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# Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

## **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	41984000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1760-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1760-FCBGA (42.5x42.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxeb5r1f43c2l

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

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Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
t Power cumply ramp	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μs	_	100 ms	_
LRAMP	Fower supply rainp line	Fast POR	200 μs	_	4 ms	_

#### Notes to Table 6:

- (1)  $V_{CCPD}$  must be 2.5 V when  $V_{CCIO}$  is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V.  $V_{CCPD}$  must be 3.0 V when  $V_{CCIO}$  is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V<sub>CCBAT</sub> to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V<sub>CCBAT</sub>. Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V<sub>CCBAT</sub> stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum <sup>(4)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit	
V <sub>CCA_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
(1), (3)	side)	७४, ७७, ७१	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
V <sub>CCA_GXBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
$(1), (\overline{3})$	side)	রম, রহ	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
V <sub>CCA_GTBR</sub>	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V	
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub>	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
$V_{\text{CCHIP}\_R}$	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V	
V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub>	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V	
			0.82	0.85	0.88		
V <sub>CCR_GXBL</sub>	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	CV CC CT	0.87	0.90	0.93	V	
(2)	Treceiver arialog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.97	1.0	1.03		
			1.03	1.05	1.07		

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Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(D(</sub>	; <sub>)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(D</sub>	<sub>C)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>ol</sub> (mA)	l <sub>oh</sub>
i/O Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	I <sub>OI</sub> (IIIA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	_	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.13	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.13	_	V <sub>REF</sub> – 0.22	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.22	0.1* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.9* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	_	

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>SWIN</sub>	V <sub>SWING(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>SWING(AC)</sub> (V)	
I/O Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.2	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.2	0.62	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.175	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.175	0.5	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.6	
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	_	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	0.35	_	
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	2(V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 – 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2 + 0.15	2(V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> - V <sub>REF</sub> )	_	
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V <sub>REF</sub> -0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> /2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	-0.30	0.30	

### Note to Table 20:

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O		V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>DIF(</sub>	<sub>DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(</sub>	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_	
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2		0.68	_	0.9	0.68		0.9	0.4	_	

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum value for  $V_{SWING(DC)}$  is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits  $(V_{IH(DC)})$  and  $V_{IL(DC)})$ .

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices  $^{(1)}$  (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCMI	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) before device configuration (22)	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak-	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 1.0 \text{ V}/1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.70 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p- p) after device	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.90 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$		_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
configuration <sup>(18)</sup> , (22)	$V_{CCR\_GXB} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ $(V_{ICM} = 0.6 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (6), (22), (27)	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	85	_	_	mV

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Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed e 1	Trar	sceive Grade	r Speed 2	Tran	sceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	ı	ı	500	_	ı	500	_	_	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	12500	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs
ATX PLL											
	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	_	14100	8000	_	12500	8000	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Currented Date	L=4	4000	_	7050	4000	_	6600	4000		6600	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range	L=8	2000	_	3525	2000	_	3300	2000	_	3300	Mbps
Ç	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	1000	_	1762.5	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	μs
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (16)	_			10	_		10	_		10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	_	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	600	_	3250/ 3125 <sup>(25)</sup>	Mbps
t <sub>pll_powerdown</sub> (15)	_	1	_	_	1	_	_	1	_		μs

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive Speed Grade			r 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	<b>5</b>
Reference Clock	l		<u>I</u>	U.			<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	1L, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P(	CML, 2.5-V I and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS
otandardo	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML	., 1.5-V PCN	IL, 2.5-V PC	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	3
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	_	100	_	710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	_	_	400	_	_	400	
Fall time	80% to 20%	_	_	400	_	<u> </u>	400	ps
Duty cycle	_	45	_	55	45	_	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle		0 to -0.5	_	_	0 to -0.5	_	%
On-chip termination resistors (19)	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	_	-0.4	_	_	-0.4		_	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 <sup>(2)</sup> 109			050/1000	2)	mV	
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85	(22)	1.	0/0.9/0.85	(22)	V
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol/	Conditions	S	Transceive peed Grade			Transceive Deed Grade		Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1		
	100 Hz	_	_	-70	_	_	-70			
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz	_	_	-90		_	-90			
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz	_	_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz		
MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 kHz	_	_	-110	_	_	-110			
	≥1 MHz		_	-120	_		-120	1		
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCle)	_	_	3	_	_	3	ps (rms)		
RREF (17)	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω		
Transceiver Clocks										
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	_	100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz		
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency		100	_	125	100		125	MHz		
Receiver										
Supported I/O Standards	_	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS								
Data rate (Standard PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps		
Data rate (10G PCS) (21)	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps		
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	_	28,050	19,600	_	25,780	Mbps		
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	_	_	1.2		_	1.2	V		
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V		
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels		_	1.6	_		1.6	V		
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)					
	GT channels									
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration (16), (20)	$V_{CCR\_GTB} = 1.05 \text{ V} $ $(V_{ICM} = 0.65 \text{ V})$	_	_	2.2	_	_	2.2	V		
oomiguration ', ' /	GX channels				(8)		•	•		
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_	_	200		_	mV		
eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)					

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Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceivei peed Grade		Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t <sub>pll_lock</sub> (14)	_	_	_	10	_	_	10	μs

#### Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the *Stratix V Device Overview*.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR\_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t<sub>LTB</sub> is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) tLTD is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t<sub>LTD\_manual</sub> is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx\_is\_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t<sub>LTR\_LTD\_manual</sub> is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx\_is\_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V<sub>ID</sub> after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V<sub>MAX</sub> for receiver pin V<sub>ICM</sub>).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000  $\Omega$  ±1%.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20\*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR\_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

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- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

## **Core Performance Specifications**

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

## **Clock Tree Specifications**

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices (1)

	Performance								
Symbol	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	Unit					
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz					
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz					

### Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

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Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f	RES	Resolution of VCO frequency (f <sub>INPFD</sub> = 100 MHz)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

#### Notes to Table 31:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f<sub>MAX</sub> or f<sub>OUT</sub> of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4)  $f_{REF}$  is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10<sup>-12</sup> (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
  - a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz \le Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
  - b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f<sub>VCO</sub> specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The  $f_{VCO}$  for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be  $\geq$  1000 MHz, while  $f_{VCO}$  for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be  $\geq$  1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f<sub>VCO</sub> for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be ≥ 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f<sub>VCO</sub> for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be ≥ 1200 MHz.

## **DSP Block Specifications**

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

			F	Peformano	e			
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ι	ısing one	DSP				
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two I	OSPs				•
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

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Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

		Peformance						
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs	•			
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
Modes using Four DSPs								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

## **Memory Block Specifications**

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

		Resources Used		Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, I2L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

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Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

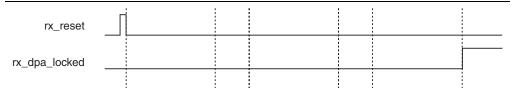


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only (1), (2), (3)

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions <sup>(4)</sup>	Maximum
SPI-4	0000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
Faranei napiu 1/0	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
IVIISCEIIAIIEOUS	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

#### Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate  $\geq$  1.25 Gbps

LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification

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## **Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications**

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins (1)

Symbol	C	1	C2, C2	L, I2, I2L		3, I3L, 3YY	C4	1,14	Unit
-	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

#### Note to Table 44:

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## **POR Delay Specification**

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification (1)

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

### Note to Table 45:

## **JTAG Configuration Specifications**

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period (2)	30	_	ns
t <sub>JCP</sub>	TCK clock period (2)	167	_	ns
t <sub>JCH</sub>	TCK clock high time (2)	14	_	ns
t <sub>JCL</sub>	TCK clock low time (2)	14	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TDI)</sub>	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	_	ns
t <sub>JPSU (TMS)</sub>	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	_	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

<sup>(1)</sup> You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

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Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 2 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

#### Note to Table 49:

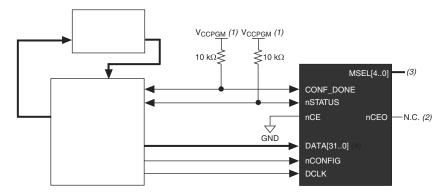
(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.



If the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio -1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



### Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V<sub>CCPGM</sub> must be high enough to meet the V<sub>IH</sub> specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V<sub>CCPGM</sub>.
- (2) You can leave the nceo pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nce pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP  $\times 8$ , use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP  $\times 16$ , use DATA [15..0].

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Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μ\$
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(3)</sup>	μ\$
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μ\$
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (6)	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μ\$
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (4)	175	437	μS
+	GOVER DOVER high to GUVERN anabled	4 × maximum		
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_

#### Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nstatus low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

## FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

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Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1  $^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nconfig low to conf_done low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nconfig low to nstatus low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nconfig high to nstatus high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nconfig high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	N-1/f <sub>DCLK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	_	S
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	_	125	MHz
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	_	100	MHz
t <sub>R</sub>	Input rise time	_	40	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Input fall time	_	40	ns
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>CD2CU</sub> + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

### Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nconfig or nstatus low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and  $f_{DCLK}$  is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nstatus is monitored, follow the  $t_{status}$  specification. If nstatus is not monitored, follow the  $t_{cfack}$  specification.

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## **Active Serial Configuration Timing**

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

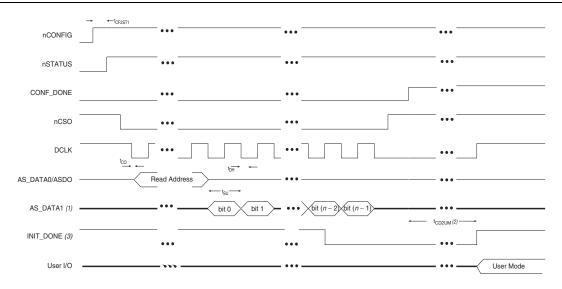
Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

#### Notes to Table 52:

- This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.
- (2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



### Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS\_DATA [3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or  ${\tt CLKUSR}$  pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the  $INIT\_DONE$  pin is configured into the device, the  $INIT\_DONE$  goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS  $\times 1$  and AS  $\times 4$  configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS  $\times$ 1 and AS  $\times$ 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CO</sub>	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATAO/ASDO output	_	2	ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	_	ns
t <sub>H</sub>	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	_	ns

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Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μS
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> (5)	nstatus high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	_	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	_	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	_	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μ\$
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum  DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{\text{CD2CU}} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \text{ period})^{(4)}$	_	_

### Notes to Table 54:

- (1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.
- (5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

## Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP (2)	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

### Notes to Table 55:

- $(1) \quad \text{The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization}.$
- (2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

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Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter	Available	Min	Fast Model		Slow Model							
(1)	Settings	Offset (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

### Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## **Programmable Output Buffer Delay**

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
		0 (default)	ps
D	Rising and/or falling edge delay	25	ps
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>		50	ps
		75	ps

### Note to Table 59:

## **Glossary**

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions		
Α				
В	_	_		
С				
D				
E				
	f <sub>HSCLK</sub>	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.		
F	f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> = 1/TUI), non-DPA.		
	f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> = 1/TUI), DPA.		

<sup>(1)</sup> You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

Page 70 Document Revision History

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to the V <sub>CC</sub> description in Table 6.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade to V <sub>CCHIP_L</sub> , V <sub>CCHIP_R</sub> , V <sub>CCHSSI_L</sub> , and V <sub>CCHSSI_R</sub> descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		■ Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		■ Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		■ Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		■ Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014	3.3	■ Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		■ Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		■ Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		■ Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		■ Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		■ Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		■ Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		■ Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		■ Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		■ Updated Table 23 VO <sub>CM</sub> (DC Coupled) condition.
		■ Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		■ Updated the notes for Table 47.
		■ Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	■ Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	■ Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	■ Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	■ Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
0		■ Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	■ Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		■ Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		■ Removed all "Preliminary" designations.

Document Revision History Page 71

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46
		■ Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"
		■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35
		■ Added Table 33
		■ Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"
D	0.5	■ Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"
December 2012	2.5	■ Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"
		■ Added "Remote System Upgrades"
		■ Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"
		■ Added "Initialization"
		■ Added "Raw Binary File Size"
		■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.
June 2012	2.4	■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.
		<ul><li>Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li></ul>
		■ Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.
		■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Navarah ay 0044	0.4	■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.
November 2011	2.1	■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
		■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.
May 2011	2.0	■ Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.
		■ Chapter moved to Volume 1.
		■ Minor text edits.
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	1.1	Converted chapter to the new template.
		■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.