Intel - 5SGXEA5H2F35C2LN Datasheet

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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	552
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea5h2f35c2ln

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
50-Ω R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (34-Ω and 40-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	%
20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω ,60-Ω, and 120-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60-Ω and 120-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.2	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	–10 to +40	%
25-Ω $R_{S\_left\_shift}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25-Ω $R_{S\_left\_shift}$ setting)	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V_{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/°C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of ±5% and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C_{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN (DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
$I_{IOPIN (AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
$I_{XCVR-TX (DC)}$	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVR-RX (DC)}$	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}|$ = C dv/dt, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-12 Class I	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V_{CCIO}	0.75* V_{CCIO}	8	–8
HSTL-12 Class II	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V_{CCIO}	0.75* V_{CCIO}	16	–16
HSUL-12	—	V_{REF} – 0.13	V_{REF} + 0.13	—	V_{REF} – 0.22	V_{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V_{CCIO}	0.9* V_{CCIO}	—	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.2	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.2	0.62	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.175	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.175	0.5	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	*(1)*	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	*(1)*	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	2($V_{IH(AC)}$ - V_{REF})	2($V_{IL(AC)}$ - V_{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	*(1)*	$V_{CCIO}/2$ – 0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	$V_{CCIO}/2$ + 0.15	2($V_{IH(AC)}$ - V_{REF})	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V_{REF} –0.15	$V_{CCIO}/2$	V_{REF} + 0.15	–0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} (16)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	600	—	3250/ 3125 (25)	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ (15)	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices *(1)* **(Part 7 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{pll_lock} *(16)*	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs

Notes to Table 23:

(1) Speed grades shown in Table 23 refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.

(2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the V_{CCR_GXB} power supply level.

(3) This supply must be connected to 1.0 V if the transceiver is configured at a data rate > 6.5 Gbps, and to 1.05 V if configured at a data rate > 10.3 Gbps when DFE is used. For data rates up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to 0.85 V.

(4) This supply follows VCCR_GXB.

(5) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.

(6) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that **Receiver Equalization** is disabled. If you enable **Receiver Equalization**, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.

(7) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.

(8) The input reference clock frequency options depend on the data rate and the device speed grade.

(9) The line data rate may be limited by PCS-FPGA interface speed grade.

(10) Refer to Figure 1 for the GX channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.

(11) t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

(12) t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high.

(13) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.

(14) $t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.

(15) $t_{pll\_powerdown}$ is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.

(16) t_{pll_lock} is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.

(17) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCIe at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.

(18) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin - V_{ICM}).

(19) For ES devices, R_{REF} is 2000 Ω ±1%.

(20) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).

(21) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.

(22) Refer to Figure 2.

(23) For oversampling designs to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.

(24) I3YY devices can achieve data rates up to 10.3125 Gbps.

(25) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

(26) `REFCLK` performance requires to meet transmitter `REFCLK` phase noise specification.

(27) Minimum eye opening of 85 mV is only for the unstressed input eye condition.

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (1)

Mode (2)	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	**64**	**66/67**	**50**	**40**	**64/66/67**	**32**
FIFO or Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps					
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade						
		C4, I4 core speed grade						
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps					

Notes to Table 26:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) *(1)*

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors *(7)*	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels *(19)*	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t_{LTR} *(9)*	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
t_{LTD} *(10)*	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_manual} *(11)*	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ *(12)*	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	*(8)*						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels	*(8)*						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) *(5)*	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	*(8)*						
Programmable DC gain *(6)*	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	*(8)*						
Differential on-chip termination resistors *(7)*	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) *(1)*

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	**Typ**	**Max**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	*(8)*						
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	*(8)*						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	*(8)*						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	*(8)*						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	GX channels	*(8)*						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	GX channels	*(8)*						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ *(13)*	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} *(14)*	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post-divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ *(13)*	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} *(14)*	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 *(23)*	600	—	3250/ 3.125 *(23)*	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ *(13)*	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical *(1)*	0	0
	1	200
	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices *(1)*

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{RES}	Resolution of VCO frequency (f_{INPFD} = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

(1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.

(2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.

(3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.

(4) f_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.

(5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.99999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.

(6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz

(7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.

(8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.

(9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.

(10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 - 0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 - 0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

(11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.

(12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using one DSP								
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
Modes using two DSPs								
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{DUTY}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t_{RISE} & t_{FALL}	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
Receiver														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDRDPA}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) **(Part 4 of 4)**

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	—	(8)	(6)	—	(8)	(6)	—	(8)	(6)	—	(8)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	—	—	—	10000	—	—	10000	—	—	10000	—	—	10000	UI
Soft CDR mode														
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode														
Sampling Window	—	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps

Notes to Table 36:

(1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.

(2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

(3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.

(4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.

(5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.

(6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.

(8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

(9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.

(10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.

(11) The F_{MAX} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{MAX} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.

(12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.

(13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.

(14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.

(15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.

(16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.

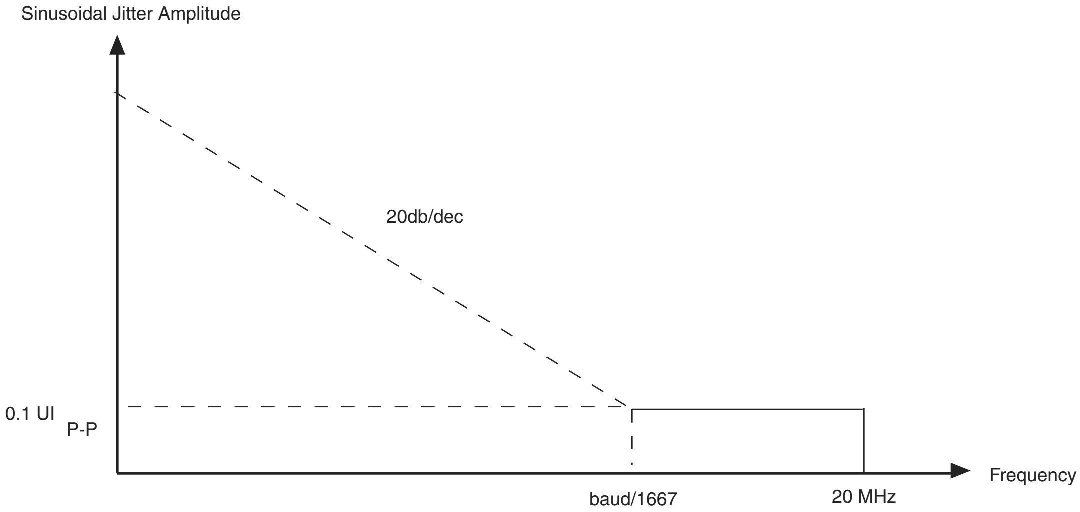
(17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the `DCLK` frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

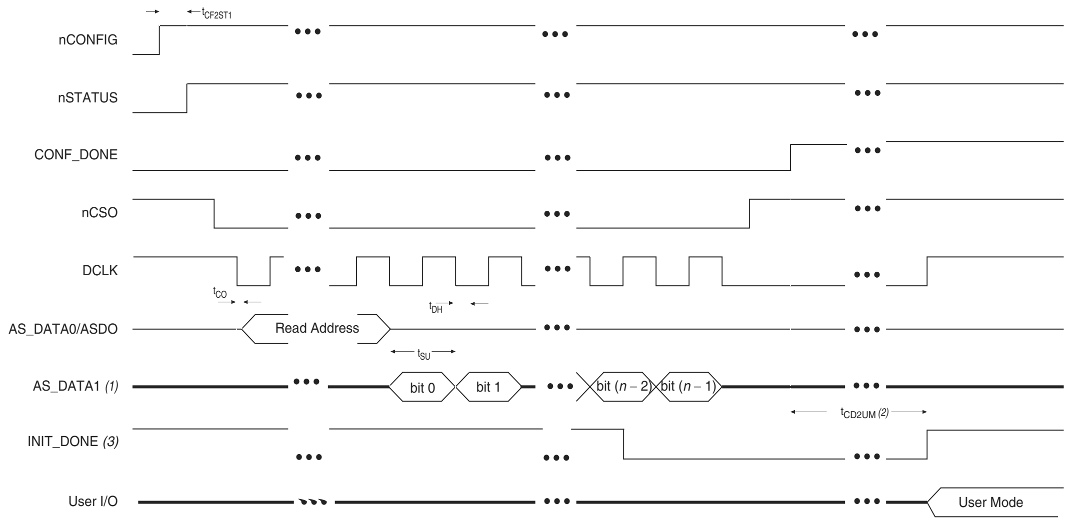
Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the `DCLK` frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support `DCLK` frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

(1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the `AS_DATA[3..0]` and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each `DCLK` cycle.

(2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or `CLKUSR` pin.

(3) After the option bit to enable the `INIT_DONE` pin is configured into the device, the `INIT_DONE` goes low.

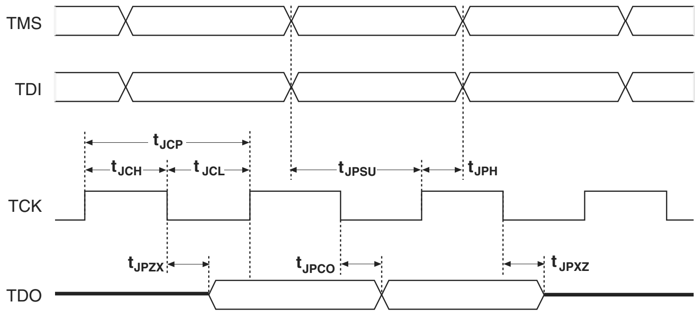
Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

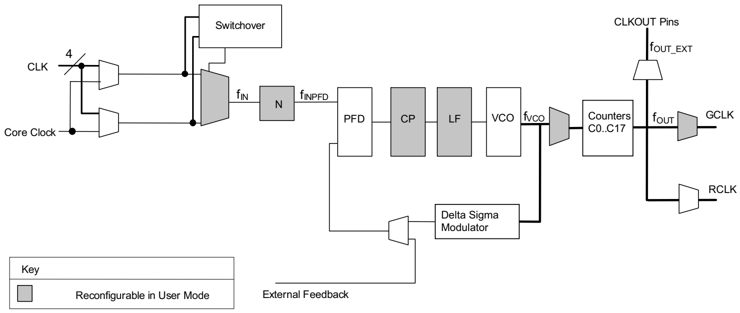
Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) **(Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CO}	`DCLK` falling edge to `AS_DATA0/ASDO` output	—	2	ns
t_{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on `DCLK`	1.5	—	ns
t_H	Data hold time after falling edge on `DCLK`	0	—	ns

Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

<table>
<tr><th>Letter</th><th>Subject</th><th>Definitions</th></tr>
<tr><td>G
H
I</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">J</td><td>J</td><td>High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).</td></tr>
<tr><td>JTAG Timing Specifications</td><td>JTAG Timing Specifications:

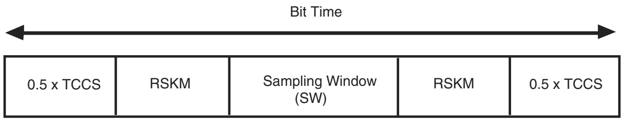
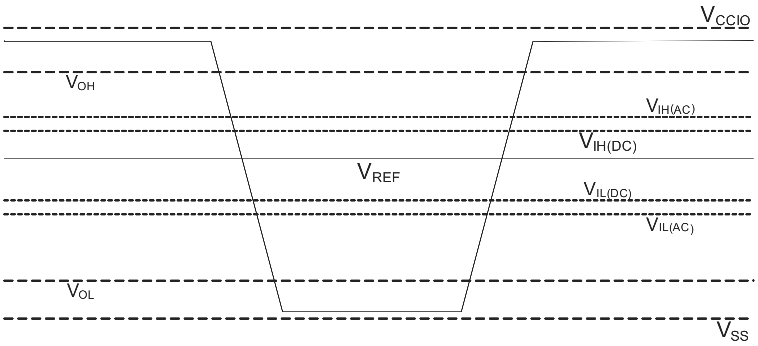

</td></tr>
<tr><td>K
L
M
N
O</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr>
<tr><td>P</td><td>PLL Specifications</td><td>Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)



Note:

(1) `Core Clock` can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Q</td><td>—</td><td>—</td></tr>
<tr><td>R</td><td>R_L</td><td>Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).</td></tr>
</table>

Table 60. Glossary (Part 3 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
S	**SW (sampling window)**	Timing Diagram—the period of time during which the data must be valid in order to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position within the sampling window, as shown: 
	Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	The JEDEC standard for **SSTL** and **HSTL** I/O defines both the AC and DC input signal values. The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state. The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform ringing: *Single-Ended Voltage Referenced I/O Standard* 
T	t_C	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.
	TCCS (channel-to-channel-skew)	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including t_{CO} variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the *Timing Diagram* figure under **SW** in this table).
	t_{DUTY}	High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on the high-speed transmitter output clock. **Timing Unit Interval (TUI)** The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and the data sampling window. (TUI = 1/(receiver input clock frequency multiplication factor) = t_C/w)
	t_{FALL}	Signal high-to-low transition time (80-20%)
	t_{INCCJ}	Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the PLL clock input.
	t_{OUTPJ_IO}	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.
	t_{OUTPJ_DC}	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.
	t_{RISE}	Signal low-to-high transition time (20-80%)
U	—	—

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.

July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		  ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”
		  ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”
		  ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46 ■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
December 2012	2.5	■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Remote System Upgrades" ■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" ■ Added "Initialization" ■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
June 2012	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27,Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs. ■ Changed title of document to *Stratix V Device Datasheet*. ■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31. ■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices. ■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25. ■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24. ■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title. ■ Chapter moved to Volume 1. ■ Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23. ■ Converted chapter to the new template. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.