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Details

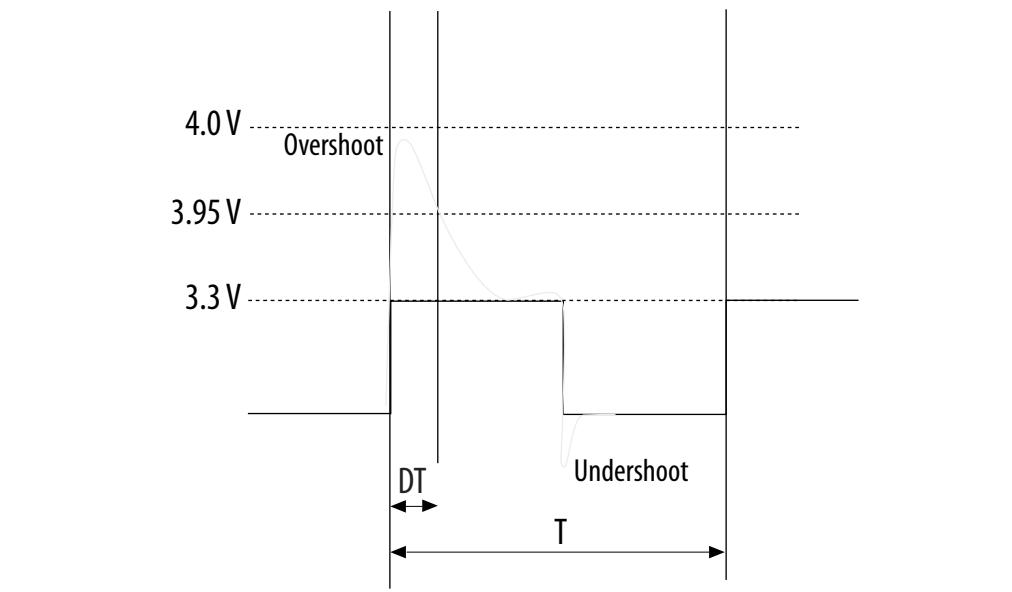
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe3k3f40c2ln

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Unit
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) ⁽³⁾	—	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V_{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	—	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	—	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V_{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V_{CCBAT} ⁽²⁾	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.0	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	-0.5	—	3.6	V
V_0	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	-40	—	100	°C

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} ⁽²⁾	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} ⁽²⁾	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} ⁽²⁾	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

- (1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.
- (2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.
- (3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.
- (4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	I _{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max						
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	—	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5*	V _{CCIO}	0.4*	0.5*	0.6*	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCIO} - 0.12	0.5*	V _{CCIO}	0.4*	0.5*	0.6*	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V) (10)			V _{ID} (mV) (8)			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			V _{OD} (V) (6)			V _{OCM} (V) (6)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.														
2.5 V LVDS (1)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RSDS (HIO) (2)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4), (9)	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	300	—	—	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{CM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, V_{CM}.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by V_{CCPD} which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽²⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled) ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁷⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R _{REF} ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	180 0 ±1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) ^{(9), (23)}	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9), (23)}	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration ^{(18), (22)}	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 1.0 V/1.05 V ($V_{ICM} =$ 0.70 V)	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 0.90 V ($V_{ICM} =$ 0.6 V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} =$ 0.85 V ($V_{ICM} =$ 0.6 V)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22), (27)}	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
$t_{pll_powerdown}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t_{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
	$t_{pll_powerdown}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
t_{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
$t_{pll_powerdown}$ ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications ⁽¹⁾

Clock Network	ATX PLL			CMU PLL ⁽²⁾			fPLL		
	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

Notes to Table 24:

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Mode (2)	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 27 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω⁽²⁾

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{OD} Value (mV)	V _{OD} Setting	V _{OD} Value (mV)
V _{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽³⁾	0 ⁽¹⁾	0	32	640
	1 ⁽¹⁾	20	33	660
	2 ⁽¹⁾	40	34	680
	3 ⁽¹⁾	60	35	700
	4 ⁽¹⁾	80	36	720
	5 ⁽¹⁾	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω, this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Reference Clock									
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps	
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400		
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%	
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω	
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2		
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV	
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V	
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t _{PLL_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{PLL_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
t _{PLL_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{PLL_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{PLL_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽¹⁾	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Performance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using Three DSPs								
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
Modes using Four DSPs								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
MLAB	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth ⁽³⁾	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

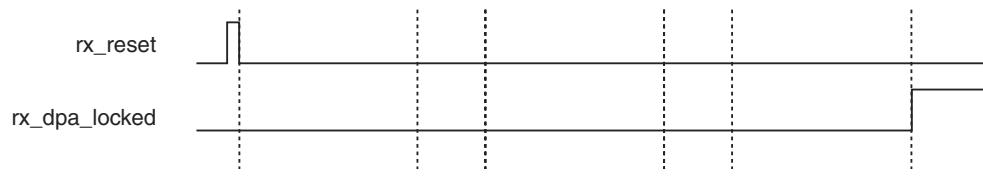


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only^{(1), (2), (3)}

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	000000000011111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the LVDS soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

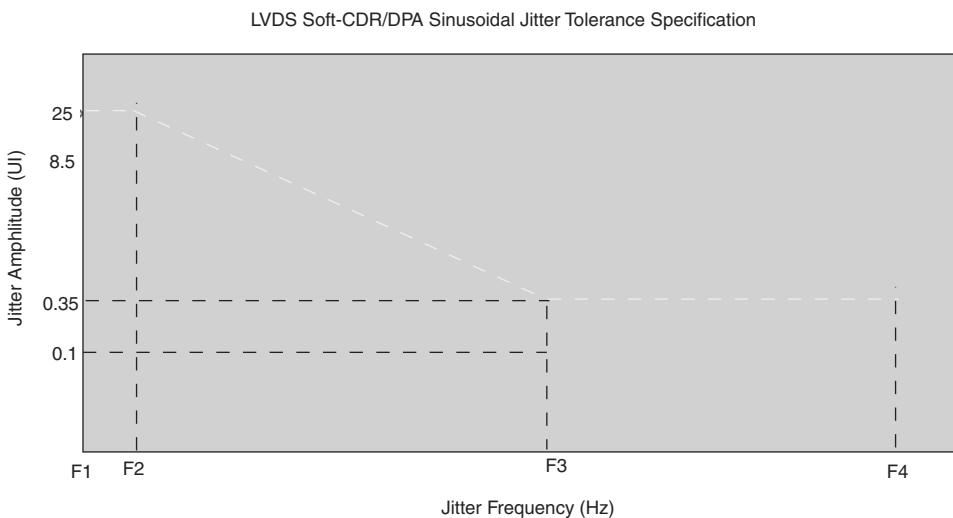


Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(5)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(5)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
t_{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	$N-1/f_{DCLK}^{(5)}$	—	s
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t_R	Input rise time	—	40	ns
t_F	Input fall time	—	40	ns
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period) ⁽⁴⁾	—	—

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and f_{DCLK} is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme^{(1), (2)}

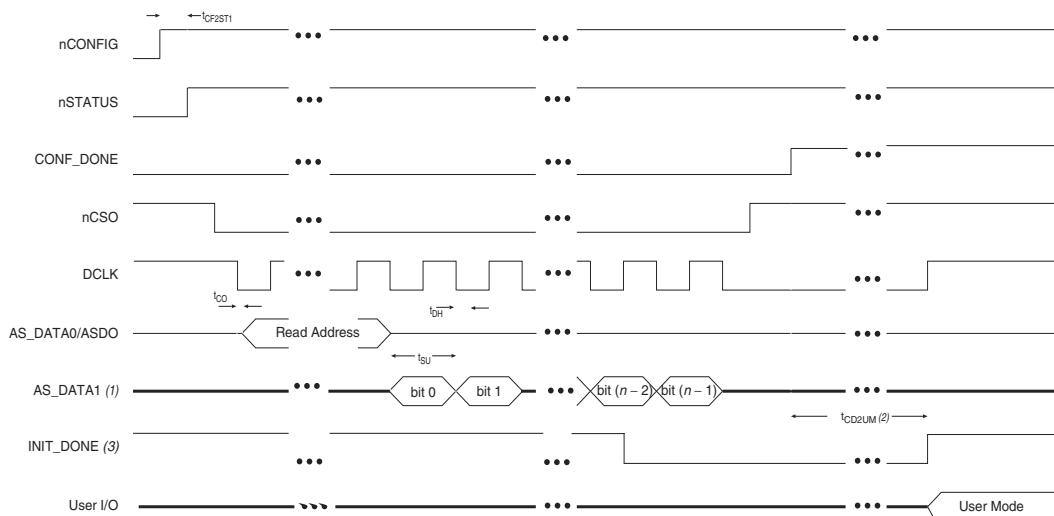
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

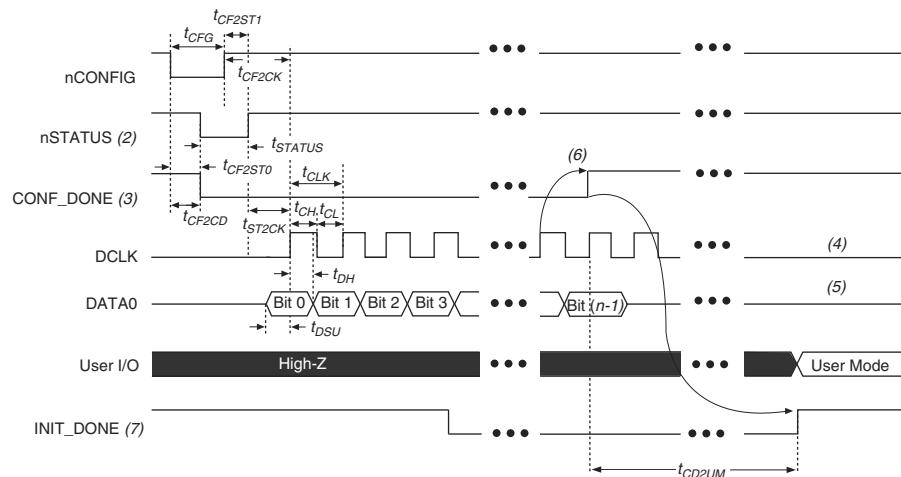
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period)	—	—

Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (2) t_{CF2CD} , t_{CF2STO} , t_{CFG} , t_{STATUS} , and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform⁽¹⁾**Notes to Figure 15:**

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATA0 is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.