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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	359250
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	952000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5seebh40i3ln">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5seebh40i3ln</a>

**Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering<sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade							
	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L	I3YY	I4
3 GX channel—8.5 Gbps	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes <sup>(4)</sup>	Yes

**Notes to Table 1:**

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.
- (3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.
- (4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices.

**Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering<sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade			
	C1	C2	I2	I3
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	—	—
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Notes to Table 2:**

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub>	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub>	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

### I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

**Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_I$	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$

**Note to Table 9:**

(1) If  $V_O = V_{CCIO}$  to  $V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$ , 100  $\mu\text{A}$  of leakage current per I/O is expected.

### Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

**Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{CCIO}$										Unit	
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Low sustaining current	$I_{SUSL}$	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$	
High sustaining current	$I_{SUSH}$	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$	
Low overdrive current	$I_{ODL}$	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	$\mu\text{A}$	
High overdrive current	$I_{ODH}$	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	$\mu\text{A}$	
Bus-hold trip point	$V_{TRIP}$	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V	

### On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
$25\text{-}\Omega R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%

**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Calibration Accuracy</b>				<b>Unit</b>
			<b>C1</b>	<b>C2,I2</b>	<b>C3,I3, I3YY</b>	<b>C4,I4</b>	
50- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%
34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%
48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%
50- $\Omega$ $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $\Omega$ , 30- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , and 120- $\Omega$ $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20- $\Omega$ , 30- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 \text{ V}$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_{S\_left\_shift}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ $R_{S\_left\_shift}$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%

**Note to Table 11:**

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

**Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Resistance Tolerance</b>				<b>Unit</b>
			<b>C1</b>	<b>C2,I2</b>	<b>C3, I3, I3YY</b>	<b>C4, I4</b>	
25- $\Omega$ $R$ , 50- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ and } 2.5 \text{ V}$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 40$	$\pm 40$	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ and } 1.5 \text{ V}$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 40$	$\pm 40$	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 35$	$\pm 35$	$\pm 50$	$\pm 50$	%

## Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

**Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> Conditions (V) <sup>(3)</sup>	Value <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
R <sub>PU</sub>	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

**Notes to Table 16:**

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

## I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>), output voltage (V<sub>OH</sub> and V<sub>OL</sub>), and current drive characteristics (I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub>) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> values are valid at the corresponding I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub>, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to “Glossary” on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012\_486.

**Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>IL</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH</sub> (V)		V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>OL</sub> (mA)	I <sub>OH</sub> (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	0.45	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	0.25 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	0.25 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	2	-2

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.13	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.13	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.22	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.22	0.1*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.9*	—

**Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.2	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.2	0.62	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.175	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.175	0.5	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )	2(V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

**Note to Table 20:**

- (1) The maximum value for V<sub>SWING(DC)</sub> is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits (V<sub>IH(DC)</sub> and V<sub>IL(DC)</sub>).

**Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled) <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			V
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(17)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R <sub>REF</sub> <sup>(19)</sup>	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	180 0 ±1%	—	Ω
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
<b>CMU PLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
	$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Reference Clock</b>									
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps	
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400		
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%	
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(19)</sup>	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω	
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2		
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>			mV	
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(22)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(22)</sup>			V	
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels <sup>(19)</sup>	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(12)</sup>	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	(8)						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(5)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable DC gain <sup>(6)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
<b>Transmitter</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Table 29 shows the  $V_{OD}$  settings for the GT channel.

**Table 29. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$**

Symbol	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
$V_{OD}$ differential peak to peak typical <sup>(1)</sup>	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

**Note:**

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform**

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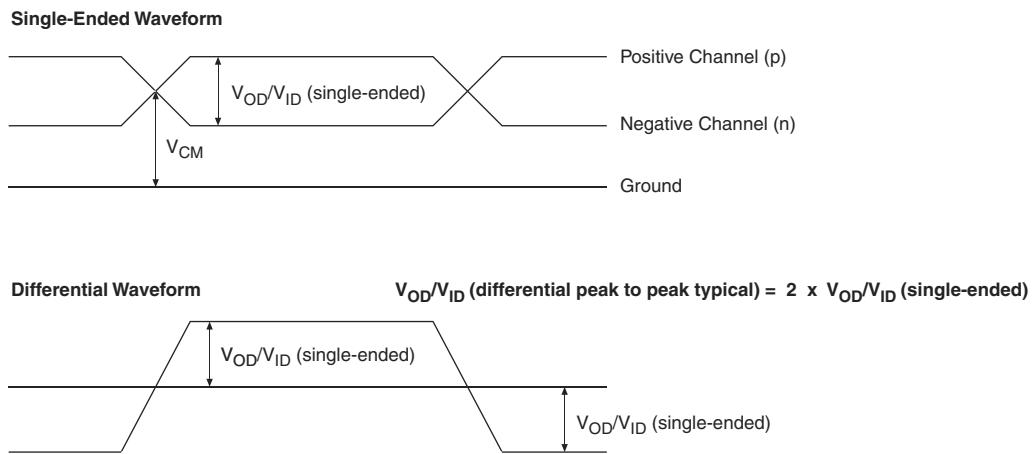


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

**Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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**Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Mode	Performance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
<b>Modes using Three DSPs</b>								
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
<b>Modes using Four DSPs</b>								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

## Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

**Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
MLAB	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth <sup>(3)</sup>	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

**Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b> , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

**Notes to Table 33:**

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in  $F_{MAX}$ .
- (3) The  $F_{MAX}$  specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

**Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications**

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

**Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification**

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

**Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{bias}$ , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
$V_{bias}$ , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

**Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled**

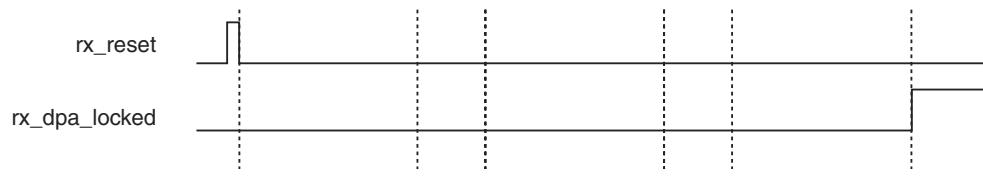


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only<sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup>**

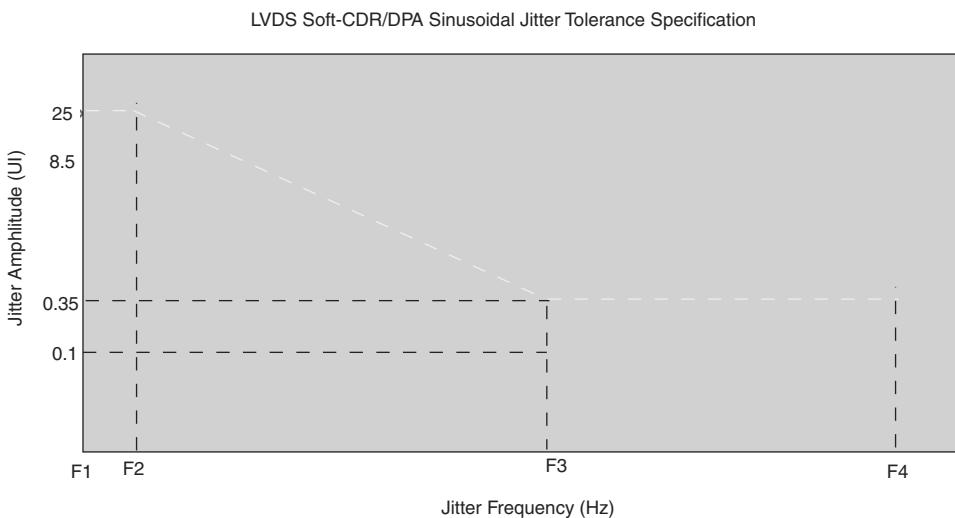
Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(4)</sup>	Maximum
SPI-4	000000000011111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

**Notes to Table 37:**

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the LVDS soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps. Table 38 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps.

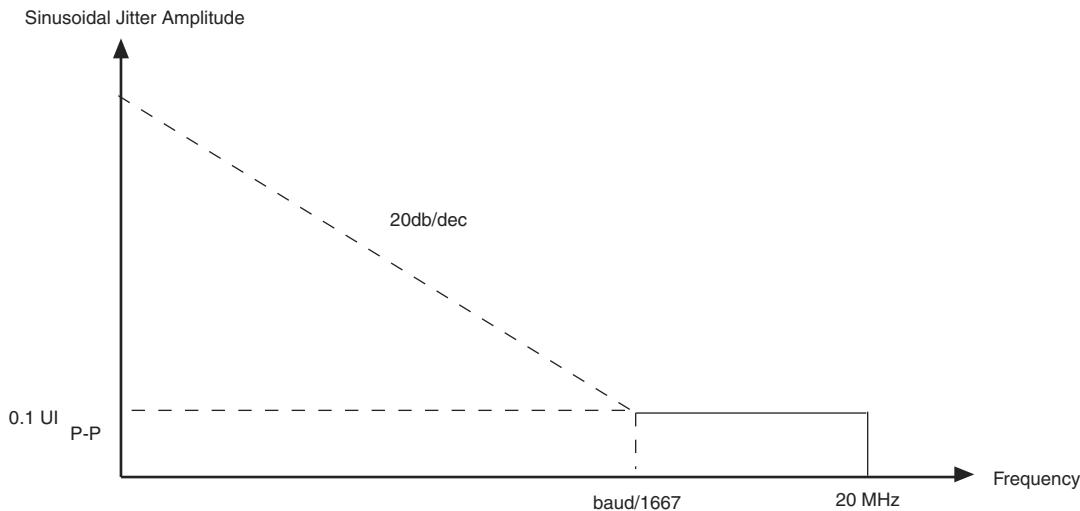
**Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**



**Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**

Jitter Frequency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000
F2	17,565
F3	1,493,000
F4	50,000,000

Figure 9 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps.

**Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps**

## DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

**Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)**

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

### Note to Table 39:

- (1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.

**Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CF2CD}$	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
$t_{CF2ST0}$	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
$t_{CFG}$	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
$t_{STATUS}$	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2ST1}$	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(3)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(6)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(6)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
$t_{DSU}$	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
$t_{CH}$	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CLK}$	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$f_{MAX}$	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(4)</sup>	175	437	μs
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} +$ $(8576 \times$ CLKUSR period) <sup>(5)</sup>	—	—

**Notes to Table 50:**

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.

### FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

## Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

**Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme<sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

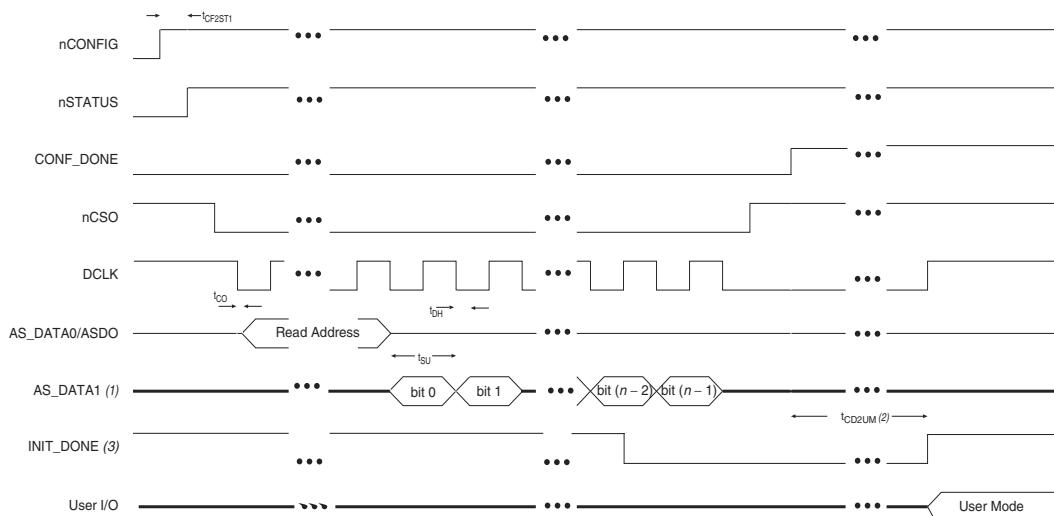
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

**Notes to Table 52:**

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

**Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing**



**Notes to Figure 14:**

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS\_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

**Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CO</sub>	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

**Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CF2CD}$	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
$t_{CF2ST0}$	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
$t_{CFG}$	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
$t_{STATUS}$	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2ST1}$	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(5)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(5)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
$t_{DSU}$	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
$t_{CH}$	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CLK}$	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$f_{MAX}$	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(3)</sup>	175	437	μs
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})^{(4)}$	—	—

**Notes to Table 54:**

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the “Initialization” section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.

## Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

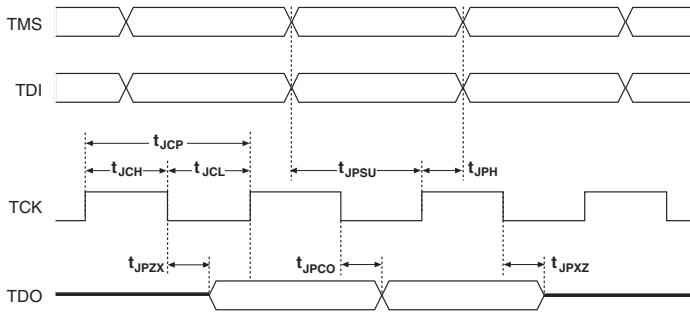
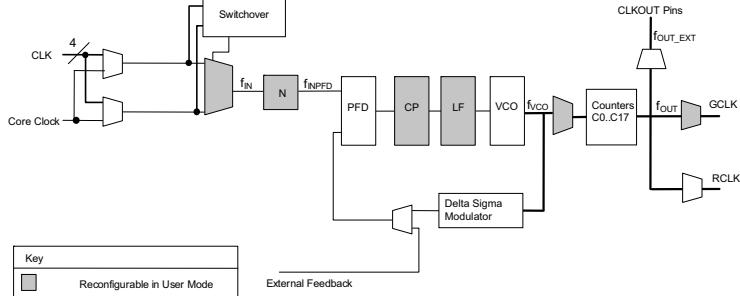
**Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency**

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	8576
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

**Notes to Table 55:**

- (1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the **Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR)** option in the Quartus II software from the **General** panel of the **Device and Pin Options** dialog box.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G H I	—	—
J	J	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications:   <p>The diagram illustrates the JTAG timing specifications for TMS, TDI, TCK, and TDO signals. Key parameters include:  - <math>t_{JCP}</math>: Time from TMS rising to TCK rising.  - <math>t_{JCH}</math>: Time from TMS falling to TCK rising.  - <math>t_{JCL}</math>: Time from TMS rising to TCK falling.  - <math>t_{JPSU}</math>: Time from TDI rising to TDO rising.  - <math>t_{JPZ}</math>: Time from TDI falling to TDO rising.  - <math>t_{JPZC}</math>: Time from TDI falling to TDO falling.  - <math>t_{IPH}</math>: Time from TCK rising to TDO falling.  - <math>t_{JPXZ}</math>: Time from TCK falling to TDO falling.</p>
K L M N O	—	—
P	PLL Specifications	<b>Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)</b>   <p>The diagram shows the internal architecture of a PLL. It includes:  - Input CLK and Core Clock feeds into a 4:1 multiplexer.  - The output of the multiplexer goes to a switcher.  - The switcher connects to an N-frequency multiplier (f<sub>IN</sub> to f<sub>INPFD</sub>).  - The f<sub>INPFD</sub> signal goes to a Phase Frequency Detector (PFD).  - The PFD also receives feedback from a Delta Sigma Modulator and a Low Frequency (LF) filter.  - The PFD output drives a Charge Pump (CP).  - The CP output drives a Voltage Control Oscillator (VCO).  - The VCO output is filtered by an LF filter and then fed back to the PFD.  - The VCO output also drives a counter (C0, C17) which generates the GCLK.  - The GCLK is used to drive a Register Clock (RCLK).  - The RCLK drives the Delta Sigma Modulator.  - The final output is f<sub>OUT_EXT</sub>.</p> <p><b>Note:</b>  (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</p>
Q	—	—
R	R <sub>L</sub>	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

## Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the condition for <math>100\text{-}\Omega R_D</math> in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the <math>V_{ID}</math> minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>■ Added the <math>I_{OUT}</math> specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”</li> <li>■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”</li> <li>■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the <math>t_{CO}</math> maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> </ul>