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### Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (Tj)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe5k1f35c1n">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe5k1f35c1n</a>

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.13	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.13	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.22	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.22	0.1*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.9*	—

**Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.2	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.2	0.62	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.175	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.175	0.5	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )	2(V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

**Note to Table 20:**

- (1) The maximum value for V<sub>SWING(DC)</sub> is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits (V<sub>IH(DC)</sub> and V<sub>IL(DC)</sub>).

**Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

-  You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 2 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled) <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000/900/850 <sup>(2)</sup>			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			1.0/0.9/0.85 <sup>(4)</sup>			V
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(20)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(17)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R <sub>REF</sub> <sup>(19)</sup>	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	180 0 ±1%	—	Ω
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 5 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
<b>Transmitter</b>											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Differential on- chip termination resistors	85- $\Omega$ setting	—	85 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
	100- $\Omega$ setting	—	100 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
	120- $\Omega$ setting	—	120 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
	150- $\Omega$ setting	—	150 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 20%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 20%	—	$\Omega$
V <sub>OCM</sub> (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V <sub>OCM</sub> (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time <sup>(7)</sup>	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time <sup>(7)</sup>	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V <sub>CM</sub> = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
<b>CMU PLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
	$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

**Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate <sup>(1)</sup>**

<b>Mode <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>Transceiver Speed Grade</b>	<b>PMA Width</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>32</b>
		<b>PCS Width</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>66/67</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>64/66/67</b>	<b>32</b>
FIFO or Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps					
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade						
		C4, I4 core speed grade						
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps					

**Notes to Table 26:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
RREF <sup>(17)</sup>	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	—	1800 ± 1%	—	Ω
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
<b>Receiver</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Data rate (Standard PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration <sup>(16), (20)</sup>	GX channels	(8)						
	GT channels	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4), (20)</sup>	GX channels	(8)						
	GT channels	200	—	—	200	—	—	mV

Table 29 shows the  $V_{OD}$  settings for the GT channel.

**Table 29. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$**

Symbol	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
$V_{OD}$ differential peak to peak typical <sup>(1)</sup>	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

**Note:**

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform**

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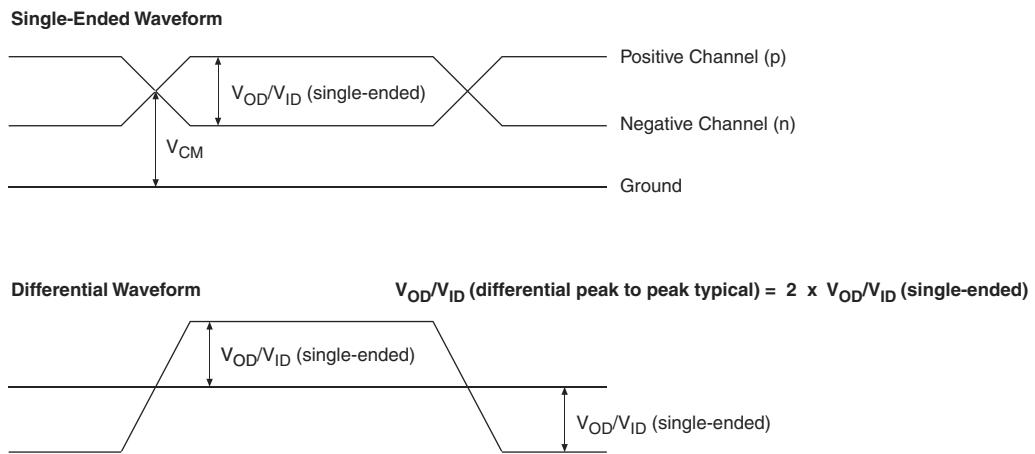


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

**Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

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**Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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## Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

## PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

**Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{IN}$	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
$f_{INPFD}$	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
$f_{FINPFD}$	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
$f_{VCO}^{(9)}$	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{OUT}$	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
$f_{OUT\_EXT}$	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
$t_{FCOMP}$	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
$t_{LOCK}$	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
$t_{DLLOCK}$	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
$f_{CLBW}$	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth <sup>(7)</sup>	—	4	—	MHz
$t_{PLL\_PSERR}$	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
$t_{ARESET}$	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup> (Part 2 of 4)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>C1</b>			<b>C2, C2L, I2, I2L</b>			<b>C3, I3, I3L, I3YY</b>			<b>C4,I4</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
<b>Transmitter</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDR}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1434	(6)	—	1250	(6)	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$ LVDS TX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - $f_{HSDR}$ (data rate) <sup>(10)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 <sup>(17)</sup>	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	840	(6)	—	840	Mbps
$t_{x\text{Jitter}}$ - True Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI

**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 3 of 4)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>C1</b>			<b>C2, C2L, I2, I2L</b>			<b>C3, I3, I3L, I3YY</b>			<b>C4,I4</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t <sub>RISE</sub> & t <sub>FALL</sub>	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
<b>Receiver</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps

**Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>, (Part 2 of 2)<sup>(2)</sup>, (3)**

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

**Notes to Table 42:**

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

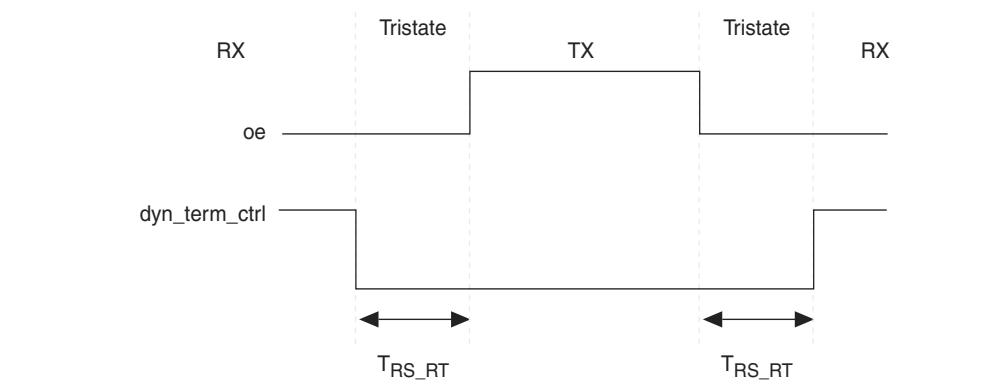
**OCT Calibration Block Specifications**

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
$T_{OCTCAL}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $R_S/R_T$ calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
$T_{RS\_RT}$	Time required between the <code>dyn_term_ctrl</code> and <code>oe</code> signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT $R_S$ and $R_T$ (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

**Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn\_term\_ctrl Signals**

**Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices**

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial <sup>(1)</sup>			Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

**Notes to Table 48:**

- (1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.  
(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

## Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

### DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for each combination.

**Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [ ] ratio is more than 1.

**Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CF2CD}$	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
$t_{CF2ST0}$	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
$t_{CFG}$	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
$t_{STATUS}$	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2ST1}$	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(5)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(5)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
$t_{DSU}$	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	$N-1/f_{DCLK}^{(5)}$	—	s
$t_{CH}$	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CLK}$	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$f_{MAX}$	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
$t_R$	Input rise time	—	40	ns
$t_F$	Input fall time	—	40	ns
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(3)</sup>	175	437	μs
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	—	—

**Notes to Table 51:**

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and  $f_{DCLK}$  is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.

**Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

<b>Parameter (1)</b>	<b>Available Settings</b>	<b>Min Offset (2)</b>	<b>Fast Model</b>		<b>Slow Model</b>							
			<b>Industrial</b>	<b>Commercial</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>C3</b>	<b>C4</b>	<b>I2</b>	<b>I3, I3YY</b>	<b>I4</b>	<b>Unit</b>
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

**Notes to Table 58:**

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.  
(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

**Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Unit</b>
<b>D<sub>OUTBUF</sub></b>	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

**Note to Table 59:**

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

## Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

<b>Letter</b>	<b>Subject</b>	<b>Definitions</b>
<b>A</b>	—	—
<b>B</b>	—	—
<b>C</b>	—	—
<b>D</b>	—	—
<b>E</b>	—	—
<b>F</b>	<b>f<sub>HSCLK</sub></b>	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	<b>f<sub>HSDR</sub></b>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI$ ), non-DPA.
	<b>f<sub>HSDRDPA</sub></b>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI$ ), DPA.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)**

<b>Letter</b>	<b>Subject</b>	<b>Definitions</b>
<b>V</b>	$V_{CM(DC)}$	DC common mode input voltage.
	$V_{ICM}$	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	$V_{ID}$	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	$V_{DIF(AC)}$	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	$V_{DIF(DC)}$	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	$V_{IH}$	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	$V_{IH(AC)}$	High-level AC input voltage
	$V_{IH(DC)}$	High-level DC input voltage
	$V_{IL}$	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	$V_{IL(AC)}$	Low-level AC input voltage
	$V_{IL(DC)}$	Low-level DC input voltage
	$V_{OCM}$	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	$V_{OD}$	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	$V_{SWING}$	Differential input voltage
	$V_x$	Input differential cross point voltage
	$V_{ox}$	Output differential cross point voltage
<b>W</b>	<b>W</b>	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
X	—	—
Y	—	—
Z	—	—

## Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the condition for <math>100\text{-}\Omega R_D</math> in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum value for <math>t_{CD2UMC}</math> in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the <math>V_{ID}</math> minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table</li> <li>■ Added the <math>I_{OUT}</math> specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”</li> <li>■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”</li> <li>■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Changed the <math>t_{CO}</math> maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.</li> <li>■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.</li> </ul>

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60</li> <li>■ Added Table 24, Table 48</li> <li>■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> <li>■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> <li>■ Added Table 33</li> <li>■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing”</li> <li>■ Added “Remote System Upgrades”</li> <li>■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification”</li> <li>■ Added “Initialization”</li> <li>■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> <li>■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>.</li> <li>■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.</li> </ul>
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–31.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.</li> <li>■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> <li>■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title.</li> <li>■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.</li> <li>■ Converted chapter to the new template.</li> <li>■ Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.