Intel - 5SGXEA9K1H40C2N Datasheet

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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	317000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	840000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea9k1h40c2n

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	–0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	–0.5	3.4	V
V_I	DC input voltage	–0.5	3.8	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	–55	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	–65	150	°C
I_{OUT}	DC output current per pin	–25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to –2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min (4)	Typ	Max (4)	Unit
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 µs	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 µs	—	4 ms	—

Notes to Table 6:

(1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.

(2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT}. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.

(3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.

(4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum (4)	Typical	Maximum (4)	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL} *(1), (3)*	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V_{CCA_GXBR} *(1), (3)*	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V_{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCR_GXBL} *(2)*	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum (4)	Typical	Maximum (4)	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

(1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.

(2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.

(3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.

(4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	V_I = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	–30	—	30	µA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	V_O = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	–30	—	30	µA

Note to Table 9:

(1) If V_O = V_{CCIO} to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 µA of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{CCIO}										Unit
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	µA
High sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	–22.5	—	–25.0	—	–30.0	—	–50.0	—	–70.0	—	µA
Low overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	µA
High overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	–120	—	–160	—	–200	—	–300	—	–500	µA
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V_{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/°C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of ±5% and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C_{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C_{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C_{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN\ (DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
$I_{IOPIN\ (AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
$I_{XCVR\text{-}TX\ (DC)}$	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVR\text{-}RX\ (DC)}$	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}|$ = C dv/dt, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	8	–8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.2	V_{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V_{CCIO} – 0.4	16	–16
HSTL-12 Class I	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V_{CCIO}	0.75* V_{CCIO}	8	–8
HSTL-12 Class II	–0.15	V_{REF} – 0.08	V_{REF} + 0.08	V_{CCIO} + 0.15	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V_{CCIO}	0.75* V_{CCIO}	16	–16
HSUL-12	—	V_{REF} – 0.13	V_{REF} + 0.13	—	V_{REF} – 0.22	V_{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V_{CCIO}	0.9* V_{CCIO}	—	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{SWING(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{SWING(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	V_{CCIO}/2 – 0.2	—	V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2	0.62	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V_{CCIO} + 0.6	V_{CCIO}/2 – 0.175	—	V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175	0.5	V_{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	*(1)*	V_{CCIO}/2 – 0.15	—	V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	*(1)*	V_{CCIO}/2 – 0.15	V_{CCIO}/2	V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15	2($V_{IH(AC)}$ - V_{REF})	2($V_{IL(AC)}$ - V_{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	*(1)*	V_{CCIO}/2 – 0.15	V_{CCIO}/2	V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15	2($V_{IH(AC)}$ - V_{REF})	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V_{REF} –0.15	V_{CCIO}/2	V_{REF} + 0.15	–0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits ($V_{IH(DC)}$ and $V_{IL(DC)}$).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			$V_{DIF(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{X(AC)}$ (V)			$V_{CM(DC)}$ (V)			$V_{DIF(AC)}$ (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (21)	85–Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100–Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120–Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t_{LTR} (11)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
t_{LTD} (12)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_manual} (13)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ (14)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) (10)	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices *(1)* **(Part 5 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 *(24)*	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 *(24)*	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 20%	—	—	85 ± 20%	—	—	85 ± 20%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 20%	—	—	100 ± 20%	—	—	100 ± 20%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 20%	—	—	120 ± 20%	—	—	120 ± 20%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 20%	—	—	150 ± 20%	—	—	150 ± 20%	—	Ω
V_{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V_{OCM} (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time *(7)*	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time *(7)*	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V_{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices *(1)* **(Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 *(24)*	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ *(15)*	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} *(16)*	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 *(24)*	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ *(15)*	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
t_{pll_lock} *(16)*	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 *(25)*	600	—	3250/ 3125 *(25)*	600	—	3250/ 3125 *(25)*	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ *(15)*	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (6)	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors (19)	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 (2)			1050/1000 (2)			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) **(Part 2 of 2)**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**, all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

(1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

(2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.

(3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{bias}, diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V_{bias}, voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{DUTY}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t_{RISE} & t_{FALL}	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
Receiver														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDRDPA}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 *(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)*	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA *(12), (14), (15), (16)*	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	*(6)*	—	*(7)*	Mbps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–25	25	–25	25	–30	30	–35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–60	60	–70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–37.5	37.5	–37.5	37.5	–45	45	–56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

(1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.

(3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the `dyn_term_ctrl` and `oe` signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals

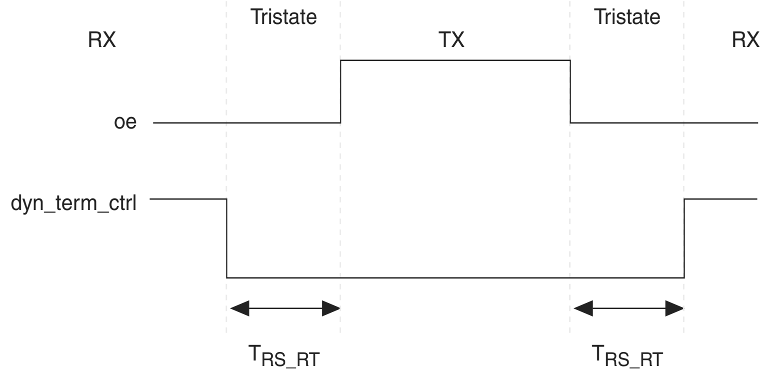


Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 (1)	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 (1)	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 (1)	ns

Notes to Table 46:

(1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.

(2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (**.rbf**) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 (2)	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 (3)	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
Stratix V E (1)	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

Notes to Table 47:

(1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
(2) 36-transceiver devices.
(3) 24-transceiver devices.
(4) File size for the periphery image.
(5) The IOCSR **.rbf** size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (**.hex**) or tabular text file (**.ttf**) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

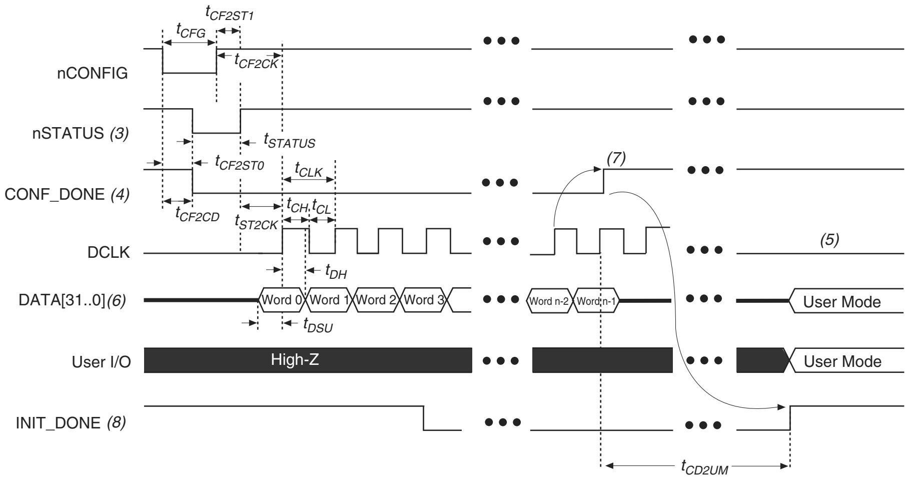
Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial (1)			Fast Passive Parallel (2)		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the `DCLK`-to-`DATA[]` ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 *(1), (2)*



Notes to Figure 12:

(1) Use this timing waveform when the `DCLK`-to-`DATA[]` ratio is 1.

(2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, `nCONFIG`, `nSTATUS`, and `CONF_DONE` are at logic-high levels. When `nCONFIG` is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.

(3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds `nSTATUS` low for the time of the POR delay.

(4) After power-up, before and during configuration, `CONF_DONE` is low.

(5) Do not leave `DCLK` floating after configuration. `DCLK` is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.

(6) For FPP ×16, use `DATA[15..0]`. For FPP ×8, use `DATA[7..0]`. `DATA[31..0]` are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.

(7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. `CONF_DONE` is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After `CONF_DONE` goes high, send two additional falling edges on `DCLK` to begin initialization and enter user mode.

(8) After the option bit to enable the `INIT_DONE` pin is configured into the device, the `INIT_DONE` goes low.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

(1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.

(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D_{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

(1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A B C	—	—
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f_{HSCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f_{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum **LVDS** data transfer rate (f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum **LVDS** data transfer rate ($f_{HSDRDPA}$ = 1/TUI), DPA.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.

July 2015	3.4	■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:
		  ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices”
		  ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate”
		  ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate”
		■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.
		■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ´1 and AS ´4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table.
		■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.