Intel - 5SGXEB6R2F40I3LN Datasheet

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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxeb6r2f40i3ln

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	–0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	–0.5	3.4	V
V_I	DC input voltage	–0.5	3.8	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	–55	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	–65	150	°C
I_{OUT}	DC output current per pin	–25	40	mA

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	–0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	–0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	–0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to –2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum (4)	Typical	Maximum (4)	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} (2)	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} (2)	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

(1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.

(2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.

(3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.

(4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	V_I = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	–30	—	30	µA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	V_O = 0 V to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	–30	—	30	µA

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_O = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 µA of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{CCIO}										Unit
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	µA
High sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	–22.5	—	–25.0	—	–30.0	—	–50.0	—	–70.0	—	µA
Low overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	µA
High overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	–120	—	–160	—	–200	—	–300	—	–500	µA
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
25-Ω R_S	Internal series termination with calibration (25-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
50-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R_S	Internal series termination without calibration (50-Ω setting)	V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R_D	Internal differential termination (100-Ω setting)	V_{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices *(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)*

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL}\left(1 + \langle\frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T\rangle \pm \langle\frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V\rangle\right)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

(1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO}.
(2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
(3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
(4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
(5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
(6) dR/dV is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2) *(1)*

Symbol	Description	V_{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	3.0	0.0297	%/mV
		2.5	0.0344	
		1.8	0.0499	
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} – 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * VCCIO	0.51 * V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.53 * V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V_{CCIO}	0.5 * V_{CCIO}	0.51 * V_{CCIO}	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IH(DC)}$ (V)		$V_{IL(AC)}$ (V)	$V_{IH(AC)}$ (V)	V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{ol} (mA)	I_{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.31	V_{REF} + 0.31	V_{TT} – 0.608	V_{TT} + 0.608	8.1	–8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.31	V_{REF} + 0.31	V_{TT} – 0.81	V_{TT} + 0.81	16.2	–16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	V_{TT} – 0.603	V_{TT} + 0.603	6.7	–6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	–0.3	V_{REF} – 0.125	V_{REF} + 0.125	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	V_{REF} – 0.25	V_{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V_{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	–13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.175	V_{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	8	–8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.175	V_{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	16	–16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V_{REF} – 0.09	V_{REF} + 0.09	—	V_{REF} – 0.16	V_{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V_{REF} – 0.85	V_{REF} + 0.85	—	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V_{REF} – 0.1	V_{REF} + 0.1	—	V_{REF} – 0.15	V_{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V_{CCIO}	0.8 * V_{CCIO}	—	—

You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices (1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL									
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (8)	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (8)	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal (26)	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal (26)	—	—	400	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe®)	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate *(1), (3)*

Mode *(2)*	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
		PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
FIFO	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Notes to Table 25:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

(3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate *(1)*

Mode *(2)*	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	**64**	**66/67**	**50**	**40**	**64/66/67**	**32**
FIFO or Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps					
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade						
		C4, I4 core speed grade						
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps					

Notes to Table 26:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform

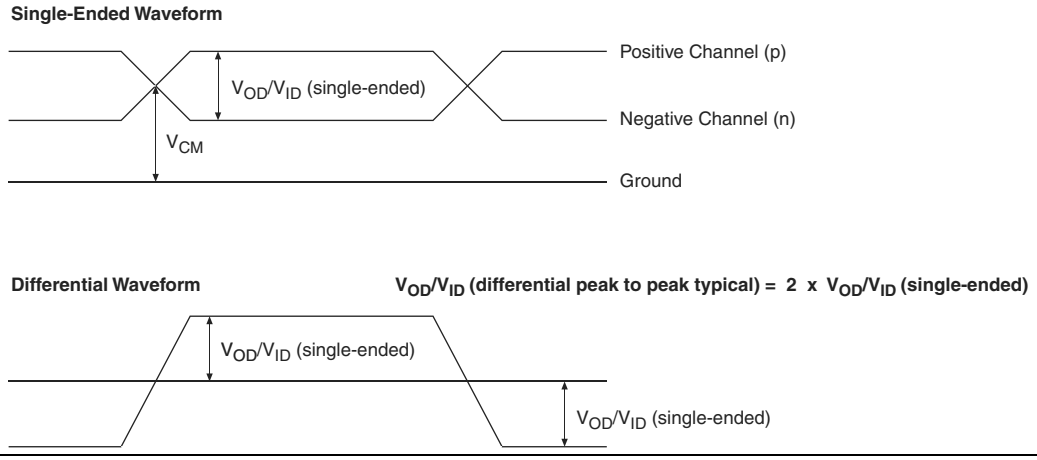


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)

Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) (6)	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) (6)	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5	—	—	0 to –0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors (19)	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} (3)	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 (2)			1050/1000 (2)			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			1.0/0.9/0.85 (22)			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) (1)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors (7)	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels (19)	85-Ω setting	—	85 ± 30%	—	—	85 ± 30%	—	Ω
	100-Ω setting	—	100 ± 30%	—	—	100 ± 30%	—	Ω
	120-Ω setting	—	120 ± 30%	—	—	120 ± 30%	—	Ω
	150-Ω setting	—	150 ± 30%	—	—	150 ± 30%	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t_{LTR} (9)	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	µs
t_{LTD} (10)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_manual} (11)	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_manual}$ (12)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	(8)						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) (5)	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Programmable DC gain (6)	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	(8)						
Differential on-chip termination resistors (7)	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

Table 29 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GT channel.

Table 29. Typical V_{OD} Setting for GT Channel, TX Termination = 100 Ω

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting	V_{OD} Value (mV)
V_{OD} differential peak to peak typical (1)	0	0
	1	200
	2	400
	3	600
	4	800
	5	1000

Note:

(1) Refer to Figure 4.

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Peformance							Unit
	C1	C2, C2L	I2, I2L	C3	I3, I3L, I3YY	C4	I4	
Modes using Three DSPs								
One complex 18 x 25	425	425	415	340	340	275	265	MHz
Modes using Four DSPs								
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
MLAB	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
	Simple dual-port, x16 depth (3)	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

☞ The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards (3)	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625	5	—	525	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 (4)	5	—	520	5	—	520	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz
f_{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	800	5	—	800	5	—	625 (5)	5	—	525 (5)	MHz

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

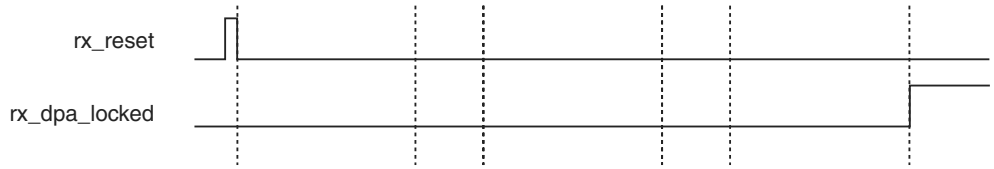


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only *(1), (2), (3)*

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions *(4)*	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

(1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
(2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
(3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
(4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the **LVDS** soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the **LVDS** soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

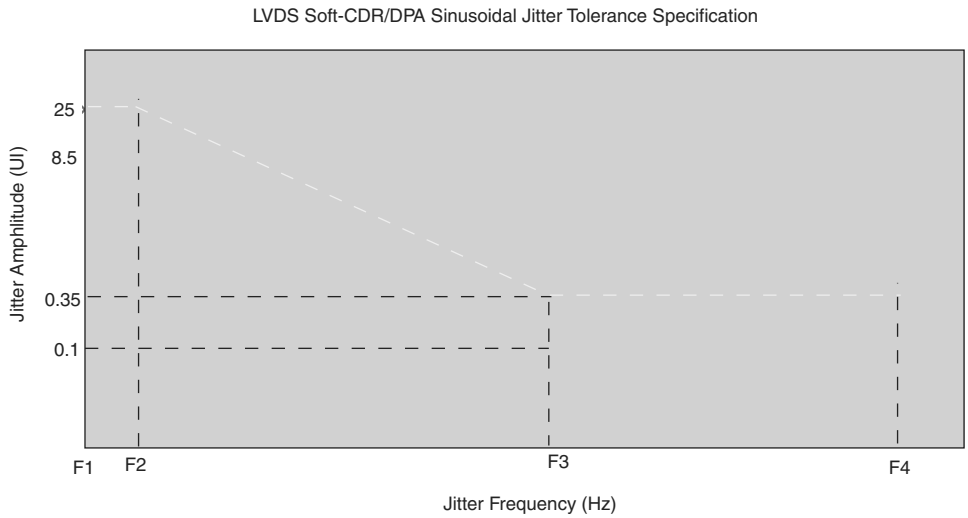


Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

(1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is [625 ps + (10 × 10 ps) ± 20 ps] = 725 ps ± 20 ps.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Stratix V Devices (1)

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is ±78 ps or ±39 ps.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3) (Part 1 of 2)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial (1)			Fast Passive Parallel (2)		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GS	D3	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	D5	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	D6	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
	D8	4	100	0.741	32	100	0.093
E	E9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	EB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107

Notes to Table 48:

(1) DCLK frequency of 100 MHz using external CLKUSR.

(2) Max FPGA FPP bandwidth may exceed bandwidth available from some external storage or control logic.

Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing

This section describes the fast passive parallel (FPP) configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio for FPP Configuration

FPP configuration requires a different DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio when you enable the design security, decompression, or both features. Table 49 lists the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio for each combination.

Table 49. DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio (1) (Part 1 of 2)

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
FPP ×8	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	1
	Enabled	Disabled	2
	Enabled	Enabled	2
FPP ×16	Disabled	Disabled	1
	Disabled	Enabled	2
	Enabled	Disabled	4
	Enabled	Enabled	4

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme (1), (2)

Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

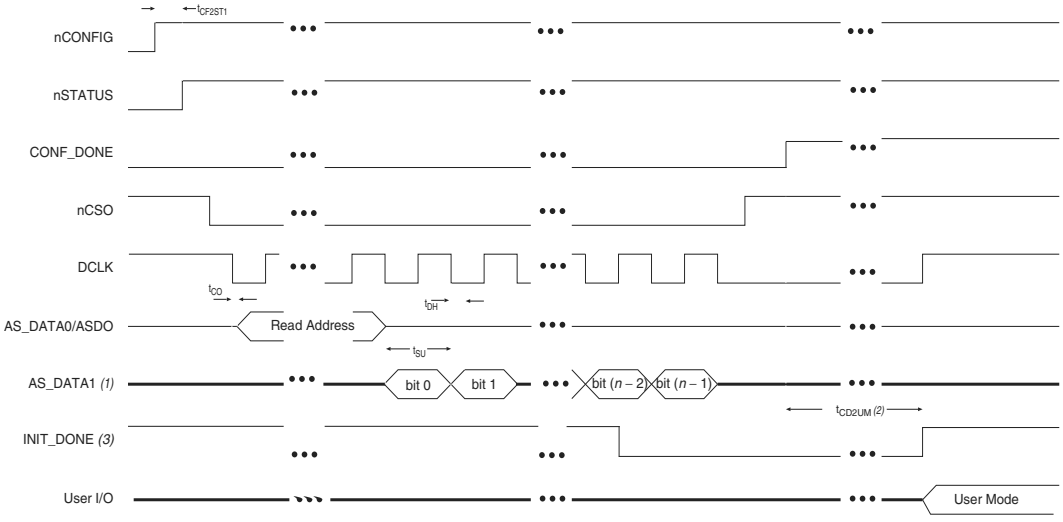
Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.

Figure 14. AS Configuration Timing



Notes to Figure 14:

(1) If you are using AS ×4 mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.

(2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.

(3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 configurations in Stratix V devices.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t_{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	—	ns
t_{H}	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	—	ns

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

(1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.

(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D_{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

(1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A B C	—	—
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f_{HSCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f_{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum **LVDS** data transfer rate (f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum **LVDS** data transfer rate ($f_{HSDRDPA}$ = 1/TUI), DPA.