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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (Tj)
Package / Case	1760-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1760-FCBGA (42.5x42.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxeb6r2f43c2ln

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μ s	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 μ s	—	4 ms	—

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT} . Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL} ^{(1), (3)}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V_{CCA_GXR} ^{(1), (3)}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V_{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCR_GXBL} ⁽²⁾	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCR_GXBR} ⁽²⁾	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCT_GXBL} ⁽²⁾	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GXBR} ⁽²⁾	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	
V_{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply	GT	1.02	1.05	1.08	V
V_{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
V_{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	1.425	1.5	1.575	V

Notes to Table 7:

- (1) This supply must be connected to 3.0 V if the CMU PLL, receiver CDR, or both, are configured at a base data rate > 6.5 Gbps. Up to 6.5 Gbps, you can connect this supply to either 3.0 V or 2.5 V.
- (2) Refer to Table 8 to select the correct power supply level for your design.
- (3) When using ATX PLLs, the supply must be 3.0 V.
- (4) This value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	I _{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max						
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	—	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	I _{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25*	V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25*	V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSUL-12	—	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	—	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1*	V _{CCIO}	0.9*	—

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.2	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.175	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(¹)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	0.35	—
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(¹)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} – V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} – V _{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(¹)	V _{CCIO} /2 – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} – V _{REF})	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{CCIO} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

- (1) The maximum value for V_{SWING(DC)} is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits (V_{IH(DC)} and V_{IL(DC)}).

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽²⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled) ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁷⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R _{REF} ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	1800 ±1%	—	—	180 0 ±1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	—	100	—	125	100	—	125	100	—	125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Data rate (Standard PCS) ^{(9), (23)}	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9), (23)}	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin ⁽⁵⁾	—	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration ^{(18), (22)}	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}/1.05\text{ V}$ ($V_{ICM} = 0.70\text{ V}$)	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	—	—	2.0	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90\text{ V}$ ($V_{ICM} = 0.6\text{ V}$)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ ($V_{ICM} = 0.6\text{ V}$)	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	—	—	2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22), (27)}	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	85	—	—	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽²⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μ s
t _{LTD} ⁽¹²⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹³⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽¹⁰⁾	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML									
Data rate (Standard PCS)	—	600	—	12200	600	—	12200	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	—	600	—	14100	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Differential on- chip termination resistors	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	—	85 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	—	100 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	—	120 \pm 20%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	—	150 \pm 20%	—	Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Rise time ⁽⁷⁾	20% to 80%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30	—	160	30	—	160	30	—	160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps

Table 26 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the 10G PCS.

Table 26. Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate ⁽¹⁾

Mode ⁽²⁾	Transceiver Speed Grade	PMA Width	64	40	40	40	32	32
		PCS Width	64	66/67	50	40	64/66/67	32
FIFO or Register	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	14.1	14.1	10.69	14.1	13.6	13.6
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	12.5	12.5
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	12.5	12.5	10.69	12.5	10.88	10.88
	3	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5 Gbps					
		C3, I3, I3L core speed grade						
		C4, I4 core speed grade						
		I3YY core speed grade	10.3125 Gbps					

Notes to Table 26:

- (1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.
- (2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

Figure 2 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.

Figure 2. Differential Transmitter Output Waveform

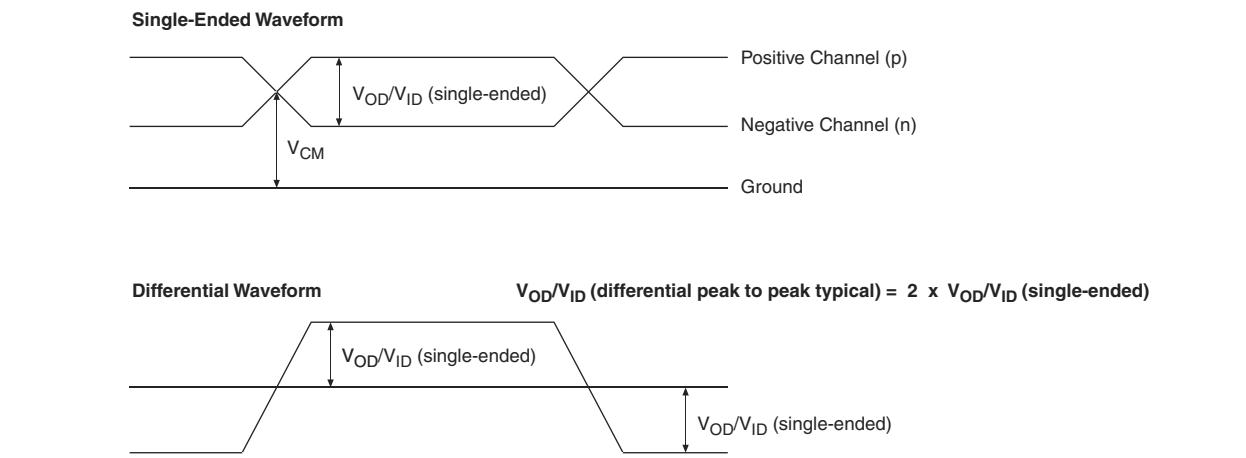


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)



Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	—	800 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	—	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{FINPFD}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	—	160	MHz
$f_{VCO}^{(9)}$	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	—	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	—	800 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	—	—	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	—	—	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$f_{DYCONFIGCLK}$	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of <code>areset</code>	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth ⁽⁷⁾	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the <code>areset</code> signal	10	—	—	ns

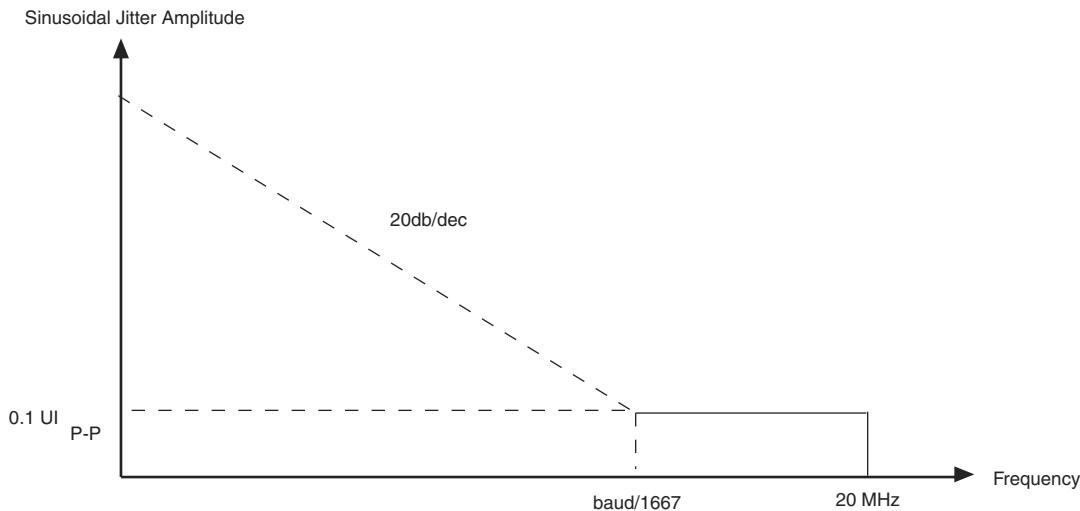
Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)} (Part 3 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t _{DUTY}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
t _{RISE} & t _{FALL}	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	160	—	—	160	—	—	200	—	—	200	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	250	—	—	300	ps
TCCS	True Differential I/O Standards	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	ps
	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
Receiver														
True Differential I/O Standards - f _{HSDRDPA} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 ^{(11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)}	150	—	1434	150	—	1434	150	—	1250	150	—	1050	Mbps
	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA ^{(12), (14), (15), (16)}	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1600	150	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	(6)	—	(7)	Mbps

Table 38. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

Jitter Frequency (Hz)	Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000
F2	17,565
F3	1,493,000
F4	50,000,000

Figure 9 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate < 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 9. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate < 1.25 Gbps

DLL Range, DQS Logic Block, and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications

Table 39 lists the DLL range specification for Stratix V devices. The DLL is always in 8-tap mode in Stratix V devices.

Table 39. DLL Range Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1)

C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
300-933	300-933	300-890	300-890	MHz

Note to Table 39:

- (1) Stratix V devices support memory interface frequencies lower than 300 MHz, although the reference clock that feeds the DLL must be at least 300 MHz. To support interfaces below 300 MHz, multiply the reference clock feeding the DLL to ensure the frequency is within the supported range of the DLL.

Table 40 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Stratix V devices.

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C1	8	14	ps
C2, C2L, I2, I2L	8	14	ps
C3,I3, I3L, I3YY	8	15	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾, (Part 2 of 2)⁽²⁾, (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

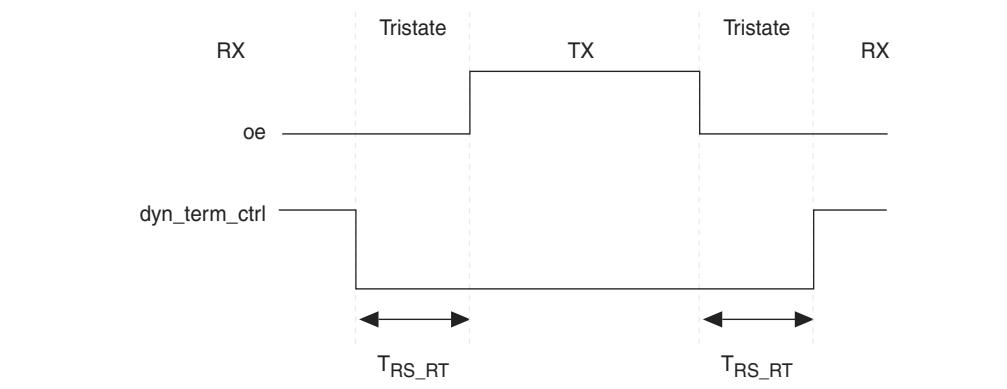
OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the <code>dyn_term_ctrl</code> and <code>oe</code> signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

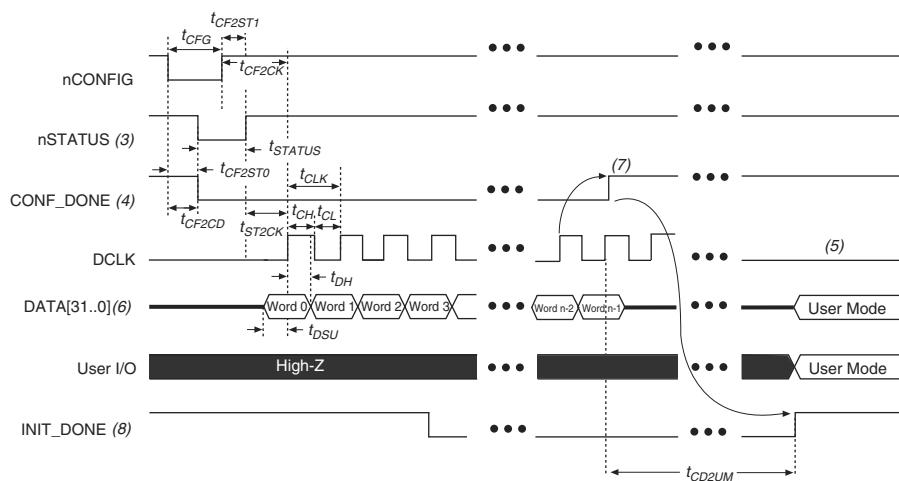
Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.

Figure 12. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is 1 (1), (2)



Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP $\times 16$, use DATA [15 .. 0]. For FPP $\times 8$, use DATA [7 .. 0]. DATA [31 .. 0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽³⁾	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(6)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(6)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
t_{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽⁴⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} +$ $(8576 \times$ CLKUSR period) ⁽⁵⁾	—	—

Notes to Table 50:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.
- (2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.
- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

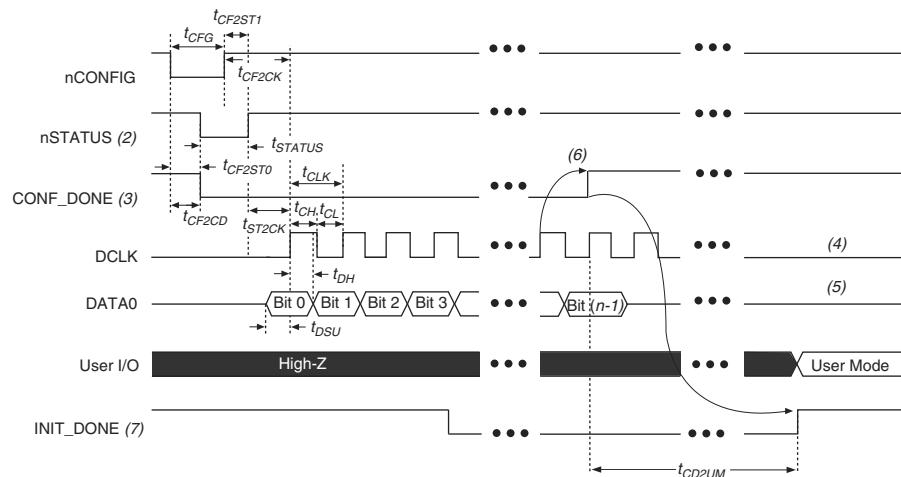
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period)	—	—

Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (2) t_{CF2CD} , t_{CF2STO} , t_{CFG} , t_{STATUS} , and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

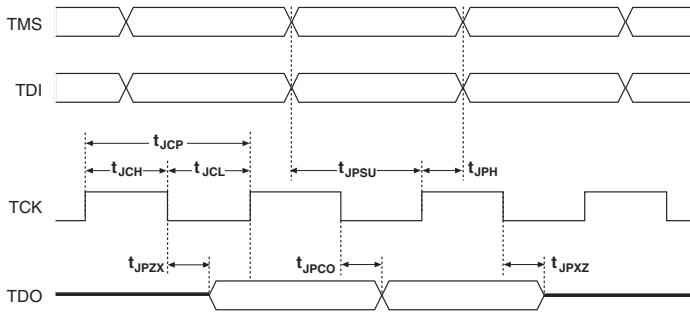
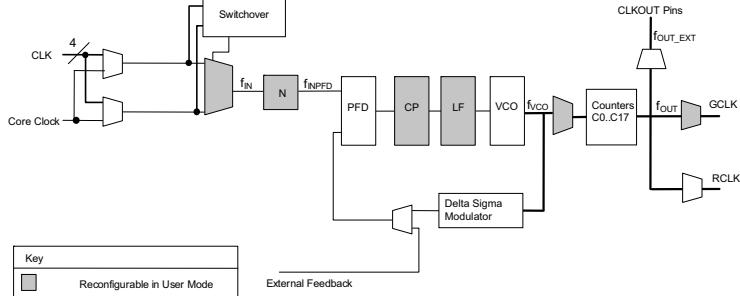
Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform⁽¹⁾**Notes to Figure 15:**

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATA0 is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G H I	—	—
J	J	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
J	JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications:  <p>The diagram illustrates the JTAG timing specifications for TMS, TDI, TCK, and TDO signals. Key parameters include: - t_{JCP}: Time from TMS rising to TCK rising. - t_{JCH}: Time from TMS falling to TCK rising. - t_{JCL}: Time from TMS rising to TCK falling. - t_{JPSU}: Time from TDI rising to TDO rising. - t_{JPZ}: Time from TDI falling to TDO rising. - t_{JPZC}: Time from TDI falling to TDO falling. - t_{IPH}: Time from TCK rising to TDO falling. - t_{JPXZ}: Time from TCK falling to TDO falling.</p>
K L M N O	—	—
P	PLL Specifications	Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)  <p>The diagram shows the internal architecture of a PLL. It includes: - Input CLK and Core Clock feeds into a 4:1 multiplexer. - The output of the multiplexer goes to a switcher and a divider N. - The divider N outputs f_{IN} to a PFD. - The PFD compares f_{IN} with the feedback signal f_{INPFD} and generates control signals for a CP (Charge Pump) and LF (Loop Filter). - The LF provides feedback to a VCO (Voltage Controlled Oscillator). - The VCO outputs f_{VCO} to a Delta Sigma Modulator. - The modulator provides feedback to the PFD. - The PFD also controls a counter (C0, C17) which generates the GCLK (Global Clock). - The GCLK drives the RCLK (Reset Clock) and the CLKOUT Pins, which output f_{OUT_EXT}.</p> <p>Note: (1) Core Clock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</p>
Q	—	—
R	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Stratix V device).

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega R_D$ in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.