Intel - 5SGXEA4H3F35I3N Datasheet





Welcome to <u>E-XFL.COM</u>

Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	552
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea4h3f35i3n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) ⁽³⁾	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VI (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	_	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	_	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	_	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V _{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
VI	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V ₀	Output voltage	—	0	—	V _{CCIO}	V
т	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
+	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 µs	_	100 ms	—
LRAMP	Power supply ramp time	Fast POR	200 µs		4 ms	_

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 6:

(1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCI0} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCI0} is 3.0 V.

(2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.

(3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.

(4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
(1), (3)	side)	un, uo, ui	2.375	2.5	2.625	v
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
(1), (3)	side)	ux, us	2.375	2.5	2.625	v
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Pacaivar analog powar supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	un, uo, ui	0.97	1.0	1.03	v
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

				Calibratio	n Accuracy		
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $Ω$, 30- $Ω$, 40- $Ω$,60- $Ω$, and 120- $Ω$ R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration ($20 \cdot \Omega$, $30 \cdot \Omega$, $40 \cdot \Omega$, $60 \cdot \Omega$, and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ ((Part 2 of 2)
-----------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------	---------------

Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

			Re	esistance	Tolerance	1	
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCI0} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
			0.189	
		2.5	0.208	
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	1.8	0.266	%/°C
		1.5	0.273	
			0.317	

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)⁽¹⁾

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol Description		Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	рF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15.	Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices
-----------	----------------------------------------------------

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN (DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
I _{IOPIN (AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{10PIN}| = C dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

1/0 Stondard		V _{ccio} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCI0}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCI0}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCI0}	0.49 * V _{CCI0}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCI0}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V _{CCI0} /2	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V _{CCI0} /2	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCI0}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCI0} /2	
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	_	_	_

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Device	es
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2)
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	_{:)} (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{ol} (V)	V _{oh} (V)	L (mA)	I _{oh}
ijo Stalluaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I _{ol} (mA)	(mÅ)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCI0} – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I		V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCI0}	0.8 * V _{CCI0}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCI0}	0.8 * V _{CCI0}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II		V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	_	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCI0}	0.8 * V _{CCI0}	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II		V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCI0}	0.8 * V _{CCI0}	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II		V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1		V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}		_

- You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
- ***** For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	Transceiver S	necifications (for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
	114113001101 0	poontoutions	IOI OUIUUA			(1 41 (1 01 1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Trai	isceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and
Standards	RX reference clock pin			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	40	— 710 40 — 710 40 — 710 I								MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400			400	_		400	μο
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe [®])	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100		125	100		125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9),} ⁽²³⁾		600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin (5)		_	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V _{ICM} = 0.70 V)	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁸⁾ ,	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
(22)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4			2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22),} (27)	_	85		_	85		_	85	_	_	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	5	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	0	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Notes to Table 25:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

(3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

	Performance							
Symbol	I2L		C4, I4	Unit				
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz				
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz				

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85° C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100° C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f _{IN}	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f _{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f _{finpfd}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f _{VCO}	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
t _{einduty}	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40		60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	_	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f _{out}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f _{out_ext}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
t _{outduty}	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t _{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	_	—	10	ns
f _{dyconfigclk}	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	_	_	100	MHz
t _{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
t _{olock}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3	—	MHz
f _{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	_	1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)		4	—	MHz
t _{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift			±50	ps
t _{areset}	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_		ns

Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit		
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs						
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz		
Modes using Four DSPs										
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz		

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

		Resour	Resources Used		Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit	
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz	
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz	
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth ⁽³⁾	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz	
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz	

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditiono		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 13L	., I 3YY		C4,I	4	Ilmit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

0h.a.l	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 131	., I 3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
Transmitter	•													•
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{SERDES factor J} \\ \geq 4 \end{array}$													
True Differential I/O Standards	LVDS TX with DPA ⁽¹²⁾ , ⁽¹⁴⁾ , ⁽¹⁵⁾ , ⁽¹⁶⁾	(6)		1600	(6)		1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2,	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	uses DDR Registers	(0)	_	(7)	(0)		(7)	(0)	_	(7)	(0)	_	(7)	wups
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) ⁽¹⁰⁾	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 (17)	(6)		1100	(6)		1100	(6)		840	(6)		840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160			160	_		160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_		0.2			0.2			0.2	_		0.25	UI

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)

Jitter Fre	quency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)			
F1	10,000	25.000			
F2	17,565	25.000			
F3	1,493,000	0.350			
F4	0.350				

Table 38.	LVDS Soft-CDR/D	PA Sinusoidal	Jitter Mask Valu	es for a Data Ra	te > 1.25 Gbps
-----------	-----------------	---------------	-------------------------	------------------	----------------

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.





DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is ± 78 ps or ± 39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
	NGLWUIK		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Regional	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\rm JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

Clock Network	Parameter	ameter Symbol C1 C2, C2L, I2, I		, 12, 12L	C3, I3 I3		C4,14		Unit		
		-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min		
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT}(\text{duty})}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Notes to Table 42:

(1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.

(3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks		_	20	MHz
T _{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $\rm R_S/R_T$ calibration	_	1000	_	Cycles
T _{OCTSHIFT}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	_	Cycles
T _{RS_RT}	Time required between the dyn_term_ctrl and oe signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	_	2.5		ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the oe and dyn_term_ctrl signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals



Family	Family Device Package		Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}		
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888		
	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888		

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 47:

(1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.

(2) 36-transceiver devices.

(3) 24-transceiver devices.

(4) File size for the periphery image.

(5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

• For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help.*

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

	Member		Active Serial ⁽¹⁾		Fas	Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²			
Variant	Member Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)		
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067		
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043		
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067		
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084		
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084		
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085		
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085		
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		
ст	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084		
GT	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.067 0.043 0.067 0.084 0.084 0.107 0.107 0.085 0.085 0.085 0.107 0.107		

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	—
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{cd2cu} + (8576 × clkusr period)	_	—

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 53:

(1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(2) t_{CF2CD}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF6}, t_{STATUS}, and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.

(3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform ⁽¹⁾



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds <code>nSTATUS</code> low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Remote System Upgrades

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit		
t _{RU_nCONFIG} ⁽¹⁾	250	—	ns		
t _{RU_nRSTIMER} ⁽²⁾	250	—	ns		

Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset_timer input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz		

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

 You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

Programmable IOE Delay

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Deremeter	Available	Min	Fast	Model				Slow N	lodel			
Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns