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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	46080000
Number of I/O	840
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1932-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1932-FBGA, FC (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea5n3f45c3n

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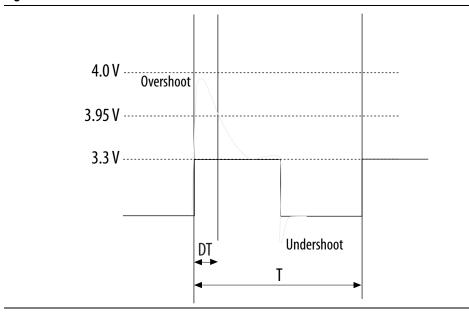
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Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



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Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) (3)	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V _{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	٧
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	٧
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply		1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply		1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply		1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V _{CCBAT} (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
V _I	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V ₀	Output voltage	_	0	_	V _{CCIO}	V
т.	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	_	85	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

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Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 2 of 2)

				Calibratio	n Accuracy		
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
$34\text{-}\Omega$ and $40\text{-}\Omega$ R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48 - Ω , 60 - Ω , 80 - Ω , and 240 - Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{c} 20\text{-}\Omega,30\text{-}\Omega,\\ 40\text{-}\Omega,60\text{-}\Omega,\\ \text{and}\\ 120\text{-}\OmegaR_T \end{array}$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20- Ω , 30- Ω , 40- Ω , 60- Ω , and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60- Ω and 120- Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{25-}\Omega \\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Note to Table 11:

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			Resistance Tolerance					
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit	
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%	
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%	

⁽¹⁾ OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

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Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.189	
	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	2.5	0.208	%/°C
dR/dT		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to $85^\circ\text{C}.$

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description		Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN (DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μΑ
I _{IOPIN (AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

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You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	sceive Grade	r Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0		0	_	_	0		_	0	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1		2	_	_	2		_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2		4	_		4	_	_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	_	8	_	_	8	_	_	8	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_				-	1.4-V an	ıd 1.5-V PC	ML			
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85- Ω setting		85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting		100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	_	120 ± 20%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	_	150 ± 20%	_	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	_	650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	_		650	_	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30	_	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	_	160	30	_	160	30		160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	120	_	_	120	_	_	120	ps

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1		Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

Notes to Table 23:

- (1) Speed grades shown in Table 23 refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the V_{CCR_GXB} power supply level.
- (3) This supply must be connected to 1.0 V if the transceiver is configured at a data rate > 6.5 Gbps, and to 1.05 V if configured at a data rate > 10.3 Gbps when DFE is used. For data rates up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to 0.85 V.
- (4) This supply follows VCCR_GXB.
- (5) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (6) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that **Receiver Equalization** is disabled. If you enable **Receiver Equalization**, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (7) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (8) The input reference clock frequency options depend on the data rate and the device speed grade.
- (9) The line data rate may be limited by PCS-FPGA interface speed grade.
- (10) Refer to Figure 1 for the GX channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (11) t_{LTR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (12) t_{I TD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (13) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (14) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (15) $t_{pll\ powerdown}$ is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (16) t_{nll lock} is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (17) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (18) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (19) For ES devices, R_{REF} is 2000 Ω ±1%.
- (20) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (21) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (22) Refer to Figure 2.
- (23) For oversampling designs to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (24) I3YY devices can achieve data rates up to 10.3125 Gbps.
- (25) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.
- (26) REFCLK performance requires to meet transmitter REFCLK phase noise specification.
- (27) Minimum eye opening of 85 mV is only for the unstressed input eye condition.

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Made (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

⁽¹⁾ The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

⁽²⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

⁽³⁾ The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

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Table 27 shows the $\ensuremath{V_{\text{OD}}}$ settings for the GX channel.

Table 27. Typical V $_{\text{OD}}$ Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω $^{(2)}$

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)	V _{op} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0 (1)	0	32	640
	1 (1)	20	33	660
	2 (1)	40	34	680
	3 (1)	60	35	700
	4 (1)	80	36	720
	5 ⁽¹⁾	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
V op differential peak to peak	15	300	47	940
typical ⁽³⁾	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Note to Table 27:

- (1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω , this VOD setting is illegal.
- (2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.
- (3) Refer to Figure 2.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels	_	100	_		100	<u> </u>	Ω
termination resistors	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>	
\/	GT channels	_	500	_	_	500	_	mV
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>	
Diag/Fall time	GT channels	_	15	_	_	15	_	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels		<u>I</u>		(8)			
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)			
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	8500	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
fPLL			•					
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100° C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f _{IN}	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
INPFD	Input frequency to the PFD	5	_	325	MHz
FINPFD	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f _{vco} ⁽⁹⁾	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	_	1300	MHz
EINDUTY	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	_	60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	717 (2)	MHz
Гоит	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f _{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 (2)	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
t _{оитриту}	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
FCOMP	External feedback clock compensation time	_		10	ns
DYCONFIGCLK	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for mgmt_clk and scanclk	_	_	100	MHz
Lock	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
DLOCK	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3		MHz
: CLBW	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth		1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	_	4	_	MHz
PLL_PSERR	Accuracy of PLL phase shift		_	±50	ps
ARESET	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_	_	ns

Page 40 Switching Characteristics

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
→ (3) (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} ≥ 100 MHz)	_	_	0.15	UI (p-p)
t _{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} < 100 MHz)	-750		+750	ps (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175 ⁽¹⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{OUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5 ⁽¹⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ_DC} (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output $(f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz})$	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t _{outccj_dc} (5)	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_DC} ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)+	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
t _{OUTPJ_IO} (5), (8)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ 10} (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t _{outccj_10} (5),	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 (10)	mUI (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_IO}	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100$ MHz)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
(5), (6)	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f _{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 μs	_	_	±10	%
dK _{BIT}	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
k _{VALUE}	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	_

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f	RES	Resolution of VCO frequency (f _{INPFD} = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4) f_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
 - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be \geq 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be \geq 1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

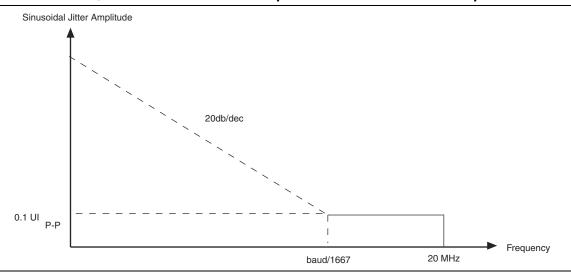
	Peformance							
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ι	ısing one	DSP				
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two I	OSPs				•
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate \geq 1.25 Gbps

Jitter Fr	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)	
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps



DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

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Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Mombou		Active Serial (1)			Fast Passive Parallel (2)			
Variant	Member Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)		
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043		
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067		
GS		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043		
us	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067		
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093		
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093		
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		
_	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		

Notes to Table 48:

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1
IFF X0	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2
FFF × 10	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

⁽¹⁾ DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

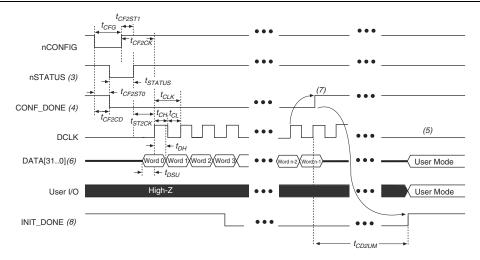
⁽²⁾ Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

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FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 (1), (2)



Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the <code>INIT_DONE</code> pin is configured into the device, the <code>INIT_DONE</code> goes low.

Page 60 Configuration Specification

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 $^{(1)}$

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nconfig low to conf_done low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nconfig high to nstatus high	_	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nconfig high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f _{DCLK} ⁽⁵⁾	_	S
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t _R	Input rise time	_	40	ns
t _F	Input fall time	_	40	ns
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁴⁾	_	_

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nconfig or nstatus low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and f_{DCLK} is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nstatus is monitored, follow the t_{status} specification. If nstatus is not monitored, follow the t_{cfack} specification.

Page 68 Glossary

Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage
V _{OX} Output differential cross point voltage		Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
Χ		
Υ		_
Z		

Document Revision History Page 69

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R _D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V _{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table
		■ Added the I _{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.
		■ Changed the t _{CO} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.