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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea3k2f35i3l

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
V _I	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T _J	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I _{OUT}	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

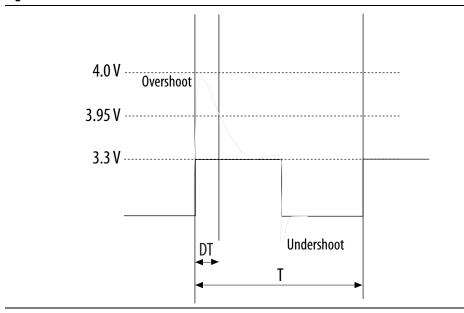
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Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Symbol	Description	V _{CC10} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R _{PU}	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option.	1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k Ω .
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL} , respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O		V _{CCIO} (V)		VII	_(V)	V _{IH}	(V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL}	I _{OH}
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mA)
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	; ₎ (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	l _{oh}
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I _{OI} (IIIA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCIO}	_	

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWIN}	V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30	

Note to Table 20:

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)				V _{CM(DC)} (V	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2		0.68	_	0.9	0.68		0.9	0.4	_

⁽¹⁾ The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)})$ and $V_{IL(DC)})$.



You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

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Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL (2))		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	_	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide	_	_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
AN (NAUVE FITTIF)	П	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	· 7.55	7.88	and below PLL	3.123	3.123	and below PLL

Notes to Table 24:

⁽¹⁾ Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

⁽²⁾ ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

⁽³⁾ Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

⁽⁴⁾ Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

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Table 27 shows the $\ensuremath{V_{OD}}$ settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V $_{\text{OD}}$ Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω $^{(2)}$

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)	V _{op} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0 (1)	0	32	640
	1 (1)	20	33	660
	2 (1)	40	34	680
	3 (1)	60	35	700
	4 (1)	80	36	720
	5 ⁽¹⁾	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
V op differential peak to peak	15	300	47	940
typical ⁽³⁾	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω , this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90	
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) ⁽¹⁸⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁵⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	_		1.4-V PCML	, 1.5-V PCML	_, 2.5-V PCI	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	6
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽³⁾	GT channels	_	_	1.2		_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V
differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomiguration ', ' /	GX channels				(8)		•	•
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁴⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (7)	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels (19)	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t _{LTD_manual} (11)		4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} (12)		15	_	_	15	_	_	μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	_	_	72	CID
nuii Leiigiii	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels	_	_	1000	_	_	1000	± PPM
ODITITIVI	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	_	_	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	7.5	_	_	7.5	dB
DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	· '		•			•	•	
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600		12,500	Mbps

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Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
→ (3) (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} ≥ 100 MHz)	_	_	0.15	UI (p-p)
t _{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} < 100 MHz)	-750		+750	ps (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175 ⁽¹⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{OUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5 ⁽¹⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output $(f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz})$	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t _{outccj_dc} (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_DC} ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)+	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
t _{OUTPJ_IO} (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ 10} (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t _{outccj_10} (5),	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_IO}	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}}$	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f _{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 μs	_	_	±10	%
dK _{BIT}	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
k _{VALUE}	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	_

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Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

			C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{DUTY}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t _{RISE} & t _{FALL}	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	_		250	_	_	250	_		250	_		300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_		150		_	150		_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_	_	300	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDRDPA} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps

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Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network Parameter		Symbol	C	1	C2, C2L	, I2, I2L	C3, I3		C4	,14	Unit
Network Talant		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
PHY Clock	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t _{JIT(cc)}	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	t _{JIT(duty)}	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

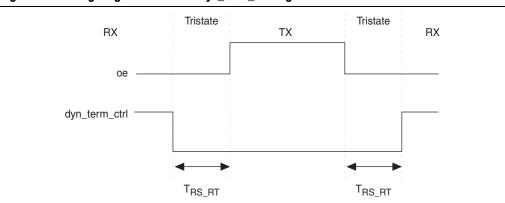
Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	_	_	20	MHz
T _{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize S}}/R_{\mbox{\scriptsize T}}$ calibration		1000	_	Cycles
T _{OCTSHIFT}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	_	32	_	Cycles
T _{RS_RT}	Time required between the dyn_term_ctr1 and oe signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	_	2.5	_	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the oe and dyn term ctrl signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals



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Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 2 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
EDD22	Disabled	Enabled	4
FPP ×32	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.



If the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio -1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

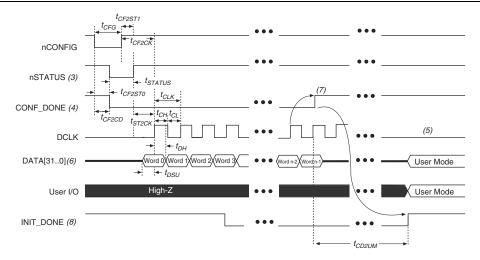
- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM}.
- (2) You can leave the nceo pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nce pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP $\times 8$, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP $\times 16$, use DATA [15..0].

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FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 (1), (2)



Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the <code>INIT_DONE</code> pin is configured into the device, the <code>INIT_DONE</code> goes low.

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Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

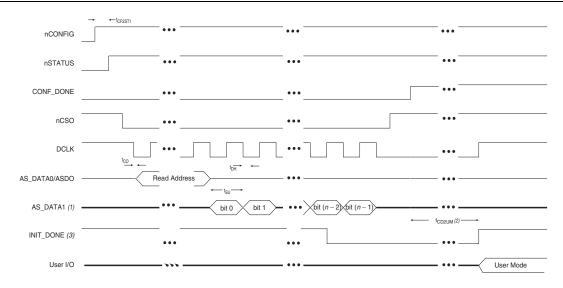
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or ${\tt CLKUSR}$ pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the $INIT_DONE$ pin is configured into the device, the $INIT_DONE$ goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS $\times 1$ and AS $\times 4$ configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATAO/ASDO output	_	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	_	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	_	ns

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Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times CLKUSR period)	_	_

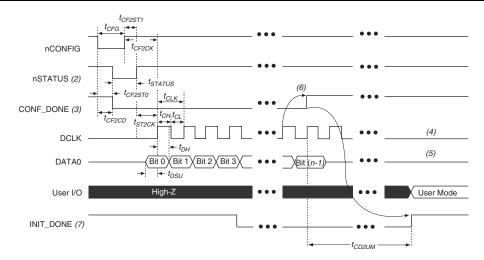
Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- $(2) \quad t_{\text{CF2CD}}, t_{\text{CF2ST0}}, t_{\text{CFG}}, t_{\text{STATUS}}, \text{ and } t_{\text{CF2ST1}} \text{ timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63}.$
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform (1)



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

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Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2		μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506		μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0		ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) $^{(4)}$	_	_

Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Page 66 Glossary

Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G		
Н	_	-
1		
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus). JTAG Timing Specifications: TMS TDI TCK TJPSU TJ
K L M N	_	
P	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications (1) CLKOUT Pins Four Core Clock Reconfigurable in User Mode External Feedback Note: (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.
Q	_	<u> </u>
R	R _L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).
	<u> </u>	(5/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/

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Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R _D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V _{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Added the I _{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the t _{CO} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.

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