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Intel - 5SGXEB5R3F43C4N Datasheet



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Details

Detuns	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	185000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	490000
Total RAM Bits	41984000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1760-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1760-FCBGA (42.5x42.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxeb5r3f43c4n

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Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB ⁽²⁾	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true:	All	1.05			
 Data rate > 10.3 Gbps. DFE is used. 	All	1.05			
If ANY of the following conditions are true ⁽¹⁾ :			3.0		
ATX PLL is used.					
■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps.	All	1.0			
■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used.				1.5	V
If ALL of the following	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
conditions are true:ATX PLL is not used.					
■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps.	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		
 DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used. 					

Notes to Table 8:

(1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.

(2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/	0 Pin Leakage	Current for Stratix 	/ Devices ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30	—	30	μA
I _{0Z}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_0 = 0 V \text{ to } V_{\text{CCIOMAX}}$	-30		30	μA

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_0 = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 μ A of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

							Va	CI0	-		-		
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	1.2	2 V	1.	5 V	1.8	B V	2.	5 V	3.0	V	Unit
			Min	Max									
Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	22.5	_	25.0	_	30.0	_	50.0	_	70.0	_	μA
High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (minimum)	-22.5	_	-25.0	_	-30.0	_	-50.0	_	-70.0	_	μA
Low overdrive current	I _{odl}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	_	120	_	160	_	200	_	300	_	500	μA
High overdrive current	I _{odh}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCI0}		-120		-160	_	-200		-300	_	-500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{trip}	_	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol Description				Calibratio	n Accuracy		
Symbol			C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

			Resistance Tolerance				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} \,=\, R_{SCAL} \Big(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SCAL}}$ with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13.	OCT Variation after Power-U	Calibration for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV		1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dT		3.0	0.189	
	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	%/°C
		1.5	0.273	
		1.2	0.317	

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)⁽¹⁾

Note to Table 13:

(1) Valid for a V_{CCIO} range of $\pm 5\%$ and a temperature range of 0° to 85°C.

Pin Capacitance

Table 14 lists the Stratix V device family pin capacitance.

Table 14. Pin Capacitance for Stratix V Devices

Symbol Description		Value	Unit
C _{IOTB}	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	6	pF
C _{IOLR}	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	6	рF
C _{OUTFB}	Input capacitance on dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	6	рF

Hot Socketing

Table 15 lists the hot socketing specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 15.	Hot Socketing Specifications for Stratix V Devices
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Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN (DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
I _{IOPIN (AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA ⁽¹⁾
I _{XCVR-TX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver transmitter pin	100 mA
I _{XCVR-RX (DC)}	DC current per transceiver receiver pin	50 mA

Note to Table 15:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{10PIN}| = C dv/dt$, in which C is the I/O pin capacitance and dv/dt is the slew rate.

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R _{PU}	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option.	1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Notes to Table 16:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.

(2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k Ω .

- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a $\pm 10\%$ tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

I/O		V _{ccio} (V)		V	L (V)	VIH	(V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	IOL	I _{oh}
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mÅ)
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCI0} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCI0}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCI0} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCI0}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCI0}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCI0}	0.75 * V _{CCI0}	2	-2

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DI}	_{c)} (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{ol} (V)	V _{oh} (V)	I (mA)	I _{oh}
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	l _{oi} (mA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCI0}	0.75* V _{CCI0}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCI0}	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCI0}	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{SWIN}	_{G(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{swing(} ,	_{AC)} (V)
ijo Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.2	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCI0} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.175	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI0} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCIO} /2- 0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)} \text{ and } V_{IL(DC)})$.

I/O	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(I}	_{DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.68	_	0.9	0.68	_	0.9	0.4	_

I/O	I/O V _{ccio} (V)			V _{DIF(}	_{DC)} (V)	V _{X(AC)} (V)				V _{CM(DC)} (V)	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	_	0.5* V _{CCI0}	_	0.4* V _{CCI0}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCI0} - 0.12	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.5*V _{CCI0} + 0.12	0.4* V _{CCIO}	0.5* V _{CCIO}	0.6* V _{CCIO}	0.44	0.44

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	_{cio} (V)	(10)	V _{ID} (mV) ⁽⁸⁾				V _{ICM(DC)} (V)		Vo	_D (V) (5)	V _{OCM} (V) ⁽⁶⁾		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Tran	ismitte					•	of the high-s I/O pin speci	•						For
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} =	_	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS ⁽¹⁾	2.375	2.0	2.025	100	1.25 V	_	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_		—	_	_	_		_		
RSDS (HIO) ⁽²⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	_	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) ⁽³⁾	2.375	2.5	2.625	200		600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4			_	300		_	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8		_	_			
), (9)		_		300	_	_	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6		_	_			—

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus[®] II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	Transceiver S	necifications (for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Trai	isceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and
Standards	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS								
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁸⁾	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal ⁽²⁶⁾	_	_	400	_		400	_		400	μο
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe [®])	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL ⁽²⁾)		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 ⁽³⁾	14.1	—	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 ⁽³⁾	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback ⁽⁴⁾	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide		_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
VN (Native DHV ID)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
xN (Native PHY IP)	_	8.01 to 9.8304	Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.55	7.55	and below PLL	3.120	0.120	and below PLL

Notes to Table 24:

(1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

(2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

(3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

(4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.



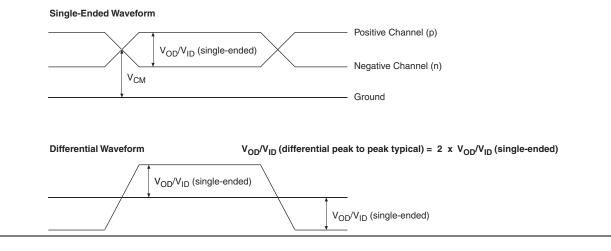


Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes us	ing Three	DSPs				
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
Modes using Four DSPs								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resour	Resources Used		Performance						
		ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
MLAB	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth ⁽³⁾	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

i ani o o o i i i i gii	-Speed I/U Specifica		C1				2, I2L		-	., I3YY		C4,I	A	
Symbol	Conditions				-	-	-		-	-		-		Unit
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{duty}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t _{rise} & t _{fall}	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks			250			250			250			300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_		300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150		1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150		1600	150		1600	150		1600	150		1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDRDPA} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps

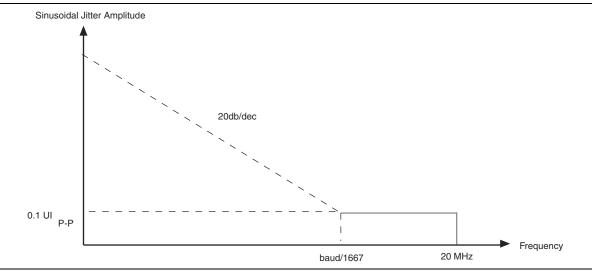
Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

Jitter Fre	quency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

Table 38.	LVDS Soft-CDR/D	PA Sinusoidal	Jitter Mask Valu	es for a Data Ra	te > 1.25 Gbps
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Figure 9 shows the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.





DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

(1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,14		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT}(\text{duty})}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (Part 2 of 2) (2), (3)

Notes to Table 42:

(1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.

(3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

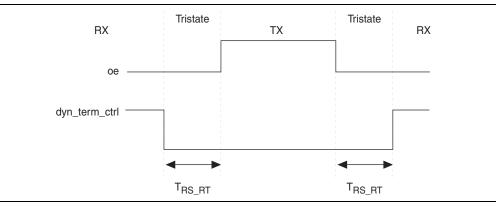
Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks		_	20	MHz
T _{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT $\rm R_S/R_T$ calibration	_	1000	_	Cycles
T _{OCTSHIFT}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	_	Cycles
T _{RS_RT}	Time required between the dyn_term_ctrl and oe signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	_	2.5		ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the oe and dyn_term_ctrl signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals



	Member Code		Active Serial (1))	Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾			
Variant		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
GS		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
65	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093	
Е	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 48:

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[]ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[]ratio for each combination.

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×8	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×16	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

 Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t _{status}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽³⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS
t _{ST2CK} ⁽⁶⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45\times1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45\times1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽⁴⁾	175	437	μS
+	CONTRACT high to an union analysis	4 × maximum		
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	—	
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + \\ (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \\ \text{period}) \ ^{(5)} \end{array}$	_	_

Notes to Table 50:

(1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	—
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{cd2cu} + (8576 × clkusr period)	_	—

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 53:

(1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

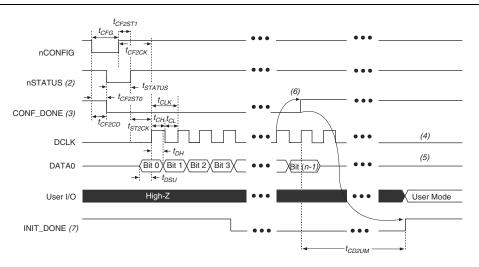
(2) t_{CF2CD}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF6}, t_{STATUS}, and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.

(3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform ⁽¹⁾



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds <code>nSTATUS</code> low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes	
June 2018	3.9	 Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure. 	
		 Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 	
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table. 	
		 Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 	
April 2017	3.8	 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table 	
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 	
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 	
		 Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table. 	
June 2016	3.7	 Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table 	
Julie 2010	3.7	 Added the I_{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table. 	
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.	
December 2015		 Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 	
December 2015	3.5	 Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table. 	
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:	
		 "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" 	
		 "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate" 	
		 "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate" 	
July 2015	3.4	 Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 	
		 Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 	
		 Changed the t_{co} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table. 	
		 Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 	

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
	114 3.3	■ Changed the Max value of f _{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014		 Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		 Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		 Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		 Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		 Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		 Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		 Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		 Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		 Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		 Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		 Updated the notes for Table 47.
		 Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	 Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
	2.8	 Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013		 Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		 Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		 Removed all "Preliminary" designations.