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## Intel - 5SGXEA4H1F35C2LN Datasheet



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	552
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea4h1f35c2ln

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
VI	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
TJ	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCL_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

## **Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage**

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T <sub>J</sub> = 100°C	Unit						
		3.8	100	%						
		3.85	64	%						
		3.9	36	%						
		3.95	21	%						
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%						
		4.05	7	%						
		4.1	4	%						
		4.15	2	%						
		4.2	1	%						

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

#### Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum <sup>(4)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	v
(2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	un, us, ui	0.97	1.0	1.03	v
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog newer supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)		0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
		GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog nower supply (right side)		0.87	0.90	0.93	
(2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)		0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
$V_{CCL\_GTBR}$	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Table 7.	Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX,	GS, and GT Devices
(Part 2	of 2)	

## Notes to Table 7:

(1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.

(2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.

(3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.

(4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

1/0 Stondard		V <sub>ccio</sub> (V)			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)		V <sub>π</sub> (V)			
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	_	
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	_	
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.53 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2		
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	_	_	

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Device	es
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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2)
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I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(D(</sub>	<sub>:)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(D</sub>	<sub>C)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>ol</sub> (V)	V <sub>oh</sub> (V)	L (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub>
ijo Stalluaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	(mÅ)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.608	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.81	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.603	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCI0</sub> – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.09	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.09	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.16	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.16	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.85	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.85	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>		_

## **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

## **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	<b>Transceiver S</b>	necifications (	for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Trai	isceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max		
<b>Reference Clock</b>												
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and	
Standards	RX reference clock pin			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS		
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz	
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ne	
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400			400	_		400	- ps	
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe <sup>®</sup> )	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz	

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to 0.5	_	_	0 to 0.5		_	0 to 0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	_	_	100		_	100		_	100		Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_		1.2		_	1.2	
Absolute $V_{\text{MIN}}$	—	-0.4	—		-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/	1000/90	00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	1050/	1000/90	00/850 <sup>(2)</sup>	mV
coupled) <sup>(3)</sup>	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 <sup>(4)</sup>	V
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250		550	250		550	250		550	mV
	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz			-90			-90		—	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 kHz			-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(17)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R <sub>REF</sub> (19)			1800 ±1%		_	1800 ±1%	_		180 0 ±1%		Ω
Transceiver Clocks	S										
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect		100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

## Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	:	Transceive Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	/IL, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P	CML, 2.5-V and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS
	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML	., 1.5-V PCN	IL, 2.5-V PC	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	6
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	100	-	710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%		_	400		—	400	
Fall time	80% to 20%			400	—		400	ps
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5		_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(19)</sup>	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin		_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200		1600	200	_	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>				1050/1000 (	2)	mV
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85 (	22)	1.	V		
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV

## Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol/	Conditions	5	Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85- $\Omega$ setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels <sup>(19)</sup>	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels		650		—	650	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V		600	_	_	600		mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth		700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth		750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>		4			4			μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	_	μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(12)</sup>	_	15			15	—		μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	—	—	72	CID
nun Lengin	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels			1000	_	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	—	—	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(5)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
DC gain <sup>(6)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	·1							
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600		12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps

## Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600		28,050	19,600		25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels		100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
	GT channels		500	_		500	—	mV
$V_{OCM}$ (AC coupled)	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
Dies/Fall times	GT channels	_	15	_		15	—	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels				(8)		1	
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)			
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
CMU PLL	· · · · · ·							
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	—	1	—	—	1	_	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	_	—	10	—	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	-	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—		—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL						-	· ·	
Supported Data Range	_	600		3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)		1	_		1			μs

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (	Fransceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceivei peed Grade		S	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	—	_	10	—	—	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the Stratix V Device Overview.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR\_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t<sub>1 TR</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) t<sub>LTD</sub> is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11)  $t_{LTD\_manual}$  is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll\_powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage  $V_{ID}$  after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute  $V_{MAX}$  for receiver pin  $V_{ICM}$ ).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000  $\Omega \pm 1\%$ .
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

0b.al	Oanditiana		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 131	., <b>I</b> 3YY	C4,14			11 14
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter				<u>.</u>						<u>.</u>				
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(9)</sup> , <sup>(11)</sup> , <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(13)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	(6)		1600	(6)		1434	(6)		1250	(6)		1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$													
True Differential I/O Standards	LVDS TX with DPA <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate) <sup>(10)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 $(17)$	(6)		1100	(6)		1100	(6)		840	(6)		840	Mbps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_		160	_	_	160			160	_	_	160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_		300	_		300	_	_	300	_		325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_		0.2			0.2			0.2	_		0.25	UI

## Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 4)

i ani o o o i i i i gii	-Speed I/U Specifica		C1				2, I2L		-	., I3YY		C4,I	A	
Symbol	Conditions				-	-	-		-	-		-		Unit
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>duty</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t <sub>rise</sub> & t <sub>fall</sub>	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks			250			250			250			300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_		300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150		1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150		1600	150		1600	150		1600	150		1250	Mbps
I/O Standards - f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps

## Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

Gumbal	Oenditione		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I	4	11
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	Mbps
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	—			1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode	)													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	—	300	_		300	_		300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode														
Sampling Window	_			300			300			300			300	ps

### Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 4 of 4)

Notes to Table 36:

(1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.

(2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

(3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.

(4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.

(5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.

(6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.

(8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

(9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.

(10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.

(11) The F<sub>MAX</sub> specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F<sub>MAX</sub> is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.

(12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.

(13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.

(14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.

(15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.

(16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.

(17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

## Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

#### Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t<sub>DQS\_PSERR</sub>) for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is  $\pm 78$  ps or  $\pm 39$  ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
NELWUIK		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\rm JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

## **Remote System Upgrades**

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications
---

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit		
t <sub>RU_nCONFIG</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	250	—	ns		
t <sub>RU_nRSTIMER</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	250	—	ns		

#### Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset\_timer input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

## **User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification**

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

#### Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz		

# I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

 You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

## **Programmable IOE Delay**

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Parameter Available		Min	Fast	Model				Slow N	lodel			
(1)	Sottinge UTI	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

## Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G		
Н	_	_
Ι		
J	J JTAG Timing Specifications	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus). JTAG Timing Specifications: TMS
K L M N O	_	_
Ρ	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)
Q		_
	1	

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V <sub>CM(DC)</sub>	DC common mode input voltage.
	V <sub>ICM</sub>	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V <sub>ID</sub>	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub>	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub>	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V <sub>IH</sub>	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub>	High-level AC input voltage
	V <sub>IH(DC)</sub>	High-level DC input voltage
V	V <sub>IL</sub>	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub>	Low-level AC input voltage
	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub>	Low-level DC input voltage
	V <sub>OCM</sub>	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V <sub>SWING</sub>	Differential input voltage
	V <sub>X</sub>	Input differential cross point voltage
	V <sub>OX</sub>	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
X		
Y	_	_
Z		

## Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

# **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	<ul> <li>Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the condition for 100-Ω R<sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
April 2017	3.8	<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.</li> </ul>		
June 2016	3.7	<ul> <li>Added the V<sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>		
Julie 2010	3.7	<ul> <li>Added the I<sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	0015 0.5	<ul> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
December 2015	3.5	<ul> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		<ul> <li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"</li> </ul>		
July 2015		<ul> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Changed the t<sub>co</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>		

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		<ul> <li>Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013	2.6	<ul> <li>Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> </ul>
		Added Table 33
		<ul> <li>Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
December 0010	0.5	<ul> <li>Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul> <li>Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Remote System Upgrades"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Initialization"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Raw Binary File Size"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2011 2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Neurometren 0011	0.1	<ul> <li>Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		<ul> <li>Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul> <li>Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	1.1	<ul> <li>Converted chapter to the new template.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.