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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	768
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	66
Number of Gates	30000
Voltage - Supply	1.425V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	81-WFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	81-CSP (5x5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/agln030v5-zcsg81

IGLOO nano Device Status

IGLOO nano Devices	Status	IGLOO nano-Z Devices	Status
AGLN010	Production		
AGLN015	Not recommended for new designs.		
AGLN020	Production		
		AGLN030Z	Not recommended for new designs.
AGLN060	Production	AGLN060Z	Not recommended for new designs.
AGLN125	Production	AGLN125Z	Not recommended for new designs.
AGLN250	Production	AGLN250Z	Not recommended for new designs.

6. Click **OK** to return to the FlashPoint – Programming File Generator window.

Note: I/O States During programming are saved to the ADB and resulting programming files after completing programming file generation.

Power Consumption of Various Internal Resources

Table 2-15 • Different Components Contributing to Dynamic Power Consumption in IGLOO nano Devices For IGLOO nano V2 or V5 Devices, 1.5 V Core Supply Voltage

Parameter	Definition	Device Specific Dynamic Power ($\mu\text{W}/\text{MHz}$)					
		AGLN250	AGLN125	AGLN060	AGLN020	AGLN015	AGLN010
PAC1	Clock contribution of a Global Rib	4.421	4.493	2.700	0	0	0
PAC2	Clock contribution of a Global Spine	2.704	1.976	1.982	4.002	4.002	2.633
PAC3	Clock contribution of a VersaTile row	1.496	1.504	1.511	1.346	1.346	1.340
PAC4	Clock contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.152	0.153	0.153	0.148	0.148	0.143
PAC5	First contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.057					
PAC6	Second contribution of a VersaTile used as a sequential module	0.207					
PAC7	Contribution of a VersaTile used as a combinatorial module	0.17					
PAC8	Average contribution of a routing net	0.7					
PAC9	Contribution of an I/O input pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-13 on page 2-9.					
PAC10	Contribution of an I/O output pin (standard-dependent)	See Table 2-14.					
PAC11	Average contribution of a RAM block during a read operation	25.00			N/A		
PAC12	Average contribution of a RAM block during a write operation	30.00			N/A		
PAC13	Dynamic contribution for PLL	2.70			N/A		

Table 2-16 • Different Components Contributing to the Static Power Consumption in IGLOO nano Devices For IGLOO nano V2 or V5 Devices, 1.5 V Core Supply Voltage

Parameter	Definition	Device -Specific Static Power (mW)					
		AGLN250	AGLN125	AGLN060	AGLN020	AGLN015	AGLN010
PDC1	Array static power in Active mode	See Table 2-12 on page 2-8					
PDC2	Array static power in Static (Idle) mode	See Table 2-12 on page 2-8					
PDC3	Array static power in Flash*Freeze mode	See Table 2-9 on page 2-7					
PDC4 ¹	Static PLL contribution	1.84			N/A		
PDC5	Bank quiescent power (VCCI-dependent) ²	See Table 2-12 on page 2-8					

Notes:

1. Minimum contribution of the PLL when running at lowest frequency.
2. For a different output load, drive strength, or slew rate, Microsemi recommends using the Microsemi power spreadsheet calculator or the SmartPower tool in Libero SoC.

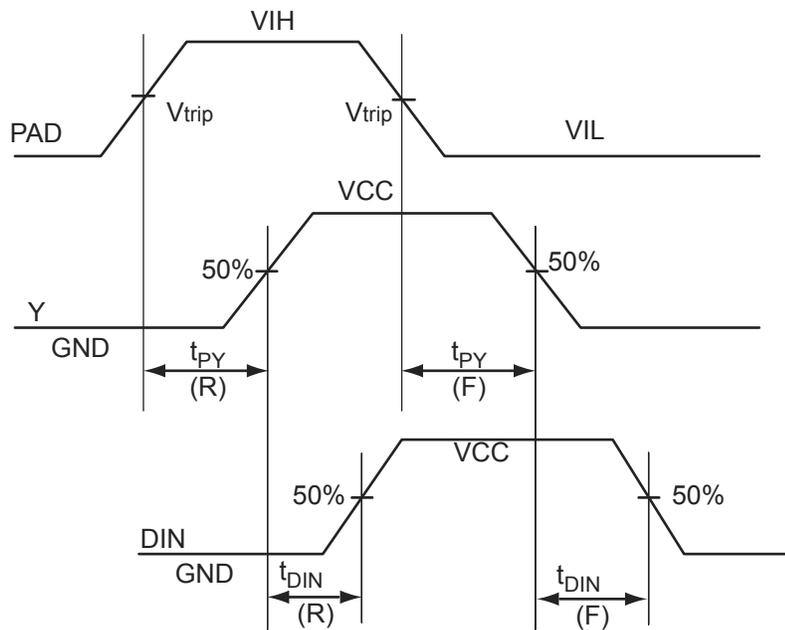
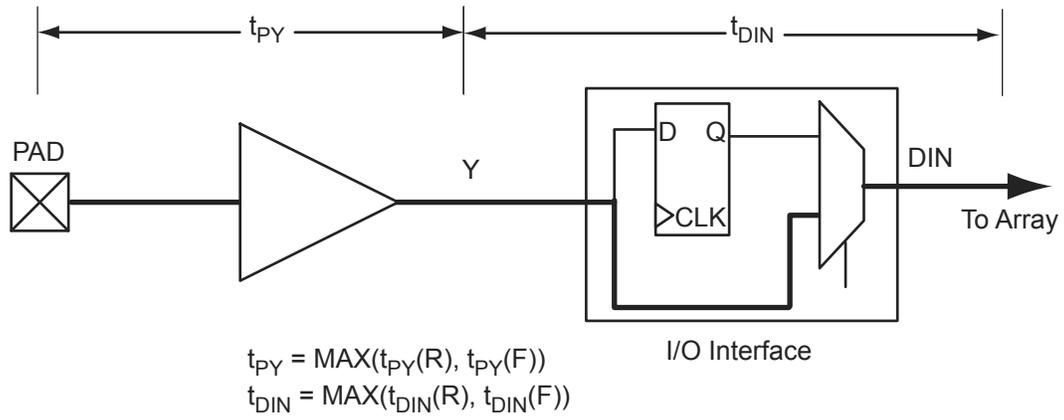


Figure 2-4 • Input Buffer Timing Model and Delays (example)

Overview of I/O Performance

Summary of I/O DC Input and Output Levels – Default I/O Software Settings

Table 2-21 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input and Output Levels
Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions—Software Default Settings

I/O Standard	Drive Strength	Equivalent Software Default Drive Strength ²	Slew Rate	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL ¹	IOH ¹
				Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.4	2.4	8	8
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range ³	100 μ A	8 mA	High	-0.3	0.8	2	3.6	0.2	VCCI - 0.2	100 μ A	100 μ A
2.5 V LVCMOS	8 mA	8 mA	High	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.7	1.7	8	8
1.8 V LVCMOS	4 mA	4 mA	High	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.45	VCCI - 0.45	4	4
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	2 mA	High	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁴	1 mA	1 mA	High	-0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	1	1
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ^{4,5}	100 μ A	1 mA	High	-0.3	0.3 * VCCI	0.7 * VCCI	3.6	0.1	VCCI - 0.1	100 μ A	100 μ A

Notes:

1. Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.
2. The minimum drive strength for any LVCMOS 1.2 V or LVCMOS 3.3 V software configuration when run in wide range is $\pm 100 \mu$ A. Drive strength displayed in the software is supported for normal range only. For a detailed I/V curve, refer to the IBIS models.
3. All LVCMOS 3.3 V software macros support LVCMOS 3.3 V wide range, as specified in the JESD8-B specification.
4. Applicable to IGLOO nano V2 devices operating at VCCI \geq VCC.
5. All LVCMOS 1.2 V software macros support LVCMOS 1.2 V wide range, as specified in the JESD8-12 specification.

Table 2-22 • Summary of Maximum and Minimum DC Input Levels
Applicable to Commercial and Industrial Conditions

DC I/O Standards	Commercial ¹		Industrial ²	
	IIL ³	I IH ⁴	IIL ³	I IH ⁴
	μ A	μ A	μ A	μ A
3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
3.3 V LVCOMS Wide Range	10	10	15	15
2.5 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
1.8 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
1.5 V LVCMOS	10	10	15	15
1.2 V LVCMOS ⁵	10	10	15	15
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range ⁵	10	10	15	15

Notes:

1. Commercial range ($-20^{\circ}\text{C} < T_A < 70^{\circ}\text{C}$)
2. Industrial range ($-40^{\circ}\text{C} < T_A < 85^{\circ}\text{C}$)
3. I_{IH} is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions, where $V_{IH} < V_{IN} < V_{CCI}$. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.
4. I_{IL} is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions, where $-0.3 \text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{IL}$.
5. Applicable to IGLOO nano V2 devices operating at VCCI \geq VCC.

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-36 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.97	3.52	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	3.59	3.42	1.75	1.90	ns
4 mA	STD	0.97	3.52	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	3.59	3.42	1.75	1.90	ns
6 mA	STD	0.97	2.90	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	2.96	2.83	1.98	2.29	ns
8 mA	STD	0.97	2.90	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	2.96	2.83	1.98	2.29	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-37 • 3.3 V LVTTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 3.0 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.97	2.16	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	2.20	1.80	1.75	1.99	ns
4 mA	STD	0.97	2.16	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	2.20	1.80	1.75	1.99	ns
6 mA	STD	0.97	1.79	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	1.83	1.45	1.98	2.38	ns
8 mA	STD	0.97	1.79	0.19	0.86	1.16	0.66	1.83	1.45	1.98	2.38	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-53 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.97	5.44	0.19	1.03	1.44	0.66	5.25	5.44	1.69	1.35	ns
4 mA	STD	0.97	4.44	0.19	1.03	1.44	0.66	4.37	4.44	1.99	2.11	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-54 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.5 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.97	2.64	0.19	1.03	1.44	0.66	2.59	2.64	1.69	1.40	ns
4 mA	STD	0.97	2.08	0.19	1.03	1.44	0.66	2.12	1.95	1.99	2.19	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-55 • 1.8 V LVCMOS Low Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	1.55	5.92	0.26	1.13	1.59	1.10	5.72	5.92	2.11	1.95	ns
4 mA	STD	1.55	4.91	0.26	1.13	1.59	1.10	4.82	4.91	2.42	2.73	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-56 • 1.8 V LVCMOS High Slew – Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.7 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	1.55	3.05	0.26	1.13	1.59	1.10	3.01	3.05	2.10	2.00	ns
4 mA	STD	1.55	2.49	0.26	1.13	1.59	1.10	2.53	2.34	2.42	2.81	ns

Notes:

1. Software default selection highlighted in gray.
2. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

I/O Register Specifications

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Asynchronous Preset

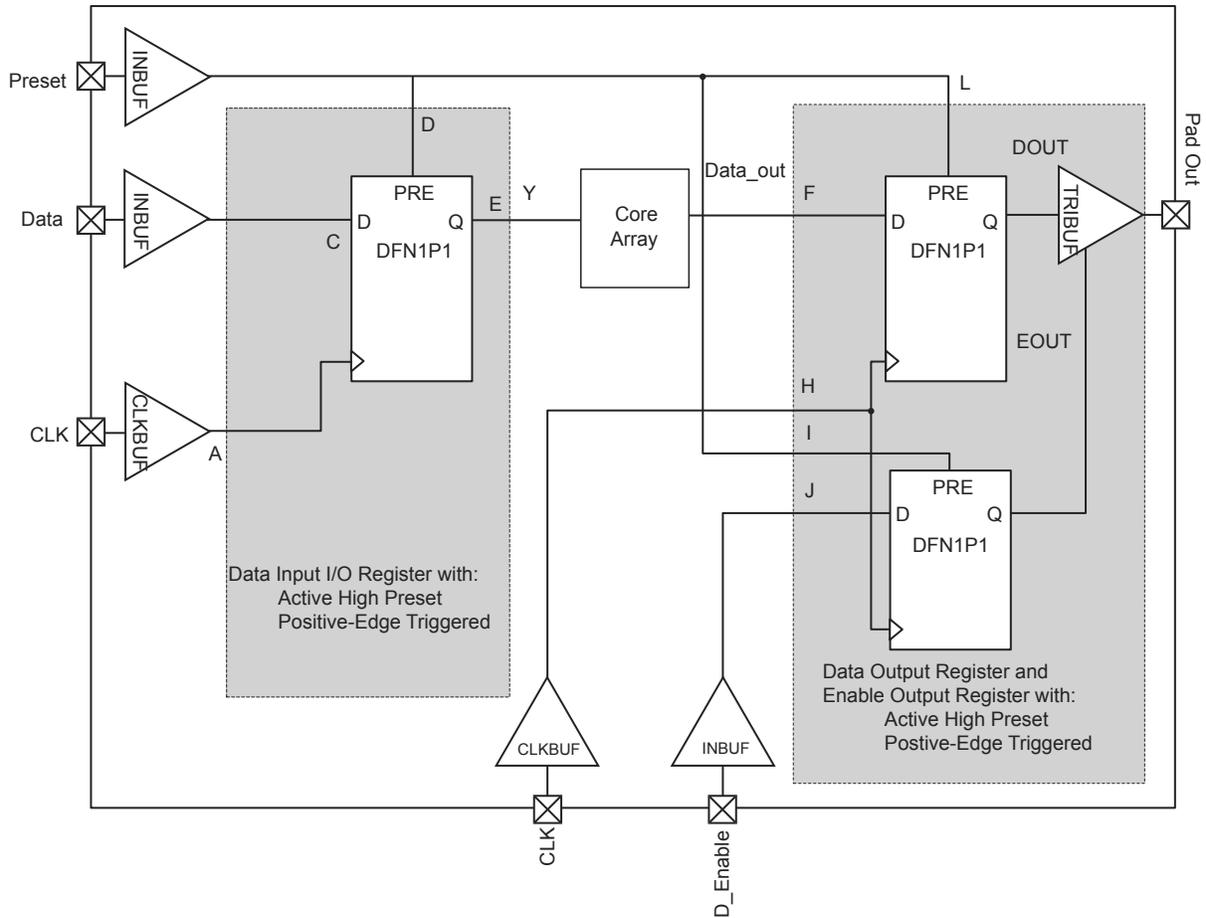


Figure 2-12 • Timing Model of Registered I/O Buffers with Asynchronous Preset

Output Enable Register

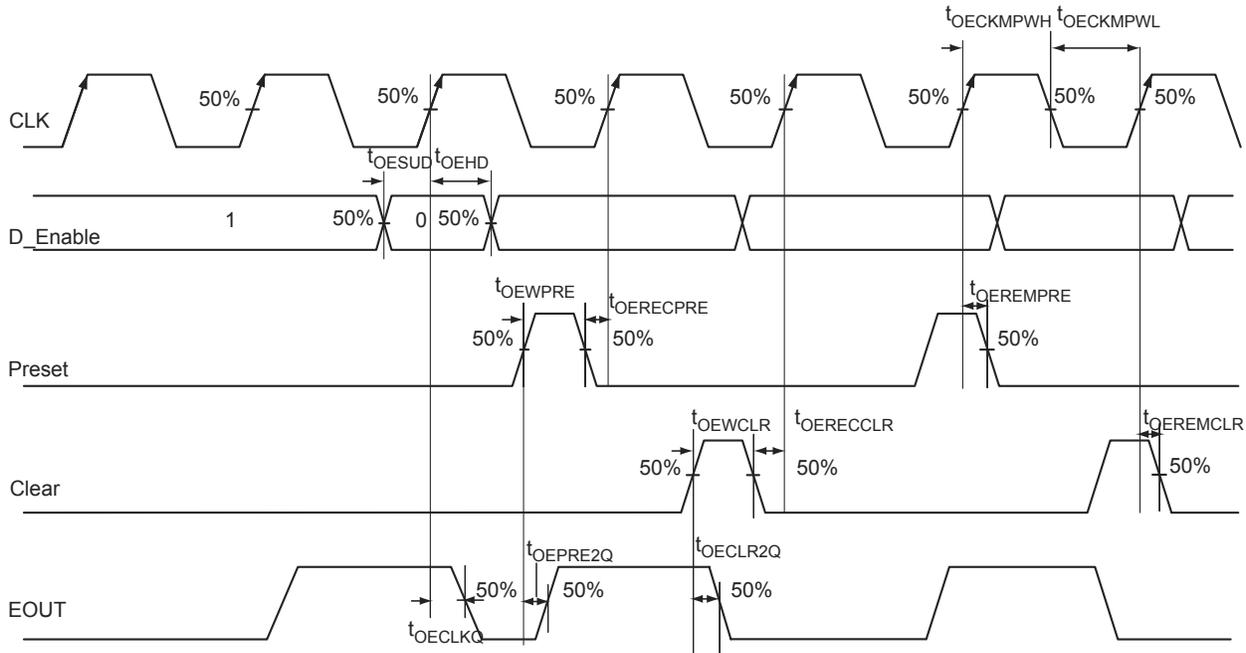


Figure 2-16 • Output Enable Register Timing Diagram

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-76 • Output Enable Register Propagation Delays
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, Worst-Case $V_{CC} = 1.425\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{OECLKQ}	Clock-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	0.75	ns
t_{OESUD}	Data Setup Time for the Output Enable Register	0.51	ns
t_{OEHD}	Data Hold Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OECLR2Q}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.13	ns
$t_{OEPRE2Q}$	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output Enable Register	1.13	ns
$t_{OEREMCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECCLR}$	Asynchronous Clear Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
$t_{OEREMPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Removal Time for the Output Enable Register	0.00	ns
$t_{OERECPRE}$	Asynchronous Preset Recovery Time for the Output Enable Register	0.24	ns
t_{OEWCLR}	Asynchronous Clear Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
t_{OEWPRE}	Asynchronous Preset Minimum Pulse Width for the Output Enable Register	0.19	ns
$t_{OECKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width HIGH for the Output Enable Register	0.31	ns
$t_{OECKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width LOW for the Output Enable Register	0.28	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

VersaTile Characteristics

VersaTile Specifications as a Combinatorial Module

The IGLOO nano library offers all combinations of LUT-3 combinatorial functions. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, refer to the *IGLOO, ProASIC3, SmartFusion and Fusion Macro Library Guide for Software v10.1*.

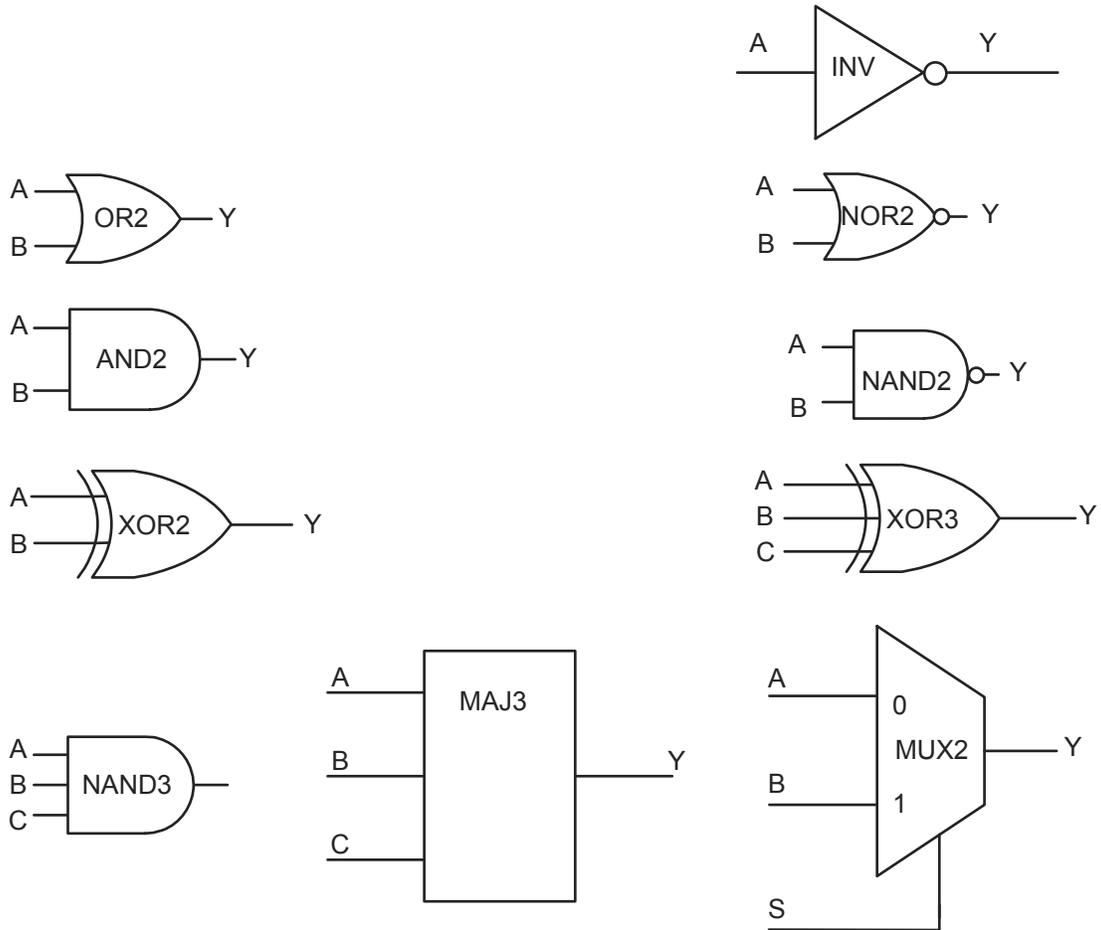


Figure 2-21 • Sample of Combinatorial Cells

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-94 • AGLN010 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.71	2.09	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.78	2.31	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.53	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-95 • AGLN015 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.81	2.26	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.90	2.51	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.61	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-96 • AGLN020 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	1.81	2.26	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.90	2.51	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.61	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

Table 2-97 • AGLN060 Global Resource
Commercial-Case Conditions: $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Std.		Units
		Min. ¹	Max. ²	
t_{RCKL}	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	2.02	2.42	ns
t_{RCKH}	Input High Delay for Global Clock	2.09	2.65	ns
$t_{RCKMPWH}$	Minimum Pulse Width High for Global Clock	1.40		ns
$t_{RCKMPWL}$	Minimum Pulse Width Low for Global Clock	1.65		ns
t_{RCKSW}	Maximum Skew for Global Clock		0.56	ns

Notes:

1. Value reflects minimum load. The delay is measured from the CCC output to the clock pin of a sequential element, located in a lightly loaded row (single element is connected to the global net).
2. Value reflects maximum load. The delay is measured on the clock pin of the farthest sequential element, located in a fully loaded row (all available flip-flops are connected to the global net in the row).
3. For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-7 on page 2-7 for derating values.

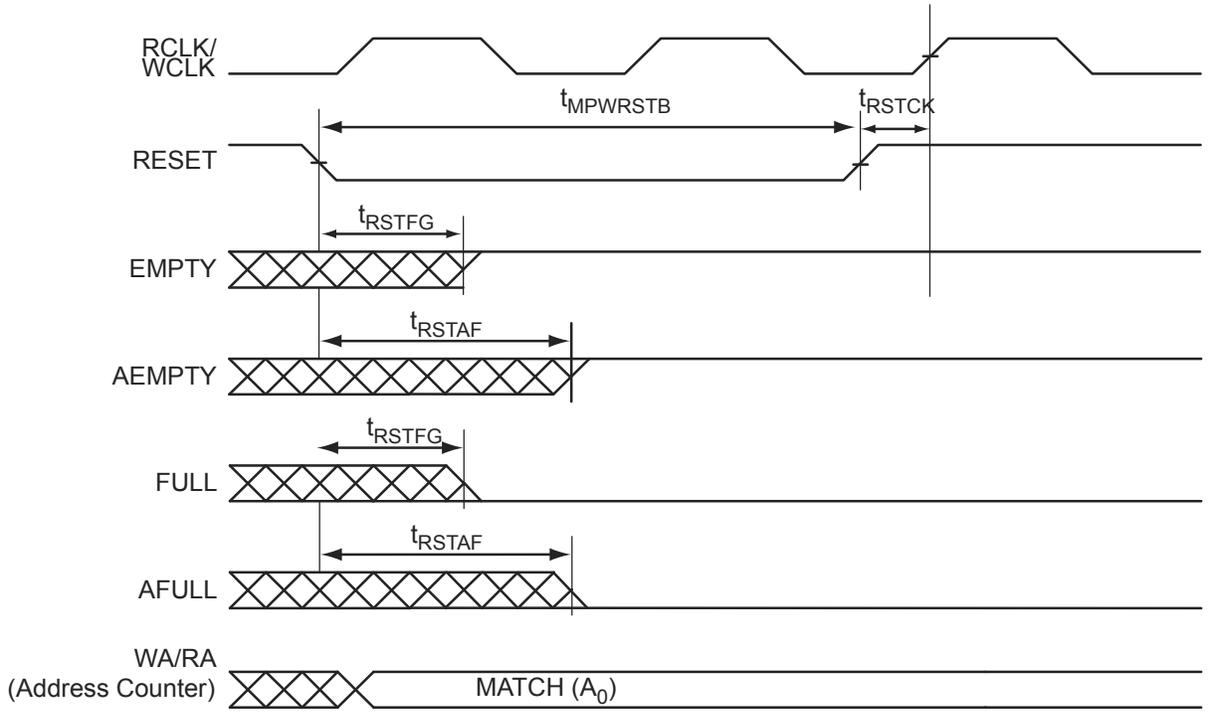


Figure 2-36 • FIFO Reset

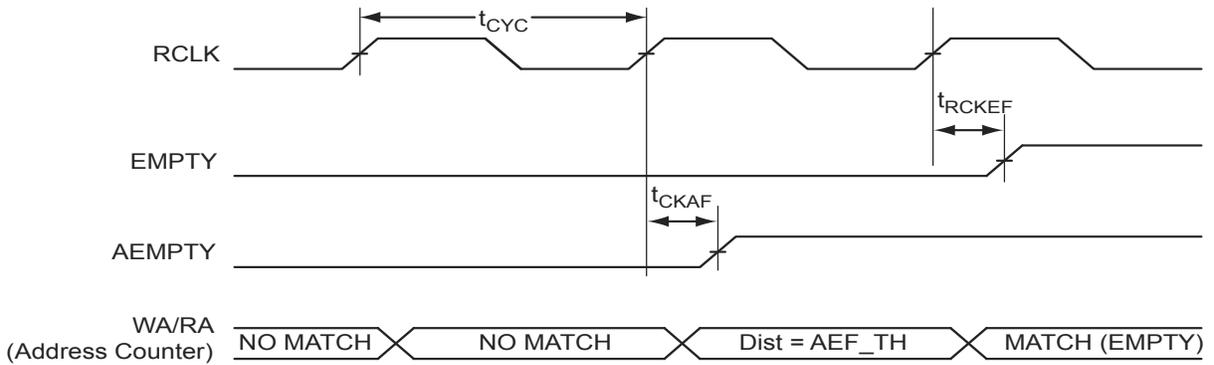


Figure 2-37 • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion

UC36	
Pin Number	AGLN010 Function
A1	IO21RSB1
A2	IO18RSB1
A3	IO13RSB1
A4	GDC0/IO00RSB0
A5	IO06RSB0
A6	GDA0/IO04RSB0
B1	GEC0/IO37RSB1
B2	IO20RSB1
B3	IO15RSB1
B4	IO09RSB0
B5	IO08RSB0
B6	IO07RSB0
C1	IO22RSB1
C2	GEA0/IO34RSB1
C3	GND
C4	GND
C5	VCCIB0
C6	IO02RSB0
D1	IO33RSB1
D2	VCCIB1
D3	VCC
D4	VCC
D5	IO10RSB0
D6	IO11RSB0
E1	IO32RSB1
E2	FF/IO31RSB1
E3	TCK
E4	VPUMP
E5	TRST
E6	VJTAG
F1	IO29RSB1
F2	IO25RSB1
F3	IO23RSB1
F4	TDI

UC36	
Pin Number	AGLN010 Function
F5	TMS
F6	TDO

CS81	
Pin Number	AGLN125 Function
A1	GAA0/IO00RSB0
A2	GAA1/IO01RSB0
A3	GAC0/IO04RSB0
A4	IO13RSB0
A5	IO22RSB0
A6	IO32RSB0
A7	GBB0/IO37RSB0
A8	GBA1/IO40RSB0
A9	GBA2/IO41RSB0
B1	GAA2/IO132RSB1
B2	GAB0/IO02RSB0
B3	GAC1/IO05RSB0
B4	IO11RSB0
B5	IO25RSB0
B6	GBC0/IO35RSB0
B7	GBB1/IO38RSB0
B8	IO42RSB0
B9	GBB2/IO43RSB0
C1	GAB2/IO130RSB1
C2	IO131RSB1
C3	GND
C4	IO15RSB0
C5	IO28RSB0
C6	GND
C7	GBA0/IO39RSB0
C8	GBC2/IO45RSB0
C9	IO47RSB0
D1	GAC2/IO128RSB1
D2	IO129RSB1
D3	GFA2/IO117RSB1
D4	VCC
D5	VCCIB0
D6	GND
D7	GCC2/IO59RSB0
D8	GCC1/IO51RSB0
D9	GCC0/IO52RSB0

CS81	
Pin Number	AGLN125 Function
E1	GFB0/IO120RSB1
E2	GFB1/IO121RSB1
E3	GFA1/IO118RSB1
E4	VCCIB1
E5	VCC
E6	VCCIB0
E7	GCA0/IO56RSB0
E8	GCA1/IO55RSB0
E9	GCB2/IO58RSB0
F1*	VCCPLF
F2*	VCOMPLF
F3	GND
F4	GND
F5	VCCIB1
F6	GND
F7	GDA1/IO65RSB0
F8	GDC1/IO61RSB0
F9	GDC0/IO62RSB0
G1	GEA0/IO104RSB1
G2	GEC0/IO108RSB1
G3	GEB1/IO107RSB1
G4	IO96RSB1
G5	IO92RSB1
G6	IO72RSB1
G7	GDB2/IO68RSB1
G8	VJTAG
G9	TRST
H1	GEA1/IO105RSB1
H2	FF/GEB2/IO102RSB1
H3	IO99RSB1
H4	IO94RSB1
H5	IO91RSB1
H6	IO81RSB1
H7	GDA2/IO67RSB1
H8	TDI
H9	TDO

CS81	
Pin Number	AGLN125 Function
J1	GEA2/IO103RSB1
J2	GEC2/IO101RSB1
J3	IO97RSB1
J4	IO93RSB1
J5	IO90RSB1
J6	IO78RSB1
J7	TCK
J8	TMS
J9	VPUMP

Note: * Pin numbers F1 and F2 must be connected to ground because a PLL is not supported for AGLN125-CS81.

QN48	
Pin Number	AGLN010 Function
1	GEC0/IO37RSB1
2	IO36RSB1
3	GEA0/IO34RSB1
4	IO22RSB1
5	GND
6	VCCIB1
7	IO24RSB1
8	IO33RSB1
9	IO26RSB1
10	IO32RSB1
11	IO27RSB1
12	IO29RSB1
13	IO30RSB1
14	FF/IO31RSB1
15	IO28RSB1
16	IO25RSB1
17	IO23RSB1
18	VCC
19	VCCIB1
20	IO17RSB1
21	IO14RSB1
22	TCK
23	TDI
24	TMS
25	VPUMP
26	TDO
27	TRST
28	VJTAG
29	IO11RSB0
30	IO10RSB0
31	IO09RSB0
32	IO08RSB0
33	VCCIB0
34	GND
35	VCC

QN48	
Pin Number	AGLN010 Function
36	IO07RSB0
37	IO06RSB0
38	GDA0/IO05RSB0
39	IO03RSB0
40	GDC0/IO01RSB0
41	IO12RSB1
42	IO13RSB1
43	IO15RSB1
44	IO16RSB1
45	IO18RSB1
46	IO19RSB1
47	IO20RSB1
48	IO21RSB1

QN68	
Pin Number	AGLN015 Function
1	IO60RSB2
2	IO54RSB2
3	IO52RSB2
4	IO50RSB2
5	IO49RSB2
6	GEC0/IO48RSB2
7	GEA0/IO47RSB2
8	VCC
9	GND
10	VCCIB2
11	IO46RSB2
12	IO45RSB2
13	IO44RSB2
14	IO43RSB2
15	IO42RSB2
16	IO41RSB2
17	IO40RSB2
18	FF/IO39RSB1
19	IO37RSB1
20	IO35RSB1
21	IO33RSB1
22	IO31RSB1
23	IO30RSB1
24	VCC
25	GND
26	VCCIB1
27	IO27RSB1
28	IO25RSB1
29	IO23RSB1
30	IO21RSB1
31	IO19RSB1
32	TCK
33	TDI
34	TMS
35	VPUMP

QN68	
Pin Number	AGLN015 Function
36	TDO
37	TRST
38	VJTAG
39	IO17RSB0
40	IO16RSB0
41	GDA0/IO15RSB0
42	GDC0/IO14RSB0
43	IO13RSB0
44	VCCIB0
45	GND
46	VCC
47	IO12RSB0
48	IO11RSB0
49	IO09RSB0
50	IO05RSB0
51	IO00RSB0
52	IO07RSB0
53	IO03RSB0
54	IO18RSB1
55	IO20RSB1
56	IO22RSB1
57	IO24RSB1
58	IO28RSB1
59	NC
60	GND
61	NC
62	IO32RSB1
63	IO34RSB1
64	IO36RSB1
65	IO61RSB2
66	IO58RSB2
67	IO56RSB2
68	IO63RSB2

Revision / Version	Changes	Page
Revision 1 (cont'd) Packaging Advance v0.2	The "QN48" pin diagram was revised.	4-16
	Note 2 for the "QN48", "QN68", and "100-Pin QFN" pin diagrams was changed to "The die attach paddle of the package is tied to ground (GND)."	4-16, 4-19
	The "VQ100" pin diagram was revised to move the pin IDs to the upper left corner instead of the upper right corner.	4-23
Revision 0 (Oct 2008) Product Brief Advance v0.2	The following tables and sections were updated to add the UC81 and CS81 packages for AGL030: "IGLOO nano Devices" "I/Os Per Package" "IGLOO nano Products Available in the Z Feature Grade" "Temperature Grade Offerings"	N/A
	The "I/Os Per Package" table was updated to add the following information to table note 4: "For nano devices, the VQ100 package is offered in both leaded and RoHS-compliant versions. All other packages are RoHS-compliant only."	II
	The "IGLOO nano Products Available in the Z Feature Grade" section was updated to remove QN100 for AGLN250.	VI
	The device architecture figures, Figure 1-3 • IGLOO Device Architecture Overview with Two I/O Banks (AGLN060, AGLN125) through Figure 1-4 • IGLOO Device Architecture Overview with Four I/O Banks (AGLN250), were revised. Figure 1-1 • IGLOO Device Architecture Overview with Two I/O Banks and No RAM (AGLN010 and AGLN030) is new.	1-4 through 1-5
	The "PLL and CCC" section was revised to include information about CCC-GLs in AGLN020 and smaller devices.	1-7
	The "I/Os with Advanced I/O Standards" section was revised to add information about IGLOO nano devices supporting double-data-rate applications.	1-8

Datasheet Categories

Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in the "IGLOO nano Device Status" table on page III, is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

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