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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	234720
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	622000
Total RAM Bits	51200000
Number of I/O	840
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1932-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1932-FBGA, FC (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea7n2f45i3

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

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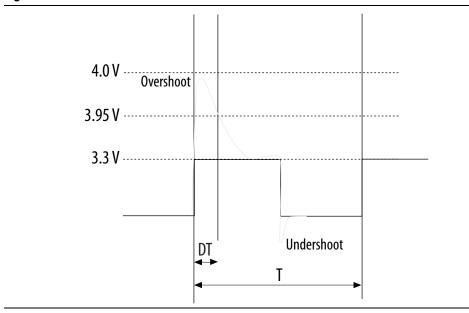
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Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit
		3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



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Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Тур	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	_	100 ms	_
LRAMP	Fower supply rainp line	Fast POR	200 μs	_	4 ms	_

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
(1), (3)	side)	७४, ७७, ७१	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
$(1), (\overline{3})$	side)	রম, রহ	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.82	0.85	0.88	
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.87 0.90	0.90	0.93	V
(2)	Treceiver arialog power supply (left side)	un, us, ui	0.97	1.0	1.03	v
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	; ₎ (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	l _{oh}
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Max Min		Min	I _{OI} (IIIA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCIO}	_	

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{SWIN}	V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{SWING(AC)} (V)		
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30	

Note to Table 20:

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O				V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)				V _{CM(DC)} (V)	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2		0.68	_	0.9	0.68		0.9	0.4	_

⁽¹⁾ The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)})$ and $V_{IL(DC)})$.

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Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O				V _{DIF(DC)} (V)			V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	_	0.5* V _{CCIO}	_	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCIO} - 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCIO} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	_{CIO} (V)	(10)	V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾				V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			V _{OD} (V) ⁽⁶⁾			V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
PCML	Trar	nsmitte						of the high-s I/O pin speci							. For	
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} =	_	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375	
LVDS (1)	2.373	2.3	2.023	100	1.25 V		1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375	
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	_	0.3	_	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4	
Mini- LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4	
LVPECL (4	_	_	_	300	_	_	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	_	_	_	_	_		
), (9)	_	_	_	300	_	_	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 $\rm V.$

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus[®] II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

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Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		2.5-V PCM HCSL	IL, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	DS, and
Sidiludius	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS								
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (8)	_	40	—	710	40		710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_		400	_	_	400	ne
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	—	—	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Duty cycle	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	_	33	30		33	30	_	33	kHz

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (21)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin		_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	_	-0.4		_	-0.4		_	-0.4	_	_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾ 1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾ 1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾		mV							
coupled) ⁽³⁾	RX reference clock pin	1.	.0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	0/0.9/0	.85 ⁽⁴⁾	1.	V		
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	dBc/Hz
Transmitter	1 kHz	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	_	_	-90	dBc/Hz
REFCLK Phase Noise	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
(622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	_	_	-120		_	-120		_	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) (17)	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
R _{REF} (19)	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	1800 ±1%	_	_	180 0 ±1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clock	<u> </u>			_			_				
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Made (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade		10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

⁽¹⁾ The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

⁽²⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

⁽³⁾ The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (7)	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85-Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels (19)	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	_	650	_	_	650	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t _{LTD_manual} (11)		4	_	_	4	_	_	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} (12)		15	_	_	15	_	_	μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	_	_	72	CID
nuii Leiigiii	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels	_	_	1000	_	_	1000	± PPM
ODITITIVI	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	_	_	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	7.5	_	_	7.5	dB
DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	· '		•			•	•	
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600		12,500	Mbps

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Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f	RES	Resolution of VCO frequency (f _{INPFD} = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4) f_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz \le Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
 - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be \geq 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be \geq 1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			F	Peformano	e			
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ι	ısing one	DSP				
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two I	OSPs				•
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

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Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

		Peformance								
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit		
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs	•					
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz		
Modes using Four DSPs										
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz		

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

		Resour	ces Used	Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C 1	C2, C2L	C 3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

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Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 4 of 4)

Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	I3, I3I	., I3YY	C4,I4			Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	(6)	_	(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)		(8)	(6)	_	(8)	Mbps
f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
DPA Mode														
DPA run length	_		_	1000 0			1000 0	_		1000 0	_	_	1000 0	UI
Soft CDR mode	•													
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	_	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	± PPM
Non DPA Mode	,													
Sampling Window	_	_	_	300	_		300	_		300	_	_	300	ps

Notes to Table 36:

- (1) When J = 3 to 10, use the serializer/deserializer (SERDES) block.
- (2) When J = 1 or 2, bypass the SERDES block.
- (3) This only applies to DPA and soft-CDR modes.
- (4) Clock Boost Factor (W) is the ratio between the input data rate to the input clock rate.
- (5) This is achieved by using the **LVDS** clock network.
- (6) The minimum specification depends on the clock source (for example, the PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource (global, regional, or local) that you use. The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.
- (7) The maximum ideal frequency is the SERDES factor (J) x the PLL maximum output frequency (fOUT) provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean.
- (8) You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate for non-DPA mode by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.
- (9) If the receiver with DPA enabled and transmitter are using shared PLLs, the minimum data rate is 150 Mbps.
- (10) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine leftover timing margin.
- (11) The F_{MAX} specification is based on the fast clock used for serial data. The interface F_{MAX} is also dependent on the parallel clock domain which is design-dependent and requires timing analysis.
- (12) Stratix V RX LVDS will need DPA. For Stratix V TX LVDS, the receiver side component must have DPA.
- (13) Stratix V LVDS serialization and de-serialization factor needs to be x4 and above.
- (14) Requires package skew compensation with PCB trace length.
- (15) Do not mix single-ended I/O buffer within LVDS I/O bank.
- (16) Chip-to-chip communication only with a maximum load of 5 pF.
- (17) When using True LVDS RX channels for emulated LVDS TX channel, only serialization factors 1 and 2 are supported.

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Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

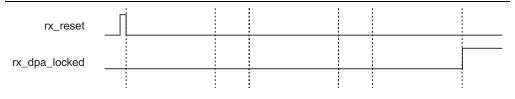


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	0000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
IVIISCEIIAIIEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate \geq 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate \geq 1.25 Gbps

LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

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Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a -2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 1 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
NEIWUIK			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-50	50	-50	50	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Regional	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t _{JIT(cc)}	-100	100	-100	100	-110	110	-110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
	Clock period jitter	t _{JIT(per)}	-75	75	- 75	75	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	t _{JIT(cc)}	-150	150	-150	150	-165	165	-165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	t _{JIT(duty)}	- 75	75	-75	75	-90	90	-90	90	ps

⁽¹⁾ This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a −2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

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Table 46.	JTAG Timino	Parameters ar	nd Values	for Stratix V Devices
-----------	-------------	---------------	-----------	-----------------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	_	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	_	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	_	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
	ECCVAO	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Ctuativ V CT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GT	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504
	500054	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctrativ V CC	5SGSD4	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	_	293,441,888	565,528

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Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V E (1)	5SEE9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888

Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Barrelen	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾		Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾			
Variant	Member Code	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	В9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
G1	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

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Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + (8576 \times \\ \text{CLKUSR period)} \end{array}$	_	_

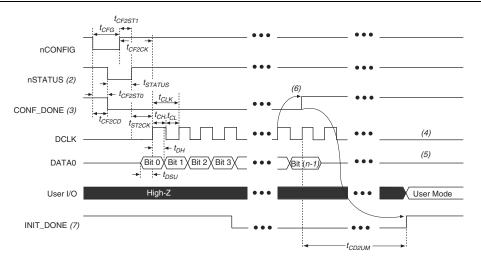
Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- $(2) \quad t_{\text{CF2CD}}, t_{\text{CF2ST0}}, t_{\text{CFG}}, t_{\text{STATUS}}, \text{ and } t_{\text{CF2ST1}} \text{ timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63}.$
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform (1)



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

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Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t _{STATUS}	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t _{ST2CK} (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μ\$
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \text{ period})^{(4)}$	_	_

Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

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Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G		
Н	_	-
1		
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus). JTAG Timing Specifications: TMS TDI TCK TJPSU TJ
K L M N	_	
P	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications (1) CLKOUT Pins Four Core Clock Reconfigurable in User Mode External Feedback Note: (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.
Q	_	-
R	R _L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).
	_ <u>-</u>	1

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Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage
	V _{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
Χ		
Υ		_
Z		

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Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure.		
		■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R _D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
April 2017	3.8	■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum value for t _{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table.		
		■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table.		
	3.7	■ Added the V _{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table		
June 2016		■ Added the I _{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
December 2013		■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		"Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices"		
		■ "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate"		
		■ "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate"		
July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
•		Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		
		■ Changed the t _{CO} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table.		
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table.		