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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
peed	60 MIPs
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
lumber of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
rogram Memory Type	FLASH
EPROM Size	-
AM Size	2K x 8
oltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 12x12b; D/A 2x12b
Scillator Type	Internal
perating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C
lounting Type	Surface Mount
ackage / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
upplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33ep32gs202-e-ss

3.7 CPU Control Registers

REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0
OA	ОВ	SA ⁽³⁾	SB ⁽³⁾	OAB	SAB	DA	DC
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0 ⁽²⁾	R/W-0 ⁽²⁾	R/W-0 ⁽²⁾	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IPL2 ⁽¹⁾	IPL1 ⁽¹⁾	IPL0 ⁽¹⁾	RA	N	OV	Z	С
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Clearable bit		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read	d as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1'= Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 OA: Accumulator A Overflow Status bit

1 = Accumulator A has overflowed

0 = Accumulator A has not overflowed

bit 14 **OB:** Accumulator B Overflow Status bit

1 = Accumulator B has overflowed

0 = Accumulator B has not overflowed

bit 13 SA: Accumulator A Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit (3)

1 = Accumulator A is saturated or has been saturated at some time

0 = Accumulator A is not saturated

bit 12 SB: Accumulator B Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit (3)

1 = Accumulator B is saturated or has been saturated at some time

0 = Accumulator B is not saturated

bit 11 OAB: OA || OB Combined Accumulator Overflow Status bit

1 = Accumulators A or B have overflowed

0 = Neither Accumulators A or B have overflowed

bit 10 SAB: SA | SB Combined Accumulator 'Sticky' Status bit

1 = Accumulators A or B are saturated, or have been saturated at some time

0 = Neither Accumulator A or B are saturated

bit 9 DA: DO Loop Active bit

1 = DO loop in progress

0 = DO loop not in progress

bit 8 **DC:** MCU ALU Half Carry/Borrow bit

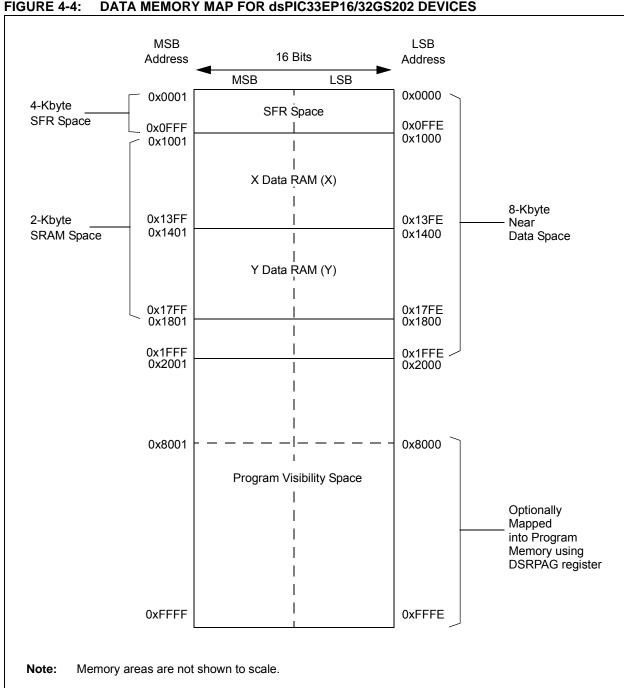
1 = A carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred

0 = No carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred

Note 1: The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL, if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.

2: The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.

3: A data write to the SR register can modify the SA and SB bits by either a data write to SA and SB or by clearing the SAB bit. To avoid a possible SA or SB bit write race condition, the SA and SB bits should not be modified using bit operations.



DATA MEMORY MAP FOR dsPIC33EP16/32GS202 DEVICES

REGISTER 8-6: LFSR: LINEAR FEEDBACK SHIFT REGISTER

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_				LFSR<14:8>	>		
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
LFSR<7:0>									
bit 7									

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-0 LFSR<14:0>: Pseudorandom Data bits

REGISTER 9-2: PMD2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_		_	_	IC1MD
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	OC1MD
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-9 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 8 IC1MD: Input Capture 1 Module Disable bit

1 = Input Capture 1 module is disabled0 = Input Capture 1 module is enabled

bit 7-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 OC1MD: Output Compare 1 Module Disable bit

1 = Output Compare 1 module is disabled0 = Output Compare 1 module is enabled

REGISTER 9-3: PMD3: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	CMPMD	_	_
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10 CMPMD: Comparator Module Disable bit

1 = Comparator module is disabled0 = Comparator module is enabled

bit 9-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 10-9: RPINR18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 18

| R/W-0 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U1CTSR7 | U1CTSR6 | U1CTSR5 | U1CTSR4 | U1CTSR3 | U1CTSR2 | U1CTSR1 | U1CTSR0 |
| bit 15 | | | | | | | bit 8 |

| R/W-0 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| U1RXR7 | U1RXR6 | U1RXR5 | U1RXR4 | U1RXR3 | U1RXR2 | U1RXR1 | U1RXR0 |
| bit 7 | | | | | | | bit 0 |

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-8 **U1CTSR<7:0>:** Assign UART1 Clear-to-Send (U1CTS) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

10110101 = Input tied to RP181 10110100 = Input tied to RP180

•

.

00000001 = Input tied to RP1 00000000 = Input tied to Vss

bit 7-0 U1RXR<7:0>: Assign UART1 Receive (U1RX) to the Corresponding RPn Pin bits

10110101 = Input tied to RP181 10110100 = Input tied to RP180

•

•

00000001 = Input tied to RP1 00000000 = Input tied to Vss

REGISTER 10-22: RPOR6: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 6

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP45R5	RP45R4	RP45R3	RP45R2	RP45R1	RP45R0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP44R5	RP44R4	RP44R3	RP44R2	RP44R1	RP44R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 RP45R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP45 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 **RP44R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP44 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 10-23: RPOR7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 7

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP47R5	RP47R4	RP47R3	RP47R2	RP47R1	RP47R0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP46R5	RP46R4	RP46R3	RP46R2	RP46R1	RP46R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 13-8 **RP47R<5:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP47 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 RP46R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP46 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 10-24: RPOR8: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP177R5	RP177R4	RP177R3	RP177R2	RP177R1	RP177R0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP176R5	RP176R4	RP176R3	RP176R2	RP176R1	RP176R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 RP177R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP177 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 RP176R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP176 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 10-25: RPOR9: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 9

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP179R5	RP179R4	RP179R3	RP179R2	RP179R1	RP179R0
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	RP178R5	RP178R4	RP178R3	RP178R2	RP178R1	RP178R0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13-8 RP179R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP179 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-0 RP178R<5:0>: Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP178 Output Pin bits

(see Table 10-2 for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 15-10: MDC: PWM MASTER DUTY CYCLE REGISTER (1,2)

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
MDC<15:8>									
bit 15							bit 8		

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
MDC<7:0>										
bit 7							bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 MDC<15:0>: Master PWM Duty Cycle Value bits

- **Note 1:** The smallest pulse width that can be generated on the PWMx output corresponds to a value of 0x0008, while the maximum pulse width generated corresponds to a value of Period 0x0008.
 - 2: As the duty cycle gets closer to 0% or 100% of the PWM period (0 to 40 ns, depending on the mode of operation), PWM duty cycle resolution will increase from 1 to 3 LSBs.

REGISTER 15-11: PWMKEY: PWM PROTECTION LOCK/UNLOCK KEY REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0				
PWMKEY<15:8>											
bit 15							bit 8				

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0			
PWMKEY<7:0>										
bit 7							bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **PWMKEY<15:0>:** PWM Protection Lock/Unlock Key Value bits

REGISTER 15-24: LEBCONx: PWMx LEADING-EDGE BLANKING (LEB) CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 1 BPLH: Blanking in PWMxL High Enable bit

1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when the PWMxL output is high

0 = No blanking when the PWMxL output is high

bit 0 BPLL: Blanking in PWMxL Low Enable bit

1 = State blanking (of current-limit and/or Fault input signals) when the PWMxL output is low

0 = No blanking when the PWMxL output is low

Note 1: The blanking signal is selected via the BLANKSEL<3:0> bits in the AUXCONx register.

REGISTER 15-25: LEBDLYx: PWMx LEADING-EDGE BLANKING DELAY REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
_	_	_	_		LEB<	<8:5>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
		LEB<4:0>			_	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-12 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 11-3 LEB<8:0>: Leading-Edge Blanking Delay for Current-Limit and Fault Inputs bits

The value is in 8.32 ns increments.

bit 2-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 17-4: I2C1MSK: I2C1 SLAVE MODE ADDRESS MASK REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
_	_	_	_	_	_	AMSK<9:8>		
bit 15						b		

R/W-0	V-0 R/W-0 R/W-0 R/W-0				R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-10 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 9-0 AMSK<9:0>: Address Mask Select bits

For 10-Bit Address:

1 = Enables masking for bit Ax of incoming message address; bit match is not required in this position

0 = Disables masking for bit Ax; bit match is required in this position

For 7-Bit Address (I2C1MSK<6:0> only):

1 = Enables masking for bit Ax + 1 of incoming message address; bit match is not required in this position

0 = Disables masking for bit Ax + 1; bit match is required in this position

REGISTER 18-1: U1MODE: UART1 MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 4 URXINV: UART1 Receive Polarity Inversion bit

1 = U1RX Idle state is '0' 0 = U1RX Idle state is '1'

bit 3 BRGH: High Baud Rate Enable bit

1 = BRG generates 4 clocks per bit period (4x baud clock, High-Speed mode)
 0 = BRG generates 16 clocks per bit period (16x baud clock, Standard mode)

bit 2-1 **PDSEL<1:0>:** Parity and Data Selection bits

11 = 9-bit data, no parity 10 = 8-bit data, odd parity 01 = 8-bit data, even parity 00 = 8-bit data, no parity

bit 0 STSEL: Stop Bit Selection bit

1 = Two Stop bits0 = One Stop bit

Note 1: Refer to "Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)" (DS70000582) in the "dsPIC33/PIC24 Family Reference Manual" for information on enabling the UART1 module for receive or transmit operation.

2: This feature is only available for the 16x BRG mode (BRGH = 0).

REGISTER 19-21: ADTRIGXH: ADC CHANNEL TRIGGER x SELECTION REGISTER HIGH (x = 0 to 3) (CONTINUED)

bit 4-0 TRGSRC(4x+2)<4:0>: Trigger Source Selection for Corresponding Analog Inputs bits

11111 = ADTRG31

11110 = Reserved

11101 = Reserved

11100 = Reserved

11011 = Reserved

11010 = PWM Generator 3 current-limit trigger

11001 = PWM Generator 2 current-limit trigger

11000 = PWM Generator 1 current-limit trigger

10111 = Reserved

10110 = Output Compare 1 trigger

10101 = Reserved

10100 = Reserved

10011 = Reserved

10010 = Reserved

10001 = PWM Generator 3 secondary trigger

10000 = PWM Generator 2 secondary trigger

01111 = PWM Generator 1 secondary trigger

01110 = PWM secondary Special Event Trigger

01101 = Timer2 period match

01100 = Timer1 period match

01011 = Reserved

01010 = Reserved

01001 = Reserved

01000 = Reserved

00111 = PWM Generator 3 primary trigger

00110 = PWM Generator 2 primary trigger

00101 = PWM Generator 1 primary trigger

00100 = PWM Special Event Trigger

00011 = Reserved

00010 = Level software trigger

00001 = Common software trigger

00000 = No trigger is enabled

REGISTER 19-23: ADCAL1H: ADC CALIBRATION REGISTER 1 HIGH

R/W-0, HS	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CSHRRDY	_	_	_	CSHRSKIP	CSHRDIFF	CSHREN	CSHRRUN
bit 15				•			bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
bit 7							bit 0

 Legend:
 HS = Hardware Settable bit

 R = Readable bit
 W = Writable bit
 U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

 -n = Value at POR
 '1' = Bit is set
 '0' = Bit is cleared
 x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 CSHRRDY: Shared ADC Core Calibration Status Flag bit

1 = Shared ADC core calibration is finished0 = Shared ADC core calibration is in progress

bit 14-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11 CSHRSKIP: Shared ADC Core Calibration Bypass bit

1 = After power-up, the shared ADC core will not be calibrated 0 = After power-up, the shared ADC core will be calibrated

bit 10 CSHRDIFF: Shared ADC Core Pseudo-Differential Input Mode Calibration bit

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{1}}$ = Shared ADC core will be calibrated in Pseudo-Differential Input mode

0 = Shared ADC core will be calibrated in Single-Ended Input mode

bit 9 CSHREN: Shared ADC Core Calibration Enable bit

1 = Shared ADC core calibration bits (CSHRRDY, CSHRSKIP, CSHRDIFF and CSHRRUN) can be accessed by software

0 = Shared ADC core calibration bits are disabled

bit 8 CSHRRUN: Shared ADC Core Calibration Start bit

1 = If this bit is set by software, the shared ADC core calibration cycle is started; this bit is cleared automatically by hardware

0 = Software can start the next calibration cycle

bit 7-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

REGISTER 19-26: ADFL0CON: ADC DIGITAL FILTER 0 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0, HC, HS
FLEN	MODE1	MODE0	OVRSAM2	OVRSAM1	OVRSAM0	ΙE	RDY
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0 R/W-0		R/W-0	R/W-0
_			FLCHSEL4	FLCHSEL3	FLCHSEL2	FLCHSEL1	FLCHSEL0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:HC = Hardware Clearable bitHS = Hardware Settable bitR = Readable bitW = Writable bitU = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'-n = Value at POR'1' = Bit is set'0' = Bit is clearedx = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **FLEN:** Filter Enable bit

1 = Filter is enabled

0 = Filter is disabled and the RDY bit is cleared

bit 14-13 MODE<1:0>: Filter Mode bits

11 = Averaging mode

10 = Reserved

01 = Reserved

00 = Oversampling mode

bit 12-10 **OVRSAM<2:0>:** Filter Averaging/Oversampling Ratio bits

If MODE<1:0> = 00:

111 = 128x (16-bit result in the ADFLODAT register is in 12.4 format)

110 = 32x (15-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.3 format)

101 = 8x (14-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.2 format)

100 = 2x (13-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.1 format)

011 = 256x (16-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.4 format)

010 = 64x (15-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.3 format)

001 = 16x (14-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.2 format)

000 = 4x (13-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register is in 12.1 format)

If MODE<1:0> = 11 (12-bit result in the ADFL0DAT register):

111 = 256x

110 = **128**x

101 = 64x

100 = 32x

011 = 16x

011 - 107

010 = 8x001 = 4x

000 **= 2**x

bit 9 **IE:** Filter Common ADC Interrupt Enable bit

1 = Common ADC interrupt will be generated when the filter result will be ready

0 = Common ADC interrupt will not be generated for the filter

bit 8 RDY: Oversampling Filter Data Ready Flag bit

This bit is cleared by hardware when the result is read from the ADFL0DAT register.

1 = Data in the ADFL0DAT register is ready

0 = The ADFL0DAT register has been read and new data in the ADFL0DAT register is not ready

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

22.2 Device Calibration and Identification

The PGAx modules on the dsPIC33EPXXGS202 family devices require Calibration Data registers to improve performance of the module over a wide operating range. These Calibration registers are read-only and are stored in configuration memory space. Prior to enabling the module, the calibration data must be read (TBLPAG and Table Read instruction) and loaded into their respective SFR registers. The device calibration addresses are shown in Table 22-3.

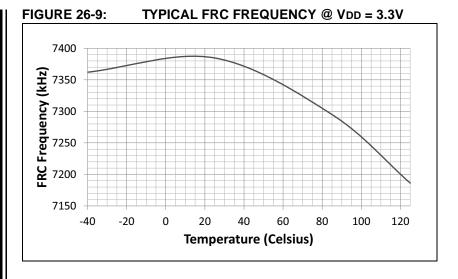
The dsPIC33EPXXGS202 devices have two Identification registers near the end of configuration memory space that store the Device ID (DEVID) and Device Revision (DEVREV). These registers are used to determine the mask, variant and manufacturing information about the device. These registers are read-only and are shown in Register 22-1 and Register 22-2.

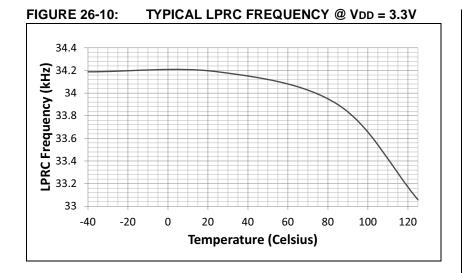
TABLE 22-3: DEVICE CALIBRATION ADDRESSES⁽¹⁾

Calibration Name	Address	Bits 23-16	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
PGA1CAL	800E48	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	1	PGA1 Calibration Data bits					
PGA2CAL	800E4C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	PGA2 Calibration Data bits					

Note 1: The calibration data must be copied into its respective registers prior to enabling the module.

uspics:	G3202	Z FAIVII		
NOTES:				





27.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

27.1 Package Marking Information

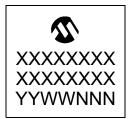
28-Lead SSOP



28-Lead SOIC (.300")



28-Lead UQFN (4x4x0.6 mm)



28-Lead UQFN (6x6x0.5 mm)



28-Lead QFN-S (6x6x0.9 mm)



Example



Example



Example



Example



Example

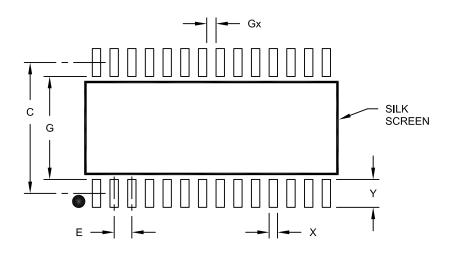


Legend: XX...X Customer-specific information
Y Year code (last digit of calendar year)
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	٨	II LLIMETER	S	
Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch	Е		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	С		9.40	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	Х			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Υ			2.00
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.67		
Distance Between Pads	G	7.40		

Notes

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

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