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### Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (Tj)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe7k3f40c3n">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe7k3f40c3n</a>

### I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

**Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_I$	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$

**Note to Table 9:**

(1) If  $V_O = V_{CCIO}$  to  $V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$ , 100  $\mu\text{A}$  of leakage current per I/O is expected.

### Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

**Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{CCIO}$										Unit	
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Low sustaining current	$I_{SUSL}$	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$	
High sustaining current	$I_{SUSH}$	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$	
Low overdrive current	$I_{ODL}$	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	$\mu\text{A}$	
High overdrive current	$I_{ODH}$	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	$\mu\text{A}$	
Bus-hold trip point	$V_{TRIP}$	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V	

### On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
$25\text{-}\Omega R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%

-  You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

## Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

## Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Reference Clock</b>												
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL										
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS										
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz	
Rise time	Measure at $\pm 60$ mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps	
Fall time	Measure at $\pm 60$ mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400		
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 3 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
<b>Receiver</b>											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) <sup>(9), (23)</sup>	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(9), (23)</sup>	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute $V_{MIN}$ for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage $V_{ID}$ (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(22)</sup>	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage $V_{ID}$ (diff p-p) after device configuration <sup>(18), (22)</sup>	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}/1.05\text{ V}$ ( $V_{ICM} = 0.70\text{ V}$ )	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.90\text{ V}$ ( $V_{ICM} = 0.6\text{ V}$ )	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ ( $V_{ICM} = 0.6\text{ V}$ )	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(6), (22), (27)</sup>	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
<b>CMU PLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
	$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

**Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>**

<b>Clock Network</b>	<b>ATX PLL</b>			<b>CMU PLL <sup>(2)</sup></b>			<b>fPLL</b>		
	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

**Notes to Table 24:**

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)**

<b>Mode (2)</b>	<b>Transceiver Speed Grade</b>	<b>PMA Width</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>
		<b>PCS/Core Width</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 29 shows the  $V_{OD}$  settings for the GT channel.

**Table 29. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega$**

Symbol	$V_{OD}$ Setting	$V_{OD}$ Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
$V_{OD}$ differential peak to peak typical <sup>(1)</sup>	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

**Note:**

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

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**Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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## Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

## PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

**Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{IN}$	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
$f_{INPFD}$	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
$f_{FINPFD}$	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
$f_{VCO}^{(9)}$	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{OUT}$	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
$f_{OUT\_EXT}$	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
$t_{FCOMP}$	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
$t_{LOCK}$	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
$t_{DLLOCK}$	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
$f_{CLBW}$	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth <sup>(7)</sup>	—	4	—	MHz
$t_{PLL\_PSERR}$	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
$t_{ARESET}$	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

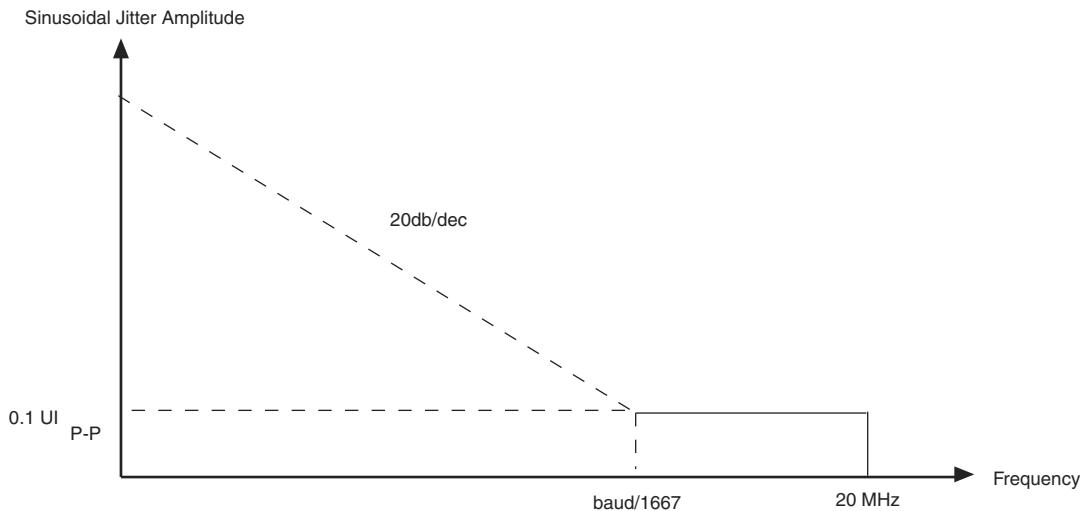
**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 3 of 4)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>C1</b>			<b>C2, C2L, I2, I2L</b>			<b>C3, I3, I3L, I3YY</b>			<b>C4,I4</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t <sub>RISE</sub> & t <sub>FALL</sub>	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
<b>Receiver</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps

**Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**

Jitter Frequency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000
F2	17,565
F3	1,493,000
F4	50,000,000

Figure 9 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps.

**Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps**

## DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

**Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)**

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

### Note to Table 39:

- (1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

**Notes to Table 40:**

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

**Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ( $t_{DQS\_PSERR}$ ) for Stratix V Devices (1)**

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

**Notes to Table 41:**

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

**Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)**

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

## Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

**Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins<sup>(1)</sup>**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>C1</b>		<b>C2, C2L, I2, I2L</b>		<b>C3, I3, I3L, I3YY</b>		<b>C4,I4</b>		<b>Unit</b>
	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

**Note to Table 44:**

- (1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

## Configuration Specification

### POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.

- For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

**Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification<sup>(1)</sup>**

<b>POR Delay</b>	<b>Minimum</b>	<b>Maximum</b>
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

**Note to Table 45:**

- (1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

## JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

**Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period <sup>(2)</sup>	30	—	ns
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period <sup>(2)</sup>	167	—	ns
t <sub>JCH</sub>	TCK clock high time <sup>(2)</sup>	14	—	ns
t <sub>JCL</sub>	TCK clock low time <sup>(2)</sup>	14	—	ns
t <sub>JPSU</sub> (TDI)	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
t <sub>JPSU</sub> (TMS)	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

**Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$t_{JPH}$	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
$t_{JPCO}$	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPZX}$	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
$t_{JPXZ}$	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

**Notes to Table 46:**

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each  $V_{CCIO}$  voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPCO} = 12$  ns if  $V_{CCIO}$  of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

## Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

**Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices**

<b>Family</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Package</b>	<b>Configuration .rbf Size (bits)</b>	<b>IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup></b>
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

**Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CF2CD}$	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
$t_{CF2ST0}$	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
$t_{CFG}$	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
$t_{STATUS}$	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2ST1}$	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(5)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(5)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
$t_{DSU}$	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
$t_{DH}$	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
$t_{CH}$	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CL}$	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$t_{CLK}$	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
$f_{MAX}$	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(3)</sup>	175	437	μs
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})^{(4)}$	—	—

**Notes to Table 54:**

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the “Initialization” section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.

## Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

**Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency**

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	8576
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

**Notes to Table 55:**

- (1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the **Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR)** option in the Quartus II software from the **General** panel of the **Device and Pin Options** dialog box.

**Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

<b>Parameter (1)</b>	<b>Available Settings</b>	<b>Min Offset (2)</b>	<b>Fast Model</b>		<b>Slow Model</b>							
			<b>Industrial</b>	<b>Commercial</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>C3</b>	<b>C4</b>	<b>I2</b>	<b>I3, I3YY</b>	<b>I4</b>	<b>Unit</b>
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

**Notes to Table 58:**

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.  
(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

**Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$D_{OUTBUF}$	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

**Note to Table 59:**

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

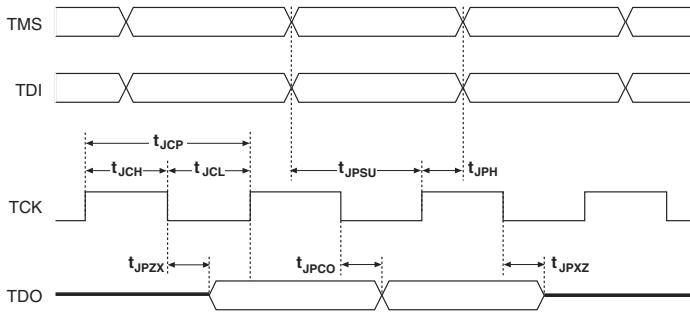
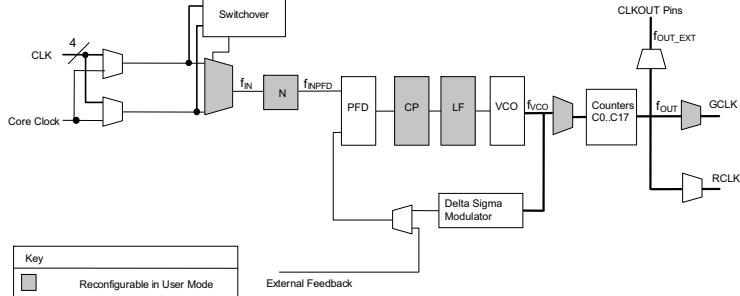
## Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

<b>Letter</b>	<b>Subject</b>	<b>Definitions</b>
<b>A</b>	—	—
<b>B</b>	—	—
<b>C</b>	—	—
<b>D</b>	—	—
<b>E</b>	—	—
<b>F</b>	$f_{HSCLK}$	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	$f_{HSDR}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI$ ), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI$ ), DPA.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G H I	—	—
J	J	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications:  
		—
K L M N O	—	—
P	PLL Specifications	<p><b>Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)</b></p>  <p><b>Note:</b>  (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</p>
Q	—	—
R	$R_L$	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the <math>V_{CC}</math> description in Table 6.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to <math>V_{CCHIP\_L}</math>, <math>V_{CCHIP\_R}</math>, <math>V_{CCHSSI\_L}</math>, and <math>V_{CCHSSI\_R}</math> descriptions in Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added 240-<math>\Omega</math> to Table 11.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.</li> <li>■ Changed the Max value of <math>f_{HSCLK\_OUT}</math> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.</li> <li>■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.</li> <li>■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.</li> <li>■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.</li> <li>■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”.</li> <li>■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.</li> <li>■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 23 VO<sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.</li> <li>■ Updated the notes for Table 47.</li> <li>■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 28</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 33</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59</li> <li>■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3</li> <li>■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> <li>■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.</li> </ul>

