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## Intel - 5SGXEA5N3F40C2LN Datasheet



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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea5n3f40c2ln

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This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) <sup>(3)</sup>	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VI (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>ccio</sub>	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	_	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	_	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	_	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub> (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
VI	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V <sub>0</sub>	Output voltage	—	0	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
т	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

# **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

# **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	<b>Transceiver S</b>	necifications (	for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1		Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
<b>Reference Clock</b>											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and
RX reference clock pin 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS											
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400			400	_		400	μο
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe <sup>®</sup> )	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	85– $\Omega$ setting		85 ± 30%		—	85 ± 30%			85 ± 30%		Ω
Differential on- chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	100–Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%		_	100 ± 30%		_	100 ± 30%		Ω
	120–Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%		_	120 ± 30%		_	120 ± 30%		Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%		_	150 ± 30%		Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC and DC coupled)	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth		600		_	600	_		600		mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	_	700		_	700			700		mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V half bandwidth		750	_	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	_	_	—	10	_	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> (12)	_	4			4			4			μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>		4			4			4	_		μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>		15			15	—		15	—		μs
Run Length	_	_		200		—	200		—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(10)</sup>	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)			16	_		16	_		16	dB

 Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	:	Transceive Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max		
Reference Clock									
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	/IL, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P	CML, 2.5-V and HCSL	ECL, LVDS			
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	100	-	710	100	_	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%		_	400		—	400		
Fall time	80% to 20%			400	—		400	ps	
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5		_	0 to -0.5	_	%	
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(19)</sup>	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω	
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin		_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2		
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200		1600	200	_	1600	mV	
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin		1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>			1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup>			
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85 (	22)	1.	V			
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV	

#### Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol/	Conditions	5	Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85- $\Omega$ setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels <sup>(19)</sup>	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels		650		—	650	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V		600	_	_	600		mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth		750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>		4			4			μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	_	μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(12)</sup>	_	15			15	—		μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	—	—	72	CID
nun Lengin	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels			1000	_	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	—	—	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(5)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
DC gain <sup>(6)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	·1					•		
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600		12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps

# Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600		28,050	19,600		25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels		100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
	GT channels		500	_		500	—	mV
$V_{OCM}$ (AC coupled)	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
Dies/Fall times	GT channels	_	15	_		15	—	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels				(8)		1	
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels		(8)					
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels		(8)					
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
CMU PLL	· · · · · ·							
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	—	1	—	—	1	_	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	_	—	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000		6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	-	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—		—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL						-	· ·	
Supported Data Range	_	600		3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)		1	_		1			μs

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

## **Transceiver Characterization**

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

# **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

		Performance		
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

#### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

# **PLL Specifications**

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to  $85^{\circ}$ C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to  $100^{\circ}$ C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
f <sub>INPFD</sub>	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f <sub>finpfd</sub>	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f <sub>VCO</sub>	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
t <sub>einduty</sub>	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40		60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	_	717 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
f <sub>OUT</sub>	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f <sub>out_ext</sub>	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
t <sub>outduty</sub>	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
t <sub>FCOMP</sub>	External feedback clock compensation time	_	—	10	ns
f <sub>dyconfigclk</sub>	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	_	_	100	MHz
t <sub>LOCK</sub>	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
t <sub>olock</sub>	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3	—	MHz
f <sub>CLBW</sub>	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	_	1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)		4	—	MHz
t <sub>PLL_PSERR</sub>	Accuracy of PLL phase shift			±50	ps
t <sub>areset</sub>	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_		ns

#### Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>RES</sub>	Resolution of VCO frequency ( $f_{INPFD} = 100 \text{ MHz}$ )	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

#### Notes to Table 31:

(1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.

(2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O  $f_{MAX}$  or  $f_{OUT}$  of the PLL.

- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4)  $f_{REF}$  is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10<sup>-12</sup> (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition: a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f<sub>VCO</sub> specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The  $f_{VCO}$  for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be  $\geq$  1000 MHz, while  $f_{VCO}$  for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be  $\geq$  1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The  $f_{VC0}$  for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be  $\geq$  1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The  $f_{VC0}$  for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be  $\geq$  1200 MHz.

## **DSP Block Specifications**

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

			I	Peforman	ce			
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ι	ising one	DSP				4
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two l	DSPs	1		•	1
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

#### Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

# **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

## **High-Speed I/O Specification**

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditiono		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 13L	., <b>I</b> 3YY	C4,14			Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5	_	625	5	_	525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards <sup>(3)</sup>	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

i ani o o o i i i i gii	-Speed I/U Specifica		C1				2, I2L		-	., I3YY	C4,14			
Symbol	Conditions				-	-	-		-	-		-		Unit
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>duty</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t <sub>rise</sub> & t <sub>fall</sub>	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks			250			250			250			300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_		300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150		1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150		1600	150		1600	150		1600	150		1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps

# Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

Gumbal	Oenditione		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	Mbps
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register		(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	—			1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0		_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode	)													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	—	300	_		300	_		300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	Non DPA Mode													
Sampling Window	_			300			300			300			300	ps

#### Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 4 of 4)

Notes to Table 36:

(1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.

(2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.

(3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.

(4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.

(5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.

(6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.

(8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

(9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.

(10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.

(11) The F<sub>MAX</sub> specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F<sub>MAX</sub> is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.

(12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.

(13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.

(14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.

(15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.

(16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.

(17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

#### Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

#### Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t<sub>DQS\_PSERR</sub>) for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup>

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is  $\pm 78$  ps or  $\pm 39$  ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\rm JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t <sub>JIT(per)</sub>	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.





#### Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nstatus low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF\_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

# Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G		
Н	_	_
Ι		
J	J JTAG Timing Specifications	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus). JTAG Timing Specifications: TMS
K L M N O	_	_
Ρ	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>
Q	—	_
		Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

Table 60.	Glossary	(Part 3 of 4)
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Letter	Subject	Definitions						
	SW (sampling window)	Timing Diagram—the period of time during which the data must be valid in order to capture it correctly. The setup and hold times determine the ideal strobe position within the sampling window, as shown:         Bit Time         0.5 x TCCS       RSKM         Sampling Window       RSKM         0.5 x TCCS       RSKM						
S	Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	The JEDEC standard for SSTL and HSTL I/O defines both the AC and DC input signal values.         The AC values indicate the voltage levels at which the receiver must meet its timing specifications. The DC values indicate the voltage levels at which the final logic state of the receiver is unambiguously defined. After the receiver input has crossed the AC value, the receiver changes to the new logic state.         The new logic state is then maintained as long as the input stays beyond the DC threshold. This approach is intended to provide predictable receiver timing in the presence of input waveform ringing:         Single-Ended Voltage Referenced I/O Standard         VIL(DC)         VIL(DC)         VIL(DC)         VIL(DC)         VIL(DC)         VIL(AC)         VIL(AC)         VIL(AC)						
	t <sub>C</sub>	High-speed receiver and transmitter input and output clock period.						
	TCCS (channel- to-channel-skew)	The timing difference between the fastest and slowest output edges, including $t_{CO}$ variation and clock skew, across channels driven by the same PLL. The clock is included in the TCCS measurement (refer to the <i>Timing Diagram</i> figure under <b>SW</b> in this table).						
		High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on the high-speed transmitter output clock.						
т	t <sub>DUTY</sub>	Timing Unit Interval (TUI)         The timing budget allowed for skew, propagation delays, and the data sampling window.         (TUI = 1/(receiver input clock frequency multiplication factor) = t <sub>c</sub> /w)         Signal high-to-low transition time (80-20%)         Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the PLL clock input.						
	t <sub>FALL</sub>							
	t <sub>INCCJ</sub>							
	t <sub>OUTPJ_IO</sub>	Period jitter on the general purpose I/O driven by a PLL.						
	t <sub>outpj_dc</sub>	Period jitter on the dedicated clock output driven by a PLL.						
	<b>t</b> <sub>RISE</sub>	Signal low-to-high transition time (20-80%)						
U	_	—						

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V <sub>CM(DC)</sub>	DC common mode input voltage.
	V <sub>ICM</sub>	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V <sub>ID</sub>	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub>	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub>	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V <sub>IH</sub>	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub>	High-level AC input voltage
	V <sub>IH(DC)</sub>	High-level DC input voltage
V		Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub>	Low-level AC input voltage
	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub>	Low-level DC input voltage
	V <sub>OCM</sub>	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V <sub>OD</sub>	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V <sub>SWING</sub>	Differential input voltage
	V <sub>X</sub>	Input differential cross point voltage
	V <sub>OX</sub>	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
X		
Y	_	_
Ζ		

### Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

# **Document Revision History**

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul> <li>Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.</li> </ul>
April 2017	3.8	<ul> <li>Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the condition for 100-Ω R<sub>D</sub> in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum value for t<sub>CD2UMC</sub> in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is &gt;1" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.</li> </ul>
June 2016	3.7	<ul> <li>Added the V<sub>ID</sub> minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added the I<sub>OUT</sub> specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul> <li>Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>
July 2015	3.4	• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		<ul> <li>"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>"Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the t<sub>co</sub> maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.</li> </ul>