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Intel - 5SGXEA7N2F40I3LN Datasheet



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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea7n2f40i3ln

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

			Resistance Tolerance						
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit		
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%		
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%		
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%		

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} \,=\, R_{SCAL} \Big(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big) \label{eq:ROCT}$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SCAL}}$ with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)
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Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV		3.0	0.0297	
		2.5	0.0344	
	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT		3.0	0.189	
		2.5	0.208	
	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	1.8	0.266	%/°C
	without robalibration	1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)⁽¹⁾

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
CIOTB	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	рF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN (DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
I _{IOPIN (AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
IXCVR-TX (DC)	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
IXCVR-RX (DC)	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{10PIN}| = C dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

I/O		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{DIF(}	_{DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	_	0.5* V _{CCI0}	_	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCI0}	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCI0} - 0.12	0.5* V _{CCI0}	0.5*V _{CCI0} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	_{cio} (V)	(10)		V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾ V _{ICM(DC)} (V					Vo	_D (V) (6)	V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Trar	nsmitte	er, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.									. For			
2.5 V LVDS ⁽¹⁾	2 375	25	2 625	100	V _{CM} =	_	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
	2.375	2.0	2.025	100	1.25 V	_	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	—	
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	_	0.3	_	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4	_	_	_	300	_		0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8		_	_	_	_	_
), (9)				300			1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6						

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus[®] II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	Transceiver 3	Specifications	for Stratix	V GX	and GS	Devices	(1)	(Part 1	nf 7	۱
Table 20.	TIANSUCIACI	opeonitionationa	IUI UIIAIIA	I UA	anu uu	DEVICES	• •	(1 61 6 1		

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Trai	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O	Dedicated reference clock pin 1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL										
Standards	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS								
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	40		710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁸⁾		100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾			400	_		400			400	ns
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾		_	400	_		400			400	μs
Duty cycle		45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe [®])	30		33	30		33	30	_	33	kHz

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	nsceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100		125	100		125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9),} ⁽²³⁾	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_		1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V _{ICM} = 0.70 V)	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0		_	2.0	V
voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁸⁾ .	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4			2.4	V
<i>(22)</i>	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4		_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22),} (27)	_	85			85			85	_	_	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	r Speed 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0		0	_	_	0	_	_	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	_	2		_	2	_	_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4		8			8	_		8	_	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_				-	1.4-V ar	nd 1.5-V PC	ML			
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%	—	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting		120 ± 20%	_		120 ± 20%	_		120 ± 20%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 20%			150 ± 20%	_		150 ± 20%	_	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	_	650		_	650	_	_	650	—	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	_	_	650	_	_	650		_	650	_	mV
Rise time ⁽⁷⁾	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30		160	30		160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15			15		_	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	120	_	_	120	_		120	ps

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 5 of 7)

Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	ŋ	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
FIFO	۷	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	ŋ	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	۷	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	J	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Notes to Table 25:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

(3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 28. Tra	nsceiver Specifi	cations for Stra	tix V GT Devices	(Part 5 of 5) ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions	S	Transceivei peed Grade	2	ן Sr	Unit		
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	_	10	—	—	10	μs

Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the Stratix V Device Overview.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t_{1 TR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll_powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000 $\Omega \pm 1\%$.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{od} Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
V., differential neak to neak typical (1)	2	400
The fine contrar hear to hear the field to	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.





Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditions	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY				11				
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UNIT
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5	_	800	5		800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5	_	520	5		520	5	_	420	5	_	420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a -2 speed grade is ± 78 ps or ± 39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1	^{),} (Part 1 of 2) ^{(2), (3)}
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Clock	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
NELWURK			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 47:

(1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.

(2) 36-transceiver devices.

(3) 24-transceiver devices.

(4) File size for the periphery image.

(5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

• For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help.*

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devi
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Variant	Marchar		Active Serial ⁽¹⁾ Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
	Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	٨٥	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	AJ	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
ст	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
ul	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Table 49.	DCLK-to-DATA[]	Ratio ⁽¹⁾	(Part 2 of 2)
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Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM} .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].

IF the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51.	FPP Timing	Parameters f	or Stratix V	Devices When	the DCLK-te	o-DATA[] Ratio	is >1 (1)
			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2		μS
t _{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506		μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2		μS
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5		ns
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f _{DCLK} (5)		S
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$		S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$		S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}		S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
IMAX	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t _R	Input rise time	—	40	ns
t _F	Input fall time	—	40	ns
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁴⁾	_	_

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and f_{DCLK} is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	—
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{cd2cu} + (8576 × clkusr period)	_	—

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 53:

(1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(2) t_{CF2CD}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF6}, t_{STATUS}, and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.

(3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform ⁽¹⁾



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t _{status}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	—	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{cd2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t_{CD2CU} + (8576 × CLKUSR period) ⁽⁴⁾	_	_

Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55.	Initialization	Clock Source	e Option	and the	Maximum	Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP ⁽²⁾	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes			
June 2018	3.9	 Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure. 			
		Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.			
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table. 			
		 Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 			
April 2017	3.8	 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table 			
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 			
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 			
		 Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table. 			
L	9.7	 Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table 			
June 2016 3.7		 Added the I_{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table. 			
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.			
December 2015	0.5	 Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 			
December 2015	3.5	 Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table. 			
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:			
		 "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" 			
		 "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate" 			
		 "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate" 			
July 2015	3.4	 Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 			
		 Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 			
		 Changed the t_{c0} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table. 			
		 Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 			

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		 Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		 Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		 Changed the Max value of f_{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
		 Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		 Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		 Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		 Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		 Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		 Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		 Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		 Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		 Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		 Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		 Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		Updated the notes for Table 47.
		 Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	 Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
October 2013	2.8	 Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
		 Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		 Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		 Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
		Added Table 24, Table 48
		 Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	 Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
		Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
December 2012	2.5	 Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		Added Table 33
		 Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
		 Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
		 Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		 Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		 Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		Added "Initialization"
		Added "Raw Binary File Size"
	2.4	 Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012		 Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		 Various edits throughout to fix bugs.
		Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i> .
		 Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
		■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	 Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
		 Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		 Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
	2.0	■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
May 2011		 Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		 Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
		 Converted chapter to the new template.
		 Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.