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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	768
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	66
Number of Gates	30000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	81-WFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	81-UCSP (4x4)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agln030v2-zucg81

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



The inputs of the six CCC blocks are accessible from the FPGA core or from dedicated connections to the CCC block, which are located near the CCC.

The CCC block has these key features:

- Wide input frequency range ($f_{IN CCC}$) = 1.5 MHz up to 250 MHz
- Output frequency range (f_{OUT CCC}) = 0.75 MHz up to 250 MHz
- 2 programmable delay types for clock skew minimization
- Clock frequency synthesis (for PLL only)

Additional CCC specifications:

- Internal phase shift = 0°, 90°, 180°, and 270°. Output phase shift depends on the output divider configuration (for PLL only).
- Output duty cycle = 50% ± 1.5% or better (for PLL only)
- Low output jitter: worst case < 2.5% × clock period peak-to-peak period jitter when single global network used (for PLL only)
- Maximum acquisition time is 300 µs (for PLL only)
- Exceptional tolerance to input period jitter—allowable input jitter is up to 1.5 ns (for PLL only)
- Four precise phases; maximum misalignment between adjacent phases of 40 ps × 250 MHz / f_{OUT_CCC} (for PLL only)

Global Clocking

IGLOO nano devices have extensive support for multiple clocking domains. In addition to the CCC and PLL support described above, there is a comprehensive global clock distribution network.

Each VersaTile input and output port has access to nine VersaNets: six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks. The VersaNets can be driven by the CCC or directly accessed from the core via multiplexers (MUXes). The VersaNets can be used to distribute low-skew clock signals or for rapid distribution of high-fanout nets.

I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards

IGLOO nano FPGAs feature a flexible I/O structure, supporting a range of voltages (1.2 V, 1.2 V wide range, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.0 V wide range, and 3.3 V).

The I/Os are organized into banks with two, three, or four banks per device. The configuration of these banks determines the I/O standards supported.

Each I/O module contains several input, output, and enable registers. These registers allow the implementation of various single-data-rate applications for all versions of nano devices and double-data-rate applications for the AGLN060, AGLN125, and AGLN250 devices.

IGLOO nano devices support LVTTL and LVCMOS I/O standards, are hot-swappable, and support cold-sparing and Schmitt trigger.

Hot-swap (also called hot-plug, or hot-insertion) is the operation of hot-insertion or hot-removal of a card in a powered-up system.

Cold-sparing (also called cold-swap) refers to the ability of a device to leave system data undisturbed when the system is powered up, while the component itself is powered down, or when power supplies are floating.

Wide Range I/O Support

IGLOO nano devices support JEDEC-defined wide range I/O operation. IGLOO nano devices support both the JESD8-B specification, covering both 3 V and 3.3 V supplies, for an effective operating range of 2.7 V to 3.6 V, and JESD8-12 with its 1.2 V nominal, supporting an effective operating range of 1.14 V to 1.575 V.

Wider I/O range means designers can eliminate power supplies or power conditioning components from the board or move to less costly components with greater tolerances. Wide range eases I/O bank management and provides enhanced protection from system voltage spikes, while providing the flexibility to easily run custom voltage applications.

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General Specifications

The Z feature grade does not support the enhanced nano features of Schmitt trigger input, Flash*Freeze bus hold (hold previous I/O state in Flash*Freeze mode), cold-sparing, and hot-swap I/O capability. Refer to "IGLOO nano Ordering Information" on page IV for more information.

Operating Conditions

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2-1 may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the Recommended Operating Conditions specified in Table 2-2 on page 2-2 is not implied.

Table 2-1 • Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC core supply voltage	-0.3 to 1.65	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage	-0.3 to 3.75	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	-0.3 to 3.75	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)	-0.3 to 1.65	V
VCCI	DC I/O buffer supply voltage	-0.3 to 3.75	V
VI ¹	I/O input voltage	−0.3 V to 3.6 V	V
T _{STG} ²	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_J^2	Junction temperature	+125	°C

Notes:

^{1.} The device should be operated within the limits specified by the datasheet. During transitions, the input signal may undershoot or overshoot according to the limits shown in Table 2-4 on page 2-3.

^{2.} For flash programming and retention maximum limits, refer to Table 2-3 on page 2-2, and for recommended operating limits, refer to Table 2-2 on page 2-2.

Power per I/O Pin

Table 2-13 • Summary of I/O Input Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings Applicable to IGLOO nano I/O Banks

	VCCI (V)	Dynamic Power PAC9 (μW/MHz) ¹
Single-Ended		•
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	3.3	16.38
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS – Schmitt Trigger	3.3	18.89
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ²	3.3	16.38
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range – Schmitt Trigger	3.3	18.89
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.5	4.71
2.5 V LVCMOS – Schmitt Trigger	2.5	6.13
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.8	1.64
1.8 V LVCMOS – Schmitt Trigger	1.8	1.79
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	1.5	0.97
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11) – Schmitt Trigger	1.5	0.96
1.2 V LVCMOS ³	1.2	0.57
1.2 V LVCMOS – Schmitt Trigger ³	1.2	0.52
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ³	1.2	0.57
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range – Schmitt Trigger ³	1.2	0.52

Notes:

- 1. PAC9 is the total dynamic power measured on V_{CCI}.
- 2. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
- 3. Applicable to IGLOO nano V2 devices operating at VCCI ≥ VCC.

Table 2-14 • Summary of I/O Output Buffer Power (per pin) – Default I/O Software Settings¹
Applicable to IGLOO nano I/O Banks

	C _{LOAD} (pF)	VCCI (V)	Dynamic Power PAC10 (μW/MHz) ²
Single-Ended			
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	5	3.3	107.98
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ³	5	3.3	107.98
2.5 V LVCMOS	5	2.5	61.24
1.8 V LVCMOS	5	1.8	31.28
1.5 V LVCMOS (JESD8-11)	5	1.5	21.50
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁴	5	1.2	15.22

Notes:

- 1. Dynamic power consumption is given for standard load and software default drive strength and output slew.
- 2. PAC10 is the total dynamic power measured on VCCI.
- 3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
- 4. Applicable for IGLOO nano V2 devices operating at VCCI ≥ VCC.

Guidelines

Toggle Rate Definition

A toggle rate defines the frequency of a net or logic element relative to a clock. It is a percentage. If the toggle rate of a net is 100%, this means that this net switches at half the clock frequency. Below are some examples:

- The average toggle rate of a shift register is 100% because all flip-flop outputs toggle at half of the clock frequency.
- The average toggle rate of an 8-bit counter is 25%:
 - Bit 0 (LSB) = 100%
 - Bit 1 = 50%
 - Bit 2 = 25%
 - ...
 - Bit 7 (MSB) = 0.78125%
 - Average toggle rate = (100% + 50% + 25% + 12.5% + . . . + 0.78125%) / 8

Enable Rate Definition

Output enable rate is the average percentage of time during which tristate outputs are enabled. When nontristate output buffers are used, the enable rate should be 100%.

Table 2-19 • Toggle Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
α_1	Toggle rate of VersaTile outputs	10%
α_2	I/O buffer toggle rate	10%

Table 2-20 • Enable Rate Guidelines Recommended for Power Calculation

Component	Definition	Guideline
β_1	I/O output buffer enable rate	100%
β_2	RAM enable rate for read operations	12.5%
β_3	RAM enable rate for write operations	12.5%

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Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings

Table 2-23 • Summary of AC Measuring Points

Standard	Measuring Trip Point (Vtrip)
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	1.4 V
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	1.4 V
2.5 V LVCMOS	1.2 V
1.8 V LVCMOS	0.90 V
1.5 V LVCMOS	0.75 V
1.2 V LVCMOS	0.60 V
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range	0.60 V

Table 2-24 • I/O AC Parameter Definitions

Parameter	Parameter Definition
t _{DP}	Data to Pad delay through the Output Buffer
t _{PY}	Pad to Data delay through the Input Buffer
t _{DOUT}	Data to Output Buffer delay through the I/O interface
t _{EOUT}	Enable to Output Buffer Tristate Control delay through the I/O interface
t _{DIN}	Input Buffer to Data delay through the I/O interface
t_{HZ}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—HIGH to Z
t _{ZH}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to HIGH
t_{LZ}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—LOW to Z
t_{ZL}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer—Z to LOW
t _{ZHS}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to HIGH
t _{ZLS}	Enable to Pad delay through the Output Buffer with delayed enable—Z to LOW

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Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-59 • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{PYS}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.97	5.39	0.19	1.19	1.62	0.66	5.48	5.39	2.02	2.06	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-60 • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_{.I} = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{PYS}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.97	2.39	0.19	1.19	1.62	0.66	2.44	2.24	2.02	2.15	ns

Notes:

- 1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
- 2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-61 • 1.5 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_{.J} = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{PYS}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	1.55	5.87	0.26	1.27	1.77	1.10	5.92	5.87	2.45	2.65	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-62 • 1.5 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_{.I} = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.4 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{PYS}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	1.55	2.78	0.26	1.27	1.77	1.10	2.82	2.62	2.44	2.74	ns

Notes:

- 1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
- 2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

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1.2 V LVCMOS (JESD8-12A)

Low-Voltage CMOS for 1.2 V complies with the LVCMOS standard JESD8-12A for general purpose 1.2 V applications. It uses a 1.2 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-63 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

1.2 V LVCMOS		VIL	VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	ЮН	IOSL	IOSH	IIL ¹	IIH ²
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA ³	Max. mA ³	μ Α ⁴	μ Α ⁴
1 mA	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	1	1	10	13	10	10

Notes:

- 1. I_{IL} is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions where –0.3 < VIN < VIL.
- 2. I_{IH} is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions where VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
- 3. Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.
- 4. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
- 5. Software default selection highlighted in gray.

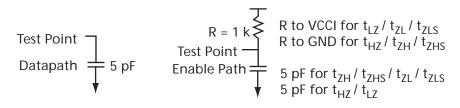


Figure 2-11 • AC Loading

Table 2-64 • 1.2 V LVCMOS AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input LOW (V)	Input HIGH (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C _{LOAD} (pF)
0	1.2	0.6	5

Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-23 on page 2-20 for a complete table of trip points.

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-65 • 1.2 V LVCMOS Low Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.14 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{PYS}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	Units
1 mA	STD	1.55	8.30	0.26	1.56	2.27	1.10	7.97	7.54	2.56	2.55	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-66 • 1.2 V LVCMOS High Slew

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.14 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t _{DOUT}	t _{DP}	t _{DIN}	t _{PY}	t _{PYS}	t _{EOUT}	t _{ZL}	t _{ZH}	t _{LZ}	t _{HZ}	Units
1 mA	STD	1.55	3.50	0.26	1.56	2.27	1.10	3.37	3.10	2.55	2.66	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

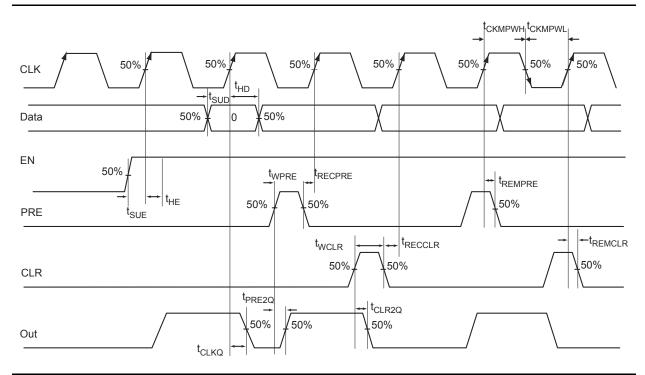


Figure 2-24 • Timing Model and Waveforms

Timing Characteristics 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-86 • Register Delays

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{CLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.89	ns
t _{SUD}	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.81	ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t _{SUE}	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.73	ns
t _{HE}	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t _{CLR2Q}	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register	0.60	ns
t _{PRE2Q}	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register	0.62	ns
t _{REMCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t _{RECCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.24	ns
t _{REMPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Core Register	0.00	ns
t _{RECPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.23	ns
t _{WCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.30	ns
t _{WPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.30	ns
t _{CKMPWH}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width HIGH for the Core Register	0.56	ns
t _{CKMPWL}	Clock Minimum Pulse Width LOW for the Core Register	0.56	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.



Table 2-98 • AGLN125 Global Resource Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

		s	td.	
Parameter	Description	Min. ¹	Max. ²	Units
t _{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.08	2.54	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.15	2.77	ns
t _{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH for Global Clock	1.40		ns
t _{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.62	ns

Notes:

- Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
- 2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
- 3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-99 • AGLN250 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

			St	td.	
Parameter	Description	N	/lin. ¹	Max. ²	Units
t _{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2	2.11	2.57	ns
t _{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2	2.19	2.81	ns
t _{RCKMPWH}	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	,	1.40		ns
t _{RCKMPWL}	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	,	1.65		ns
t _{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock			0.62	ns

Notes:

- 1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
- 2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
- 3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Timing Waveforms

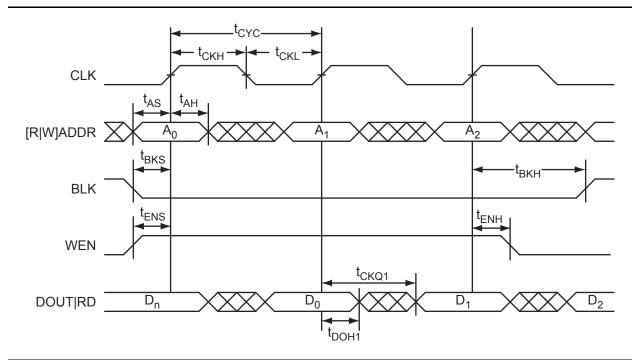


Figure 2-28 • RAM Read for Pass-Through Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

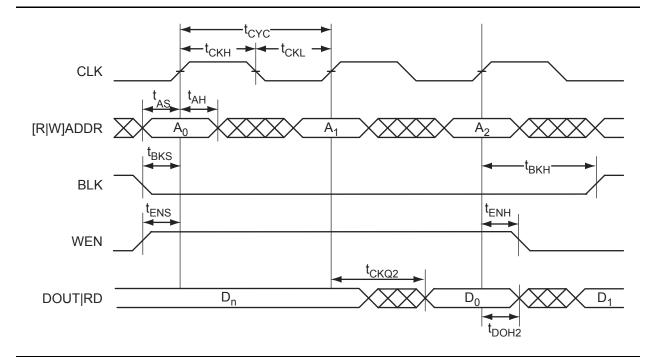


Figure 2-29 • RAM Read for Pipelined Output. Applicable to Both RAM4K9 and RAM512x18.

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1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-104 • RAM4K9

Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{AS}	Address setup time	1.28	ns
t _{AH}	Address hold time	0.25	ns
t _{ENS}	REN, WEN setup time	1.25	ns
t _{ENH}	REN, WEN hold time	0.25	ns
t _{BKS}	BLK setup time	2.54	ns
t _{BKH}	BLK hold time	0.25	ns
t _{DS}	Input data (DIN) setup time	1.10	ns
t _{DH}	Input data (DIN) hold time	0.55	ns
t _{CKQ1}	Clock HIGH to new data valid on DOUT (output retained, WMODE = 0)	5.51	ns
	Clock HIGH to new data valid on DOUT (flow-through, WMODE = 1)	4.77	ns
t _{CKQ2}	Clock HIGH to new data valid on DOUT (pipelined)	2.82	ns
t _{C2CWWL} 1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write after write on same address; applicable to closing edge	0.30	ns
t _{C2CRWH} 1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable read access after write on same address; applicable to opening edge	0.89	ns
t _{C2CWRH} 1	Address collision clk-to-clk delay for reliable write access after read on same address; applicable to opening edge	1.01	ns
t _{RSTBQ}	RESET LOW to data out LOW on DOUT (flow-through)	3.21	ns
	RESET LOW to data out LOW on DO (pipelined)	3.21	ns
t _{REMRSTB}	RESET removal	0.93	ns
t _{RECRSTB}	RESET recovery	4.94	ns
t _{MPWRSTB}	RESET minimum pulse width	1.18	ns
t _{CYC}	Clock cycle time	10.90	ns
F _{MAX}			MHz

Notes:

^{1.} For more information, refer to the application note AC374: Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based FPGAs and SoC FPGAs App Note.

^{2.} For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

FIFO

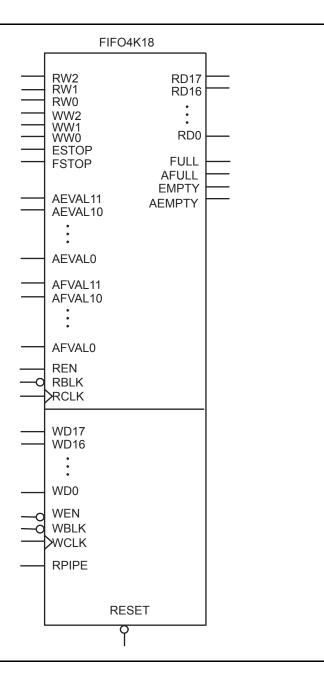


Figure 2-33 • FIFO Model



1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-107 • FIFO

Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^{\circ}C$, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{ENS}	REN, WEN Setup Time	3.44	ns
t _{ENH}	REN, WEN Hold Time	0.26	ns
t _{BKS}	BLK Setup Time	0.30	ns
t _{BKH}	BLK Hold Time	0.00	ns
t _{DS}	Input Data (DI) Setup Time	1.30	ns
t _{DH}	Input Data (DI) Hold Time	0.41	ns
t _{CKQ1}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (flow-through)	5.67	ns
t _{CKQ2}	Clock High to New Data Valid on RD (pipelined)	3.02	ns
t _{RCKEF}	RCLK High to Empty Flag Valid	6.02	ns
t _{WCKFF}	WCLK High to Full Flag Valid	5.71	ns
t _{CKAF}	Clock High to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	22.17	ns
t _{RSTFG}	RESET LOW to Empty/Full Flag Valid	5.93	ns
t _{RSTAF}	RESET LOW to Almost Empty/Full Flag Valid	21.94	ns
t _{RSTBQ}	RESET LOW to Data Out Low on RD (flow-through)	3.41	ns
	RESET LOW to Data Out Low on RD (pipelined)	4.09	3.41
t _{REMRSTB}	RESET Removal	1.02	ns
t _{RECRSTB}	RESET Recovery	5.48	ns
t _{MPWRSTB}	RESET Minimum Pulse Width	1.18	ns
t _{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	10.90	ns
F _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency for FIFO	92	MHz

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

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Embedded FlashROM Characteristics

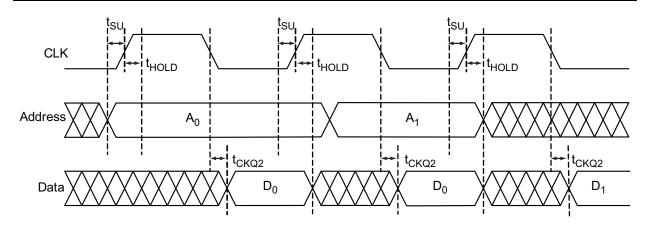


Figure 2-41 • Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-108 • Embedded FlashROM Access Time
Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{SU}	Address Setup Time	0.57	ns
t _{HOLD}	Address Hold Time	0.00	ns
t _{CK2Q}	Clock to Out	20.90	ns
F _{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	15	MHz

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

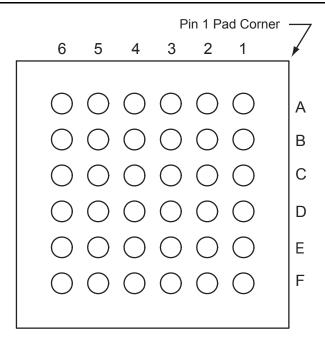
Table 2-109 • Embedded FlashROM Access Time Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t _{SU}	Address Setup Time	0.59	ns
t _{HOLD}	Address Hold Time	0.00	ns
t _{CK2Q}	Clock to Out	35.74	ns
F _{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	10	MHz



4 – Package Pin Assignments

UC36



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx.



	CS81
Pin Number	AGLN250 Function
A1	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A2	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A3	GAC0/IO04RSB0
A4	IO07RSB0
A5	IO09RSB0
A6	IO12RSB0
A7	GBB0/IO16RSB0
A8	GBA1/IO19RSB0
A9	GBA2/IO20RSB1
B1	GAA2/IO67RSB3
B2	GAB0/IO02RSB0
В3	GAC1/IO05RSB0
B4	IO06RSB0
B5	IO10RSB0
В6	GBC0/IO14RSB0
В7	GBB1/IO17RSB0
B8	IO21RSB1
В9	GBB2/IO22RSB1
C1	GAB2/IO65RSB3
C2	IO66RSB3
C3	GND
C4	IO08RSB0
C5	IO11RSB0
C6	GND
C7	GBA0/IO18RSB0
C8	GBC2/IO23RSB1
C9	IO24RSB1
D1	GAC2/IO63RSB3
D2	IO64RSB3
D3	GFA2/IO56RSB3
D4	VCC
D5	VCCIB0
D6	GND
D7	IO30RSB1
D8	GCC1/IO25RSB1
D9	GCC0/IO26RSB1

	CS81
Pin Number	AGLN250 Function
E1	GFB0/IO59RSB3
E2	GFB1/IO60RSB3
E3	GFA1/IO58RSB3
E4	VCCIB3
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB1
E7	GCA0/IO28RSB1
E8	GCA1/IO27RSB1
E9	GCB2/IO29RSB1
F1	VCCPLF
F2	VCOMPLF
F3	GND
F4	GND
F5	VCCIB2
F6	GND
F7	GDA1/IO33RSB1
F8	GDC1/IO31RSB1
F9	GDC0/IO32RSB1
G1	GEA0/IO51RSB3
G2	GEC1/IO54RSB3
G3	GEC0/IO53RSB3
G4	IO45RSB2
G5	IO42RSB2
G6	IO37RSB2
G7	GDB2/IO35RSB2
G8	VJTAG
G9	TRST
H1	GEA1/IO52RSB3
H2	FF/GEB2/IO49RSB2
H3	IO47RSB2
H4	IO44RSB2
H5	IO41RSB2
H6	IO39RSB2
H7	GDA2/IO34RSB2
H8	TDI
H9	TDO

CS81	
Pin Number	AGLN250 Function
J1	GEA2/IO50RSB2
J2	GEC2/IO48RSB2
J3	IO46RSB2
J4	IO43RSB2
J5	IO40RSB2
J6	IO38RSB2
J7	TCK
J8	TMS
J9	VPUMP

Note: * Pin numbers F1 and F2 must be connected to ground because a PLL is not supported for AGLN250-CS81.



(QN68
	AGLN015
Pin Number	Function
1	IO60RSB2
2	IO54RSB2
3	IO52RSB2
4	IO50RSB2
5	IO49RSB2
6	GEC0/IO48RSB2
7	GEA0/IO47RSB2
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB2
11	IO46RSB2
12	IO45RSB2
13	IO44RSB2
14	IO43RSB2
15	IO42RSB2
16	IO41RSB2
17	IO40RSB2
18	FF/IO39RSB1
19	IO37RSB1
20	IO35RSB1
21	IO33RSB1
22	IO31RSB1
23	IO30RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO27RSB1
28	IO25RSB1
29	IO23RSB1
30	IO21RSB1
31	IO19RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP

(QN68
	AGLN015
Pin Number	Function
36	TDO
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO17RSB0
40	IO16RSB0
41	GDA0/IO15RSB0
42	GDC0/IO14RSB0
43	IO13RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO12RSB0
48	IO11RSB0
49	IO09RSB0
50	IO05RSB0
51	IO00RSB0
52	IO07RSB0
53	IO03RSB0
54	IO18RSB1
55	IO20RSB1
56	IO22RSB1
57	IO24RSB1
58	IO28RSB1
59	NC
60	GND
61	NC
62	IO32RSB1
63	IO34RSB1
64	IO36RSB1
65	IO61RSB2
66	IO58RSB2
67	IO56RSB2
68	IO63RSB2



Package Pin Assignments

VQ100	
Pin Number	AGLN125 Function
1	GND
2	GAA2/IO67RSB1
3	IO68RSB1
4	GAB2/IO69RSB1
5	IO132RSB1
6	GAC2/IO131RSB1
7	IO130RSB1
8	IO129RSB1
9	GND
10	GFB1/IO124RSB1
11	GFB0/IO123RSB1
12	VCOMPLF
13	GFA0/IO122RSB1
14	VCCPLF
15	GFA1/IO121RSB1
16	GFA2/IO120RSB1
17	VCC
18	VCCIB1
19	GEC0/IO111RSB1
20	GEB1/IO110RSB1
21	GEB0/IO109RSB1
22	GEA1/IO108RSB1
23	GEA0/IO107RSB1
24	VMV1
25	GNDQ
26	GEA2/IO106RSB1
27	FF/GEB2/IO105RSB1
28	GEC2/IO104RSB1
29	IO102RSB1
30	IO100RSB1
31	IO99RSB1
32	IO97RSB1
33	IO96RSB1
34	IO95RSB1
35	IO94RSB1
36	IO93RSB1

	VQ100
Pin Number	AGLN125 Function
37	VCC
38	GND
39	VCCIB1
40	IO87RSB1
41	IO84RSB1
42	IO81RSB1
43	IO75RSB1
44	GDC2/IO72RSB1
45	GDB2/IO71RSB1
46	GDA2/IO70RSB1
47	TCK
48	TDI
49	TMS
50	VMV1
51	GND
52	VPUMP
53	NC
54	TDO
55	TRST
56	VJTAG
57	GDA1/IO65RSB0
58	GDC0/IO62RSB0
59	GDC1/IO61RSB0
60	GCC2/IO59RSB0
61	GCB2/IO58RSB0
62	GCA0/IO56RSB0
63	GCA1/IO55RSB0
64	GCC0/IO52RSB0
65	GCC1/IO51RSB0
66	VCCIB0
67	GND
68	VCC
69	IO47RSB0
70	GBC2/IO45RSB0
71	GBB2/IO43RSB0
72	IO42RSB0

VQ100
AGLN125 Function
GBA2/IO41RSB0
VMV0
GNDQ
GBA1/IO40RSB0
GBA0/IO39RSB0
GBB1/IO38RSB0
GBB0/IO37RSB0
GBC1/IO36RSB0
GBC0/IO35RSB0
IO32RSB0
IO28RSB0
IO25RSB0
IO22RSB0
IO19RSB0
VCCIB0
GND
VCC
IO15RSB0
IO13RSB0
IO11RSB0
IO09RSB0
IO07RSB0
GAC1/IO05RSB0
GAC0/IO04RSB0
GAB1/IO03RSB0
GAB0/IO02RSB0
GAA1/IO01RSB0
GAA0/IO00RSB0

4-26 Revision 19



Datasheet Information

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 12 (March 2012)	The "In-System Programming (ISP) and Security" section and "Security" section were revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 34663).	I, 1-2
	Notes indicating that AGLN015 is not recommended for new designs have been added (SAR 35759).	III, IV
	Notes indicating that nano-Z devices are not recommended for new designs have been added. The "Devices Not Recommended For New Designs" section is new (SAR 36759).	
Revision 12 (continued)	The Y security option and Licensed DPA Logo were added to the "IGLOO nano Ordering Information" section. The trademarked Licensed DPA Logo identifies that a product is covered by a DPA counter-measures license from Cryptography Research (SAR 34722).	IV
	The following sentence was removed from the "Advanced Architecture" section: "In addition, extensive on-chip programming circuitry enables rapid, single-voltage (3.3 V) programming of IGLOO nano devices via an IEEE 1532 JTAG interface" (SAR 34683).	1-3
	The "Specifying I/O States During Programming" section is new (SAR 34694).	1-9
	The reference to guidelines for global spines and VersaTile rows, given in the "Global Clock Contribution—P _{CLOCK} " section, was corrected to the "Spine Architecture" section of the Global Resources chapter in the <i>IGLOO nano FPGA Fabric User's Guide</i> (SAR 34732).	2-12
	Figure 2-4 has been modified for DIN waveform; the Rise and Fall time label has been changed to tDIN (37106).	2-16
	The AC Loading figures in the "Single-Ended I/O Characteristics" section were updated to match tables in the "Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings" section (SAR 34885).	2-26, 2-20
	The notes regarding drive strength in the "Summary of I/O Timing Characteristics – Default I/O Software Settings" section, "3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range" section and "1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range" section tables were revised for clarification. They now state that the minimum drive strength for the default software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100~\mu A$. The drive strength displayed in software is supported in normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models (SAR 34765).	2-20, 2-29, 2-40
	Added values for minimum pulse width and removed the FRMAX row from Table 2-88 through Table 2-99 in the "Global Tree Timing Characteristics" section. Use the software to determine the FRMAX for the device you are using (SAR 36953).	2-64 to 2-69
	Table 2-100 • IGLOO nano CCC/PLL Specification and Table 2-101 • IGLOO nano CCC/PLL Specification were updated. A note was added indicating that when the CCC/PLL core is generated by Mircosemi core generator software, not all delay values of the specified delay increments are available (SAR 34817).	2-70 and 2-71
	The port names in the SRAM "Timing Waveforms", SRAM "Timing Characteristics" tables, Figure 2-36 • FIFO Reset, and the FIFO "Timing Characteristics" tables were revised to ensure consistency with the software names (SAR 35754).	2-74, 2-77, 2-85
	Reference was made to a new application note, Simultaneous Read-Write Operations in Dual-Port SRAM for Flash-Based cSoCs and FPGAs, which covers these cases in detail (SAR 34865).	
	The "Pin Descriptions" chapter has been added (SAR 34770).	3-1
	Package names used in the "Package Pin Assignments" section were revised to match standards given in <i>Package Mechanical Drawings</i> (SAR 34770).	4-1

5-2 Revision 19



Revision / Version	Changes	Page
Revision 9 (Mar2010) Product Brief Advance v0.9	All product tables and pin tables were updated to show clearly that AGLN030 is available only in the Z feature grade at this time. The nano-Z feature grade devices are designated with a Z at the end of the part number.	N/A
Packaging Advance v0.8		
Revision 8 (Jan 2009)	The "Reprogrammable Flash Technology" section was revised to add "250 MHz (1.5 V systems) and 160 MHz (1.2 V systems) System Performance".	I
Product Brief Advance v0.8	The note for AGLN030 in the "IGLOO nano Devices" table and "I/Os Per Package" table was revised to remove the statement regarding package compatibility with lower density nano devices.	
	The "I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards" section was revised to add definitions for hot-swap and cold-sparing.	1-8
Packaging Advance v0.7	The "UC81", "CS81", "QN48", and "QN68" pin tables for AGLN030 are new.	4-5, 4-8, 4-17,4-21
	The "CS81"pin table for AGLN060 is new.	4-9
	The "CS81" and "VQ100" pin tables for AGLN060Z are new.	4-10, 4-25
	The "CS81" and "VQ100" pin tables for AGLN125Z are new.	4-12, 4-27
	The "CS81" and "VQ100" pin tables for AGLN250Z is new.	4-14, 4-29
Product Brief Advance v0.7 DC and Switching Characteristics Advance v0.3	removed from the datasheet.	
Revision 6 (Mar 2009)	The "VQ100" pin table for AGLN030 is new.	4-23
Packaging Advance v0.6		
Revision 5 (Feb 2009) Packaging Advance v0.5	The "100-Pin QFN" section was removed.	N/A
Revision 4 (Feb 2009)	The QN100 package was removed for all devices.	N/A
Product Brief Advance v0.6	"IGLOO nano Devices" table was updated to change the maximum user I/Os for AGLN030 from 81 to 77.	II
	The "Device Marking" section is new.	V
Revision 3 (Feb 2009) Product Brief Advance v0.5	The following table note was removed from "IGLOO nano Devices" table: "Six chip (main) and three quadrant global networks are available for AGLN060 and above."	II
	The CS81 package was added for AGLN250 in the "IGLOO nano Products Available in the Z Feature Grade" table.	VI
Packaging Advance v0.4	The "UC81" and "CS81" pin tables for AGLN020 are new.	4-4, 4-7
	The "CS81" pin table for AGLN250 is new.	4-13