# E·XFL

### Intel - 5SGXEA7N2F40I2N Datasheet



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#### Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field</u> <u>Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

2014112	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea7n2f40i2n

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
+	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 µs	_	100 ms	—
LRAMP	Power supply ramp time	Fast POR	200 µs		4 ms	_

#### Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

#### Notes to Table 6:

(1)  $V_{CCPD}$  must be 2.5 V when  $V_{CCI0}$  is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V.  $V_{CCPD}$  must be 3.0 V when  $V_{CCI0}$  is 3.0 V.

(2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V<sub>CCBAT</sub> to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V<sub>CCBAT</sub>. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V<sub>CCBAT</sub> stays at logic low.

(3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.

(4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

# Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum <sup>(4)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
(1), (3)	side)	un, uo, ui	2.375	2.5	2.625	v
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
(1), (3)	side)	ux, us	2.375	2.5	2.625	v
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Pacaivar analog powar supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	un, uo, ui	0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

1/0 Stondard		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)		V <sub>π</sub> (V)			
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	_	
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2	_	
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.53 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	V <sub>CCI0</sub> /2		
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	_	_	

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Device	es
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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2)
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I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>ol</sub> (V)	V <sub>oh</sub> (V)	L (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub>
ijo Stalluaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	(mÅ)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.608	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.81	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.603	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCI0</sub> – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.09	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.09	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.16	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.16	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.85	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.85	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1		V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>		_

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate (1)
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Mode <sup>(2)</sup>	Transceiver	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32	
	Speed Grade	PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32	
FIFO or Register 3	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6	
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5	
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88	
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade							
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps						
		C4, I4 core speed grade							
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps						

Notes to Table 26:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.



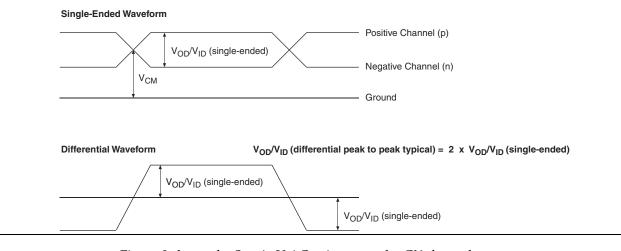


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)

Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2				er e 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	•
Data rate	GT channels	19,600		28,050	19,600		25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels		100	_		100		Ω
termination resistors	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
	GT channels		500	_		500	—	mV
$V_{OCM}$ (AC coupled)	GX channels		1	1	(8)		11	
Dies/Fall times	GT channels	_	15	_		15	—	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels				(8)		1	
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)			
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
CMU PLL	· · · · · ·							
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)	—	1	—	—	1	_	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	_	—	10	—	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	-	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—		—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL							· ·	
Supported Data Range	_	600		3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3.125 <sup>(23)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (13)		1	_		1			μs

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

### **Transceiver Characterization**

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

### **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

### **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

	Performance						
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit			
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz			
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz			

#### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

### **PLL Specifications**

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to  $85^{\circ}$ C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to  $100^{\circ}$ C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f <sub>IN</sub>	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 <sup>(1)</sup>	MHz
f <sub>INPFD</sub>	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f <sub>finpfd</sub>	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f <sub>VCO</sub>	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600 — 1600			MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
t <sub>einduty</sub>	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40		60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	_	717 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
f <sub>out</sub>	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f <sub>out_ext</sub>	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 <sup>(2)</sup>	MHz
t <sub>outduty</sub>	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to <b>50%</b> )	45	50	55	%
t <sub>FCOMP</sub>	External feedback clock compensation time	_	—	10	ns
f <sub>dyconfigclk</sub>	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	_	_	100	MHz
t <sub>LOCK</sub>	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
t <sub>olock</sub>	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3	—	MHz
f <sub>CLBW</sub>	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	_	1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)		4	—	MHz
t <sub>PLL_PSERR</sub>	Accuracy of PLL phase shift			±50	ps
t <sub>areset</sub>	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_		ns

### **Periphery Performance**

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

### **High-Speed I/O Specification**

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditiono		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 13L	., <b>I</b> 3YY		C4,I	4	Unit
Symbol	Symbol Conditions		Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards <sup>(3)</sup>	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_in</sub> (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

0b.al	Oanditiana		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 131	., <b>I</b> 3YY		C4,I	4	11 14
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter				<u>.</u>						<u>.</u>				
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(9)</sup> , <sup>(11)</sup> , <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(13)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	(6)		1600	(6)		1434	(6)		1250	(6)		1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$													
True Differential I/O Standards	LVDS TX with DPA <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate) <sup>(10)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 $(17)$	(6)		1100	(6)		1100	(6)		840	(6)		840	Mbps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_		160	_	_	160			160	_	_	160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_		300	_		300	_	_	300	_		325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_		0.2			0.2			0.2	_		0.25	UI

### Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 4)

### **Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications**

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins (1)

Symbol	C	1	C2, C2	L, 12, 12L		3, I3L, Byy	C4	4,14	Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

#### Note to Table 44:

(1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

# **Configuration Specification**

### **POR Delay Specification**

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

#### Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification (1)

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

#### Note to Table 45:

(1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

### **JTAG Configuration Specifications**

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period <sup>(2)</sup>	30	—	ns
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period <sup>(2)</sup>	167	—	ns
t <sub>JCH</sub>	TCK clock high time <sup>(2)</sup>	14	—	ns
t <sub>JCL</sub>	TCK clock low time <sup>(2)</sup>	14	—	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TDI)</sub>	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TMS)</sub>	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JPH</sub>	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t <sub>JPCO</sub>	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPZX</sub>	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns
t <sub>JPXZ</sub>	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	<b>1</b> 4 <sup>(1)</sup>	ns

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 46:

(1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V<sub>CCI0</sub> voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example,  $t_{JPC0} = 12$  ns if V<sub>CCI0</sub> of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.

(2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

### **Raw Binary File Size**

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) <sup>(4), (5)</sup>
	ECCVA2	H35, F40, F35 <sup>(2)</sup>	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 <sup>(3)</sup>	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctratic V CC	556504	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

	Member		Active Serial (1)	)	Fast Passive Parallel <sup>(2)</sup>				
Variant	Variant Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)		
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043		
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067		
GS	D4	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043		
65	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067		
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093		
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093		
Е	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107		

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

#### Notes to Table 48:

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

### **Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing**

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

### DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[]ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[]ratio for each combination.

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

 Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)

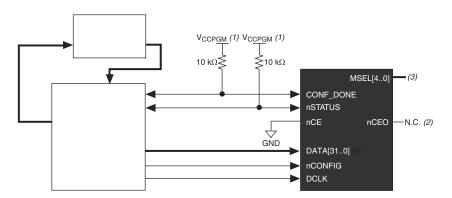
Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
FFF X02	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

#### Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



#### Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device.  $V_{CCPGM}$  must be high enough to meet the  $V_{IH}$  specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with  $V_{CCPGM}$ .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].

IF the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

### **Active Serial Configuration Timing**

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52.	DCLK Frequency	Specification in the <i>l</i>	AS Configuration Scheme	(1), (2)
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Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

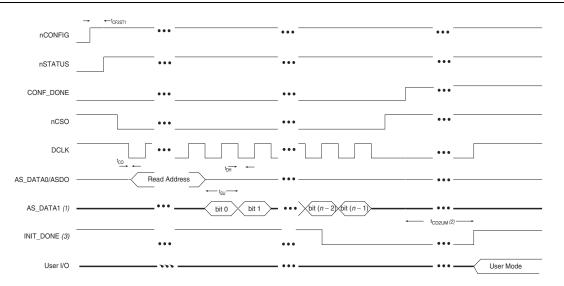
#### Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.





#### Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS  $\times 4$  mode, this signal represents the AS\_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS  $\times 1$  and AS  $\times 4$  configurations in Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CO</sub>	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t <sub>status</sub>	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	—	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode $(3)$	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU}$ + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

#### Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

### Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximu	m Frequency
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Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

#### Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

### **Remote System Upgrades**

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications	Table 56.	<b>Remote System</b>	Upgrade Circuitry	y Timing S	<b>Specifications</b>
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Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t <sub>RU_nCONFIG</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	250	—	ns
t <sub>RU_nRSTIMER</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	250	—	ns

#### Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset\_timer input of the ALTREMOTE\_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

### **User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification**

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

#### Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	n Typical Maximum		Units	
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz	

## I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

 You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

### **Programmable IOE Delay**

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Deremeter	Available	Min	Fast	Model				Slow N	lodel			
Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

### Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G		
Н	_	_
Ι		
J	J JTAG Timing Specifications	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus). JTAG Timing Specifications: TMS
K L M N O	_	_
Ρ	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>
Q	—	_
		Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

### Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade to the V<sub>CC</sub> description in Table 6.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade to V<sub>CCHIP_L</sub>, V<sub>CCHIP_R</sub>, V<sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>, and V<sub>CCHSSI_R</sub> descriptions in Table 7.</li> </ul>
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		<ul> <li>Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.</li> </ul>
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		<ul> <li>Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.</li> </ul>
		Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
		<ul> <li>Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.</li> </ul>
		Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		<ul> <li>Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the available settings in Table 58.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.</li> </ul>
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 23 VO<sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 6 and Table 7.</li> </ul>
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		<ul> <li>Updated the notes for Table 47.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.2	Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	<ul> <li>Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.8	<ul> <li>Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added Figure 1 and Figure 3</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Removed all "Preliminary" designations.</li> </ul>