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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	158500
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	420000
Total RAM Bits	37888000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea4k3f35i3n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

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Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GXBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCR_GTBR</sub>	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCT_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCL_GTBR</sub>	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCH_GXBR</sub>	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

### **Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage**

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

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### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) (3)	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	٧
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	٧
$V_{CCIO}$	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply		1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply		1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
$V_{CCPGM}$	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply		1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub> (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V <sub>0</sub>	Output voltage	_	0	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
т.	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	_	85	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

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Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)				V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V	)	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	_	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.12	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5*V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.12	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	<sub>CIO</sub> (V)	(10)		V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(8)</sup>			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)		V <sub>o</sub>	<sub>D</sub> (V) (	6)	V	<sub>OCM</sub> (V)	(6)
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Trar	nsmitte						of the high-s I/O pin speci							. For
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> =	_	0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS (1)	2.373	2.3	2.023	100	1.25 V		1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
RSDS (HIO) <sup>(2)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	_	0.3	_	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4	_	_	_	300	_	_	0.6	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
), (9)	_	_	_	300	_	_	1	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.6	_	_	_	_	_	_

#### Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed  $V_{\text{ICM}}$ ,  $V_{\text{OD}}$ , and  $V_{\text{OCM}}$  specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range:  $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$ .
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5  $\rm V.$

### **Power Consumption**

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus<sup>®</sup> II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

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### **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

### **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		2.5-V PCM HCSL	IL, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	DS, and
Sidiludius	RX reference clock pin			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (8)	_	40	—	710	40		710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_		400	_	_	400	ne
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	—	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Duty cycle	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	_	33	30		33	30	_	33	kHz

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices  $^{(1)}$  (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	sceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak-	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) after device configuration (18),	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$		_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
(22)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	sceive Grade	r Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0		0	_	_	0		_	0	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1		2	_	_	2		_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2		4	_	_	4	_	_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	_	8	_	_	8	_	_	8	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_				-	1.4-V an	ıd 1.5-V PC	ML			
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85- $\Omega$ setting		85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting		100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	Ω
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
V <sub>OCM</sub> (DC coupled)	_		650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30	_	160	ps
Fall time <sup>(7)</sup>	80% to 20%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30		160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V <sub>CM</sub> = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 23:

- (1) Speed grades shown in Table 23 refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the  $V_{CCR\_GXB}$  power supply level.
- (3) This supply must be connected to 1.0 V if the transceiver is configured at a data rate > 6.5 Gbps, and to 1.05 V if configured at a data rate > 10.3 Gbps when DFE is used. For data rates up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to 0.85 V.
- (4) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB.
- (5) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (6) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that **Receiver Equalization** is disabled. If you enable **Receiver Equalization**, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (7) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (8) The input reference clock frequency options depend on the data rate and the device speed grade.
- (9) The line data rate may be limited by PCS-FPGA interface speed grade.
- (10) Refer to Figure 1 for the GX channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (11) t<sub>LTR</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (12) t<sub>I TD</sub> is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (13) t<sub>LTD\_manual</sub> is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (14) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (15)  $t_{pll\ powerdown}$  is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (16) t<sub>nll lock</sub> is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (17) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (18) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V<sub>ID</sub> after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V<sub>MAX</sub> for receiver pin V<sub>ICM</sub>).
- (19) For ES devices,  $R_{REF}$  is 2000  $\Omega$  ±1%.
- (20) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (21) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (22) Refer to Figure 2.
- (23) For oversampling designs to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (24) I3YY devices can achieve data rates up to 10.3125 Gbps.
- (25) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.
- (26) REFCLK performance requires to meet transmitter REFCLK phase noise specification.
- (27) Minimum eye opening of 85 mV is only for the unstressed input eye condition.

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Made (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

#### Notes to Table 25:

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

<sup>(3)</sup> The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

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### **PLL Specifications**

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}$  to  $100^{\circ}$ C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
INPFD	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f <sub>vco</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
Гоит	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f <sub>OUT_EXT</sub>	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
t <sub>оитриту</sub>	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_		10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift		_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

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Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
<b>→</b> (3) (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f <sub>REF</sub> ≥ 100 MHz)	_	_	0.15	UI (p-p)
t <sub>INCCJ</sub> (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f <sub>REF</sub> < 100 MHz)	-750		+750	ps (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	175 <sup>(1)</sup>	ps (p-p)
t <sub>OUTPJ_DC</sub> (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	250 <sup>(11)</sup> , 175 <sup>(12)</sup>	ps (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTPJ_DC</sub> (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	25 <sup>(11)</sup> , 17.5 <sup>(12)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output $(f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz})$	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t <sub>outccj_dc</sub> (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
<b>+</b> (5)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	250 <sup>(11)</sup> , 175 <sup>(12)</sup>	ps (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTCCJ_DC</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)+	_	_	25 <sup>(11)</sup> , 17.5 <sup>(12)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>OUTPJ_IO</sub> (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTPJ 10</sub> (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT}$ < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>outccj_10</sub> (5),	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT}$ < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>FOUTCCJ_IO</sub>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{\text{OUT}}$ < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t <sub>CASC_OUTPJ_DC</sub>	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ( $f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
(5), (6)	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f <sub>OUT</sub> < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f <sub>DRIFT</sub>	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 $\mu s$	_	_	±10	%
dK <sub>BIT</sub>	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
k <sub>VALUE</sub>	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	_

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Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

		Peformance									
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit			
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs	•						
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz			
Modes using Four DSPs											
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz			

### **Memory Block Specifications**

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

		Resour	ces Used	Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

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### **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### **High-Speed I/O Specification**

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

_														
Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Conuntions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards (3)	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

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Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

			C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I4	4	
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t <sub>RISE</sub> & t <sub>FALL</sub>	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	_		250	_	_	250	_		250	_		300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_		150		_	150		_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_	_	300	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4  LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1600	150	_	1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps

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Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

#### Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t<sub>DQS\_PSERR</sub>) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

#### Notes to Table 41:

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C	1	C2, C2L	, I2, I2L	C3, I3 I3	8, I3L, YY	C4	,14	Unit
NEIWUIK			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-75	75	<del>-</del> 75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t <sub>JIT(cc)</sub>	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	t <sub>JIT(duty)</sub>	<del>-</del> 75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

<sup>(1)</sup> This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a −2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

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Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V E (1)	5SEE9	_	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V L 17	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888

#### Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Banker		Active Serial (1)	)	Fas	t Passive Parall	el <sup>(2)</sup>
Variant	Member Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	В9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
G1	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

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Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nconfig low to conf_done low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nconfig high to nstatus high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nconfig high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f <sub>DCLK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	_	S
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>R</sub>	Input rise time	_	40	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Input fall time	_	40	ns
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

#### Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nconfig or nstatus low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and  $f_{DCLK}$  is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nstatus is monitored, follow the  $t_{status}$  specification. If nstatus is not monitored, follow the  $t_{cfack}$  specification.

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### **Remote System Upgrades**

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

**Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications** 

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t <sub>RU_nCONFIG</sub> (1)	250	_	ns
t <sub>RU_nRSTIMER</sub> (2)	250	_	ns

#### Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset\_timer input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

### **User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification**

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz		

## I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

### **Programmable IOE Delay**

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Doromotor	Parameter Available Min		Fast	Slow Model								
Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

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Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter	tor Available	Available Min	Fast Model		Slow Model							
(1)	Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

#### Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

### **Programmable Output Buffer Delay**

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit	
		0 (default)	ps	
D	Rising and/or falling edge	25	ps	
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>	delay	50	ps	
		75	ps	

#### Note to Table 59:

# **Glossary**

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions			
Α					
В	_	_			
С					
D					
E					
	f <sub>HSCLK</sub> Left and right PLL input clock frequency.				
F	f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> = 1/TUI), non-DPA.			
f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub>		High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> = 1/TUI), DPA.			

<sup>(1)</sup> You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V <sub>CC</sub> description in Table 6.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub> , V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub> , V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub> , and V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub> descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014	3.3	■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO <sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
,		■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		■ Added Table 33
		■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
D	0.5	■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
December 2012	2.5	■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		■ Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		■ Added "Initialization"
		■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012		■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		<ul><li>Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li></ul>
		■ Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.
		■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Nevember 0011	0.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
November 2011	2.1	■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
		■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		■ Minor text edits.
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	1.1	Converted chapter to the new template.
		■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.