



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

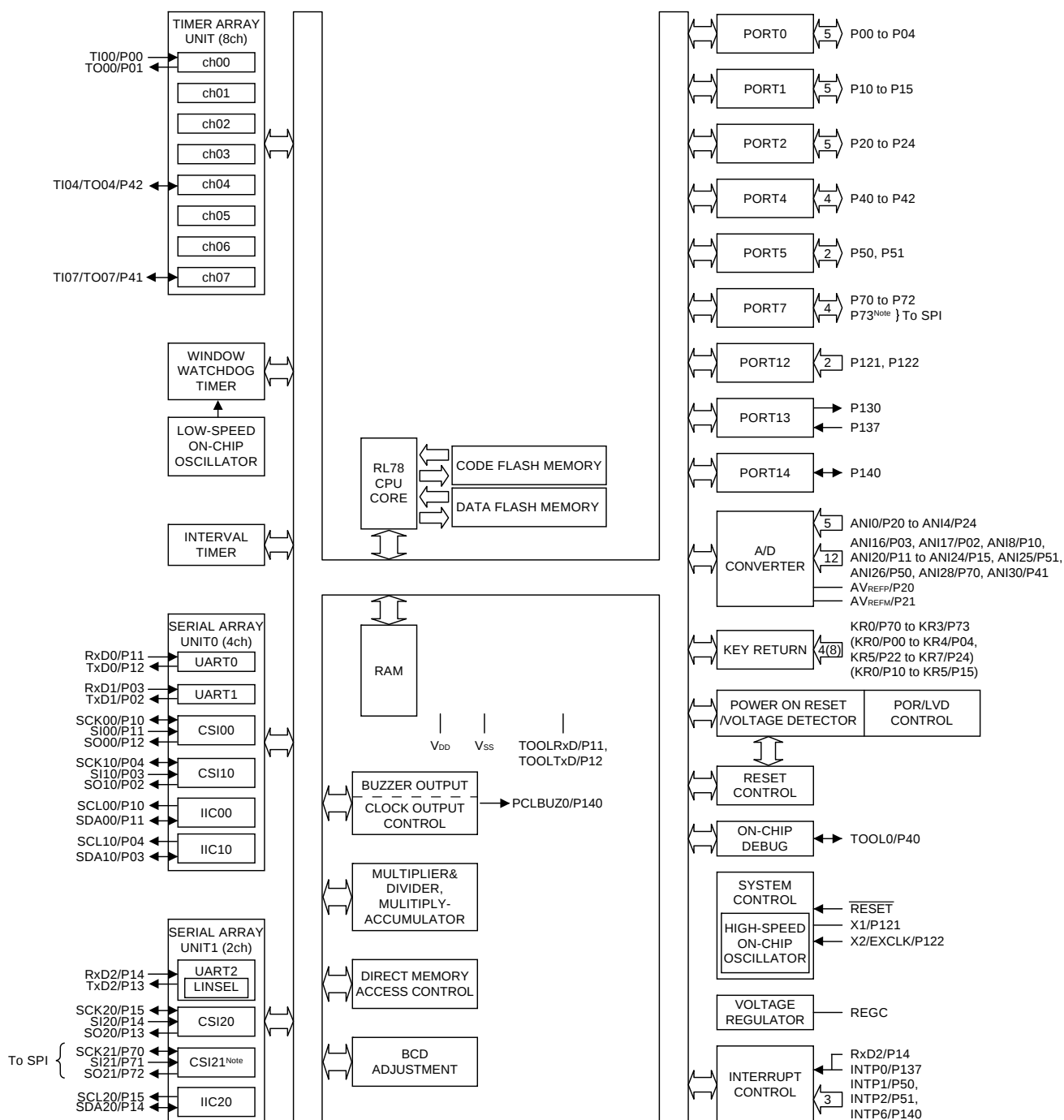
"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	32MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I ² C, LINbus, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	26
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.6V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 17x8/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	80-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-LFQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f10fmeafb-yb1

<R> (1) Block diagram in microcontroller block (80-pin products)



Note Connected inside the package.

Table 1-1 Outline of Functions (Microcontroller Block) (2/2)

Item		64-pin products	80-pin products
		R5F10FLx	R5F10FMx
Serial interface		• 64-pin products CSI: 1 channel / simplified I²C: 1 channel / UART: 1 channel UART: 1 channel CSI: 1 channel / UART (LIN-bus supported): 1 channel • 80-pin products CSI: 1 channel / simplified I²C: 1 channel / UART: 1 channel CSI: 1 channel / simplified I²C: 1 channel / UART: 1 channel CSI: 2 channels / simplified I²C: 1 channel / UART (LIN-bus supported): 1 channel	
	I ² C bus	—	
Multiplier and divider / multiply accumulator		Multiplier: 16 bits × 16 bits (Unsigned or signed) Divider: 32 bits ÷ 32 bits (Unsigned) Multiply accumulator: 16 bits × 16 bits + 32 bits (Unsigned or signed)	
DMA controller		2 channels	
Vectored interrupt sources	Internal	25	
	External	2	5
Key interrupt		4 ch (7) ^{Note 1}	4 ch (8) ^{Note 1}
Reset		• Reset by RESET pin • Internal reset by watchdog timer • Internal reset by power-on-reset • Internal reset by voltage detector • Internal reset by illegal instruction execution ^{Note 2} • Internal reset by RAM parity error • Internal reset by illegal-memory access	
Power-on-reset circuit		• Power-on-reset: 1.51 ±0.03 V • Power-down-reset: 1.50 ±0.03 V	
Voltage detector		Detection level: 3 stages	
On-chip debug function		Provided	

<R>

Notes 1. The number in parentheses is the channels of key interrupt when using the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR).

2. The illegal instruction is generated when instruction code FFH is executed. Rest by the illegal instruction execution is not issued by emulation with the in-circuit emulator or on-chip debug emulator.

<R> 2.1.1.1 64-pin products

(1/2)

Function Name	Pin Type	I/O	After Reset	Alternate Function	Function
P00	8-1-1	I/O	Input port	TI00/(KR0)	Port 0. 4-bit I/O port. Input of P00, P01, and P03 can be set to TTL input buffer. Output of P02 and P03 can be set to N-ch open-drain output (V_{DD} tolerance). P02 and P03 can be set to analog input. ^{Note1} Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by a software setting at input port.
P01				TO00/(KR1)	
P02	7-3-2		Analog input port	ANI17/TxD1/(KR2)	
P03	8-3-2			ANI16/RxD1/(KR3)	
P10	8-3-2	I/O	Analog input port	ANI18/SCK00/SCL00/(KR0)	Port 1. 5-bit I/O port. Input of P10, P11, and P14 can be set to TTL input buffer. Output of P10 to P14 can be set to N-ch open-drain output (V_{DD} tolerance). P10 to P14 can be set to analog input. ^{Note 1} Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by a software setting at input port.
P11				ANI20/SI00/RxD0/TOOLRxD/SDA00/(KR1)	
P12	7-3-2			ANI21/SO00/TxD0/TOOLTxD/(KR2)	
P13				ANI22/TxD2/(KR3)	
P14	8-3-2			ANI23/RxD2/(KR4)	
P20	4-3-1	I/O	Analog input port	ANI0/AV _{REFP}	Port 2. 4-bit I/O port. Can be set to analog input. ^{Note 2} Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units.
P21				ANI1/AV _{REFM}	
P22				ANI2/(KR5)	
P23				ANI3/(KR6)	
P40	7-1-1	I/O	Input port	TOOL0	Port 4. 3-bit I/O port. P41 can be set to analog input. ^{Note 1} Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by a software setting at input port.
P41	7-3-1		Analog input port	ANI30/TI07/TO07	
P42	7-1-1		Input port	TI04/TO04	
P70	7-3-1	I/O	Analog input port	ANI28/KR0/SCK21/ SCLK ^{Note3}	Port 7. 4-bit I/O port. P70 can be set to analog input. ^{Note 1} Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by a software setting at input port.
P71	7-1-2		Input port	KR1/SI21/SDO ^{Note3}	
P72	7-1-1			KR2/SO21/SDI ^{Note3}	
P73				KR3/ $\overline{CS}$ ^{Note3}	

- <R> **Notes 1.** Digital or analog for each pin can be selected with the port mode control register x (PMCx) (can be set in 1-bit units).
- 2.** Digital or analog for each pin can be selected with the A/D port configuration register (ADPC).
- 3.** $\overline{SCLK}$, SDO, SDI, $\overline{CS}$ represent the pin functions of analog block. P70 to P73 which are connected to the pins of the chip of analog block inside the package have some alternate functions for analog block.
- <R> **Remark** Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). About format, see Figure in **3.4.3.8 Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR)**.

(2/2)

<R>

Function Name	Pin Type	I/O	After Reset	Alternate Function	Function
P50	7-3-2	I/O	Analog input port	ANI26/INTP1	Port 5.
P51	7-3-1			ANI25/INTP2	2-bit I/O port. Output of P50 can be set to N-ch open-drain output (V _{DD} tolerance). P50 and P51 can be set to analog input. ^{Note 1} Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by software setting at input port.
P70	7-3-1	I/O	Analog input port	ANI28/KR0/ SCK21/ $\overline{\text{SCLK}}$ ^{Note2}	Port 7. 4-bit I/O port.
P71	7-1-2		Input port	KR1/SI21/ $\overline{\text{SDO}}$ ^{Note2}	P70 can be set to analog input. ^{Note 1}
P72	7-1-1			KR2/SO21/ $\overline{\text{SDI}}$ ^{Note2}	Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units.
P73				KR3/ $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ^{Note2}	Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by software setting at input port.
P121	2-2-1	Input	Input port	X1	Port 12.
P122				X2/EXCLK	2-bit input port.
P130	1-1-1	Output	Output port	–	Port 13.
P137	2-1-2	Input	Input port	INTP0	1-bit output port and 1-bit input port.
P140	7-1-1	I/O	Input port	PCLBUZ0/INTP6	Port 14. 1-bit I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. Use of an on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by a software setting at input port.
RESET	2-1-1	Input	–	–	Input only pin for external reset. When external reset is not used, connect this pin to V _{DD} directly or via a resistor.

<R> **Notes 1.** Digital or analog for each pin can be selected with the port mode control register x (PMCx) (can be set in 1-bit units).

- 2.** $\overline{\text{SCLK}}$, $\overline{\text{SDO}}$, $\overline{\text{SDI}}$, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ represent the pin functions of analog block. P70 to P73 which are connected to the pins of the chip of analog block inside the package have some alternate functions for analog block.

Table 3-3. List of Differences in Expanded Special Function Registers (2nd SFRs) (5/6)

Address	RL78/G1E (64-pin products)		RL78/G1A (64-pin products)				
	2nd SFRs Name	Symbol	2nd SFRs Name		Symbol		
F0180H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR00	Timer counter register 00		TCR00		
F0181H							
F0182H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR01	Timer counter register 01		TCR01		
F0183H							
F0184H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR02	Timer counter register 02		TCR02		
F0185H							
F0186H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR03	Timer counter register 03		TCR03		
F0187H							
F0188H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR04	Timer counter register 04		TCR04		
F0189H							
F018AH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR05	Timer counter register 05		TCR05		
F018BH							
F018CH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR06	Timer counter register 06		TCR06		
F018DH							
F018EH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR07	Timer counter register 07		TCR07		
F018FH							
F0190H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TMR00	Timer mode register 00		TMR00		
F0191H							
F0192H	Timer mode register 01 ^{Note}	TMR01	Timer mode register 01		TMR01		
F0193H							
F0194H	Timer mode register 02 ^{Note}	TMR02	Timer mode register 02		TMR02		
F0195H							
F0196H	Timer mode register 03 ^{Note}	TMR03	Timer mode register 03		TMR03		
F0197H							
F0198H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TMR04	Timer mode register 04		TMR04		
F0199H							
F019AH	Timer mode register 05 ^{Note}	TMR05	Timer mode register 05		TMR05		
F019BH							
F019CH	Timer mode register 06 ^{Note}	TMR06	Timer mode register 06		TMR06		
F019DH							
F019EH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TMR07	Timer mode register 07		TMR07		
F019FH							
F01A0H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR00L	TSR00	Timer status register 00		TSR00L	TSR00
F01A1H		—				—	
F01A2H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR01L	TSR01	Timer status register 01		TSR01L	TSR01
F01A3H		—				—	
F01A4H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR02L	TSR02	Timer status register 02		TSR02L	TSR02
F01A5H		—				—	
F01A6H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR03L	TSR03	Timer status register 03		TSR03L	TSR03
F01A7H		—				—	
F01A8H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR04L	TSR04	Timer status register 04		TSR04L	TSR04
F01A9H		—				—	
F01AAH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR05L	TSR05	Timer status register 05		TSR05L	TSR05
F01ABH		—				—	
F01ACH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR06L	TSR06	Timer status register 06		TSR06L	TSR06
F01ADH		—				—	
F01AEH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR07L	TSR07	Timer status register 07		TSR07L	TSR07
F01AFH		—				—	

Note The bit setting is different from that of RL78/G1A (64-pin products).

Table 3-4. List of Differences in Expanded Special Function Registers (2nd SFRs) (5/6)

Address	RL78/G1E (80-pin products)		RL78/G1A (64-pin products)				
	2nd SFRs Name	Symbol	2nd SFRs Name		Symbol		
F0180H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR00	Timer counter register 00		TCR00		
F0181H							
F0182H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR01	Timer counter register 01		TCR01		
F0183H							
F0184H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR02	Timer counter register 02		TCR02		
F0185H							
F0186H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR03	Timer counter register 03		TCR03		
F0187H							
F0188H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR04	Timer counter register 04		TCR04		
F0189H							
F018AH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR05	Timer counter register 05		TCR05		
F018BH							
F018CH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR06	Timer counter register 06		TCR06		
F018DH							
F018EH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TCR07	Timer counter register 07		TCR07		
F018FH							
F0190H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TMR00	Timer mode register 00		TMR00		
F0191H							
F0192H	Timer mode register 01 ^{Note}	TMR01	Timer mode register 01		TMR01		
F0193H							
F0194H	Timer mode register 02 ^{Note}	TMR02	Timer mode register 02		TMR02		
F0195H							
F0196H	Timer mode register 03 ^{Note}	TMR03	Timer mode register 03		TMR03		
F0197H							
F0198H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TMR04	Timer mode register 04		TMR04		
F0199H							
F019AH	Timer mode register 05 ^{Note}	TMR05	Timer mode register 05		TMR05		
F019BH							
F019CH	Timer mode register 06 ^{Note}	TMR06	Timer mode register 06		TMR06		
F019DH							
F019EH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TMR07	Timer mode register 07		TMR07		
F019FH							
F01A0H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR00L	TSR00	Timer status register 00		TSR00L	TSR00
F01A1H		—				—	
F01A2H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR01L	TSR01	Timer status register 01		TSR01L	TSR01
F01A3H		—				—	
F01A4H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR02L	TSR02	Timer status register 02		TSR02L	TSR02
F01A5H		—				—	
F01A6H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR03L	TSR03	Timer status register 03		TSR03L	TSR03
F01A7H		—				—	
F01A8H	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR04L	TSR04	Timer status register 04		TSR04L	TSR04
F01A9H		—				—	
F01AAH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR05L	TSR05	Timer status register 05		TSR05L	TSR05
F01ABH		—				—	
F01ACH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR06L	TSR06	Timer status register 06		TSR06L	TSR06
F01ADH		—				—	
F01AEH	Same as RL78/G1A (64-pin products)	TSR07L	TSR07	Timer status register 07		TSR07L	TSR07
F01AFH		—				—	

Note The bit setting is different from that of RL78/G1A (64-pin products).

3. 6. 3. 13 Input switch control register (ISC)

The bit setting is same as that of RL78/G1A (64-pin products). For details, see **6. 3. 13 Input switch control register (ISC)** in **RL78/G1A Hardware User's Manual (R01UH0305E)**.

3. 6. 3. 14 Noise filter enable register 1 (NFEN1)

Address: F0071H After reset: 00H R/W

Symbol	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NFEN1	TNFEN07	0	0	TNFEN04	0	0	0	TNFEN00

TNFEN07	Enable/disable using noise filter of TI07/TO07/P41 pin or RxD2/P14 pin input signal ^{Note}
0	Noise filter OFF
1	Noise filter ON

TNFEN04	Enable/disable using noise filter of TI04/TO04/P42 pin input signal
0	Noise filter OFF
1	Noise filter ON

TNFEN00	Enable/disable using noise filter of TI00/P00 pin input signal
0	Noise filter OFF
1	Noise filter ON

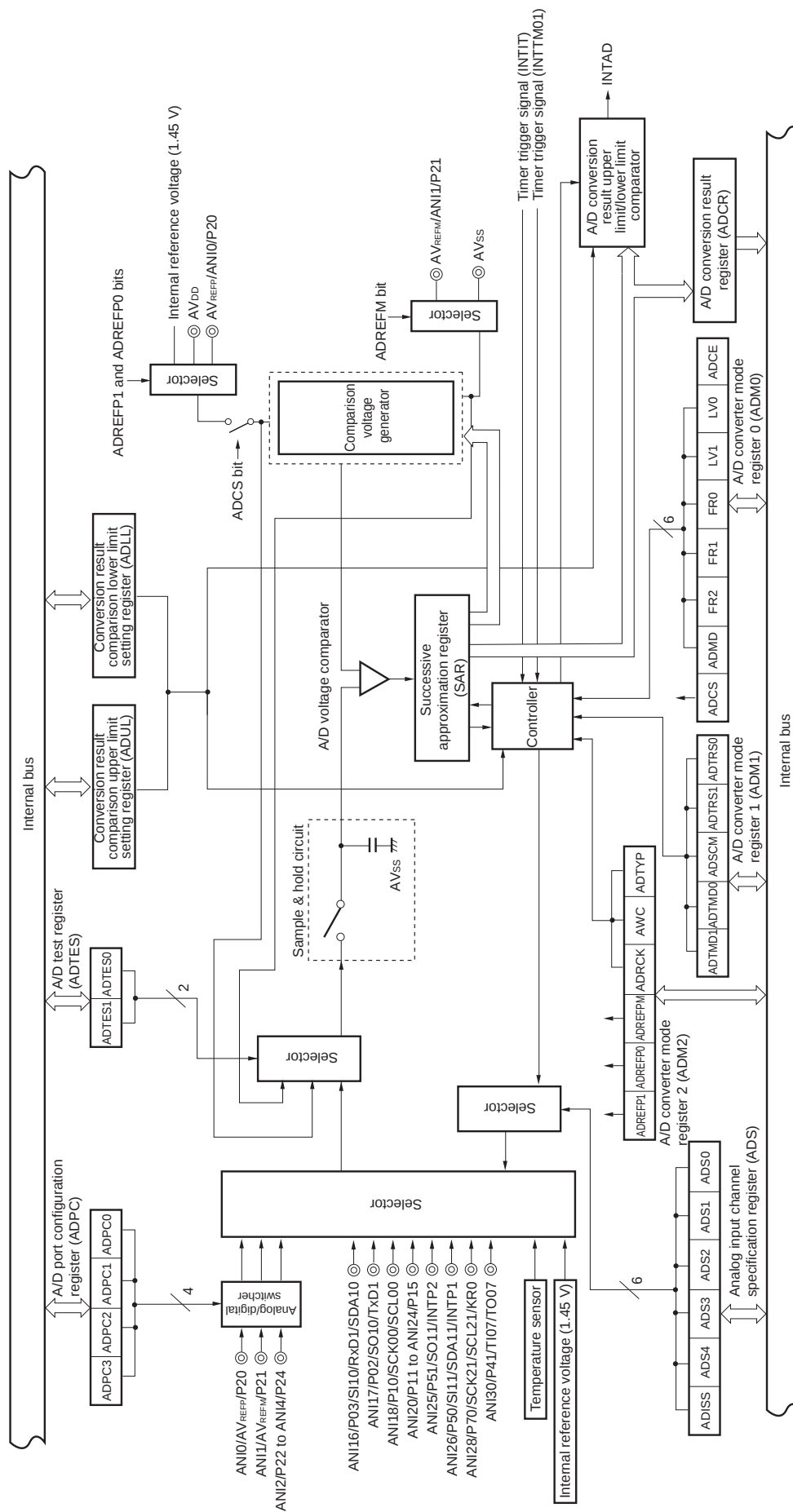
Note The applicable pin can be switched by setting the ISC1 bit of the ISC register.

ISC1 = 0: Whether or not to use the noise filter of the TI07 pin can be selected.

ISC1 = 1: Whether or not to use the noise filter of the RxD2 pin can be selected.

Caution Be sure to clear bits 6, 5, 3 to 1 to "0".

Figure 3-8. Block Diagram of A/D Converter



Remark Analog input pins drawn in this figure is for the case of 80-pin products

<R>

Table 3-13. Interrupt Source List (2/3)

Interrupt Type	Default Priority Note 1	Interrupt Source		Internal/External	Vector Table Address	Basic Configuration Type Note 2	RL78/G1E	
		Name	Trigger				64-pin	80-pin
<R>	Maskable	16	INTST1/ INTCSI10/ INTIIC10	Internal	0024H	(A)	√ Note 3	√
		17	INTSR1/ INTCSI11/ INTIIC11		0026H		√ Note 4	√ Note 4
		18	INTSRE1		0028H		√	√
			INTTM03H				√	√
		19	INTIICA0		002AH		—	—
		20	INTTM00		002CH		√	√
		21	INTTM01		002EH		√	√
		22	INTTM02		0030H		√	√
		23	INTTM03		0032H		√	√
		24	INTAD		0034H		√	√
		25	INTRTC		0036H		—	—
		26	INTIT		0038H		√	√
		27	INTKR	External	003AH	(C)	√	√
		28	INTTM04	Internal	0042H	(A)	√	√

Notes 1. The default priority determines the sequence of interrupts if two or more maskable interrupts occur simultaneously. Zero indicates the highest priority and 39 indicates the lowest priority.

2. Basic configuration types (A) to (D) correspond to (A) to (D) in Figure 3-13.

3. INTST1 only.

4. INTSR1 only.

Format of User Option Byte (000C1H/010C1H) (2/2)Address: 000C1H/010C1H^{Note}

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VPOC2	VPOC1	VPOC0	1	LVIS1	LVIS0	LVIMDS1	LVIMDS0

• LVD setting (interrupt mode)

<R>	Detection voltage		Option byte setting value						
	V _{LVDH}		VPOC2	VPOC1	VPOC0	LVIS1	LVIS0	Mode setting	
	Rising edge	Falling edge						LVIMDS1	LVIMDS0
	3.13	3.06	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
	3.75	3.67	0	1	0	0	0		
	4.06	3.98	0	1	1	0	0		
—		Value other than above is setting prohibited.							

• LVD off (use of external reset input via $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin)

Detection voltage		Option byte setting value						
V _{LVD}		VPOC2	VPOC1	VPOC0	LVIS1	LVIS0	Mode setting	
Rising edge	Falling edge						LVIMDS1	LVIMDS0
—	—	1	×	×	×	×	×	1
—		Value other than above is setting prohibited.						

Note Set the same value as 000C1H to 010C1H when the boot swap operation is used because 000C1H is replaced by 010C1H.

<R> **Cautions1.** Set bit 4 to 1.

- After power is supplied, the reset state must be retained until the operating voltage becomes in the range defined in 5. 2. 3 AC characteristics. This is done by utilizing the voltage detector or controlling the externally input reset signal. After the power supply is turned off, this LSI should be placed in the STOP mode, or placed in the reset state by utilizing the voltage detector or controlling the externally input reset signal, before the voltage falls below the operating range. The range of operating voltage varies with the setting of the user option byte (000C2H or 010C2H).

<R> **Remarks 1.** ×: don't care

- For details on the LVD circuit, see 3. 21 Voltage Detector.
- The detection voltage is a TYP. value. For details, see 5. 2. 5. 4 LVD circuit characteristics.

Table 4-2. Gain of Configurable Amplifier Ch1 (Inverting Amplifier and Differential Amplifier)

AMPG14	AMPG13	AMPG12	AMPG11	AMPG10	Gain of Configurable Amplifier Ch1 (Typ.)
0	0	0	0	0	6 dB
0	0	0	0	1	8 dB
0	0	0	1	0	10 dB
0	0	0	1	1	12 dB
0	0	1	0	0	14 dB
0	0	1	0	1	16 dB
0	0	1	1	0	18 dB
0	0	1	1	1	20 dB
0	1	0	0	0	22 dB
0	1	0	0	1	24 dB
0	1	0	1	0	26 dB
0	1	0	1	1	28 dB
0	1	1	0	0	30 dB
0	1	1	0	1	32 dB
0	1	1	1	0	34 dB
0	1	1	1	1	36 dB
1	0	0	0	0	38 dB
1	0	0	0	1	40 dB
Other than above					Setting prohibited

CHAPTER 5 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

In this chapter, the electrical specification is described for the target products shown below.

Target products	A: Consumer applications	$T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
	R5F10FLCANA, R5F10FLCANA, R5F10FLDANA, R5F10FLDANA, R5F10FLEANA, R5F10FLEANA, R5F10FMCAFB, R5F10FMCAFB, R5F10FMDAFB, R5F10FMDAFB, R5F10FMEAFA, R5F10FMEAFA	

Target products	D: Industrial applications	$T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
	R5F10FLCDNA, R5F10FLCDNA, R5F10FLDDNA, R5F10FLDDNA, R5F10FLEDNA, R5F10FLEDNA, R5F10FMCDFA, R5F10FMCDFA, R5F10FMDDFA, R5F10FMDDFA, R5F10FMEDFA, R5F10FMEDFA	

- Cautions 1.** The RL78/G1E microcontrollers have an on-chip debug function, which is provided for development and evaluation. Do not use the on-chip debug function in products designated for mass production, because the guaranteed number of rewritable times of the flash memory may be exceeded when this function is used, and product reliability therefore cannot be guaranteed. Renesas Electronics is not liable for problems occurring when the on-chip debug function is used.
- 2.** The pins mounted depend on the product, so that refer to CHAPTER 2 PIN FUNCTIONS. In this Chapter, most of the descriptions use the case of 80-pin products as an example.

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

(3/3)

<R>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed on-chip oscillator operating current	I _{FIL} ^{Note 1}				0.20		μA
12-bit Interval timer operating current	I _{IT} ^{Note 1, 2, 3}				0.02 ^{Note 3}		μA
Watchdog timer operating current	I _{WDT} ^{Note 1, 2, 4}	f _{IL} = 15 kHz, f _{MAIN} is stopped			0.22		μA
A/D converter operating current	I _{ADC} ^{Note 5, 6}	AV _{DD} = 3.0 V, When conversion at maximum speed			420	720	μA
AV _{REF} (+) current	I _{AVREF} ^{Note 7}	AV _{DD} = 3.0 V, ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0 ^{Note 6}			14.0	25.0	μA
		AV _{REFP} = 3.0 V, ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1 ^{Note 9}			14.0	25.0	μA
		ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0 ^{Note 1}			14.0	25.0	μA
A/D converter reference voltage current	I _{ADREF} ^{Note 1, 8}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V			75.0		μA
Temperature sensor operating current	I _{TMPS} ^{Note 1}	V _{DD} = 3.0 V			75.0		μA
LVD operating current	I _{LVD} ^{Note 1, 10}				0.08		μA
BGO operating current	I _{BGO} ^{Note 1, 11}				2.5	12.2	mA
Selfprogramming operating current	I _{FSP} ^{Note 1, 12}				2.5	12.2	mA
SNOOZE operating current	I _{SNOZ}	A/D converter operation (AV _{DD} = 3.0 V)	The mode is performed ^{Note 1, 13}		0.50	0.60	mA
			During A/D conversion ^{Note 1}		0.60	0.75	mA
			During A/D conversion ^{Note 6}		420	720	μA
		CSI/UART operation ^{Note 1}			0.70	0.84	mA

(Notes and Remarks are listed on the next page.)

<R> (4) Communication between devices at same potential (CSI mode)
(slave mode, SCKp ... External clock input) (1/2)

(T_A = -40 to +85°C, 1.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS ^{Note 1}		LS ^{Note 2}		LV ^{Note 3}		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time ^{Note 4}	t _{KCY2}	4.0V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5V	20MHz < f _{MCK}	8/f _{MCK}		—		—		ns
			f _{MCK} ≤ 20MHz	6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		ns
		2.7V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5V	16MHz < f _{MCK}	8/f _{MCK}		—		—		ns
			f _{MCK} ≤ 16MHz	6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		6/f _{MCK}		ns
		2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK} and 500ns		6/f _{MCK} and 500ns		6/f _{MCK} and 500ns		ns
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK} and 750ns		6/f _{MCK} and 750ns		6/f _{MCK} and 750ns		ns
		1.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		6/f _{MCK} and 1500ns		6/f _{MCK} and 1500ns		6/f _{MCK} and 1500ns		ns
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		—		6/f _{MCK} and 1500ns		6/f _{MCK} and 1500ns		ns
SCKp high-level width low-level width	t _{KH2} , t _{KL2}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 -7		t _{KCY2} /2 -7		t _{KCY2} /2 -7		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 -8		t _{KCY2} /2 -8		t _{KCY2} /2 -8		ns
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 -18		t _{KCY2} /2 -18		t _{KCY2} /2 -18		ns
		1.7 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t _{KCY2} /2 -66		t _{KCY2} /2 -66		t _{KCY2} /2 -66		ns
		1.6 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		—		t _{KCY2} /2 -66		t _{KCY2} /2 -66		ns

Notes 1. HS is condition of HS (high-speed main) mode.

2. LS is condition of LS (low-speed main) mode.

3. LV is condition of LV (low-voltage main) mode.

4. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the Slp pin and SCKp pin and the normal output mode for the SOP pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

Remarks 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 10, 20, 21), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0 to 2),

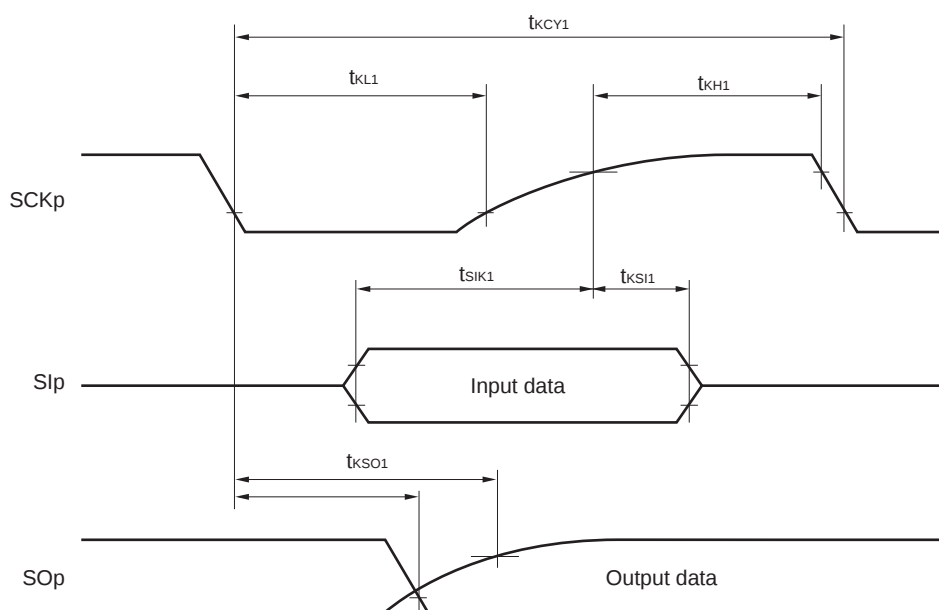
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1)

2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operating clock frequency

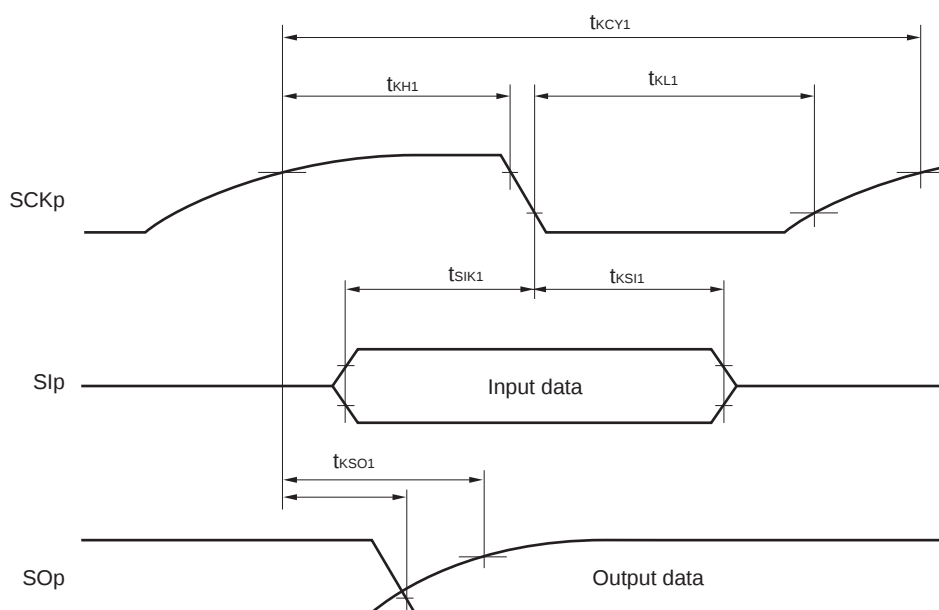
(Operation clock to be set by the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).

m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10, 11))

CSI mode serial transfer timing: master mode (during communication between devices at different potential)
(when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0 or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1)

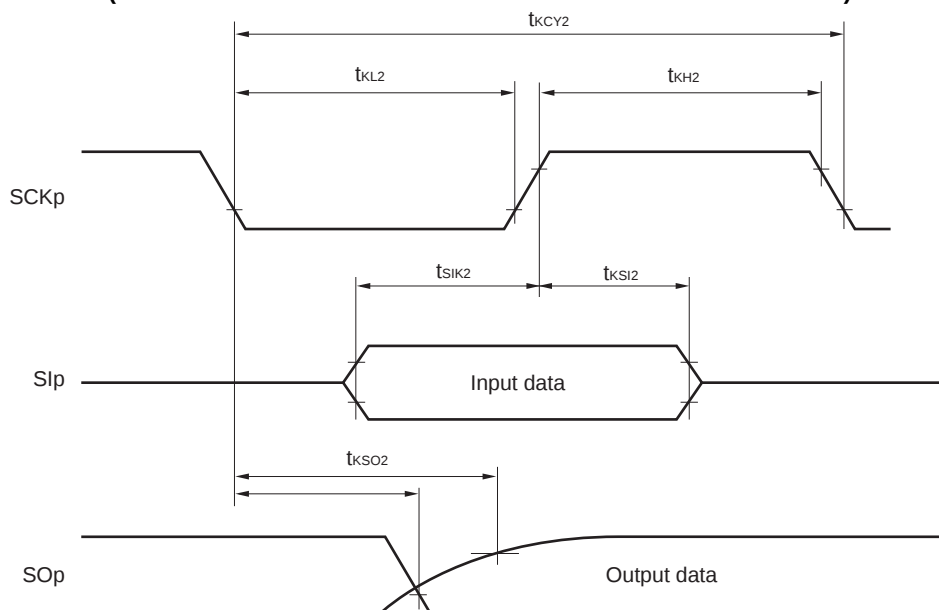


CSI mode serial transfer timing: master mode (during communication between devices at different potential)
(when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1 or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0)

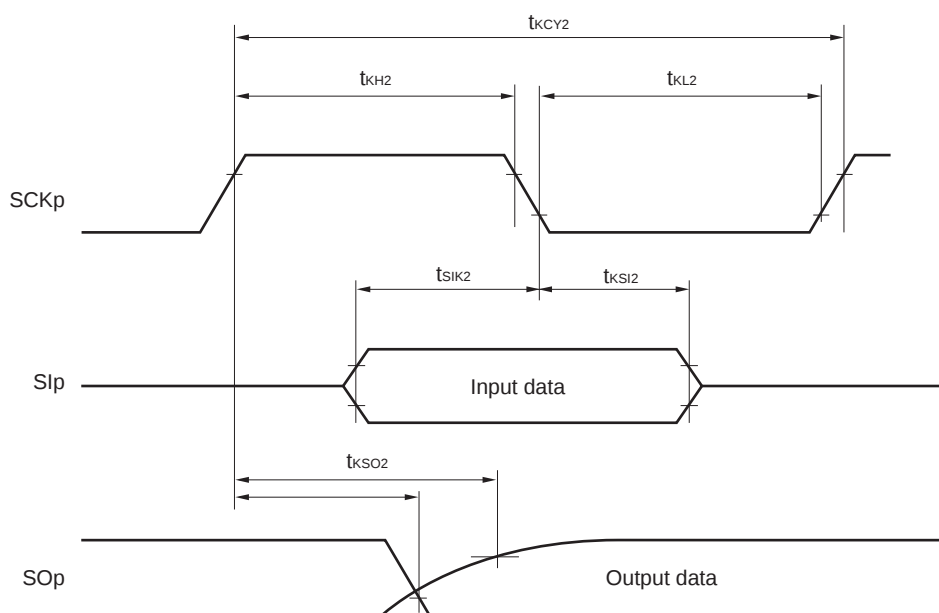


- Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 10, 20), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 10, 20),
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1)
- 2.** CSI21 cannot communicate with a device at different potential. Use other CSI channels for communication between devices at different potential.

CSI mode serial transfer timing: slave mode (during communication between devices at different potential)
(when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0 or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1)



CSI mode serial transfer timing: slave mode (during communication between devices at different potential)
(when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1 or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0)



- Remarks 1.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 10, 20), m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 10, 20),
g: PIM and POM numbers (g = 0, 1)
- 2.** CSI21 cannot communicate with a device at different potential. Use other CSI channels for communication between devices at different potential.

<R> 5.2.8 Dedicated flash memory programmer communication (UART)

($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		When programming for flash memory	115.2 k		1 M	bps

(-40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C, AV_{DD1} = AV_{DD2} = AV_{DD3} = DV_{DD} = 5.0 V, VREFIN1 = VREFIN2 = VREFIN3 = 1.7 V, AMP1OF = AMP2OF = AMP3OF = 1, DAC1OF = DAC2OF = DAC3OF = 0, inverting amplifier) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
Current consumption ^{Note}	I _{cc00}	CC1, CC0 = 0, 0	—	330	720	μA
	I _{cc01}	CC1, CC0 = 0, 1	—	175	390	μA
	I _{cc10}	CC1, CC0 = 1, 0	—	125	275	μA
	I _{cc11}	CC1, CC0 = 1, 1	—	55	120	μA
Input voltage	V _{INL}		AGND1 - 0.1	—	—	V
	V _{INH}		—	—	AV _{DD1} - 1.5	V
Output voltage	V _{OUTL}	I _{OL} = -200 μA	—	AGND1 + 0.02	AGND1 + 0.06	V
	V _{OUTH}	I _{OH} = 200 μA	AV _{DD1} - 0.06	AV _{DD1} - 0.02	—	V
Settling time	t _{SET_AMP00}	GCn = 00H (6 dB), CC1, CC0 = 0, 0, CL = 30 pF, output voltage = 1V _{PP} , output convergence voltage V _{PP} = 999 mV	—	—	9	μs
	t _{SET_AMP01}	GCn = 00H (6 dB), CC1, CC0 = 0, 1, CL = 30 pF, output voltage = 1V _{PP} , output convergence voltage V _{PP} = 999 mV	—	—	18	μs
	t _{SET_AMP10}	GCn = 00H (6 dB), CC1, CC0 = 1, 0, CL = 30 pF, output voltage = 1V _{PP} , output convergence voltage V _{PP} = 999 mV	—	—	28	μs
	t _{SET_AMP11}	GCn = 00H (6 dB), CC1, CC0 = 1, 1, CL = 30 pF, output voltage = 1V _{PP} , output convergence voltage V _{PP} = 999 mV	—	—	71	μs
Gain bandwidth	GBW00	CL = 30 pF, CC1, CC0 = 0, 0 GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	1.5		MHz
	GBW01	CL = 30 pF, CC1, CC0 = 0, 1 GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	0.9		MHz
	GBW10	CL = 30 pF, CC1, CC0 = 1, 0 GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	0.67		MHz
	GBW11	CL = 30 pF, CC1, CC0 = 1, 1 GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	0.22		MHz
Equivalent input noise	En00	CC1, CC0 = 0, 0 f = 1 kHz, GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	63	—	nV/√ Hz
	En01	CC1, CC0 = 0, 1 f = 1 kHz, GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	85	—	nV/√ Hz
	En10	CC1, CC0 = 1, 0 f = 1 kHz, GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	105	—	nV/√ Hz
	En11	CC1, CC0 = 1, 1 f = 1 kHz, GCn = 11H (40 dB)	—	150	—	nV/√ Hz

Note These are the values for one channel of configurable amplifier.

Remark n = 1 to 3

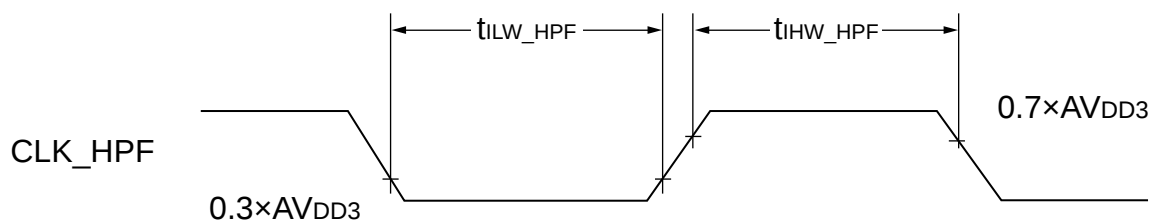
5.3.3.5 High-pass filter characteristics

($-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $AV_{DD1} = AV_{DD2} = AV_{DD3} = AV_{DD4} = DV_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $HPFOF = 1$)

<R>

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Current consumption	IccA		–	800	1800	μA
Input voltage	V _{ILHPF}		AGND4 +0.2	–	–	V
	V _{IHPF}		–	–	$AV_{DD3} - 1.5$	V
Output voltage	V _{OLHPF}	IOL = $-200\ \mu\text{A}$	–	AGND4 +0.22	AGND4 +0.25	V
	V _{OHPF}	IOH = $200\ \mu\text{A}$	$AV_{DD3} - 1.55$	$AV_{DD3} - 1.52$	–	V
Cutoff frequency	fc1	f _{CLK_HPF} = 2 kHz	–	8	–	Hz
	fc2	f _{CLK_HPF} = 200 kHz	–	800	–	Hz
CLK_HPF low-level input voltage	V _{ILCLK_HPF}				$0.3 \times AV_{DD3}$	V
CLK_HPF high-level input voltage	V _{IHCLK_HPF}		$0.7 \times AV_{DD3}$			V
CLK_HPF Input frequency	f _{CLK_HPF}		2	–	200	kHz
CLK_HPF Input low-level-width Input high-level-width	t _{ILW_HPF}		200	–	–	ns
	t _{IHW_HPF}					

Clock Timing



RL78/G1E