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### Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	262400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	695000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgsmd8k3f40i3">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgsmd8k3f40i3</a>

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital power supply	−0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog power supply	−0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	−0.5	3.8	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	−55	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature (No bias)	−65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current per pin	−25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

**Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices**

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	−0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCL_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V

#### Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

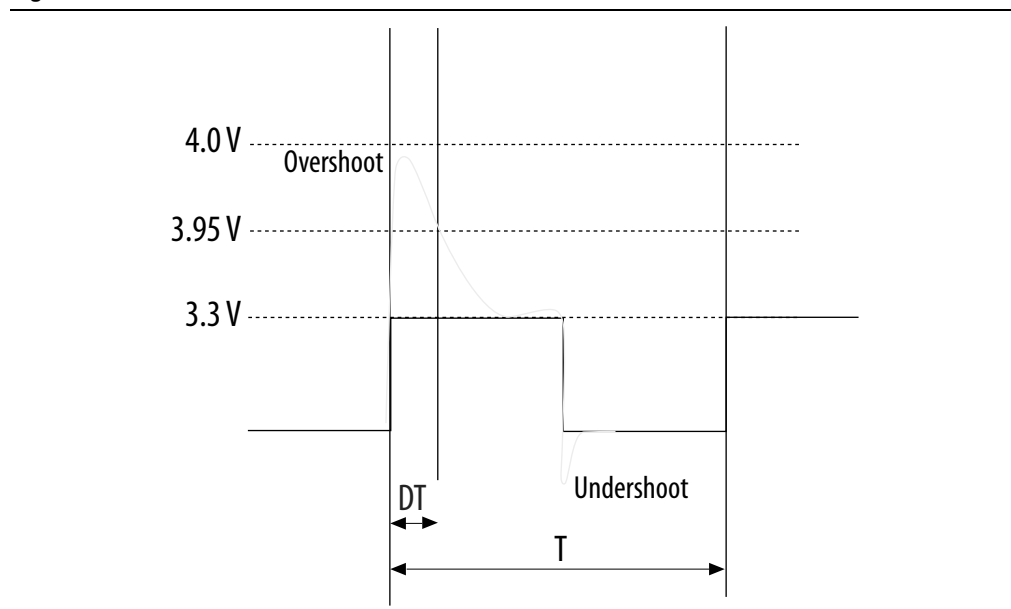
During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to −2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

**Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions**

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ $T_J = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	Unit
$V_i$ (AC)	AC input voltage	3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

**Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration**



## Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

**Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Typ	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) <sup>(3)</sup>	—	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	—	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	—	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.0	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	—	−0.5	—	3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	—	0	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	−40	—	100	°C

**Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum <sup>(4)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
$V_{CCR\_GXBR}$ (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
$V_{CCR\_GTBR}$	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
$V_{CCT\_GXBL}$ (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
$V_{CCT\_GXBR}$ (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
$V_{CCT\_GTBR}$	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
$V_{CCL\_GTBR}$	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
$V_{CCH\_GXBL}$	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
$V_{CCH\_GXBR}$	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

**Notes to Table 7:**

- (1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.
- (2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.
- (3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.
- (4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

**Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements**

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB <sup>(2)</sup>	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Data rate &gt; 10.3 Gbps.</li> <li>■ DFE is used.</li> </ul>	All	1.05	3.0	1.5	V
If ANY of the following conditions are true <sup>(1)</sup> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ATX PLL is used.</li> <li>■ Data rate &gt; 6.5Gbps.</li> <li>■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.</li> </ul>	All	1.0			
If ALL of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ATX PLL is not used.</li> <li>■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.</li> <li>■ DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.</li> </ul>	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		

**Notes to Table 8:**

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

## DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

### Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

### I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

**Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_I$	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO\text{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO\text{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$

**Note to Table 9:**

(1) If  $V_O = V_{CCIO}$  to  $V_{CCIO\text{MAX}}$ , 100  $\mu\text{A}$  of leakage current per I/O is expected.

### Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

**Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V <sub>CCIO</sub>										Unit
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I <sub>SUSL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>IL</sub> (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	μA
High sustaining current	I <sub>SUSH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>IH</sub> (minimum)	−22.5	—	−25.0	—	−30.0	—	−50.0	—	−70.0	—	μA
Low overdrive current	I <sub>ODL</sub>	0V < V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	μA
High overdrive current	I <sub>ODH</sub>	0V < V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	−120	—	−160	—	−200	—	−300	—	−500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

### On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
25- $\Omega$ $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{\text{CCIO}} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%

**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (34-Ω and 40-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60-Ω and 120-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S_left_shift</sub>	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25-Ω R <sub>S_left_shift</sub> setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

**Note to Table 11:**

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

**Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%



Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(3)</sup>**

Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform**

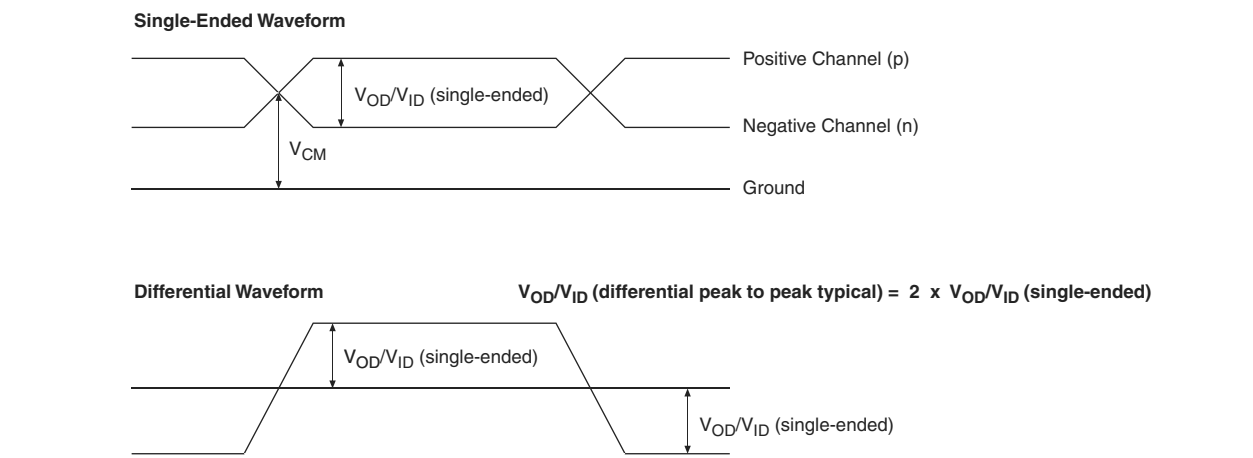


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

**Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)**



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Table 29 shows the  $V_{OD}$  settings for the GT channel.

**Table 29. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$**

Symbol	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)
<b><math>V_{OD}</math> differential peak to peak typical <sup>(1)</sup></b>	0	0
	1	200
	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

**Note:**

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

**Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b> , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

**Notes to Table 33:**

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F<sub>MAX</sub>.
- (3) The F<sub>MAX</sub> specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

**Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications**

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

**Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification**

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

**Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I <sub>bias</sub> , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V <sub>bias</sub> , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup> (Part 3 of 4)**

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$t_{DUTY}$	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
$t_{RISE}$ & $t_{FALL}$	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
<b>Receiver</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDRDP}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(11)</sup> , <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(13)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	LVDS RX with DPA <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	<sup>(6)</sup>	—	<sup>(7)</sup>	Mbps

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

**Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled**



Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only <sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup>**

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(4)</sup>	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

**Notes to Table 37:**

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the LVDS soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps. Table 38 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps.

**Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**



**Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{JPH}$	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
$t_{JPCO}$	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPZX}$	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPXZ}$	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

**Notes to Table 46:**

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO}$  = 12 ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

## Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup>
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup>
Stratix V E <sup>(1)</sup>	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

**Notes to Table 47:**

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.tff) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.



For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084



**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

**Notes to Table 48:**

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

## Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

### DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for each combination.

**Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.

**Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μs
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(3)</sup>	μs
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{\text{MAX}}$	—	s
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{\text{MAX}}$	—	s
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	$1/f_{\text{MAX}}$	—	s
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(4)</sup>	175	437	μs
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(5)</sup>	—	—

**Notes to Table 50:**

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

### FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

## Remote System Upgrades

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

**Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications**

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$t_{RU\_nCONFIG}^{(1)}$	250	—	ns
$t_{RU\_nRSTIMER}^{(2)}$	250	—	ns

**Notes to Table 56:**

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset\_timer input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

## User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

**Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications**

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz

## I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.



You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

## Programmable IOE Delay

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

**Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

## Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the condition for <math>100\text{-}\Omega</math> <math>R_D</math> in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the <math>V_{ID}</math> minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>Added the <math>I_{OUT}</math> specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”</li> <li>“Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”</li> <li>“Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”</li> </ul> </li> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>Changed the <math>t_{CO}</math> maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> </ul>

