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## Intel - 5SGSMD6N3F45I3N Datasheet



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	220000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	583000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	840
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1932-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1932-FBGA, FC (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgsmd6n3f45i3n

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

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Transceiver Speed				Core Spe	ed Grade			
Grade	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L	<b>I</b> 3YY	14
3		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes (4)	Yes
GX channel—8.5 Gbps		165	165	165		163	163 17	165

#### Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering <sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 1:

(1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

(2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

(3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.

(4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices. **Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering** <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup>

Transaction Oracle Oracle	Core Speed Grade						
Transceiver Speed Grade	C1	C2	12	13			
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	_	_			
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			

#### Notes to Table 2:

(1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

(2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

Table 3.	Absolute	Maximum	<b>Ratings</b>	for Stratix \	/ Devices	(Part 1 of 2)
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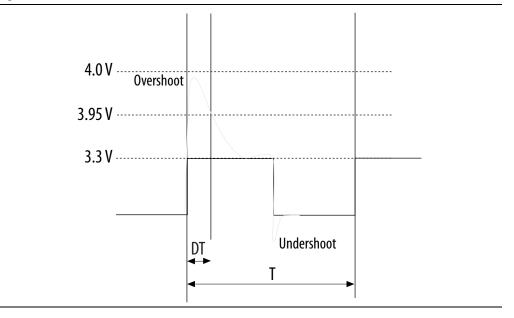
Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub>	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub>	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T <sub>J</sub> = 100°C	Unit					
		3.8	100	%					
		3.85	64	%					
		3.9	36	%					
		3.95	21	%					
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%					
		4.05	7	%					
		4.1	4	%					
		4.15	2	%					
		4.2	1	%					

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

#### Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



			Calibration Accuracy				
Symbol			C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $Ω$ , 30- $Ω$ , 40- $Ω$ ,60- $Ω$ , and 120- $Ω$ R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration ( $20 \cdot \Omega$ , $30 \cdot \Omega$ , $40 \cdot \Omega$ , $60 \cdot \Omega$ , and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S\_left\_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ R <sub>S_left_shift</sub> setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (	(Part 2 of 2)
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#### Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

			<b>Resistance Tolerance</b>					
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit	
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCI0} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%	

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DI</sub>	<sub>c)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(D</sub>	<sub>C)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>ol</sub> (V)	V <sub>oh</sub> (V)	I (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub>
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	l <sub>oi</sub> (mA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.75* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.13	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.13	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.22	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.22	0.1* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.9* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	_

#### Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(AC)</sub> (V)	
ijo Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2- 0.2	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2 + 0.2	0.62	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.6	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2- 0.175	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2 + 0.175	0.5	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.6	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2- 0.15	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2 + 0.15	0.35	_	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2- 0.15	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	2(V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2- 0.15	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	_	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V <sub>REF</sub> -0.15	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	-0.30	0.30	

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for  $V_{SWING(DC)}$  is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits  $(V_{IH(DC)} \text{ and } V_{IL(DC)})$ .

I/O		V <sub>ccio</sub> (V)		V <sub>DIF(I</sub>	<sub>DC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.68	_	0.9	0.68	_	0.9	0.4	_

## **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

## **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	<b>Transceiver S</b>	necifications (	for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1		Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
<b>Reference Clock</b>											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	nce 1.2-V PUML, 1.4-V PUML, 1.5-V PUML, 2.5-V PUML, DIfferential LVPEUL, LVDS, and							/DS, and		
Standards	RX reference clock pin	1/1 + V P(1/1) = 1/2 + V P(1/1) = 2/2 + V P(1/1) = 1/2 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 +									
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_		400	_		400	μο
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe <sup>®</sup> )	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1		Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to 0.5	_	_	0 to 0.5		_	0 to 0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	_	_	100		_	100		_	100		Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_		1.2		_	1.2	
Absolute $V_{\text{MIN}}$	—	-0.4	—		-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/	1000/90	00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	1050/	1000/90	00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	1050/	1000/90	00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	mV
coupled) <sup>(3)</sup>	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (4)			1.	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	V
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250		550	250		550	250		550	mV
	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz			-90			-90		—	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 kHz			-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(17)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R <sub>REF</sub> (19)	_		1800 ±1%		_	1800 ±1%			180 0 ±1%		Ω
Transceiver Clocks	S										
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect		100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

## Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100		125	100		125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_		1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS								
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(9),</sup> <sup>(23)</sup>		600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ for a receiver pin $(5)$		_	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration <sup>(22)</sup>	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.70 V)	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage $V_{ID}$ (diff p- p) after device configuration <sup>(18)</sup> ,	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V$ (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.6 V)	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
(22)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85 V$ (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4			2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(6), (22),</sup> (27)	_	85		_	85		_	85	_	_	mV

## Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 3 of 7)

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (1)
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Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32			
Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Speed Grade	PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32			
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6			
2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5				
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88			
FIFO or Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps								
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade									
	3	C4, I4 core speed grade									
		I3YY core speed grade			10.31	25 Gbps					

Notes to Table 26:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (	Fransceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceivei peed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ī
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	—	_	10	—	—	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the Stratix V Device Overview.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR\_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t<sub>1 TR</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) t<sub>LTD</sub> is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11)  $t_{LTD\_manual}$  is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll\_powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage  $V_{ID}$  after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute  $V_{MAX}$  for receiver pin  $V_{ICM}$ ).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000  $\Omega \pm 1\%$ .
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Table 29 shows the  $V_{\text{OD}}$  settings for the GT channel.

Table 29.	Typical Von Setting	g for GT Channel, T	<b>EX Termination = 100</b> $\Omega$
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Symbol	V <sub>OD</sub> Setting	V <sub>op</sub> Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
$\mathbf{V}_{0D}$ differential peak to peak typical (1)	2	400
VOD unicicilitat peak to peak typical (*)	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

#### Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

#### **Transceiver Characterization**

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

	Performance					
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit		
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz		
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz		

#### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

		Resour	ces Used	Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b> , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
M20K Block	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

#### Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

#### Notes to Table 33:

(1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50**% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

(2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F<sub>MAX</sub>.

(3) The F<sub>MAX</sub> specification is only achievable with Fitter options, MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode enabled.

## **Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications**

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

#### **Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification**

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I <sub>bias</sub> , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V <sub>bias,</sub> voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance		—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	

Gumbal	Cumbel Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY	C4,14			Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	Mbps
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	—			1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode	)													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	—	300	_		300	_		300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	Non DPA Mode													
Sampling Window	_			300			300			300			300	ps

#### Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 4 of 4)

Notes to Table 36:

(1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.

(2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

(3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.

(4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.

(5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.

(6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.

(8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

(9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.

(10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.

(11) The F<sub>MAX</sub> specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F<sub>MAX</sub> is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.

(12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.

(13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.

(14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.

(15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.

(16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.

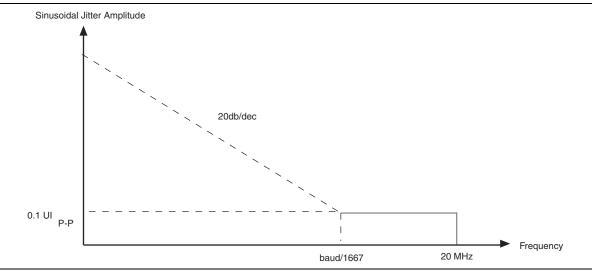
(17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Jitter Fre	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)	
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Table 38.	LVDS Soft-CDR/D	PA Sinusoidal	<b>Jitter Mask Valu</b>	es for a Data Ra	te > 1.25 Gbps
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Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.





#### **DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications**

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

#### Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

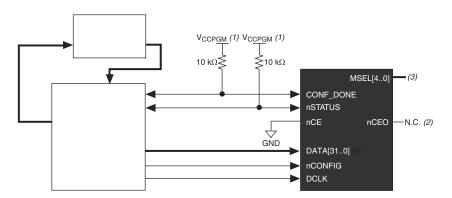
Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
FFF X02	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

#### Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



#### Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device.  $V_{CCPGM}$  must be high enough to meet the  $V_{IH}$  specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with  $V_{CCPGM}$ .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].

IF the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

## **Active Serial Configuration Timing**

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52.	DCLK Frequency	Specification in the <i>l</i>	AS Configuration Scheme	(1), (2)
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Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

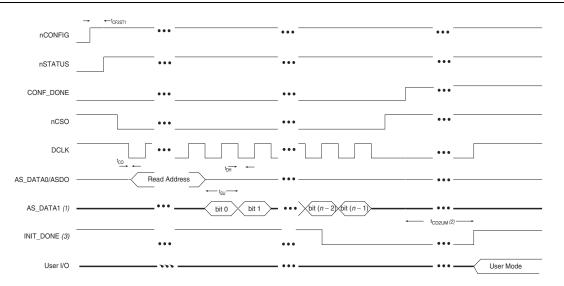
#### Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.





#### Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS  $\times 4$  mode, this signal represents the AS\_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS  $\times 1$  and AS  $\times 4$  configurations in Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CO</sub>	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	_	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	_	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t <sub>status</sub>	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(3)</sup>	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + \\ (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \\ \text{period}) \ \ ^{(4)} \end{array}$	_	_

#### Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

## Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximu
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Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

#### Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

## **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	<ul> <li>Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the condition for 100-Ω R<sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
April 2017	3.8	<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.</li> </ul>		
June 2016	3.7	<ul> <li>Added the V<sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>		
Julie 2010		<ul> <li>Added the I<sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.5	<ul> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
December 2015		<ul> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		<ul> <li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"</li> </ul>		
July 2015	3.4	<ul> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the t<sub>co</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		<ul> <li>Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013	2.6	<ul> <li>Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> </ul>
		Added Table 33
		<ul> <li>Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
December 0010	0.5	<ul> <li>Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul> <li>Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Remote System Upgrades"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Initialization"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Raw Binary File Size"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
		■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Neurometren 0011		<ul> <li>Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		<ul> <li>Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul> <li>Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	010 1.1	<ul> <li>Converted chapter to the new template.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.