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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	317000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	840000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	696
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1517-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxea9k2h40i3n

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Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB (2)	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:		4.05			
■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps.	All	1.05			
■ DFE is used.					
If ANY of the following conditions are true (1):			3.0		
ATX PLL is used.					
■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps.	All	1.0			
■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.				1.5	V
If ALL of the following	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
conditions are true: ATX PLL is not used.					
■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		
DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used.					

Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

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Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2) (1)

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.189	
		2.5	0.208	
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	1.8	0.266	%/°C
	Willout recalibration	1.5	0.273	1
		1.2	0.317	

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to $85^\circ\text{C}.$

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	pF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	pF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15. Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN (DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μΑ
I _{IOPIN (AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

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Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Мах
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	_	V _{CCIO} /2	_
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	_	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	_{c)} (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I (mA)	I _{oh}
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I _{ol} (mA)	(mA)
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCIO} - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	_	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_
SSTL-125 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	_	_

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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(D(}	; ₎ (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	l _{oh}
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I _{OI} (IIIA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCIO}	_	

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{CCIO} (V)		V _{SWIN}	V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)	V _{SWING(}	_{AC)} (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.2	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.175	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	_	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O			V) V _{DIF(DC)} (V)				V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
Standard	Min	lin Typ Max Min Max Min		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max		
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2		0.68	_	0.9	0.68		0.9	0.4	_

⁽¹⁾ The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)})$ and $V_{IL(DC)})$.

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Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)			V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	_	0.5* V _{CCIO}	_	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCIO} - 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCIO} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	_{CIO} (V)	(10)	V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾				V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			D (V) (6)	V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Trar	nsmitte						of the high-s I/O pin speci							. For
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} =	_	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247		0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS (1)	2.373	2.3	2.023	100	1.25 V		1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	_	0.3	_	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4	_	_	_	300	_	_	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
), (9)	_	_	_	300	_	_	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6	_	_	_	_	_	_

Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 $\rm V.$

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus[®] II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Page 18 Switching Characteristics

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	ference 1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, ar								/DS, and	
Statiuatus	RX reference clock pin			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (8)	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (8)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ne
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Duty cycle	_	45		55	45	_	55	45		55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	_	33	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz

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Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

⁽¹⁾ The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

⁽²⁾ The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

⁽³⁾ The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform

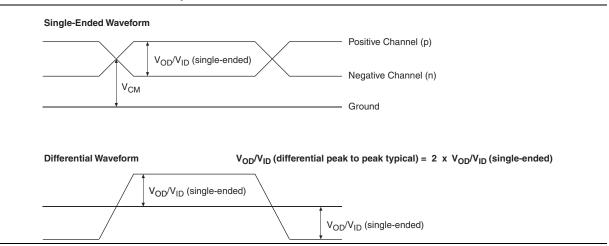


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90	
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) ⁽¹⁸⁾	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110	
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁵⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	_		1.4-V PCML	, 1.5-V PCML	_, 2.5-V PCI	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	6
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽³⁾	GT channels	_	_	1.2		_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V
differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomiguration ', ' /	GX channels				(8)		•	•
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins ⁽⁴⁾ , ⁽²⁰⁾	GX channels				(8)			

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5) $^{(1)}$

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip	GT channels	_	100	_		100	<u> </u>	Ω
termination resistors	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>	
\/	GT channels	_	500	_	_	500	_	mV
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GX channels			•	(8)		<u>'</u>	
Diag/Fall time	GT channels	_	15	_	_	15	_	ps
Rise/Fall time	GX channels		<u>I</u>		(8)			
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels				(8)			
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels				(8)			
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels							
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	8500	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL								
	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	_	6600	4000	_	6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate	L=8	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
Range for GX Channels	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	_	14025	9800	_	12890	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
fPLL			•					
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	_	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} (13)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description Conditions			Transceivei peed Grade		T Sp	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t_{LTB} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000 Ω ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Table 29 shows the $\ensuremath{V_{\text{OD}}}$ settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{0D} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V _{OD} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0	0
	1	200
V _{op} differential peak to peak typical ⁽¹⁾	2	400
400 miletelitial hear to hear thical (1)	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

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Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

		Peformance									
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit			
	Modes using Three DSPs										
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz			
Modes using Four DSPs											
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz			

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

	Resources Used					Pe	erforman	ce			
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C 1	C2, C2L	C 3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

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Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.



The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

_														
Cumbal	Conditions		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, I3L	., I3YY	C4,I4			Unit
Symbol	Conuntions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ullit
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5		520	5	_	520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5		800	5	_	800	5		625 (5)	5		525 (5)	MHz

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Table 46.	JTAG Timino	Parameters a	nd Values	for Stratix V Devices
-----------	-------------	--------------	-----------	-----------------------

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	_	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	_	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	_	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	_	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) (4), (5)
	ECCVAO	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
	5SGXA3	H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Chrotin V CT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GT	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504
	FCCCD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctrativ V CC	5SGSD4	_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	_	293,441,888	565,528

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Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}		
Stratix V E (1)	5SEE9	_	342,742,976	700,888		
Stratix V L ()	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888		

Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

	Member Code		Active Serial (1))	Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾			
Variant		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084	
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084	
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085	
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085	
	В9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084	
G1	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084	

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Remote System Upgrades

Table 56 lists the timing parameter specifications for the remote system upgrade circuitry.

Table 56. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	
t _{RU_nCONFIG} (1)	250	_	ns	
t _{RU_nRSTIMER} (2)	250	_	ns	

Notes to Table 56:

- (1) This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the Remote System Upgrade State Machine section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (2) This is equivalent to strobing the reset_timer input of the ALTREMOTE_UPDATE megafunction high for the minimum timing specification. For more information, refer to the User Watchdog Timer section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification

Table 57 lists the operating range of the 12.5-MHz internal oscillator.

Table 57. 12.5-MHz Internal Oscillator Specifications

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz	

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O Timing and the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

Excel-based I/O timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II Timing Analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route.

You can download the Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet from the Stratix V Devices Documentation web page.

Programmable IOE Delay

Table 58 lists the Stratix V IOE programmable delay settings.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Doromotor Avoilable		Min	Fast	Slow Model								
(1)	Parameter Available Settings	Offset	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D1	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D2	32	0	0.230	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.459	0.503	0.417	0.456	0.500	ns

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Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage
	V _{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
Χ		
Υ		_
Z		

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Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
,		■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		■ Added Table 33
		■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
D	0.5	■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
December 2012	2.5	■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		■ Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		■ Added "Initialization"
		■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
	2.4	■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012		■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		Various edits throughout to fix bugs.
		■ Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.
		■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Navarahar 0044	2.1	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
November 2011		■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
		■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		■ Minor text edits.
	1.1	■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010		Converted chapter to the new template.
		■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.