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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	317000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	840000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe9k2h40i3l">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxe9k2h40i3l</a>

**Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering<sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade							
	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L	I3YY	I4
3 GX channel—8.5 Gbps	—	Yes	Yes	Yes	—	Yes	Yes <sup>(4)</sup>	Yes

**Notes to Table 1:**

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.
- (3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.
- (4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices.

**Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering<sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

Transceiver Speed Grade	Core Speed Grade			
	C1	C2	I2	I3
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	—	—
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Notes to Table 2:**

- (1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.
- (2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub>	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub>	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

**Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements**

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB <sup>(2)</sup>	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true: ■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps. ■ DFE is used.	All	1.05			
If ANY of the following conditions are true <sup>(1)</sup> : ■ ATX PLL is used. ■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.	All	1.0	3.0	1.5	V
If ALL of the following conditions are true: ■ ATX PLL is not used. ■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY  C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.90  0.85	2.5  2.5		

**Notes to Table 8:**

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR\_GXB and VCCT\_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

## DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

### Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

### I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

**Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_I$	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	$\mu\text{A}$

**Note to Table 9:**

(1) If  $V_O = V_{CCIO}$  to  $V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$ , 100  $\mu\text{A}$  of leakage current per I/O is expected.

### Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

**Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{CCIO}$										Unit	
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Low sustaining current	$I_{SUSL}$	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$	
High sustaining current	$I_{SUSH}$	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	$\mu\text{A}$	
Low overdrive current	$I_{ODL}$	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	$\mu\text{A}$	
High overdrive current	$I_{ODH}$	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	$\mu\text{A}$	
Bus-hold trip point	$V_{TRIP}$	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V	

### On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

**Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
$25\text{-}\Omega R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	%

## Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

**Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup>**

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> Conditions (V) <sup>(3)</sup>	Value <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
R <sub>PU</sub>	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

**Notes to Table 16:**

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

## I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>), output voltage (V<sub>OH</sub> and V<sub>OL</sub>), and current drive characteristics (I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub>) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> values are valid at the corresponding I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub>, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to “Glossary” on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012\_486.

**Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>IL</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH</sub> (V)		V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>OL</sub> (mA)	I <sub>OH</sub> (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	0.45	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	0.25 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	0.25 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	2	-2

**Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>REF</sub> (V)			V <sub>TT</sub> (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.04	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.53 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.51 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—	—

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max						
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.608	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.81	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> – 0.603	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.09	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.09	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.16	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.16	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.85	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.85	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.2 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	—

**Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	I <sub>oh</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.13	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.13	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.22	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.22	0.1*	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.9*	—

**Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.2	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.2	0.62	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.175	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.175	0.5	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )	2(V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	( <sup>1</sup> )	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> – V <sub>REF</sub> )	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

**Note to Table 20:**

- (1) The maximum value for V<sub>SWING(DC)</sub> is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits (V<sub>IH(DC)</sub> and V<sub>IL(DC)</sub>).

**Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

## Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

## Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 1 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Reference Clock</b>												
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL										
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS										
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz	
Rise time	Measure at $\pm 60$ mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps	
Fall time	Measure at $\pm 60$ mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400		
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 4 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(2)</sup>	85- $\Omega$ setting	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	85 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
	100- $\Omega$ setting	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	100 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
	120- $\Omega$ setting	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	120 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
	150- $\Omega$ setting	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	—	150 $\pm$ 30%	—	$\Omega$
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC and DC coupled)	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	$\mu$ s
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(12)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	$\mu$ s
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	$\mu$ s
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	$\mu$ s
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(10)</sup>	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

**Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
<b>CMU PLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>ATX PLL</b>											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 <sup>(24)</sup>	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
	$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
$t_{pll\_lock}$ <sup>(16)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
<b>fPLL</b>											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	—	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
$t_{pll\_powerdown}$ <sup>(15)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

**Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>**

<b>Clock Network</b>	<b>ATX PLL</b>			<b>CMU PLL <sup>(2)</sup></b>			<b>fPLL</b>		
	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>	<b>Non-bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Bonded Mode (Gbps)</b>	<b>Channel Span</b>
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	—	6	12.5	—	6	3.125	—	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	—	14.1	6	—	12.5	6	—	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	—	14.1	Side-wide	—	12.5	Side-wide	—	—	—
xN (PCIe)	—	8.0	8	—	5.0	8	—	—	—
xN (Native PHY IP)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL
	—	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL						

**Notes to Table 24:**

- (1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.
- (2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.
- (3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.
- (4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

**Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)**

<b>Mode (2)</b>	<b>Transceiver Speed Grade</b>	<b>PMA Width</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>
		<b>PCS/Core Width</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

**Notes to Table 25:**

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.
- (3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform**

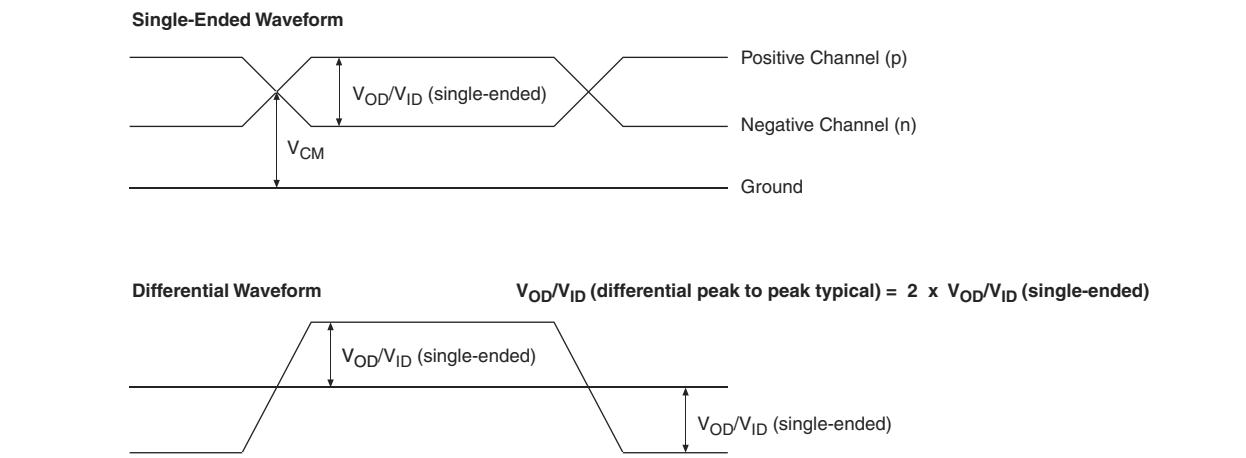


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

**Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)**



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

**Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels <sup>(19)</sup>	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(12)</sup>	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	(8)						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(5)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable DC gain <sup>(6)</sup>	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
<b>Transmitter</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 4. Differential Transmitter/Receiver Output/Input Waveform**

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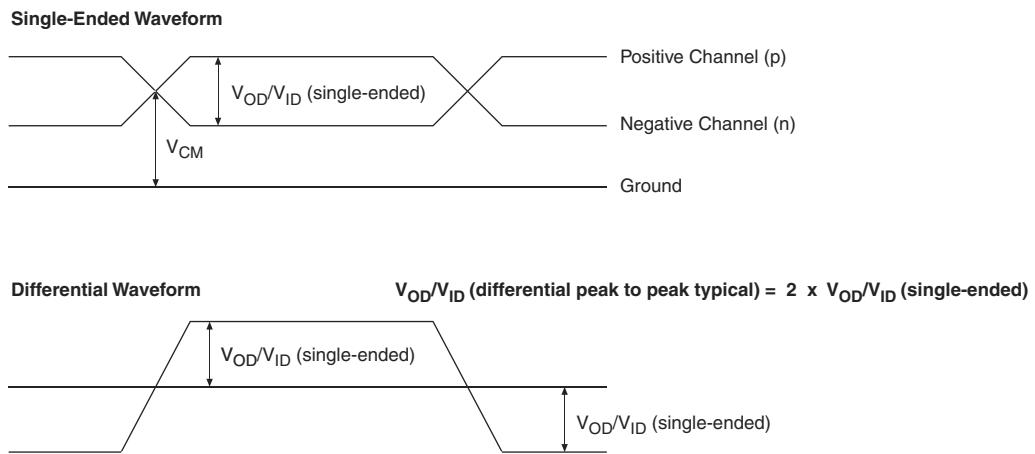


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

**Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels**

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**Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$t_{INCCJ}$ <sup>(3), (4)</sup>	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ( $f_{REF} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ( $f_{REF} < 100$ MHz)	-750	—	+750	ps (p-p)
$t_{OUTPJ_DC}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175 <sup>(1)</sup>	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
$t_{FOUTPJ_DC}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	250 <sup>(11)</sup> , 175 <sup>(12)</sup>	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	25 <sup>(11)</sup> , 17.5 <sup>(12)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
$t_{OUTCCJ_DC}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
$t_{FOUTCCJ_DC}$ <sup>(5)</sup>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	250 <sup>(11)</sup> , 175 <sup>(12)</sup>	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)+	—	—	25 <sup>(11)</sup> , 17.5 <sup>(12)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
$t_{OUTPJ_IO}$ <sup>(5), (8)</sup>	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{FOUTPJ_IO}$ <sup>(5), (8), (11)</sup>	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600 <sup>(10)</sup>	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60 <sup>(10)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
$t_{OUTCCJ_IO}$ <sup>(5), (8)</sup>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60 <sup>(10)</sup>	mUI (p-p)
$t_{FOUTCCJ_IO}$ <sup>(5), (8), (11)</sup>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600 <sup>(10)</sup>	ps (p-p)
	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}$ <sup>(5), (6)</sup>	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ( $f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ( $f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
$f_{DRIFT}$	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 $\mu$ s	—	—	$\pm 10$	%
$dK_{BIT}$	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
$k_{VALUE}$	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	—

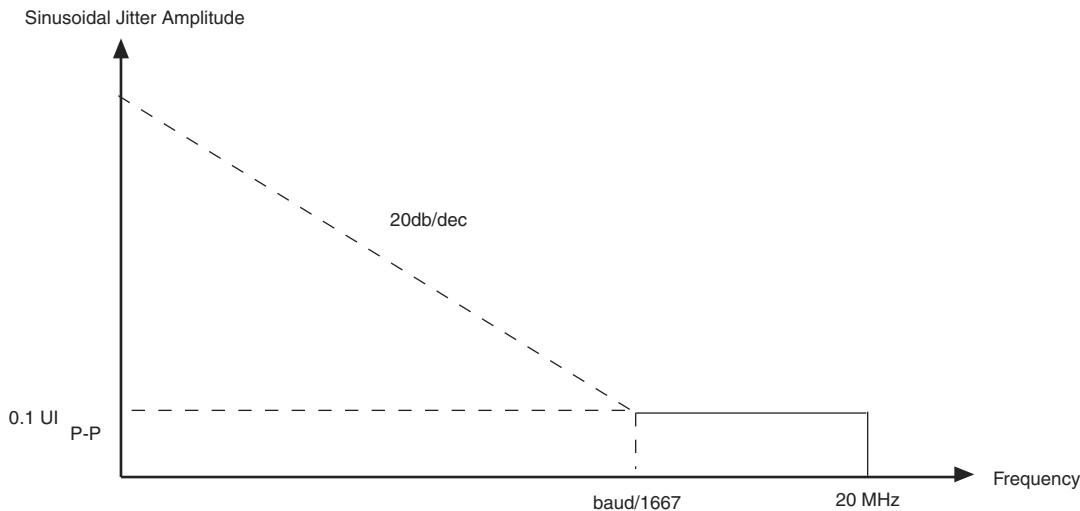
**Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices<sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup> (Part 2 of 4)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>C1</b>			<b>C2, C2L, I2, I2L</b>			<b>C3, I3, I3L, I3YY</b>			<b>C4,I4</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
<b>Transmitter</b>														
True Differential I/O Standards - $f_{HSDR}$ (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 <sup>(9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1434	(6)	—	1250	(6)	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J $\geq 4$ LVDS TX with DPA <sup>(12), (14), (15), (16)</sup>	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1600	(6)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - $f_{HSDR}$ (data rate) <sup>(10)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 <sup>(17)</sup>	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	1100	(6)	—	840	(6)	—	840	Mbps
$t_{x\text{Jitter}}$ - True Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI

**Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate  $\geq 1.25$  Gbps**

Jitter Frequency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000
F2	17,565
F3	1,493,000
F4	50,000,000

Figure 9 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps.

**Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $< 1.25$  Gbps**

## DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

**Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)**

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

### Note to Table 39:

- (1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

**Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)**

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

**Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices<sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)**

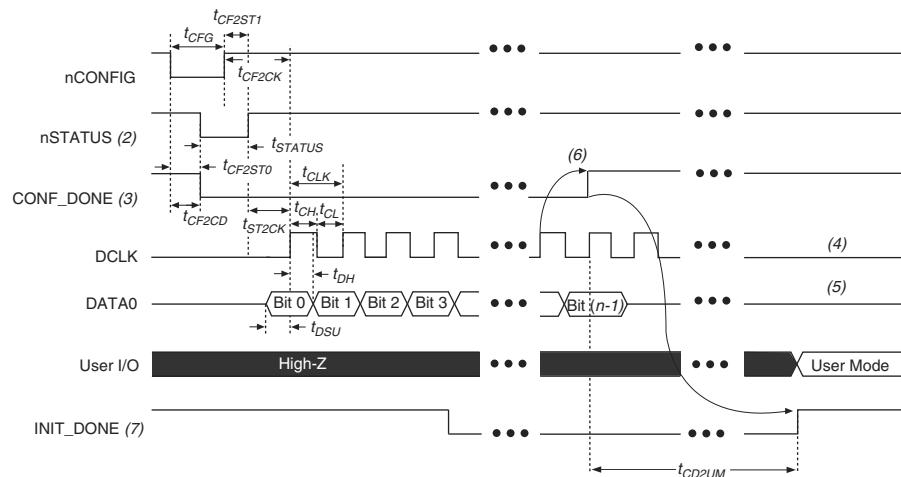
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
$t_{CD2UM}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode <sup>(3)</sup>	175	437	μs
$t_{CD2CU}$	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
$t_{CD2UMC}$	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period)	—	—

**Notes to Table 53:**

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (2)  $t_{CF2CD}$ ,  $t_{CF2STO}$ ,  $t_{CFG}$ ,  $t_{STATUS}$ , and  $t_{CF2ST1}$  timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

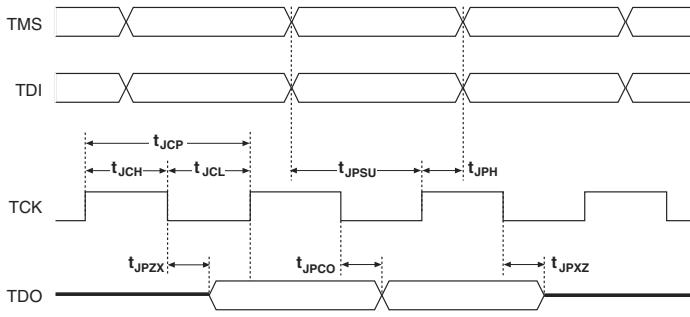
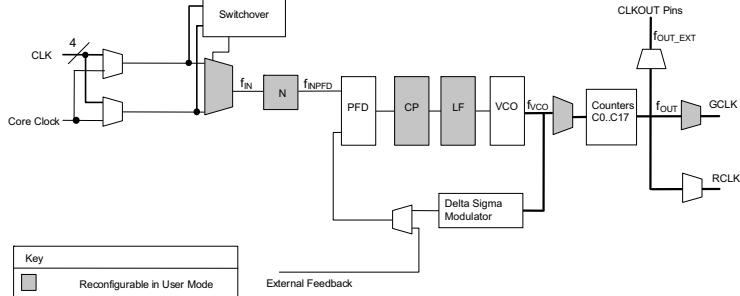
## Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

**Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform<sup>(1)</sup>****Notes to Figure 15:**

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF\_DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATA0 is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT\_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT\_DONE goes low.

**Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G H I	—	—
J	J	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications:  
		—
K L M N O	—	—
P	PLL Specifications	<p><b>Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)</b></p>  <p><b>Note:</b>  (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</p>
Q	—	—
R	$R_L$	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

**Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)**

Date	Version	Changes
November 2014	3.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the <math>V_{CC}</math> description in Table 6.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade to <math>V_{CCHIP\_L}</math>, <math>V_{CCHIP\_R}</math>, <math>V_{CCHSSI\_L}</math>, and <math>V_{CCHSSI\_R}</math> descriptions in Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added 240-<math>\Omega</math> to Table 11.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.</li> <li>■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.</li> <li>■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.</li> <li>■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.</li> <li>■ Changed the Max value of <math>f_{HSCLK\_OUT}</math> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.</li> <li>■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.</li> <li>■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.</li> <li>■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.</li> <li>■ Changed the note in “Periphery Performance”.</li> <li>■ Updated the “I/O Standard Specifications” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the “Raw Binary File Size” section.</li> <li>■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.</li> <li>■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.</li> <li>■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 23 VO<sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.</li> <li>■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.</li> <li>■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.</li> <li>■ Updated the notes for Table 47.</li> <li>■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 28</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 33</li> </ul>
November 2013	3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> </ul>
October 2013	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59</li> <li>■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3</li> <li>■ Added the “Transceiver Characterization” section</li> <li>■ Removed all “Preliminary” designations.</li> </ul>