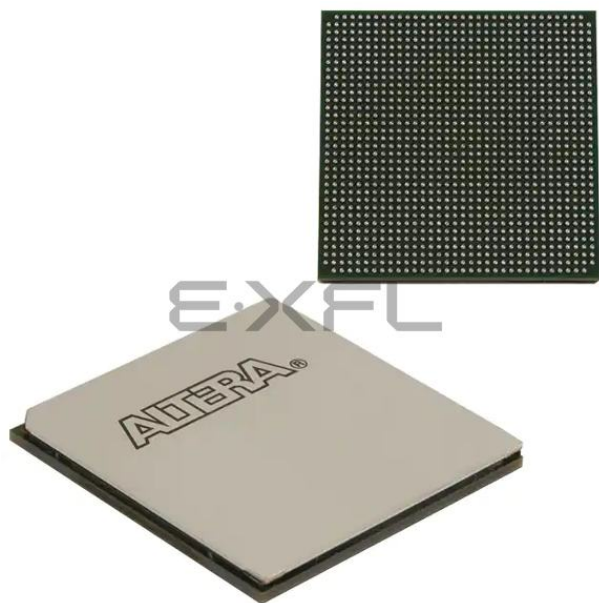




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea3h1f35c2n

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	−0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	−0.5	3.4	V
V _I	DC input voltage	−0.5	3.8	V
T _J	Operating junction temperature	−55	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	−65	150	°C
I _{OUT}	DC output current per pin	−25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	−0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	−0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	−0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to −2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/ ^o C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN} (DC)	DC current per I/O pin	300 μ A
I _{IOPIN} (AC)	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C \, dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	V_{REF}	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	$V_{REF} - 0.04$	V_{REF}	$V_{REF} + 0.04$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	$0.47 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.53 * V_{CCIO}$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	$0.49 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.5 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.51 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OI} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.608$	$V_{TT} + 0.608$	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.31$	$V_{REF} + 0.31$	$V_{TT} - 0.81$	$V_{TT} + 0.81$	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	$V_{TT} + 0.603$	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	$V_{REF} + 0.125$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.3$	$V_{REF} - 0.25$	$V_{REF} + 0.25$	0.28	$V_{CCIO} - 0.28$	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.09$	$V_{REF} + 0.09$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.16$	$V_{REF} + 0.16$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.85$	$V_{REF} + 0.85$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.2 * V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 * V_{CCIO}$	—	—

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications ⁽¹⁾

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL ⁽²⁾			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

Notes to Table 24:

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to −0.5	—	—	0 to −0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μ s
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	$\pm$ PPM
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽¹⁾	0	0
	1	200
	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (–40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
f_{VCO} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter														
True Differential I/O Standards - f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ^{(9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1434	(6)	—	1250	(6)	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS TX with DPA ^{(12), (14), (15), (16)}	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) ⁽¹⁰⁾	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 ⁽¹⁷⁾	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	840	(6)	—	840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{DUTY}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t_{RISE} & t_{FALL}	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
Receiver														
True Differential I/O Standards - f_{HSDRDP} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ⁽¹¹⁾ , ⁽¹²⁾ , ⁽¹³⁾ , ⁽¹⁴⁾ , ⁽¹⁵⁾ , ⁽¹⁶⁾	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	LVDS RX with DPA ⁽¹²⁾ , ⁽¹⁴⁾ , ⁽¹⁵⁾ , ⁽¹⁶⁾	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	⁽⁶⁾	—	⁽⁷⁾	Mbps

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

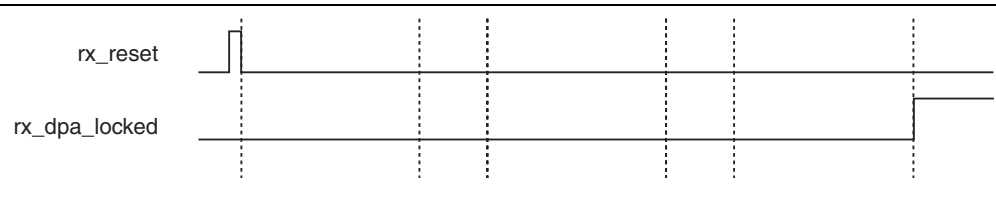


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only ^{(1), (2), (3)}

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the LVDS soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

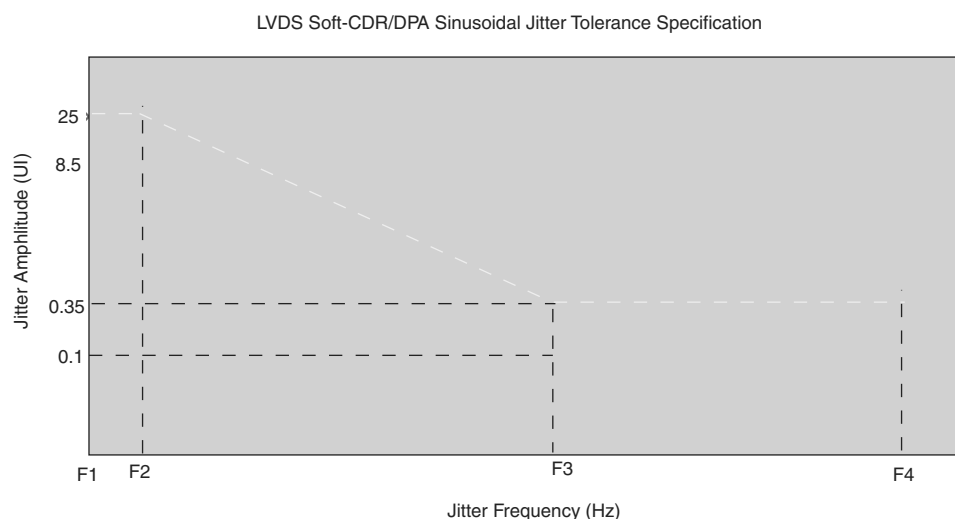


Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is $[625 \text{ ps} + (10 \times 10 \text{ ps}) \pm 20 \text{ ps}] = 725 \text{ ps} \pm 20 \text{ ps}$.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ($t_{\text{DQS_PSERR}}$) for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is $\pm 78 \text{ ps}$ or $\pm 39 \text{ ps}$.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (Part 1 of 2)} ^{(2), (3)}

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, (Part 2 of 2) ⁽²⁾, ⁽³⁾

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

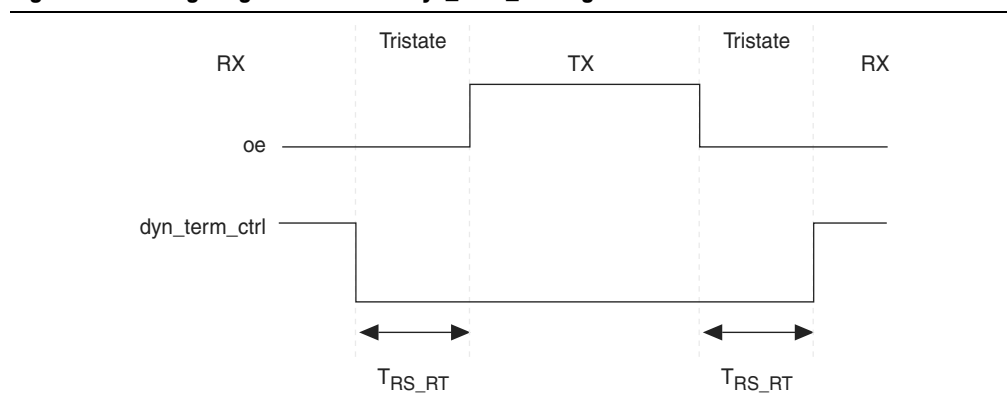
OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the <code>dyn_term_ctrl</code> and <code>oe</code> signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` Signals

Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 44:

(1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

Configuration Specification

POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification ⁽¹⁾

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

Note to Table 45:

(1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	30	—	ns
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	167	—	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TDI)}	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TMS)}	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.tff) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.



For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μ s
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μ s
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μ s
t_{CF2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μ s
t_{ST2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μ s
t_{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	$N-1/f_{DCLK}$ ⁽⁵⁾	—	s
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP $\times 8/\times 16$)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP $\times 32$)	—	100	MHz
t_R	Input rise time	—	40	ns
t_F	Input fall time	—	40	ns
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μ s
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})$ ⁽⁴⁾	—	—

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and f_{DCLK} is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D _{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B		
C		
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f _{HCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega$ R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7. ■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28. ■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33. ■ Changed the Max value of f_{HCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36. ■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39. ■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47. ■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54. ■ Changed the available settings in Table 58. ■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”. ■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section. ■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section. ■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22. ■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36. ■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11. ■ Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition. ■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7. ■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55. ■ Updated the notes for Table 47. ■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section
October 2013	2.8	■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59 ■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3 ■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section ■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46 ■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”
December 2012	2.5	■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Remote System Upgrades” ■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification” ■ Added “Initialization” ■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”
June 2012	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs. ■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>. ■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31. ■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices. ■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25. ■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24. ■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title. ■ Chapter moved to Volume 1. ■ Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23. ■ Converted chapter to the new template. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.