Intel - 5SGXEA3K3F40I3L Datasheet





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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea3k3f40i3l

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t _{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 µs	_	100 ms	—
	Power supply ramp time	Fast POR	200 µs		4 ms	_

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 6:

(1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCI0} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCI0} is 3.0 V.

(2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.

(3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.

(4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit	
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
(1), (3)	side)	un, uo, ui	2.375	2.5	2.625	v	
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
(1), (3)	side)	ux, us	2.375	2.5	2.625	v	
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
			0.82	0.85	0.88		
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Pacaivar analog powar supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	v	
(2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	un, uo, ui	0.97	1.0	1.03	V	
			1.03	1.05	1.07		

			Calibration Accuracy				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $Ω$, 30- $Ω$, 40- $Ω$,60- $Ω$, and 120- $Ω$ R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration ($20 \cdot \Omega$, $30 \cdot \Omega$, $40 \cdot \Omega$, $60 \cdot \Omega$, and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ ((Part 2 of 2)
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Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

Symbol			Resistance Tolerance				
	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCI0} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

			Resistance Tolerance				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} \,=\, R_{SCAL} \Big(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SCAL}}$ with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13.	OCT Variation after Power-U	Calibration for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV		1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R _{PU}	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option.	1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Notes to Table 16:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.

(2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k Ω .

- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a $\pm 10\%$ tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

I/O		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	IOL	I _{oh}
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Min Max Max Min ^{(mA}	(mÅ) (mÅ)			
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCI0} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCI0}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCI0} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCI0}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCI0}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCI0}	0.75 * V _{CCI0}	2	-2

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DI}	_{c)} (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{ol} (V)	V _{oh} (V)	I (mA)	I _{oh}
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	l _{oi} (mA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCI0}	0.75* V _{CCI0}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCI0}	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCI0}	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{SWIN}	_{G(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{SWING(A}		
ijo Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.2	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.175	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30	

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)} \text{ and } V_{IL(DC)})$.

I/O	I/O V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{DIF(I}	_{DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)	ac) (V) V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)			
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.68	_	0.9	0.68	_	0.9	0.4	_

I/O		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{DIF(}	_{1C)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	_	0.5* V _{CCI0}	_	0.4* V _{CCI0}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCI0} - 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCI0} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	_{cio} (V)	₀ (V) ⁽¹⁰⁾ V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾				V _{ICM(DC)} (V)		V _{od} (V) ⁽⁶⁾			V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾			
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Tran	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.													
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} =	_	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS ⁽¹⁾	2.375	2.0	2.025	100	1.25 V	_	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_		—	_	_	_		_		
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	_	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200		600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4			_	300		_	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8		_	_			
), (9)		_		300	_	_	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6		_	_			—

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus[®] II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

- You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
- ***** For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL ⁽²⁾)		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	—	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide		_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
VN (Native DHV ID)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
xN (Native PHY IP)	_	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.55	7.55	and below PLL	3.120	0.120	and below PLL

Notes to Table 24:

(1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

(2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

(3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

(4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive Speed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ī
	100 Hz			-70			-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz		_	-90	_	_	-90	-
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) ⁽¹⁸⁾	100 kHz		—	-110	_	—	-110	-
	\geq 1 MHz		—	-120	_	—	-120	-
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁵⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)		_	3	_		3	ps (rms)
RREF ⁽¹⁷⁾	—		1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect		100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver				•				
Supported I/O Standards	—		1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V PCM	L, 2.5-V PCI	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	3
Data rate (Standard PCS) ⁽²¹⁾	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ⁽²¹⁾	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽³⁾	GT channels	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4		_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels	_	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁶⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	V _{CCR_GTB} = 1.05 V (V _{ICM} = 0.65 V)	—	-	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomguration (), ()	GX channels		•	•	(8)			
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_		200			mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁴⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			

Symbol/	Conditions	5	Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85- Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels		650		—	650	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V		600	_	_	600		mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth		700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth		750	_	_	750	_	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾		4			4			μs
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	_	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	_	15			15	—		μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	—	—	72	CID
nun Lengin	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels			1000	_	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	—	—	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	·1							
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600		12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600		28,050	19,600		25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels		100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
	GT channels		500	_		500	—	mV
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
Dies/Fall times	GT channels	_	15	_		15	—	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels				(8)		1	
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)			
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
CMU PLL	· · · · · ·							
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	—	1	—	—	1	_	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	_	—	10	—	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000		6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	-	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—		—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL							· ·	
Supported Data Range	_	600		3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)		1	_		1			μs

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

		Performance						
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit				
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz				
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz				

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditiono		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 13L	., I 3YY		C4,I	4	Ilmit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5		520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

Gumbal	Oenditione		C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		., I 3 YY	C4,14			Unit	
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UNIT
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	Mbps
f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	—			1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode)													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	—	300	_		300	_		300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	•	•		-		-		•		-			-	-
Sampling Window	_			300			300			300			300	ps

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 4 of 4)

Notes to Table 36:

(1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.

(2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

(3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.

(4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.

(5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.

(6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.

(8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

(9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.

(10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.

(11) The F_{MAX} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{MAX} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.

(12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.

(13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.

(14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.

(15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.

(16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.

(17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is ± 78 ps or ± 39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
NELWUIK		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\rm JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

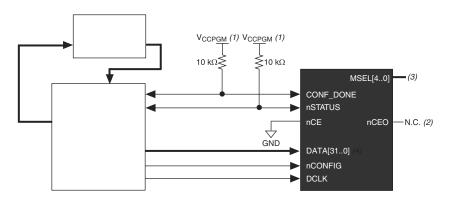
Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
FFF X02	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM} .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].

IF the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52.	DCLK Frequency	Specification in the <i>l</i>	AS Configuration Scheme	(1), (2)
-----------	----------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------	----------

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.





Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS $\times 4$ mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS $\times 1$ and AS $\times 4$ configurations in Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter Minimum		Maximum	Units	
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns	
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns	
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width		—	μS	
t _{status}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS	
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	— 1,506 ⁽²⁾		
t _{CF2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK 1,506		—	μS	
t _{ST2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	2 —		
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	5.5 —		
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns	
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S	
t _{CL}	DCLK low time $0.45 \times 1/f_{f}$		—	S	
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S	
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	— 125		MHz	
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175 437		μS	
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period			
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + \\ (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \\ \text{period}) \end{array} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} - \\ \end{array}$		_	

Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximu

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP ⁽²⁾	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
	4 3.3	■ Changed the Max value of f _{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014		 Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		 Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		 Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		 Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		 Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		 Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		 Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		 Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		 Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		 Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		 Updated the notes for Table 47.
		 Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	 Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
	3 2.8	 Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013		 Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		 Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		 Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes	
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60	
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48	
		 Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12 	
February 2013	2.6	 Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46 	
		 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" 	
		 Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 	
		Added Table 33	
		 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" 	
December 0010	0.5	 Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" 	
December 2012	2.5	 Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" 	
		 Added "Remote System Upgrades" 	
		 Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" 	
		Added "Initialization"	
		 Added "Raw Binary File Size" 	
		 Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. 	
June 2012	2.4	 Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59. 	
		 Various edits throughout to fix bugs. 	
		 Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet. 	
		Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.	
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.	
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.	
December 2011	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.	
Neurometren 0011	0.1	 Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices. 	
November 2011	2.1	 Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25. 	
		 Various edits throughout to fix SPRs. 	
		 Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24. 	
May 2011	2.0	 Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title. 	
		 Chapter moved to Volume 1. 	
		 Minor text edits. 	
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.	
December 2010	1.1	 Converted chapter to the new template. 	
		 Minor text edits. 	
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.	