 V (0.4 V/50 Ω = 8 mA) while the minimum common mode input level is GND_{SXC}. For example, a clock with a 50/50 duty cycle can be driven by a current source output that ranges from 0 mA to 16 mA (0–0.8 V). The input is AC-coupled internally, so, therefore, the exact common mode input voltage is not critical.

Note: This internal AC-couple network does not function correctly with reference clock frequencies below 90 MHz.

If the device driving the $\overline{\text{SRIO\_REF\_CLK}}$ inputs cannot drive 50 Ω to GND_{SXC}, or if it exceeds the maximum input current limitations, then it must use external AC-coupling. The minimum differential peak-to-peak amplitude of the input clock is 0.4 V (0.2 V peak-to-peak per phase). The maximum differential peak-to-peak amplitude of the input clock is 1.6 V peak-to-peak (see Figure 5. The termination to GND_{SXC} allows compatibility with HCSL type reference clocks specified for PCI-Express applications. Many other low voltage differential type outputs can be used but will probably need to be AC-coupled due to the limited common mode input range. LVPECL outputs can produce too large an amplitude and may need to be source terminated with a divider network to reduce the amplitude. The amplitude of the clock must be at least a 400 mV differential peak-peak for single-ended clock. If driven differentially, each signal wire needs to drive 100 mV around common mode voltage. The differential reference clock (SRIO_REF_CLK/ $\overline{\text{SRIO\_REF\_CLK}}$) input is HCSL-compatible DC coupled or LVDS-compatible with AC-coupling.

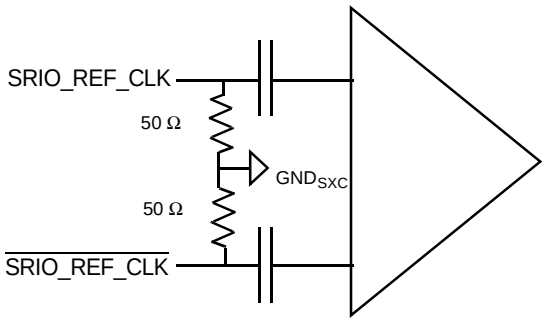


Figure 5. SerDes Reference Clocks Input Stage

2.5.5 Ethernet DC Electrical Characteristics

2.5.5.1 MII, SMII and RMII DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 11. MII, SMII and RMII DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage 3.3 V	V_{DDGE1} V_{DDGE2}	3.135	3.465	V
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	2.0	3.465	V
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	–0.3	0.8	V
Input leakage current, V_{IN} = supply voltage	I_{IN}	–30	30	µA
Signal low input current, V_{IL} = 0.4 V[1]	I_L	–30	30	µA
Signal high input current, V_{IH} = 2.4 V[1]	I_H	–30	30	µA
Output high voltage, I_{OH} = –4 mA	V_{OH}	2.4	3.465	V
Output low voltage, I_{OL}= 4mA	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V
Input Pin Capacitance[1]	C_{IN}		8	pF
Note: 1. Not tested. Guaranteed by design.				

2.5.5.2 RGMII DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 12. RGMII DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage 2.5 V	V_{DDGE1} V_{DDGE2}	2.375	2.625	V
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	1.7	2.625	V
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	–0.3	0.7	V
Input leakage current, V_{IN} = supply voltage	I_{IN}	–30	30	µA
Output high voltage, I_{OH} = –1 mA	V_{OH}	2.0	2.625	V
Output low voltage, I_{OL}= 1 mA	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V
Input Pin Capacitance[1]	C_{IN}		8	pF
Note: 1. Not tested. Guaranteed by design.				

2.6.5.6 Receiver Eye Diagrams

For each baud rate at which an LP-Serial receiver is specified to operate, the receiver shall meet the corresponding bit error rate specification (Table 32, Table 33, and Table 34) when the eye pattern of the receiver test signal (exclusive of sinusoidal jitter) falls entirely within the unshaded portion of the receiver input compliance mask shown in Figure 14 with the parameters specified in Table 35. The eye pattern of the receiver test signal is measured at the input pins of the receiving device with the device replaced with a 100 Ω ±5% differential resistive load.

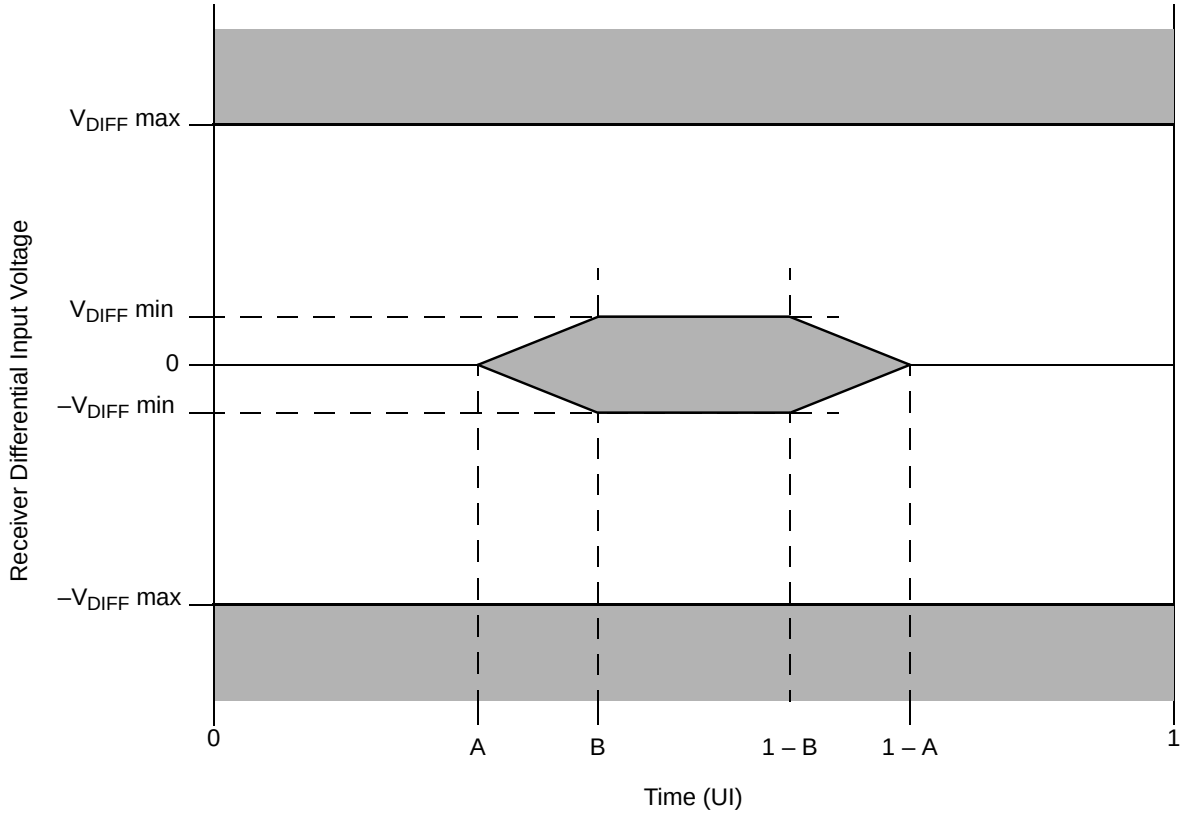


Figure 14. Receiver Input Compliance Mask

Table 35. Receiver Input Compliance Mask Parameters Exclusive of Sinusoidal Jitter

Receiver Type	V_{DIFF}min (mV)	V_{DIFF}max (mV)	A (UI)	B (UI)
1.25 GBaud	100	800	0.275	0.400
2.5 GBaud	100	800	0.275	0.400
3.125 GBaud	100	800	0.275	0.400

2.6.5.7 Measurement and Test Requirements

Since the LP-Serial electrical specification are guided by the XAUI electrical interface specified in Clause 47 of **IEEE** Std. 802.3ae-2002™, the measurement and test requirements defined here are similarly guided by Clause 47. In addition, the CJPAT test pattern defined in Annex 48A of **IEEE** Std. 802.3ae-2002 is specified as the test pattern for use in eye pattern and jitter measurements. Annex 48B of **IEEE** Std. 802.3ae-2002 is recommended as a reference for additional information on jitter test methods.

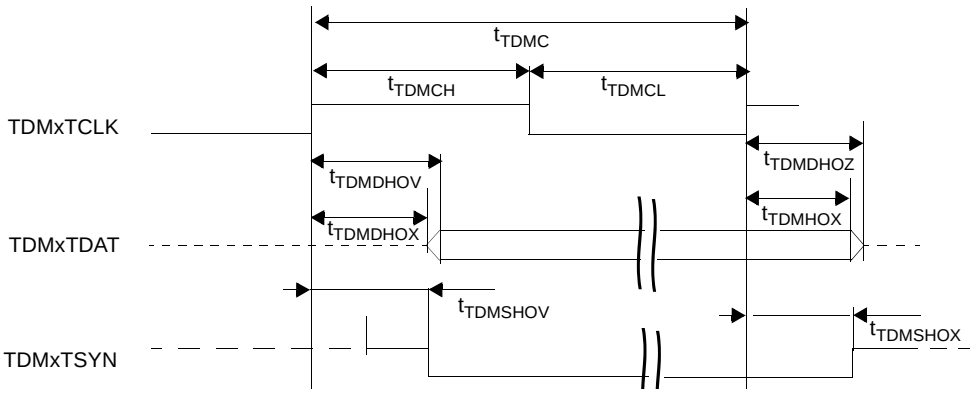


Figure 20. TDM Output Signals

Note: For some TDM modes, transmit data is output on other pins. This timing is also valid for those pins. See the *MSC8144E Reference Manual*

2.6.8 UART Timing

Table 38. UART Timing

Characteristics	Symbol	Expression	Min	Max	Unit
URXD and UTXD inputs high/low duration	$T_{UREFCLK}$	$16 \times T_{REFCLK}$	160	—	ns
Note: $T_{UREFCLK} = T_{REFCLK}$ is guaranteed by design.					

Figure 21 shows the UART input AC timing

Figure 21. UART Input Timing

Figure 22 shows the UART output AC timing

Figure 22. UART Output Timing

Figure 31 shows the RGMII AC timing and multiplexing diagrams.

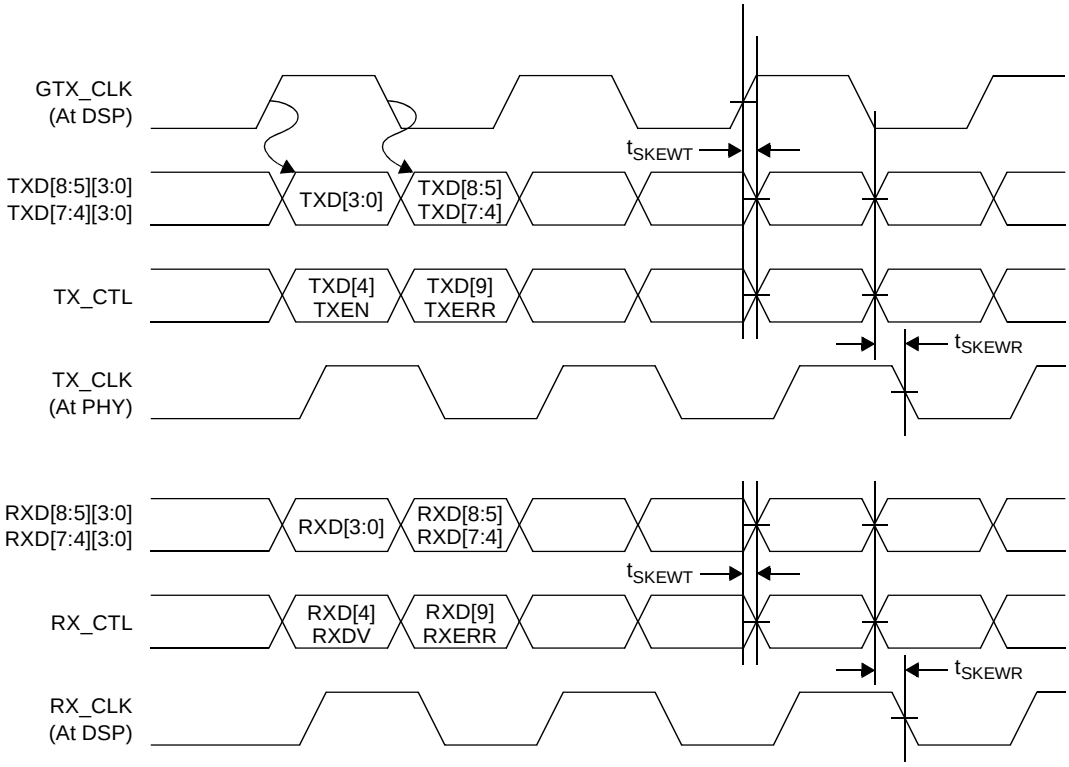


Figure 31. RGMII AC Timing and Multiplexing

The following supplies should rise before any other supplies in any sequence

- V_{DD} and V_{DDPLL} coupled together
- V_{DDM3}

After the above supplies rise to 90% of their nominal value the following I/O supplies may rise in any sequence (see Figure 42):

- V_{DDGE1}
- V_{DDGE2}
- V_{DDIO}
- V_{DDDDR} and MV_{REF} coupled one to another. MV_{REF} should be either at same time or after V_{DDDDR}.
- V_{DDM3IO}
- V_{25M3}

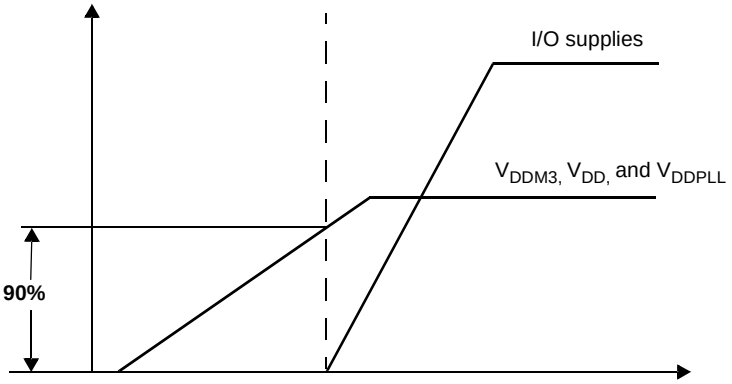


Figure 42. V_{DDM3}, V_{DDM3IO} and V_{25M3} Power-on Sequence

Note:
1. This recommended power sequencing is different from the MSC8122/MSC8126.
2. If no pins that require V_{DDGE1} as a reference supply are used (see Table 1), V_{DDGE1} can be tied to GND.
3. If no pins that require V_{DDGE2} as a reference supply are used (see Table 1), V_{DDGE2} can be tied to GND.
4. If the DDR interface is not used, V_{DDDDR} and MV_{REF} can be tied to GND.
5. If the M3 memory is not used, V_{DDM3}, V_{DDM3IO}, and V_{25M3} can be tied to GND.
6. If the RapidIO interface is not used, V_{DDSX}, V_{DDSXP}, and $V_{DDRIOPLL}$ can be tied to GND.

3.1.2 Start-Up Timing

Section 2.6.1 describes the start-up timing.

3.2 Power Supply Design Considerations

Each PLL supply must have an external RC filter for the V_{DDPLL} input. The filter is a 10 Ω resistor in series with two 2.2 µF, low ESL (<0.5 nH) and low ESR capacitors. All three PLLs can connect to a single supply voltage source (such as a voltage regulator) as long as the external RC filter is applied to each PLL separately (see Figure 43). For optimal noise filtering, place the circuit as close as possible to its V_{DDPLL} inputs. These traces should be short and direct.

3.4.2 Serial RapidIO Interface Related Pins

3.4.2.1 Serial RapidIO interface Is Not Used

Table 54. Connectivity of Serial RapidIO Interface Related Pins When the RapidIO Interface Is Not Used

Signal Name	Pin Connection
SRIO_IMP_CAL_RX	GND
SRIO_IMP_CAL_TX	GND
$\overline{\text{SRIO\_REF\_CLK}}$	GND
SRIO_REF_CLK	GND
SRIO_RXD[0–3]	GND
$\overline{\text{SRIO\_RXD[0–3]}}$	GND
$\overline{\text{SRIO\_TXD[0–3]}}$	NC
SRIO_TXD[0–3]	NC
$V_{DDRIOPLL}$	GND
GND_{RIOPLL}	GND
GND_{SXP}	GND
GND_{SXC}	GND
V_{DDSXP}	GND
V_{DDSXC}	GND

3.4.2.2 Serial RapidIO Specific Lane Is Not Used

Table 55. Connectivity of Serial RapidIO Related Pins When Specific Lane Is Not Used

Signal Name	Pin Connection
SRIO_IMP_CAL_RX	in use
SRIO_IMP_CAL_TX	in use
$\overline{\text{SRIO\_REF\_CLK}}$	in use
SRIO_REF_CLK	in use
SRIO_RXD***x***	GND_{SXC}
$\overline{\text{SRIO\_RXD}\boldsymbol{x}}$	GND_{SXC}
$\overline{\text{SRIO\_TXD}\boldsymbol{x}}$	NC
SRIO_TXD***x***	NC
$V_{DDRIOPLL}$	in use
GND_{RIOPLL}	in use
GND_{SXP}	GND_{SXP}
GND_{SXC}	GND_{SXC}
V_{DDSXP}	1.0 V
V_{DDSXC}	1.0 V
Note: The ***x*** indicates the lane number {0,1,2,3} for all unused lanes.	

Table 59. Connectivity of GE2 Related Pins When the GE2 Interface Is Not Used (continued)

Signal Name	Pin Connection
GE2_TD[0–3]	Nc
GE2_TX_EN	NC

3.4.4.2.2 Subset of GE2 Pins Required

When only a subset of the whole GE2 interface is used, such as for RMII, the unused GE2 pins should be connected as described in Table 60. The table assumes that the unused GE2 pins are not used for any purpose (including any multiplexed functions) and that V_{DDGE2} is tied to either 2.5 V or 3.3 V.

Table 60. Connectivity of GE1 Related Pins When only a subset of the GE1 Interface Is required

Signal Name	Pin Connection
GE2_RD[0-3]	GND
GE2_RX_CLK	GND
GE2_RX_DV	GND
GE2_RX_ER	GND
GE2_SGMII_RX	GND_{SXC}
$\overline{\text{GE2\_SGMII\_RX}}$	GND_{SXC}
$\overline{\text{GE2\_SGMII\_TX}}$	NC
GE2_SGMII_TX	NC
GE2_TCK	NC
GE2_TD[0–3]	NC
GE2_TX_EN	NC

3.4.4.3 GE1 and GE2 Management Pins

GE_MDC and GE_MDIO pins should be connected as required by the specified protocol. If neither GE1 nor GE2 is used (that is, V_{DDGE2} is connected to GND), Table 61 lists the recommended management pin connections.

Table 61. Connectivity of GE Management Pins When GE1 and GE2 Are Not Used

Signal Name	Pin Connection
GE_MDC	NC
GE_MDIO	NC

3.4.5 UTOPIA/POS Related Pins

Table 62 lists the board connections of the UTOPIA/POS pins when the entire UTOPIA/POS interface is not used or subset of UTOPIA/POS interface is used. For multiplexing options that select a subset of the UTOPIA/POS interface, use the connections described in Table 62 for those signals that are not selected. Table 62 assumes that the alternate function of the specified pin is not used. If the alternate function is used, connect that pin as required to support the selected function.

Table 62. Connectivity of UTOPIA/POS Related Pins When UTOPIA/POS Interface Is Not Used

Signal Name	Pin Connection
UTP_IR	GND
UTP_RADDR[0–4]	V_{DDIO}
UTP_RCLAV_PDRPA	NC
UTP_RCLK	GND
UTP_RD[0–15]	GND
$\overline{\text{UTP\_REN}}$	V_{DDIO}
UTP_RPRTY	GND
UTP_RSOC	GND
UTP_TADDR[0–4]	V_{DDIO}
UTP_TCLAV	NC
UTP_TCLK	GND
UTP_TD[0–15]	NC
$\overline{\text{UTP\_TEN}}$	V_{DDIO}
UTP_TPRTY	NC
UTP_TSOC	NC
V_{DDIO}	3.3 V

3.4.6 TDM Interface Related Pins

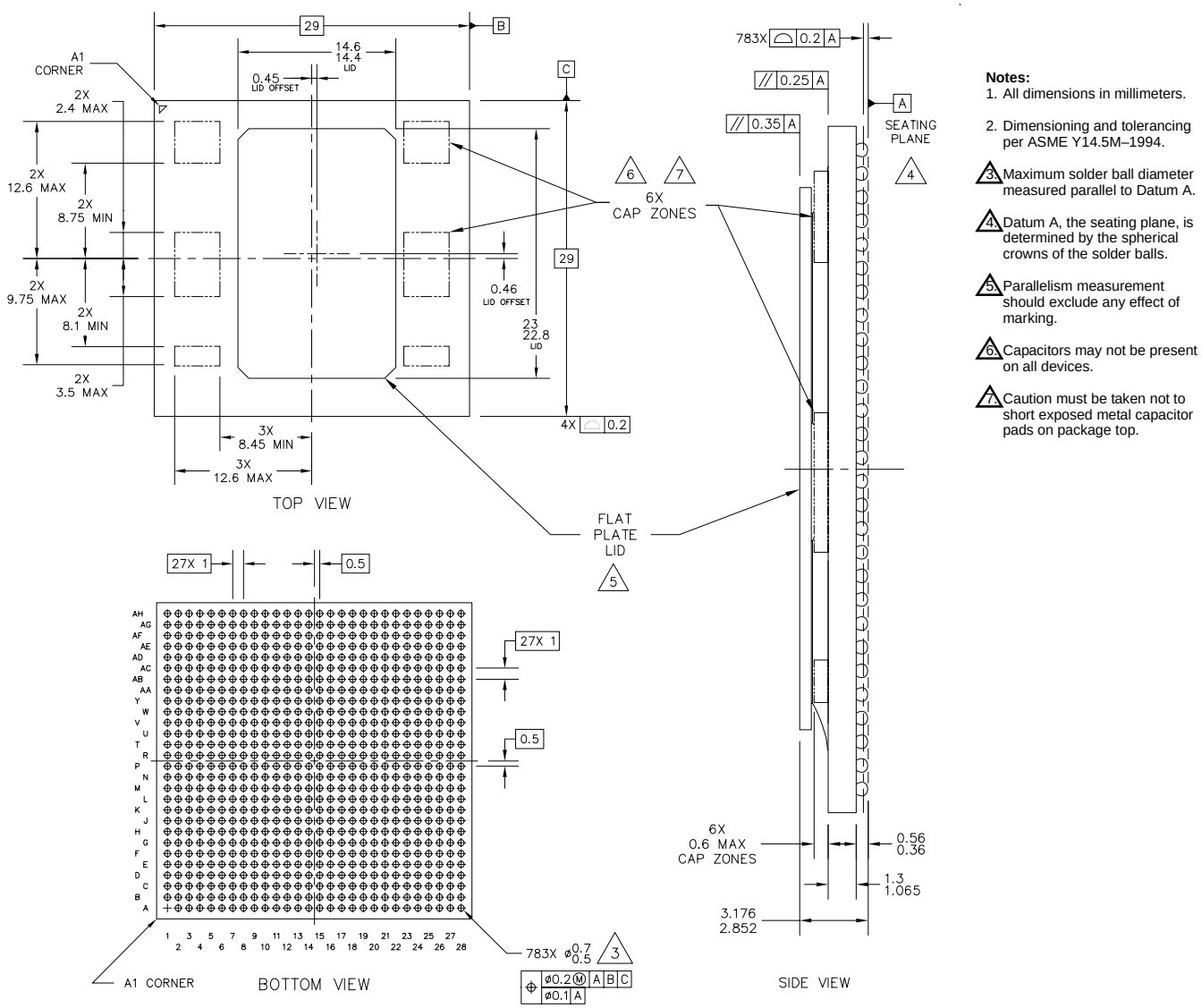
Table 63 lists the board connections of the TDM pins when an entire specific TDM is not used. For multiplexing options that select a subset of a TDM interface, use the connections described in Table 63 for those signals that are not selected. Table 63 assumes that the alternate function of the specified pin is not used. If the alternate function is used, connect that pin as required to support the selected function.

Table 63. Connectivity of TDM Related Pins When TDM Interface Is Not Used

Signal Name	Pin Connection
TDM***x***RCLK	GND
TDM***x***RDAT	GND
TDM***x***RSYN	GND
TDM***x***TCLK	GND
TDMT***x***DAT	GND
TDM***x***TSYN	GND
V_{DDIO}	3.3 V

Notes:
1. ***x*** = {0, 1, 2,3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
2. In case of subset of TDM interface usage please make sure to disable unused TDM modules. See **Chapter 20**, *TDM*, in the ***MSC8144E Reference Manual*** for details.

5 Package Information



CASE NO. 1842-04

Figure 44. MSC8144E Mechanical Information, 783-ball FC-PBGA Package

6 Product Documentation

- *MSC8144E Technical Data Sheet* (MSC8144E). Details the signals, AC/DC characteristics, clock signal characteristics, package and pinout, and electrical design considerations of the MSC8144E device.
- *MSC8144E Reference Manual* (MSC8144ERM). Includes functional descriptions of the extended cores and all the internal subsystems including configuration and programming information.
- *Application Notes.* Cover various programming topics related to the StarCore DSP core and the MSC8144E device.
- *SC3400 DSP Core Reference Manual*. Covers the SC3400 core architecture, control registers, clock registers, program control, and instruction set.
- *MSC8144 SC3400 DSP Core Subsystem Reference Manual*. Covers core subsystem architecture, functionality, and registers.

7 Revision History

Table 66 provides a revision history for this data sheet.

Table 66. Document Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
0	June. 2007	• Initial public release.
1	Sep 2007	• Updated M3 voltage range in Table 3. • Changed note in Table 7 for PLL power supplies. • DDR voltage designator changed from V_{DD} to V_{DDDDR} in Table 8, Table 10, **Section 2.7.4.1**, **Section 2.7.4.2**, and Figure 11. Changed range on I_{OZ} in Table 8 and Table 10. • Deleted text before Table 13 and added note 2 to input pin capacitance. • Deleted text before Table 14, added a 1 to the note, and added note 1 to input pin capacitance. • Deleted **Section 2.6.5** on page 32 and renumbered subsequent subsections. • Deleted text before new **Section 2.6.5.1**. • Added a 1 to the note in Table 15 and added note 1 to input pin capacitance. • Deleted ac voltage rows from Table 16. Added note 1 to input pin capacitance. • Changed output high and low voltage levels in Table 17 and Table 18. • Deleted text before Table 19. • Added clock skew ranges in percent in Table 21. • Changed V_{REF} to MV_{REF} in Table 26. • Changed V_{DD} to V_{DDIO} in Table 36 Updated note 2. • Added note 4 to Table 42. Changed $t_{TDMSHOX}$ value. • Changed V_{DD} to V_{DDGE} in Figure 27 and Figure 30. • Changed the value of the data to clock out skew in Table 51. • Changed EE pin timing in Table 55. • Changed the head for the JTAG timing section, now **Section 2.7.14**. • Updated JTAG timing for TCK cycle time, TCK high phase, and boundary scan input data hold time in Table 55. • Added new **Section 3.3** with guidelines for board layout for clock and timing signals. Renumbered subsequent sections.
2	Sep 2007	• Changed leakage current values in Table 13, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18, and Table 19 from –10 and 10 µa to –30 and 30 µa. • Change the minimum value of t_{MDDVKH} in Table 45 from 5 ns to 7 ns. • Updated note 1 in Table 45.
3	Oct 2007	• Corrected column numbering in Figure 3 and Figure 4. • Updated SPI signal names in Table 1.
4	Oct 2007	• Updated SPI signal names in Table 1.
5	Dec 2007	• Changed minimum voltage level for V_{DDM3} to 1.213 (1.25 – 3%) in Table 3. • Added POS to titles in **Section 2.6.6**. • Added additional signals to titles in **Section 2.6.8**. Added high and low voltage ranges to Table 19. • Added ATM and POS to headings in **Section 2.7.11**. Changed characteristics to generic input/output in Table 52, Figure 33, and Figure 34. • Replaced **Sections 2.7.13** and **2.7.14** with new **Section 2.7.13**. Renumbered subsequent sections, tables, and figures. • Added POS to all UTOPIA references in **Section 3.4.5**.
6	Dec 2007	• Changed GCR4 program value to 0x0004C130 in Note 7 in Table 51.
7	Mar 2008	• Changed description of Table 16 in **Section 2.7.2**.
8	Apr 2008	• Added [3] to the PLL supply voltage row in **Table 2**. • Changed the first sentence in **Section 3.4.8** to reflect that **Table 70** indicates what to do with pins if they are “not” required by the design. Changed the Pin Connection for GPIO[0–31] to GND. • Updated ordering information in **Section 4**. • Multiple corrections of minor punctuation errors.

How to Reach Us:

Home Page:
www.freescale.com

Web Support:
http://www.freescale.com/support

USA/Europe or Locations Not Listed:
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.
Technical Information Center, EL516
2100 East Elliot Road
Tempe, Arizona 85284
+1-800-521-6274 or
+1-480-768-2130
www.freescale.com/support

Europe, Middle East, and Africa:
Freescale Halbleiter Deutschland GmbH
Technical Information Center
Schatzbogen 7
81829 Muenchen, Germany
+44 1296 380 456 (English)
+46 8 52200080 (English)
+49 89 92103 559 (German)
+33 1 69 35 48 48 (French)
www.freescale.com/support

Japan:
Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd.
Headquarters
ARCO Tower 15F
1-8-1, Shimo-Meguro, Meguro-ku
Tokyo 153-0064
Japan
0120 191014 or
+81 3 5437 9125
support.japan@freescale.com

Asia/Pacific:
Freescale Semiconductor China Ltd.
Exchange Building 23F
No. 118 Jianguo Road
Chaoyang District
Beijing 100022
China
+86 010 5879 8000
support.asia@freescale.com

For Literature Requests Only:
Freescale Semiconductor
Literature Distribution Center
+1-800 441-2447 or
+1-303-675-2140
Fax: +1-303-675-2150
LDCForFreescaleSemiconductor
@hibbertgroup.com

Document Number: MSC8144E
Rev. 14
5/2010

freescale™
semiconductor