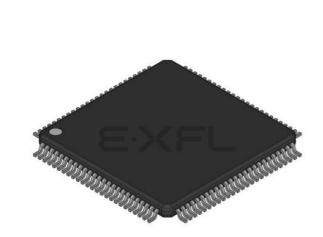
E·XFL

Altera - EPM7256BTC100-10 Datasheet



Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding <u>Embedded - CPLDs (Complex</u> <u>Programmable Logic Devices)</u>

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixedfunction ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Active
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	2.375V ~ 2.625V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	16
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	5000
Number of I/O	84
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=epm7256btc100-10

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

and More Features	 System-level features MultiVolt[™] I/O interface enabling device core to run at 2.5 V, while I/O mine are compatible with 2.2 V, 2.5 V, and 1.8 V logic
	while I/O pins are compatible with 3.3-V, 2.5-V, and 1.8-V logic levels
	 Programmable power-saving mode for 50% or greater power
	reduction in each macrocell
	 Fast input setup times provided by a dedicated path from I/O
	pin to macrocell registers
	 Support for advanced I/O standards, including SSTL-2 and
	SSTL-3, and GTL+
	 Bus-hold option on I/O pins
	– PCI compatible
	 Bus-friendly architecture including programmable slew-rate control
	 Open-drain output option
	 Programmable security bit for protection of proprietary designs
	 Built-in boundary-scan test circuitry compliant with
	IEEE Std. 1149.1
	 Supports hot-socketing operation
	 Programmable ground pins
	 Advanced architecture features Brogrammable interconnect error (BLA) continuous routing
	 Programmable interconnect array (PIA) continuous routing structure for fast, predictable performance
	 Configurable expander product-term distribution, allowing up
	to 32 product terms per macrocell
	 Programmable macrocell registers with individual clear, preset,
	clock, and clock enable controls
	 Two global clock signals with optional inversion
	 Programmable power-up states for macrocell registers
	 6 to 10 pin- or logic-driven output enable signals
	Advanced package options
	 Pin counts ranging from 44 to 256 in a variety of thin quad flat
	pack (TQFP), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), ball-grid array
	(BGA), space-saving FineLine BGA [™] , 0.8-mm Ultra
	FineLine BGA, and plastic J-lead chip carrier (PLCC) packages
	 Pin-compatibility with other MAX 7000B devices in the same
	package
	 Advanced software support
	- Software design support and automatic place-and-route
	provided by Altera's MAX+PLUS [®] II development system for
	Windows-based PCs and Sun SPARCstation, and HP 9000
	Series 700/800 workstations

Macrocells

The MAX 7000B macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. Figure 2 shows the MAX 7000B macrocell.

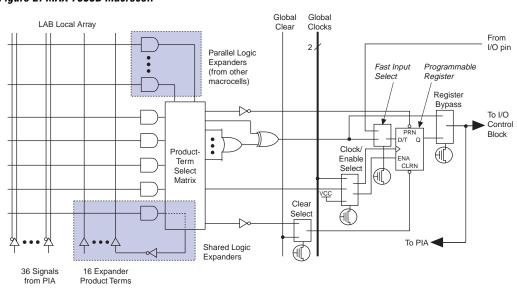


Figure 2. MAX 7000B Macrocell

Combinatorial logic is implemented in the logic array, which provides five product terms per macrocell. The product-term select matrix allocates these product terms for use as either primary logic inputs (to the OR and XOR gates) to implement combinatorial functions, or as secondary inputs to the macrocell's register preset, clock, and clock enable control functions.

Two kinds of expander product terms ("expanders") are available to supplement macrocell logic resources:

- Shareable expanders, which are inverted product terms that are fed back into the logic array
- Parallel expanders, which are product terms borrowed from adjacent macrocells

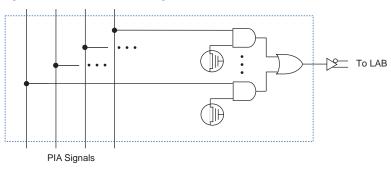


Figure 5. MAX 7000B PIA Routing

While the routing delays of channel-based routing schemes in masked or field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs) are cumulative, variable, and path-dependent, the MAX 7000B PIA has a predictable delay. The PIA makes a design's timing performance easy to predict.

I/O Control Blocks

The I/O control block allows each I/O pin to be individually configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation. All I/O pins have a tri-state buffer that is individually controlled by one of the global output enable signals or directly connected to ground or V_{CC} . Figure 6 shows the I/O control block for MAX 7000B devices. The I/O control block has six or ten global output enable signals that are driven by the true or complement of two output enable signals, a subset of the I/O pins, or a subset of the I/O macrocells.

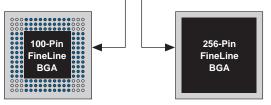
SameFrame Pin-Outs

MAX 7000B devices support the SameFrame pin-out feature for FineLine BGA and 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages. The SameFrame pin-out feature is the arrangement of balls on FineLine BGA and 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages such that the lower-ball-count packages form a subset of the higher-ball-count packages. SameFrame pin-outs provide the flexibility to migrate not only from device to device within the same package, but also from one package to another. FineLine BGA packages are compatible with other FineLine BGA packages, and 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages are compatible with other 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages. A given printed circuit board (PCB) layout can support multiple device density/package combinations. For example, a single board layout can support a range of devices from an EPM7064B device in a 100-pin FineLine BGA package.

The Altera software provides support to design PCBs with SameFrame pin-out devices. Devices can be defined for present and future use. The Altera software generates pin-outs describing how to layout a board to take advantage of this migration (see Figure 7).

Figure 7. SameFrame Pin-Out Example

Printed Circuit Board Designed for 256-Pin FineLine BGA Package



 100-Pin FineLine BGA Package (Reduced I/O Count or Logic Requirements)
 256-Pin FineLine BGA Package (Increased I/O Count or Logic Requirements)

Altera Corporation

The programming times described in Tables 4 through 6 are associated with the worst-case method using the enhanced ISP algorithm.

Table 4. MAX 7000B t _{PUL}	ble 4. MAX 7000B t _{PULSE} & Cycle _{TCK} Values									
Device	Progra	mming	Stand-Alone Verification							
	t _{PPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{PTCK}	t _{VPULSE} (s)	Cycle _{VTCK}						
EMP7032B	2.12	70,000	0.002	18,000						
EMP7064B	2.12	120,000	0.002	35,000						
EMP7128B	2.12	222,000	0.002	69,000						
EMP7256B	2.12	466,000	0.002	151,000						
EMP7512B	2.12	914,000	0.002	300,000						

Tables 5 and 6 show the in-system programming and stand alone verification times for several common test clock frequencies.

Table 5. MAX 7000B In-System Programming Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies											
Device		f _{TCK}									
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz			
EMP7032B	2.13	2.13	2.15	2.19	2.26	2.47	2.82	3.52	s		
EMP7064B	2.13	2.14	2.18	2.24	2.36	2.72	3.32	4.52	S		
EMP7128B	2.14	2.16	2.23	2.34	2.56	3.23	4.34	6.56	S		
EMP7256B	2.17	2.21	2.35	2.58	3.05	4.45	6.78	11.44	S		
EMP7512B	2.21	2.30	2.58	3.03	3.95	6.69	11.26	20.40	S		

Table 1. MAX 7000B Stand-Alone Verification Times for Different Test Clock Frequencies											
Device		f _{TCK}									
	10 MHz	5 MHz	2 MHz	1 MHz	500 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	50 kHz			
EMP7032B	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.18	0.36	S		
EMP7064B	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.18	0.35	0.70	s		
EMP7128B	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.14	0.35	0.69	1.38	s		
EMP7256B	0.02	0.03	0.08	0.15	0.30	0.76	1.51	3.02	S		
EMP7512B	0.03	0.06	0.15	0.30	0.60	1.50	3.00	6.00	S		

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Programmable Speed/Power Control

Output

Configuration

MAX 7000B devices offer a power-saving mode that supports low-power operation across user-defined signal paths or the entire device. This feature allows total power dissipation to be reduced by 50% or more, because most logic applications require only a small fraction of all gates to operate at maximum frequency.

The designer can program each individual macrocell in a MAX 7000B device for either high-speed or low-power operation. As a result, speed-critical paths in the design can run at high speed, while the remaining paths can operate at reduced power. Macrocells that run at low power incur a nominal timing delay adder (t_{LPA}) for the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{ACL} , t_{CPPW} , t_{EN} , and t_{SEXP} parameters.

MAX 7000B device outputs can be programmed to meet a variety of system-level requirements.

MultiVolt I/O Interface

The MAX 7000B device architecture supports the MultiVolt I/O interface feature, which allows MAX 7000B devices to connect to systems with differing supply voltages. MAX 7000B devices in all packages can be set for 3.3-V, 2.5-V, or 1.8-V pin operation. These devices have one set of V_{CC} pins for internal operation and input buffers (VCCINT), and another set for I/O output drivers (VCCIO).

The VCCIO pins can be connected to either a 3.3-V, 2.5-V, or 1.8-V power supply, depending on the output requirements. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 1.8-V power supply, the output levels are compatible with 1.8-V systems. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 2.5-V power supply, the output levels are compatible with 2.5-V systems. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 3.3-V power supply, the output high is at 3.3 V and is therefore compatible with 3.3-V or 5.0-V systems. Devices operating with V_{CCIO} levels of 2.5 V or 1.8 V incur a nominal timing delay adder.

Table 10 describes the MAX 7000B MultiVolt I/O support.

Table 10. MAX 700	able 10. MAX 7000B MultiVolt I/O Support									
V _{CCIO} (V)	V _{CCIO} (V) Input Signal (V) Output Signal (V)									
	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0		
1.8	\checkmark	~	~		\checkmark					
2.5	\checkmark	\checkmark	~			\checkmark				
3.3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark		

Open-Drain Output Option

MAX 7000B devices provide an optional open-drain (equivalent to open-collector) output for each I/O pin. This open-drain output enables the device to provide system-level control signals (e.g., interrupt and write enable signals) that can be asserted by any of several devices. It can also provide an additional wired-OR plane.

Programmable Ground Pins

Each unused I/O pin on MAX 7000B devices may be used as an additional ground pin. This programmable ground feature does not require the use of the associated macrocell; therefore, the buried macrocell is still available for user logic.

Slew-Rate Control

The output buffer for each MAX 7000B I/O pin has an adjustable output slew rate that can be configured for low-noise or high-speed performance. A faster slew rate provides high-speed transitions for high-performance systems. However, these fast transitions may introduce noise transients into the system. A slow slew rate reduces system noise, but adds a nominal delay of 4 to 5 ns. When the configuration cell is turned off, the slew rate is set for low-noise performance. Each I/O pin has an individual EEPROM bit that controls the slew rate, allowing designers to specify the slew rate on a pin-by-pin basis. The slew rate control affects both the rising and falling edges of the output signal.

Advanced I/O Standard Support

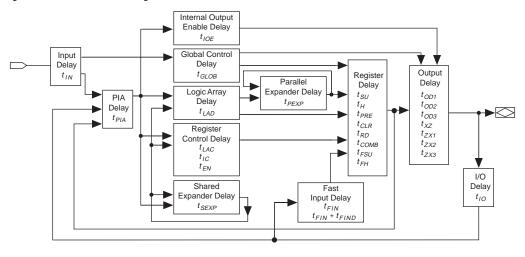
The MAX 7000B I/O pins support the following I/O standards: LVTTL, LVCMOS, 1.8-V I/O, 2.5-V I/O, GTL+, SSTL-3 Class I and II, and SSTL-2 Class I and II.

Power Sequencing & Hot-Socketing	Because MAX 7000B devices can be used in a mixed-voltage environment, they have been designed specifically to tolerate any possible power-up sequence. The $\rm V_{\rm CCIO}$ and $\rm V_{\rm CCINT}$ power planes can be powered in any order.
	Signals can be driven into MAX 7000B devices before and during power- up (and power-down) without damaging the device. Additionally, MAX 7000B devices do not drive out during power-up. Once operating conditions are reached, MAX 7000B devices operate as specified by the user.
	MAX 7000B device I/O pins will not source or sink more than 300 μA of DC current during power-up. All pins can be driven up to 4.1 V during hot-socketing.
Design Security	All MAX 7000B devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security, because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.
Generic Testing	MAX 7000B devices are fully functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 11. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Timing Model

MAX 7000B device timing can be analyzed with the Altera software, with a variety of popular industry-standard EDA simulators and timing analyzers, or with the timing model shown in Figure 13. MAX 7000B devices have predictable internal delays that enable the designer to determine the worst-case timing of any design. The Altera software provides timing simulation, point-to-point delay prediction, and detailed timing analysis for device-wide performance evaluation.

Figure 13. MAX 7000B Timing Model



The timing characteristics of any signal path can be derived from the timing model and parameters of a particular device. External timing parameters, which represent pin-to-pin timing delays, can be calculated as the sum of internal parameters. Figure 14 shows the timing relationship between internal and external delay parameters.



See *Application Note 94* (*Understanding MAX 7000 Timing*) for more information.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Speed Grade						
			-3	-3.5		-5.0		-7.5		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF (2)		3.5		5.0		7.5	ns	
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF (2)		3.5		5.0		7.5	ns	
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time	(2)	2.1		3.0		4.5		ns	
t _H	Global clock hold time	(2)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		1.0		1.0		1.5		ns	
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns	
t _{FZHSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input with zero hold time		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns	
t _{FZHH}	Global clock hold time of fast input with zero hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns	
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF	1.0	2.4	1.0	3.4	1.0	5.0	ns	
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns	
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns	
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time	(2)	0.9		1.3		1.9		ns	
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time	(2)	0.2		0.3		0.6		ns	
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF (2)	1.0	3.6	1.0	5.1	1.0	7.6	ns	
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns	
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns	
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns	
^t cnt	Minimum global clock period	(2)		3.3		4.7		7.0	ns	
f _{cnt}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(2), (3)	303.0		212.8		142.9		MHz	
t _{acnt}	Minimum array clock period	(2)		3.3		4.7		7.0	ns	
facnt	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(2), (3)	303.0		212.8		142.9		MHz	

Tables 18 through 32 show MAX 7000B device timing parameters.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	3	-5		-7		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	-
t _{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF (2)		3.5		5.0		7.5	ns
t _{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF (2)		3.5		5.0		7.5	ns
t _{SU}	Global clock setup time	(2)	2.1		3.0		4.5		ns
t _H	Global clock hold time	(2)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		1.0		1.0		1.5		ns
t _{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t _{FZHSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input with zero hold time		2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t _{FZHH}	Global clock hold time of fast input with zero hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF	1.0	2.4	1.0	3.4	1.0	5.0	ns
t _{CH}	Global clock high time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{CL}	Global clock low time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{ASU}	Array clock setup time	(2)	0.9		1.3		1.9		ns
t _{AH}	Array clock hold time	(2)	0.2		0.3		0.6		ns
t _{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF (2)	1.0	3.6	1.0	5.1	1.0	7.6	ns
t _{ACH}	Array clock high time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{ACL}	Array clock low time		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset		1.5		2.0		3.0		ns
t _{CNT}	Minimum global clock period	(2)		3.3		4.7		7.0	ns
f _{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	(2), (3)	303.0		212.8		142.9		MHz
t _{acnt}	Minimum array clock period	(2)		3.3		4.7		7.0	ns
f _{acnt}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	(2), (3)	303.0		212.8		142.9		MHz

I/O Standard	Parameter	Speed Grade						Unit
		-3		-5		-7		1
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
3.3 V TTL/CMOS	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
2.5 V TTL/CMOS	Input to PIA		0.3		0.4		0.6	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.3		0.4		0.6	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
	All outputs		0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
1.8 V TTL/CMOS	Input to PIA		0.5		0.7		1.1	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.5		0.7		1.1	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.4		0.6		0.9	ns
	All outputs		1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
SSTL-2 Class I	Input to PIA		1.3		1.9		2.8	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.9		1.3		1.9	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
SSTL-2 Class II	Input to PIA		1.3		1.9		2.8	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.9		1.3		1.9	ns
	All outputs		-0.1		-0.1		-0.2	ns
SSTL-3 Class I	Input to PIA		1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.9		1.3		1.9	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.8		1.1		1.7	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
SSTL-3 Class II	Input to PIA		1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.9		1.3		1.9	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.8		1.1		1.7	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
GTL+	Input to PIA		1.6		2.3		3.4	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.6	l	2.3		3.4	ns
	Input to fast input register		1.5		2.1		3.2	ns
	All outputs		0.0	l	0.0		0.0	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Speed	Grade			Unit
			-	4	-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.6		0.8	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.6		0.8	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			1.3		2.9		3.7	ns
t _{FIND}	Programmable delay adder for fast input			1.0		1.5		1.5	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			1.5		2.8		3.8	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.4		0.8		1.0	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			1.6		2.9		3.8	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			1.4		2.6		3.4	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.1		0.3		0.4	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF		0.9		1.7		2.2	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF		5.9		6.7		7.2	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	C1 = 35 pF		1.8		3.3		4.4	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF		6.8		8.3		9.4	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		1.8		3.3		4.4	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		1.9		2.6		ns
t _H	Register hold time		0.4		0.8		1.1		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		0.8		0.9		0.9		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		1.2		1.6		1.6		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			0.5		1.1		1.4	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			1.4		2.8		3.6	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			1.4		2.6		3.4	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.1		2.3		3.1	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time		1	1.0		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			1.0		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(2)	1	1.0		2.0		2.8	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(4)		1.5		2.8		3.8	ns

I/O Standard	Parameter	Speed Grade						Unit
		-4		-7		-10		-
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
3.3 V TTL/CMOS	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
2.5 V TTL/CMOS	Input to PIA		0.3		0.6		0.8	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.3		0.6		0.8	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.2		0.4		0.5	ns
	All outputs		0.2		0.4		0.5	ns
1.8 V TTL/CMOS	Input to PIA		0.5		0.9		1.3	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.5		0.9		1.3	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.4		0.8		1.0	ns
	All outputs		1.2		2.3		3.0	ns
SSTL-2 Class I	Input to PIA		1.4		2.6		3.5	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.2		2.3		3.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		1.0		1.9		2.5	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
SSTL-2 Class II	Input to PIA		1.4		2.6		3.5	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.2		2.3		3.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		1.0		1.9		2.5	ns
	All outputs		-0.1		-0.2		-0.3	ns
SSTL-3 Class I	Input to PIA		1.3		2.4		3.3	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.0		1.9		2.5	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.9		1.7		2.3	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
SSTL-3 Class II	Input to PIA		1.3		2.4		3.3	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.0		1.9		2.5	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.9	1	1.7		2.3	ns
	All outputs		0.0	1	0.0		0.0	ns
GTL+	Input to PIA		1.7		3.2		4.3	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		1.7		3.2		4.3	ns
	Input to fast input register		1.6		3.0		4.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

Table 26. EPM7128B Selectable I/O Standard Timing Adder Delays (Part 2 of 2) Note (1)									
I/O Standard	Parameter	Speed Grade						Unit	
		-4		-7		-10			
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
PCI	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns	
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns	
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns	
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns	

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the Recommended Operating Conditions in Table 15 on page 29. See Figure 14 for more information on switching waveforms.

(2) These values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.

(3) Measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.

(4) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD} , t_{LAC} , t_{IC} , t_{ACL} , t_{CPPW} , t_{EN} , and t_{SEXP} parameters for macrocells running in low-power mode.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						
			-5		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.3		0.5	ns
t _{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		3.2		4.0	ns
t _{FIND}	Programmable delay adder for fast input			1.5		1.5		1.5	ns
t _{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			1.5		2.1		2.7	ns
t _{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t _{LAD}	Logic array delay			1.7		2.3		3.0	ns
t _{LAC}	Logic control array delay			1.5		2.0		2.6	ns
t _{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.1		0.2		0.2	ns
t _{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF		0.9		1.2		1.6	ns
t _{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.9		6.2		6.6	ns
t _{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = off $V_{CCIO} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	C1 = 35 pF		2.8		3.8		5.0	ns
t _{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = on $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		8.8		10.0	ns
t _{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		2.8		3.8		5.0	ns
t _{SU}	Register setup time		1.5		2.0		2.6		ns
t _H	Register hold time		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		0.8		1.1		1.1		ns
t _{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		1.2		1.4		1.4		ns
t _{RD}	Register delay			0.5		0.7		1.0	ns
t _{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
t _{IC}	Array clock delay			1.8		2.4		3.1	ns
t _{EN}	Register enable time			1.5		2.0		2.6	ns
t _{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		2.8		3.6	ns
t _{PRE}	Register preset time			1.0		1.4		1.9	ns
t _{CLR}	Register clear time			1.0		1.4		1.9	ns
t _{PIA}	PIA delay	(2)		2.4		3.4		4.5	ns
t _{LPA}	Low-power adder	(4)	1	2.0	1	2.7		3.6	ns

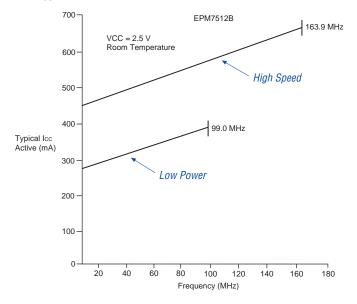


Figure 19. I_{CC} vs. Frequency for EPM7512B Devices

Figure 28. 256-Pin BGA Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.

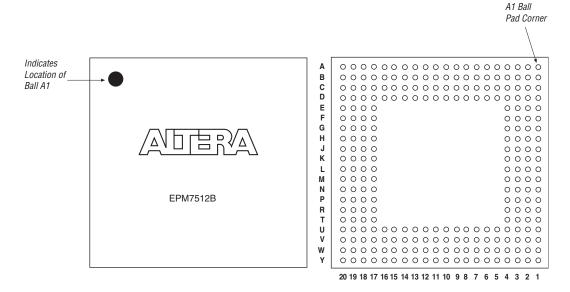


Figure 29. 256-Pin FineLine BGA Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX* 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 3.5 supersedes information published in previous versions.

Version 3.5

The following changes were made to the *MAX 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 3.5:

■ Updated Figure 28.

Version 3.4

The following changes were made to the *MAX* 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 3.4:

Updated text in the "Power Sequencing & Hot-Socketing" section.

Version 3.3

The following changes were made to the *MAX 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 3.3:

- Updated Table 3.
- Added Tables 4 through 6.

Version 3.2

The following changes were made to the *MAX* 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 3.2:

 Updated Note (10) and added ambient temperature (T_A) information to Table 15.

Version 3.1

The following changes were made to the *MAX* 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 3.1:

- Updated V_{IH} and V_{IL} specifications in Table 16.
- Updated leakage current conditions in Table 16.

Version 3.0

The following changes were made to the *MAX* 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 3.0:

- Updated timing numbers in Table 1.
- Updated Table 16.
- Updated timing in Tables 18, 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 27, 28, 30, and 31.



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