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The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	317000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	840000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5see9h40i3ln

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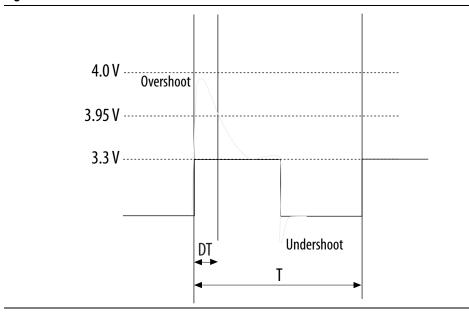
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Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
	AC input voltage	3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



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Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) (3)	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	٧
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	٧
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply		1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply		1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply		1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V _{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
V _I	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V ₀	Output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
т.	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	_	85	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

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Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB (2)	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:					
■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps.	All	1.05			
■ DFE is used.					
If ANY of the following conditions are true ⁽¹⁾ :			3.0		
ATX PLL is used.					
■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps.	All	1.0			
■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.				1.5	V
If ALL of the following	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
conditions are true: ATX PLL is not used.					
■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		
DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.					

Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

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			Re				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \Big(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV		1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

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Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Description	V _{CC10} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		25	kΩ	
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R _{PU}	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option. 1.35 ±		25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k Ω .
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL} , respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

1/0	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH}	(V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	A) (mA)
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0		0	_	_	0		_	0	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1		2	_	_	2		_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2		4	_		4	_	_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	_	8	_	_	8	_	_	8	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_		1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML								
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85- Ω setting		85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting		100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	_		650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30	_	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30		160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL (2))	fPLL			
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	_	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3	
x6 ⁽³⁾	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6	
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide	_	_	_	
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_	
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	2 125	2 125	Up to 13 channels above	
	_	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	and below PLL	3.125	3.125	and below PLL	

Notes to Table 24:

⁽¹⁾ Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

⁽²⁾ ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

⁽³⁾ Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

⁽⁴⁾ Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Made (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
FIFO 3	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72	
	2	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	5	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

⁽¹⁾ The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

⁽²⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

⁽³⁾ The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

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Table 27 shows the $\ensuremath{V_{OD}}$ settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V $_{\text{OD}}$ Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω $^{(2)}$

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)	V _{OD} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0 (1)	0	32	640
	1 (1)	20	33	660
	2 (1)	40	34	680
	3 (1)	60	35	700
	4 (1)	80	36	720
	5 (1)	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
V op differential peak to peak	15	300	47	940
typical ⁽³⁾	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω , this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform

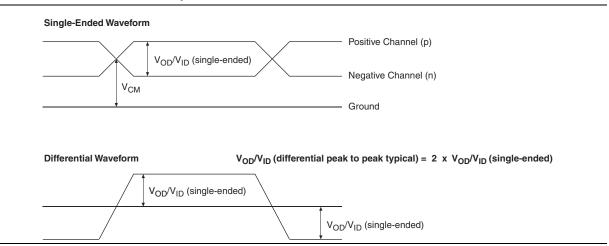


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2				Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	5
Reference Clock	l		<u>I</u>	U.		1		<u>I</u>
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	1L, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P(CML, 2.5-V and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS
otandardo	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML	., 1.5-V PCN	IL, 2.5-V PC	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	3
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	_	_	400	_		400	
Fall time	80% to 20%	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Duty cycle	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle		0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (19)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin		1050/1000	2)	1	1050/1000 (2)	mV
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85	(22)	1.	0/0.9/0.85	(22)	V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV

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Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform

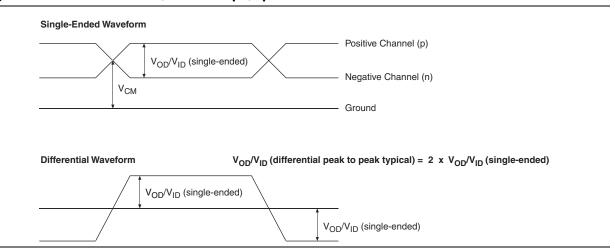


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100° C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f _{IN}	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
INPFD	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
: FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f _{vco} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
Гоит	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f _{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
t _{оитриту}	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
- FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_	_	10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	_	_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

		Resour	ces Used			Pe	erforman	ce			
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to Old Data , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
M20K Block	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Tei	mperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
-40°	°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{bias} , diode source current	8	_	200	μΑ
V _{bias,} voltage across diode	0.3	_	0.9	V
Series resistance	_	_	<1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	_

⁽¹⁾ To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

⁽²⁾ When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.

⁽³⁾ The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

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Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY	C4,I4			Unit
Symbol	Conuntions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

Page 56 Configuration Specification

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 2 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

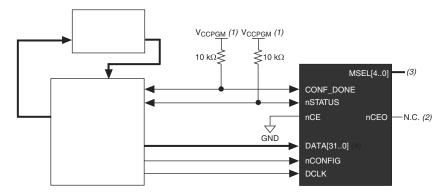
(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.



If the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio -1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM}.
- (2) You can leave the nceo pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nce pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP $\times 8$, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP $\times 16$, use DATA [15..0].

Configuration Specification Page 63

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μ\$
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \text{ period})^{(4)}$	_	_

Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Page 70 Document Revision History

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V _{CC} description in Table 6.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V _{CCHIP_L} , V _{CCHIP_R} , V _{CCHSSI_L} , and V _{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f _{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014	3.3	■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO _{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
0		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

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