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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea4k2f35i3n

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 μs	—	4 ms	—

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT} . Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
$V_{\text{CCA_GXBL}}$ (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
$V_{\text{CCA_GXBR}}$ (1), (3)	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
$V_{\text{CCA_GTBR}}$	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
$V_{\text{CCHIP_L}}$	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
$V_{\text{CCHIP_R}}$	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
$V_{\text{CCHSSI_L}}$	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
$V_{\text{CCHSSI_R}}$	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
$V_{\text{CCR_GXBL}}$ (2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

- (1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.
- (2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.
- (3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.
- (4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2, I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)}

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left(1 + \left\langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right\rangle \pm \left\langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right\rangle \right)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO}.
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	3.0	0.0297	%/mV
		2.5	0.0344	
		1.8	0.0499	
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/ ^o C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN} (DC)	DC current per I/O pin	300 μ A
I _{IOPIN} (AC)	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX} (DC)	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C \, dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5* V _{CCIO}	—	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCIO} – 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCIO} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽⁷⁾

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V) ⁽¹⁰⁾			V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			V _{OD} (V) ⁽⁶⁾			V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.														
2.5 V LVDS ⁽¹⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS ⁽⁵⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL ^{(4), (9)}	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	300	—	—	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 18.
- (8) The minimum V_{ID} value is applicable over the entire common mode range, V_{CM}.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled) ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁷⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R_{REF} ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Differential on- chip termination resistors	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time ⁽⁷⁾	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 27 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω ⁽²⁾

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical ⁽³⁾	0 ⁽¹⁾	0	32	640
	1 ⁽¹⁾	20	33	660
	2 ⁽¹⁾	40	34	680
	3 ⁽¹⁾	60	35	700
	4 ⁽¹⁾	80	36	720
	5 ⁽¹⁾	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
	15	300	47	940
	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100 Ω , this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (–40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
f_{VCO} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{INCCJ} ^{(3), (4)}	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{REF}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{REF}} < 100$ MHz)	–750	—	+750	ps (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTPJ_DC}}$ ⁽⁵⁾	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175 ⁽¹⁾	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5 ⁽¹⁾	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{FOUTPJ_DC}}$ ⁽⁵⁾	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTCCJ_DC}}$ ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{FOUTCCJ_DC}}$ ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)+	—	—	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTPJ_IO}}$ ^{(5), (8)}	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{FOUTPJ_IO}}$ ^{(5), (8), (11)}	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600 ⁽¹⁰⁾	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60 ⁽¹⁰⁾	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTCCJ_IO}}$ ^{(5), (8)}	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60 ⁽¹⁰⁾	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{FOUTCCJ_IO}}$ ^{(5), (8), (11)}	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600 ⁽¹⁰⁾	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}}$ ^{(5), (6)}	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f_{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 μ s	—	—	± 10	%
dK_{BIT}	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
K_{VALUE}	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	—

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using Three DSPs								
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
Modes using Four DSPs								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, ⁽²⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
MLAB	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth ⁽³⁾	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is $[625 \text{ ps} + (10 \times 10 \text{ ps}) \pm 20 \text{ ps}] = 725 \text{ ps} \pm 20 \text{ ps}$.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ($t_{\text{DQS_PSERR}}$) for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is $\pm 78 \text{ ps}$ or $\pm 39 \text{ ps}$.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (Part 1 of 2)} ^{(2), (3)}

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μ s
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μ s
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μ s
t_{CF2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μ s
t_{ST2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μ s
t_{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	$N-1/f_{DCLK}$ ⁽⁵⁾	—	s
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP $\times 8/\times 16$)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP $\times 32$)	—	100	MHz
t_R	Input rise time	—	40	ns
t_F	Input fall time	—	40	ns
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μ s
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})$ ⁽⁴⁾	—	—

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and f_{DCLK} is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme ^{(1), (2)}

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

- (1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA [3 : 0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t_{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t_H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D _{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B		
C		
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f _{HCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
V	$V_{CM(DC)}$	DC common mode input voltage.
	V_{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V_{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	$V_{DIF(AC)}$	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	$V_{DIF(DC)}$	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V_{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	$V_{IH(AC)}$	High-level AC input voltage
	$V_{IH(DC)}$	High-level DC input voltage
	V_{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	$V_{IL(AC)}$	Low-level AC input voltage
	$V_{IL(DC)}$	Low-level DC input voltage
	V_{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V_{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V_{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V_X	Input differential cross point voltage
	V_{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
X		
Y	—	—
Z		

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega$ R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7. ■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25. ■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26. ■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28. ■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28. ■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33. ■ Changed the Max value of f_{HCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36. ■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39. ■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47. ■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54. ■ Changed the available settings in Table 58. ■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”. ■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section. ■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section. ■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22. ■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36. ■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11. ■ Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition. ■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7. ■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55. ■ Updated the notes for Table 47. ■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59 ■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3 ■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section ■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.