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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea5k3f40i3ln

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Electrical Characteristics Page 3

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
V _I	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
T _J	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I _{OUT}	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

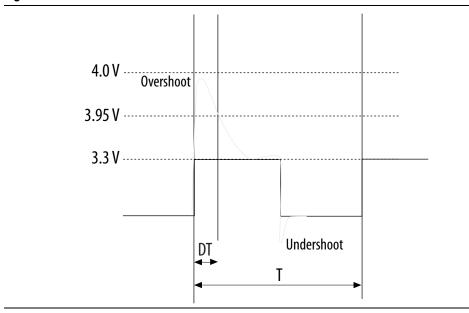
Page 4 Electrical Characteristics

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Electrical Characteristics Page 9

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 V to V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30	_	30	μΑ
I _{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_0 = 0 V \text{ to } V_{\text{CCIOMAX}}$	-30	_	30	μΑ

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_0 = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 μA of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

							V	CIO					
Parameter	Symbol	bol Conditions	1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V		Unit
			Min	Max									
Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	22.5	_	25.0	_	30.0	_	50.0	_	70.0	_	μА
High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (minimum)	-22.5	_	-25.0	_	-30.0	_	-50.0	—	-70.0		μА
Low overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	120	_	160	_	200	_	300	_	500	μА
High overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	_	-120	_	-160	_	-200	_	-300	_	-500	μА
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	_	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

			Calibration Accuracy						
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C 1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit		
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%		

Page 10 Electrical Characteristics

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

				Calibratio	n Accuracy		
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
$34\text{-}\Omega$ and $40\text{-}\Omega$ R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48 - Ω , 60 - Ω , 80 - Ω , and 240 - Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{c} 20\text{-}\Omega,30\text{-}\Omega,\\ 40\text{-}\Omega,60\text{-}\Omega,\\ \text{and}\\ 120\text{-}\OmegaR_T \end{array}$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20- Ω , 30- Ω , 40- Ω , 60- Ω , and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60- Ω and 120- Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{25-}\Omega \\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Note to Table 11:

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			Resistance Tolerance					
Symbol	Description Conditions C1 C2,I2 C3, I3, I3YY		C4, I4	Unit				
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%	

⁽¹⁾ OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (21)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin		_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	_	-0.4		_	-0.4		_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC	Dedicated reference clock pin 1050/1000/900/850 (2) 1050/1000/900/850 (2) 1050/1000/900/850 (2) 1050/1000/900/850 (2)		1050/1000/900/850 (2)		mV						
coupled) (9)	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120		_	-120		_	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R _{REF} (19)	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	180 0 ±1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock	<u> </u>			_			_				
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

Page 20 Switching Characteristics

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices $^{(1)}$ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak-	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration (18),	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$		_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
configuration ⁽¹⁰⁾ , <i>(22)</i>	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL (2))		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	_	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide	_	_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
XIV (IVALIVE PRY IP)	_	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	and below PLL	J. 125	3.123	and below PLL

Notes to Table 24:

⁽¹⁾ Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

⁽²⁾ ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

⁽³⁾ Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

⁽⁴⁾ Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Page 30 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions	5	Transceive Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	5	
Reference Clock	l		<u>I</u>	U.			<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>	
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	1L, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P(CML, 2.5-V I and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS	
otandardo	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML	., 1.5-V PCN	IL, 2.5-V PC	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	3	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%	_	_	400	_	_	400		
Fall time	80% to 20%	_	_	400	_	<u> </u>	400	ps	
Duty cycle	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle		0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%	
On-chip termination resistors (19)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω	
Absolute V _{MAX} (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2		
Absolute V _{MIN}	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4		_	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV	
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin		1050/1000	2)	1	050/1000	2)	mV	
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85	(22)	1.	0/0.9/0.85	(22)	V	
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV	

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit			
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max				
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps			
Differential on-chip	GT channels	_	100	_		100	<u> </u>	Ω			
termination resistors	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>				
\/	GT channels	_	500	_	_	500	_	mV			
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>				
Diag/Fall time	GT channels chip chip chip GT channels dS channels GX channels CH block CH channels GX channels GX channels GX channels GX channels CH channels GX channels GX channels CH channels GX cha	_	15	_	_	15	_	ps			
Rise/Fall time	GX channels		<u>I</u>		(8)		Max 25,780 —				
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels		(8)								
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	8500	Mbps			
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs			
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs			
ATX PLL											
		8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps			
	L=4	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps			
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	_	3300	2000	1 — — µs — 10 µs — 8500 Мbр — 6600 Мbр — 3300 Мbр	Mbps				
Range for GX Channels	Local/Central Clock Divider	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps			
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels		9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps			
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs			
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs			
fPLL			•								
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	_		Mbps			
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs			

Page 34 Switching Characteristics

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			T Sp	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t_{LTB} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000 Ω ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Page 36 Switching Characteristics

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform

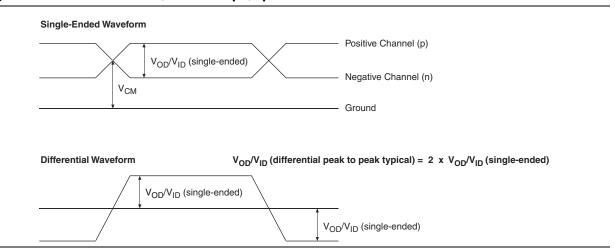


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100° C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f _{IN}	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
INPFD	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f _{vco} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
^f оит	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f _{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
t _{оитриту}	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_		10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift		_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 4 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY	C4,I4			Unit
Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)	_	(8)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	_		_	1000 0			1000 0	_		1000 0	_	_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode	•													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	,													
Sampling Window	_	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	_	_	300	ps

Notes to Table 36:

- (1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.
- (2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.
- (3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.
- (4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.
- (5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.
- (6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.
- (7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.
- (8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.
- (9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.
- (10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.
- (11) The F_{MAX} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{MAX} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.
- (12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.
- (13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.
- (14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.
- (15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.
- (16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.
- (17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Page 48 Switching Characteristics

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

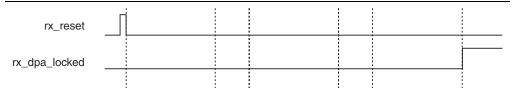


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	0000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
IVIISCEIIAIIEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate \geq 1.25 Gbps

LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

Configuration Specification Page 55

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Member Code		Active Serial (1)	1	Fast Passive Parallel (2)			
Variant		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
GS	υ4	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
us	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
_	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	

Notes to Table 48:

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio		
	Disabled	Disabled	1		
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1		
	Enabled	Disabled	2		
	Enabled	Enabled	2		
	Disabled	Disabled	1		
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2		
FFF × IO	Enabled	Disabled	4		
	Enabled	Enabled	4		

⁽¹⁾ DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

⁽²⁾ Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Page 62 Configuration Specification

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + (8576 \times \\ \text{CLKUSR period}) \end{array}$	_	_

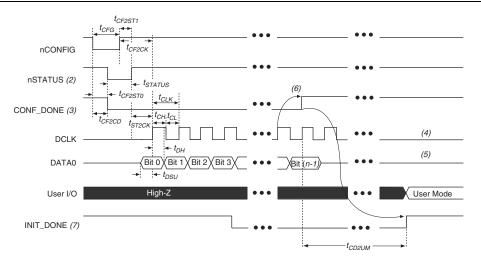
Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- $(2) \quad t_{\text{CF2CD}}, t_{\text{CF2ST0}}, t_{\text{CFG}}, t_{\text{STATUS}}, \text{ and } t_{\text{CF2ST1}} \text{ timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63}.$
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform (1)



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Page 64 I/O Timing

Remote System Upgrades

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t _{RU_nCONFIG} (1)	250	_	ns
t _{RU_nRSTIMER} (2)	250	_	ns

Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset_timer input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz		

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

Programmable IOE Delay

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Boromotor Avoilable		Min	Fast Model		Slow Model							
(1)	Parameter Available Offse Settings (2)	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

Page 68 Glossary

Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage
	V _{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
Χ		
Υ		_
Z		

Page 70 Document Revision History

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
Date November 2014 November 2013		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V _{CC} description in Table 6.
	3.3	■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V _{CCHIP_L} , V _{CCHIP_R} , V _{CCHSSI_L} , and V _{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f _{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014		■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO _{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

Document Revision History Page 71

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 2013 2.7 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12 ■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 46 ■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" ■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" ■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, TaTable 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" ■ Added "Remote System Upgrades" ■ Added "Initialization" ■ Added "Initialization" ■ Added "Raw Binary File Size" ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs.	
December 2012 2.5 December 2012 D	able 60
December 2012 2.6 Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 46 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Tatable 30, Table 32, Table 35 Added Table 33 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
Table 46 Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Ta Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 Added Table 33 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 40, Table 40, Table 40, Table 56, and Table 59.	
Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage" Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Ta Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 Added Table 33 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 40, Table 40, Table 40, Table 56, and Table 59.	Table 35,
December 2012 2.5 Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 Added Table 33 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 7, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4, Table 56, and Table 59.	
Table 30, Table 35 Added Table 33 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing" Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 7 Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
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December 2012 Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
December 2012 2.5 Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
 Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing" Added "Remote System Upgrades" Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification" Added "Initialization" Added "Raw Binary File Size" Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59. 	
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■ Added "Initialization" ■ Added "Raw Binary File Size" ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
■ Added "Raw Binary File Size" ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
June 2012 Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 36, Table 36, Table 37, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 40, Table 56, and Table 59.	
June 2012 Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 4 Table 56, and Table 59.	
■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i> .	
■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document	cument.
February 2012 2.3 Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.	
December 2011 2.2 ■ Added Table 2–31.	
■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.	
■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information at Stratix V GT devices.	out
November 2011 2.1 Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.	
■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.	
■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2 Table 2–24.	2–23, and
May 2011 2.0 ■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications	s" title.
■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.	
■ Minor text edits.	
■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.	
December 2010 1.1 Converted chapter to the new template.	
■ Minor text edits.	
July 2010 1.0 Initial release.	