Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - CPLDs (Complex Programmable Logic Devices)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Programmable Type	In System Programmable
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	7.5 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	2.375V ~ 2.625V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	16
Number of Macrocells	256
Number of Gates	5000
Number of I/O	120
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/epm7256btc144-7

- Additional design entry and simulation support provided by EDIF 2 0 0 and 3 0 0 netlist files, library of parameterized modules (LPMs), Verilog HDL, VHDL, and other interfaces to popular EDA tools from manufacturers such as Cadence, Exemplar Logic, Mentor Graphics, OrCAD, Synopsys, Synplicity, and VeriBest
- Programming support with Altera's Master Programming Unit (MPU), MasterBlaster™ serial/universal serial bus (USB) communications cable, and ByteBlasterMV™ parallel port download cable, as well as programming hardware from third-party manufacturers and any Jam™ STAPL File (**.jam**), Jam Byte-Code File (**.jbc**), or Serial Vector Format File (**.svf**)-capable in-circuit tester

General Description

MAX 7000B devices are high-density, high-performance devices based on Altera's second-generation MAX architecture. Fabricated with advanced CMOS technology, the EEPROM-based MAX 7000B devices operate with a 2.5-V supply voltage and provide 600 to 10,000 usable gates, ISP, pin-to-pin delays as fast as 3.5 ns, and counter speeds up to 303.0 MHz. See Table 2.

Table 2. MAX 7000B Speed Grades *Note (1)*

Device	Speed Grade				
	-3	-4	-5	-7	-10
EPM7032B	✓		✓	✓	
EPM7064B	✓		✓	✓	
EPM7128B		✓		✓	✓
EPM7256B			✓	✓	✓
EPM7512B			✓	✓	✓

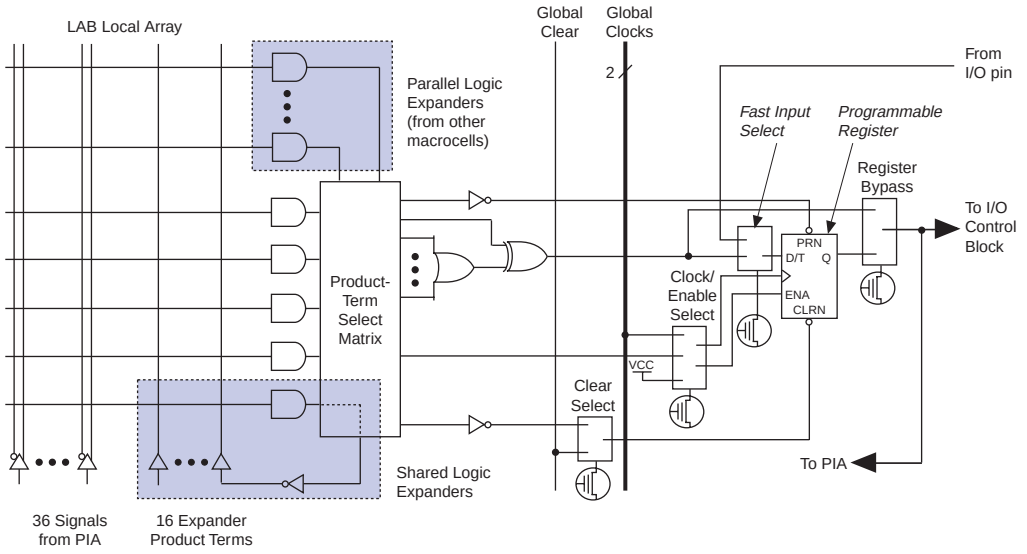
Notes:
(1) Contact Altera Marketing for up-to-date information on available device speed grades.

The MAX 7000B architecture supports 100% TTL emulation and high-density integration of SSI, MSI, and LSI logic functions. It easily integrates multiple devices ranging from PALs, GALs, and 22V10s to MACH and pLSI devices. MAX 7000B devices are available in a wide range of packages, including PLCC, BGA, FineLine BGA, 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA, PQFP, TQFP, and TQFP packages. See Table 3.

Macrocells

The MAX 7000B macrocell can be individually configured for either sequential or combinatorial logic operation. The macrocell consists of three functional blocks: the logic array, the product-term select matrix, and the programmable register. Figure 2 shows the MAX 7000B macrocell.

Figure 2. MAX 7000B Macrocell

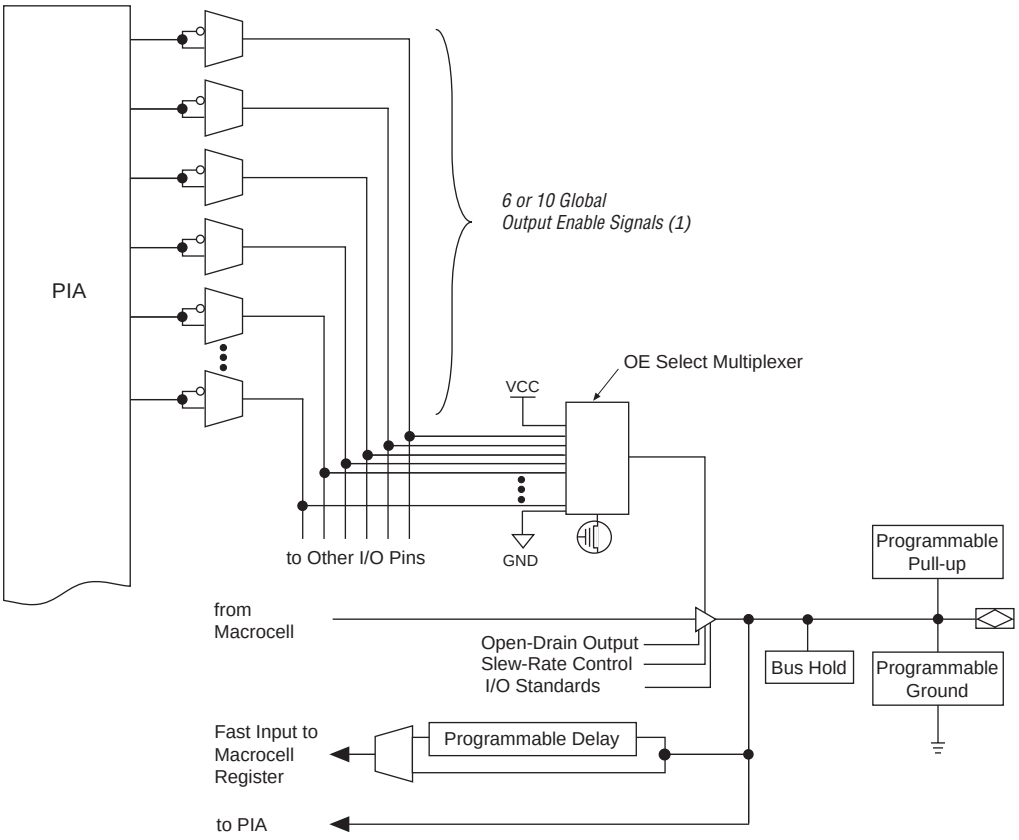


Combinatorial logic is implemented in the logic array, which provides five product terms per macrocell. The product-term select matrix allocates these product terms for use as either primary logic inputs (to the OR and XOR gates) to implement combinatorial functions, or as secondary inputs to the macrocell's register preset, clock, and clock enable control functions.

Two kinds of expander product terms ("expanders") are available to supplement macrocell logic resources:

- Shareable expanders, which are inverted product terms that are fed back into the logic array
- Parallel expanders, which are product terms borrowed from adjacent macrocells

Figure 6. I/O Control Block of MAX 7000B Devices



Note:

(1) EPM7032B, EPM7064B, EPM7128B, and EPM7256B devices have six output enable signals. EPM7512B devices have ten output enable signals.

When the tri-state buffer control is connected to ground, the output is tri-stated (high impedance) and the I/O pin can be used as a dedicated input. When the tri-state buffer control is connected to V_{CC}, the output is enabled.

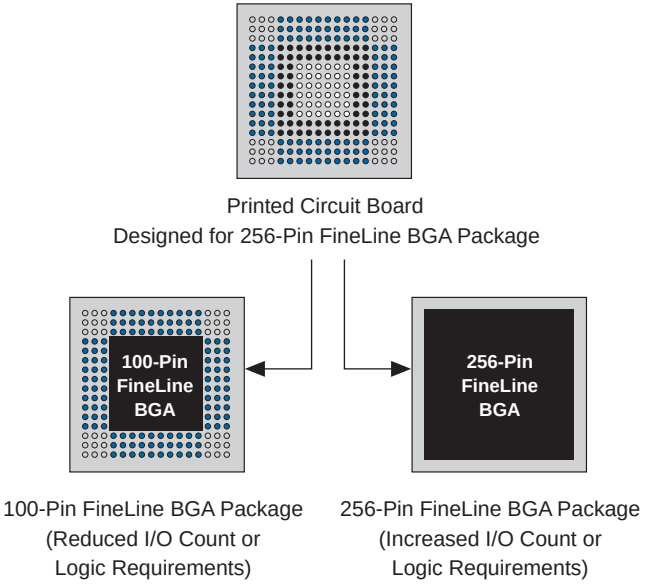
The MAX 7000B architecture provides dual I/O feedback, in which macrocell and pin feedbacks are independent. When an I/O pin is configured as an input, the associated macrocell can be used for buried logic.

SameFrame Pin-Outs

MAX 7000B devices support the SameFrame pin-out feature for FineLine BGA and 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages. The SameFrame pin-out feature is the arrangement of balls on FineLine BGA and 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages such that the lower-ball-count packages form a subset of the higher-ball-count packages. SameFrame pin-outs provide the flexibility to migrate not only from device to device within the same package, but also from one package to another. FineLine BGA packages are compatible with other FineLine BGA packages, and 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages are compatible with other 0.8-mm Ultra FineLine BGA packages. A given printed circuit board (PCB) layout can support multiple device density/package combinations. For example, a single board layout can support a range of devices from an EPM7064B device in a 100-pin FineLine BGA package to an EPM7512B device in a 256-pin FineLine BGA package.

The Altera software provides support to design PCBs with SameFrame pin-out devices. Devices can be defined for present and future use. The Altera software generates pin-outs describing how to layout a board to take advantage of this migration (see Figure 7).

Figure 7. SameFrame Pin-Out Example



The instruction register length of MAX 7000B devices is ten bits. The MAX 7000B USERCODE register length is 32 bits. Tables 7 and 8 show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for MAX 7000B devices.

Table 7. MAX 7000B Boundary-Scan Register Length

Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EPM7032B	96
EPM7064B	192
EPM7128B	288
EPM7256B	480
EPM7512B	624

Table 8. 32-Bit MAX 7000B Device IDCODE *Note (1)*

Device	IDCODE (32 Bits)			
	Version (4 Bits)	Part Number (16 Bits)	Manufacturer's Identity (11 Bits)	1 (1 Bit) *(2)*
EPM7032B	0010	0111 0000 0011 0010	00001101110	1
EPM7064B	0010	0111 0000 0110 0100	00001101110	1
EPM7128B	0010	0111 0001 0010 1000	00001101110	1
EPM7256B	0010	0111 0010 0101 0110	00001101110	1
EPM7512B	0010	0111 0101 0001 0010	00001101110	1

Notes:
(1) The most significant bit (MSB) is on the left.
(2) The least significant bit (LSB) for all JTAG IDCODEs is 1.

See *Application Note 39 (IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices)* for more information on JTAG boundary-scan testing.

Figure 8 shows the timing information for the JTAG signals.

Figure 8. MAX 7000B JTAG Waveforms

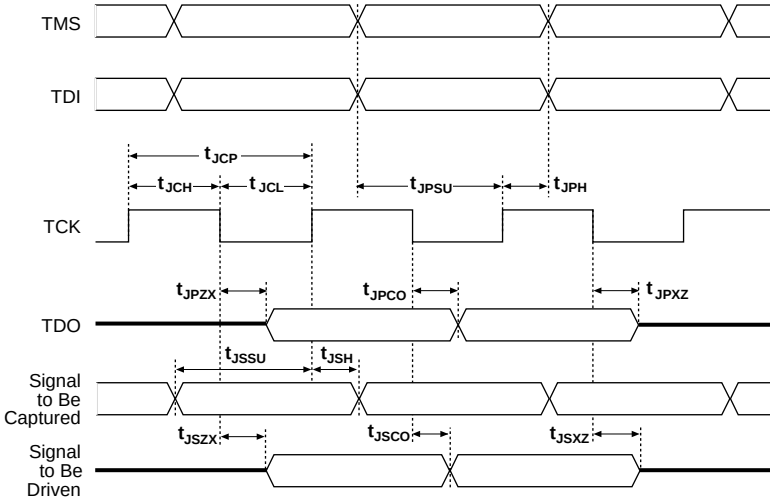


Table 9 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for MAX 7000B devices.

Table 9. JTAG Timing Parameters & Values for MAX 7000B Devices
Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period	100		ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time	50		ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time	50		ns
t_{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
t_{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t_{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t_{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		25	ns
t_{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t_{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		25	ns

Note:
(1) Timing parameters in this table apply to all V_{CCIO} levels.

Table 10. MAX 7000B MultiVolt I/O Support

V_{CCIO} (V)	Input Signal (V)				Output Signal (V)			
	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0
1.8	✓	✓	✓		✓			
2.5	✓	✓	✓			✓		
3.3	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓

Open-Drain Output Option

MAX 7000B devices provide an optional open-drain (equivalent to open-collector) output for each I/O pin. This open-drain output enables the device to provide system-level control signals (e.g., interrupt and write enable signals) that can be asserted by any of several devices. It can also provide an additional wired-OR plane.

Programmable Ground Pins

Each unused I/O pin on MAX 7000B devices may be used as an additional ground pin. This programmable ground feature does not require the use of the associated macrocell; therefore, the buried macrocell is still available for user logic.

Slew-Rate Control

The output buffer for each MAX 7000B I/O pin has an adjustable output slew rate that can be configured for low-noise or high-speed performance. A faster slew rate provides high-speed transitions for high-performance systems. However, these fast transitions may introduce noise transients into the system. A slow slew rate reduces system noise, but adds a nominal delay of 4 to 5 ns. When the configuration cell is turned off, the slew rate is set for low-noise performance. Each I/O pin has an individual EEPROM bit that controls the slew rate, allowing designers to specify the slew rate on a pin-by-pin basis. The slew rate control affects both the rising and falling edges of the output signal.

Advanced I/O Standard Support

The MAX 7000B I/O pins support the following I/O standards: LVTTL, LVCMOS, 1.8-V I/O, 2.5-V I/O, GTL+, SSTL-3 Class I and II, and SSTL-2 Class I and II.

Power Sequencing & Hot-Socketing

Because MAX 7000B devices can be used in a mixed-voltage environment, they have been designed specifically to tolerate any possible power-up sequence. The V_{CCIO} and V_{CCINT} power planes can be powered in any order.

Signals can be driven into MAX 7000B devices before and during power-up (and power-down) without damaging the device. Additionally, MAX 7000B devices do not drive out during power-up. Once operating conditions are reached, MAX 7000B devices operate as specified by the user.

MAX 7000B device I/O pins will not source or sink more than 300 µA of DC current during power-up. All pins can be driven up to 4.1 V during hot-socketing.

Design Security

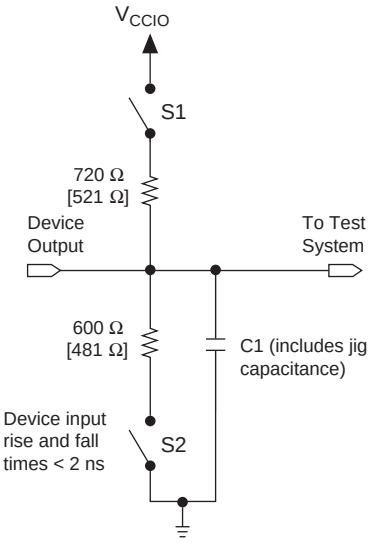
All MAX 7000B devices contain a programmable security bit that controls access to the data programmed into the device. When this bit is programmed, a design implemented in the device cannot be copied or retrieved. This feature provides a high level of design security, because programmed data within EEPROM cells is invisible. The security bit that controls this function, as well as all other programmed data, is reset only when the device is reprogrammed.

Generic Testing

MAX 7000B devices are fully functionally tested. Complete testing of each programmable EEPROM bit and all internal logic elements ensures 100% programming yield. AC test measurements are taken under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 11. Test patterns can be used and then erased during early stages of the production flow.

Figure 11. MAX 7000B AC Test Conditions

Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast-ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground, significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result. Numbers in brackets are for 2.5-V outputs. Numbers without brackets are for 3.3-V outputs. Switches S1 and S2 are open for all tests except output disable timing parameters.



Operating Conditions

Tables 14 through 17 provide information on absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, operating conditions, and capacitance for MAX 7000B devices.

Table 14. MAX 7000B Device Absolute Maximum Ratings *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage		–0.5	3.6	V
V_{CCIO}	Supply voltage		–0.5	3.6	V
V_I	DC input voltage	*(2)*	–2.0	4.6	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin		–33	50	mA
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	No bias	–65	150	° C
T_A	Ambient temperature	Under bias	–65	135	° C
T_J	Junction temperature	Under bias	–65	135	° C

Table 20. EPM7032B Selectable I/O Standard Timing Adder Delays *Notes (1)*								
I/O Standard	**Parameter**	**Speed Grade**						**Unit**
		-3.5		**-5.0**		**-7.5**		
		Min	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**	
PCI	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the Recommended Operating Conditions in Table 15 on page 29. See Figure 14 for more information on switching waveforms.
(2) These values are specified for a PIA fan-out of all LABs.
(3) Measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
(4) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{ACL}, t_{CPPW}, t_{EN}, and t_{SEXP} parameters for macrocells running in low-power mode.

Table 22. EPM7064B Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-3		-5		-7		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			0.9		1.3		2.0	ns
t_{FIND}	Programmable delay adder for fast input			1.0		1.5		1.5	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			1.5		2.1		3.2	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.4		0.6		0.9	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			1.4		2.0		3.1	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.1		0.2		0.3	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		0.9		1.2		1.8	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.9		6.2		6.8	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.6		2.2		3.4	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.6		7.2		8.4	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		1.6		2.2		3.4	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		0.7		1.1		1.6		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		0.4		0.5		0.9		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		0.8		0.8		1.1		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		1.2		1.2		1.4		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.2		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			1.2		1.8		2.8	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			1.2		1.7		2.6	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			0.7		1.1		1.6	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			1.0		1.3		1.9	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			1.0		1.3		1.9	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	*(2)*		0.7		1.0		1.4	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(4)*		1.5		2.1		3.2	ns

Table 23. EPM7064B Selectable I/O Standard Timing Adder Delays (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

I/O Standard	Parameter	Speed Grade						Unit
		-3		-5		-7		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PCI	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the Recommended Operating Conditions in Table 15 on page 29. See Figure 14 for more information on switching waveforms.
(2) These values are specified for a PIA fan-out of all LABs.
(3) Measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.
(4) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{ACL}, t_{CPPW}, t_{EN}, and t_{SEXP} parameters for macrocells running in low-power mode.

Table 24. EPM7128B External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-4		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		4.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t_{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		4.0		7.5		10.0	ns
t_{SU}	Global clock setup time	*(2)*	2.5		4.5		6.1		ns
t_{H}	Global clock hold time	*(2)*	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		1.0		1.5		1.5		ns
t_{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{FZHSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input with zero hold time		2.0		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FZHH}	Global clock hold time of fast input with zero hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF	1.0	2.8	1.0	5.7	1.0	7.5	ns
t_{CH}	Global clock high time		1.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CL}	Global clock low time		1.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ASU}	Array clock setup time	*(2)*	1.2		2.0		2.8		ns
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time	*(2)*	0.2		0.7		0.9		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*	1.0	4.1	1.0	8.2	1.0	10.8	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		1.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		1.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset		1.5		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period	*(2)*		4.1		7.9		10.6	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(2)*, *(3)*	243.9		126.6		94.3		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period	*(2)*		4.1		7.9		10.6	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(2)*, *(3)*	243.9		126.6		94.3		MHz

Table 25. EPM7128B Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-4		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.6		0.8	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.6		0.8	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			1.3		2.9		3.7	ns
t_{FIND}	Programmable delay adder for fast input			1.0		1.5		1.5	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			1.5		2.8		3.8	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.4		0.8		1.0	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			1.6		2.9		3.8	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			1.4		2.6		3.4	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.1		0.3		0.4	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		0.9		1.7		2.2	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.9		6.7		7.2	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		1.8		3.3		4.4	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		6.8		8.3		9.4	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		1.8		3.3		4.4	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.0		1.9		2.6		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		0.4		0.8		1.1		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		0.8		0.9		0.9		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		1.2		1.6		1.6		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.5		1.1		1.4	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			1.4		2.8		3.6	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			1.4		2.6		3.4	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.1		2.3		3.1	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			1.0		1.9		2.6	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			1.0		1.9		2.6	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	*(2)*		1.0		2.0		2.8	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(4)*		1.5		2.8		3.8	ns

Table 26. EPM7128B Selectable I/O Standard Timing Adder Delays (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

I/O Standard	Parameter	Speed Grade						Unit
		-4		-7		-10		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PCI	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the Recommended Operating Conditions in Table 15 on page 29. See Figure 14 for more information on switching waveforms.

(2) These values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.

(3) Measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.

(4) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{ACL}, t_{CPPW}, t_{EN}, and t_{SEXP} parameters for macrocells running in low-power mode.

Table 28. EPM7256B Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-5		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.6		0.8	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.4		0.6		0.8	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			1.5		2.5		3.1	ns
t_{FIND}	Programmable delay adder for fast input			1.5		1.5		1.5	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			1.5		2.3		3.0	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.4		0.6		0.8	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			1.7		2.5		3.3	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			1.5		2.2		2.9	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.1		0.2		0.3	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		0.9		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.9		6.4		6.9	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		2.2		3.3		4.5	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		7.2		8.3		9.5	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		2.2		3.3		4.5	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.2		1.8		2.5		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		0.6		1.0		1.3		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		0.8		1.1		1.1		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		1.2		1.4		1.4		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.7		1.0		1.3	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.3		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			1.5		2.3		3.0	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			1.5		2.2		2.9	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			1.3		2.1		2.7	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			1.0		1.6		2.1	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			1.0		1.6		2.1	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	*(2)*		1.7		2.6		3.3	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(4)*		2.0		3.0		4.0	ns

Table 29. EPM7256B Selectable I/O Standard Timing Adder Delays (Part 2 of 2) *Note (1)*

I/O Standard	Parameter	Speed Grade						Unit
		-5		-7		-10		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PCI	Input to PIA		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to global clock and clear		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	Input to fast input register		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
	All outputs		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

Notes to tables:

(1) These values are specified under the Recommended Operating Conditions in Table 15 on page 29. See Figure 14 for more information on switching waveforms.

(2) These values are specified for a PIA fan-out of one LAB (16 macrocells). For each additional LAB fan-out in these devices, add an additional 0.1 ns to the PIA timing value.

(3) Measured with a 16-bit loadable, enabled, up/down counter programmed into each LAB.

(4) The t_{LPA} parameter must be added to the t_{LAD}, t_{LAC}, t_{IC}, t_{ACL}, t_{CPPW}, t_{EN}, and t_{SEXP} parameters for macrocells running in low-power mode.

Table 30. EPM7512B External Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

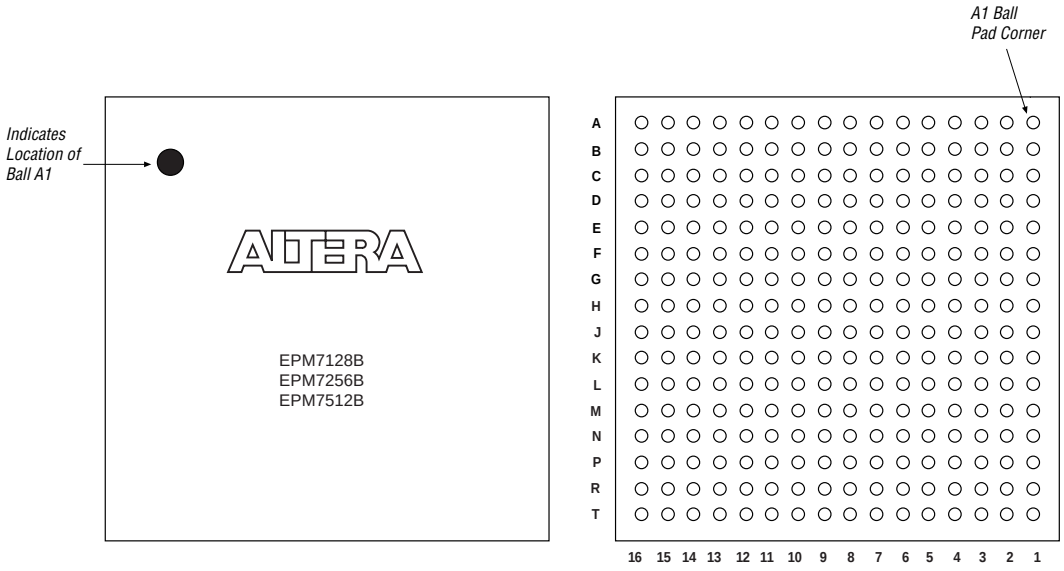
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-5		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD1}	Input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		5.5		7.5		10.0	ns
t_{PD2}	I/O input to non-registered output	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*		5.5		7.5		10.0	ns
t_{SU}	Global clock setup time	*(2)*	3.6		4.9		6.5		ns
t_{H}	Global clock hold time	*(2)*	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{FSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input		1.0		1.5		1.5		ns
t_{FH}	Global clock hold time of fast input		1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t_{FZHSU}	Global clock setup time of fast input with zero hold time		2.5		3.0		3.0		ns
t_{FZHH}	Global clock hold time of fast input with zero hold time		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{CO1}	Global clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF	1.0	3.7	1.0	5.0	1.0	6.7	ns
t_{CH}	Global clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CL}	Global clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ASU}	Array clock setup time	*(2)*	1.4		1.9		2.5		ns
t_{AH}	Array clock hold time	*(2)*	0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t_{ACO1}	Array clock to output delay	C1 = 35 pF *(2)*	1.0	5.9	1.0	8.0	1.0	10.7	ns
t_{ACH}	Array clock high time		3.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{ACL}	Array clock low time		3.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CPPW}	Minimum pulse width for clear and preset		3.0		3.0		4.0		ns
t_{CNT}	Minimum global clock period	*(2)*		6.1		8.4		11.1	ns
f_{CNT}	Maximum internal global clock frequency	*(2)*, *(3)*	163.9		119.0		90.1		MHz
t_{ACNT}	Minimum array clock period	*(2)*		6.1		8.4		11.1	ns
f_{ACNT}	Maximum internal array clock frequency	*(2)*, *(3)*	163.9		119.0		90.1		MHz

Table 31. EPM7512B Internal Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Speed Grade						Unit
			-5		-7		-10		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{IN}	Input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{IO}	I/O input pad and buffer delay			0.3		0.3		0.5	ns
t_{FIN}	Fast input delay			2.2		3.2		4.0	ns
t_{FIND}	Programmable delay adder for fast input			1.5		1.5		1.5	ns
t_{SEXP}	Shared expander delay			1.5		2.1		2.7	ns
t_{PEXP}	Parallel expander delay			0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{LAD}	Logic array delay			1.7		2.3		3.0	ns
t_{LAC}	Logic control array delay			1.5		2.0		2.6	ns
t_{IOE}	Internal output enable delay			0.1		0.2		0.2	ns
t_{OD1}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		0.9		1.2		1.6	ns
t_{OD3}	Output buffer and pad delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		5.9		6.2		6.6	ns
t_{ZX1}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = off V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		2.8		3.8		5.0	ns
t_{ZX3}	Output buffer enable delay slow slew rate = on V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V or 3.3 V	C1 = 35 pF		7.8		8.8		10.0	ns
t_{XZ}	Output buffer disable delay	C1 = 5 pF		2.8		3.8		5.0	ns
t_{SU}	Register setup time		1.5		2.0		2.6		ns
t_{H}	Register hold time		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{FSU}	Register setup time of fast input		0.8		1.1		1.1		ns
t_{FH}	Register hold time of fast input		1.2		1.4		1.4		ns
t_{RD}	Register delay			0.5		0.7		1.0	ns
t_{COMB}	Combinatorial delay			0.2		0.3		0.4	ns
t_{IC}	Array clock delay			1.8		2.4		3.1	ns
t_{EN}	Register enable time			1.5		2.0		2.6	ns
t_{GLOB}	Global control delay			2.0		2.8		3.6	ns
t_{PRE}	Register preset time			1.0		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{CLR}	Register clear time			1.0		1.4		1.9	ns
t_{PIA}	PIA delay	*(2)*		2.4		3.4		4.5	ns
t_{LPA}	Low-power adder	*(4)*		2.0		2.7		3.6	ns

Figure 29. 256-Pin FineLine BGA Package Pin-Out Diagram

Package outline not drawn to scale.



Revision History

The information contained in the *MAX 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 3.5 supersedes information published in previous versions.

Version 3.5

The following changes were made to the *MAX 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 3.5:

- Updated Figure 28.

Version 3.4

The following changes were made to the *MAX 7000B Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet* version 3.4:

- Updated text in the "Power Sequencing & Hot-Socketing" section.