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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	432
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Supplier Device Package	1517-FBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxeb6r3f40c4

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) ⁽³⁾	—	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V_{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	—	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	—	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V_{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V_{CCBAT} ⁽²⁾	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.0	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	-0.5	—	3.6	V
V_0	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	-40	—	100	°C

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
t_{RAMP}	Power supply ramp time	Standard POR	200 μ s	—	100 ms	—
		Fast POR	200 μ s	—	4 ms	—

Notes to Table 6:

- (1) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5 V when V_{CCIO} is 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 or 1.2 V. V_{CCPD} must be 3.0 V when V_{CCIO} is 3.0 V.
- (2) If you do not use the design security feature in Stratix V devices, connect V_{CCBAT} to a 1.2- to 3.0-V power supply. Stratix V power-on-reset (POR) circuitry monitors V_{CCBAT} . Stratix V devices will not exit POR if V_{CCBAT} stays at logic low.
- (3) C2L and I2L can also be run at 0.90 V for legacy boards that were designed for the C2 and I2 speed grades.
- (4) The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

Table 7 lists the transceiver power supply recommended operating conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 7. Recommended Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum ⁽⁴⁾	Typical	Maximum ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V_{CCA_GXBL} ^{(1), (3)}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V_{CCA_GXR} ^{(1), (3)}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
			2.375	2.5	2.625	
V_{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side; C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V_{CCR_GXBL} ⁽²⁾	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
			0.87	0.90	0.93	
			0.97	1.0	1.03	
			1.03	1.05	1.07	

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$	-30	—	30	μA

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_O = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIO_{MAX}}$, 100 μA of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{CCIO}										Unit	
			1.2 V		1.5 V		1.8 V		2.5 V		3.0 V			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Low sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (maximum)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	μA	
High sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (minimum)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	μA	
Low overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0\text{V} < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	μA	
High overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0\text{V} < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	μA	
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V	

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
$25\text{-}\Omega R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 \text{ V}$	± 15	± 15	± 15	± 15	%

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices^{(1), (2)}

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
R _{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to “Glossary” on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} - 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2

Table 18. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} – 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.418	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.20	1.26	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.53 * V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.49 * V _{CCIO}	0.5 * V _{CCIO}	0.51 * V _{CCIO}	—	—	—

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{ol} (mA)	I _{oh} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max						
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.608	V _{TT} + 0.608	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.31	V _{REF} + 0.31	V _{TT} – 0.81	V _{TT} + 0.81	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	V _{TT} – 0.603	V _{TT} + 0.603	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V _{REF} – 0.125	V _{REF} + 0.125	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	V _{REF} – 0.25	V _{REF} + 0.25	0.28	V _{CCIO} – 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	16	-16
SSTL-135 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.09	V _{REF} + 0.09	—	V _{REF} – 0.16	V _{REF} + 0.16	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-125 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.85	V _{REF} + 0.85	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—
SSTL-12 Class I, II	—	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	—	—

Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5*	V _{CCIO}	0.4*	0.5*	0.6*	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V _{CCIO} - 0.12	0.5*	V _{CCIO}	0.4*	0.5*	0.6*	0.44	0.44

Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V) (10)			V _{ID} (mV) (8)			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)			V _{OD} (V) (6)			V _{OCM} (V) (6)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
PCML	Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of the high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Table 23 on page 18.														
2.5 V LVDS (1)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
						—	1.05	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
RSDS (HIO) (2)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO) (3)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	—	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4), (9)	—	—	—	300	—	—	0.6	D _{MAX} ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	300	—	—	1	D _{MAX} > 700 Mbps	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 22:

- (1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.
- (2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.
- (3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.
- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed V_{CM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range: 90 ≤ RL ≤ 110 Ω.
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, V_{CM}.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by V_{CCPD} which requires 2.5 V.

Power Consumption

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

-  You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽²⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μ s
t _{LTD} ⁽¹²⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹³⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽¹⁰⁾	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Reference Clock									
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz	
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps	
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400		
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%	
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω	
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2		
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV	
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V	
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 4 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Differential on-chip termination resistors	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
	GX channels	(8)						
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	500	—	—	500	—	mV
	GX channels	(8)						
Rise/Fall time	GT channels	—	15	—	—	15	—	ps
	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-differential pair skew	GX channels	(8)						
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	GX channels	(8)						
CMU PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	8500	Mbps
t _{PLL_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{PLL_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL								
Supported Data Rate Range for GX Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
Supported Data Rate Range for GT Channels	VCO post- divider L=2	9800	—	14025	9800	—	12890	Mbps
t _{PLL_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{PLL_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	600	—	3250/ 3.125 ⁽²³⁾	Mbps
t _{PLL_powerdown} ⁽¹³⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Figure 7 shows the dynamic phase alignment (DPA) lock time specifications with the DPA PLL calibration option enabled.

Figure 7. DPA Lock Time Specification with DPA PLL Calibration Enabled

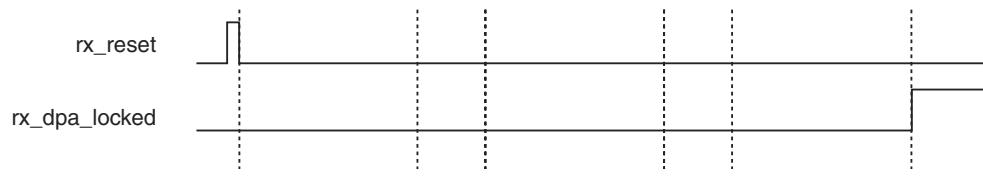


Table 37 lists the DPA lock time specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 37. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Stratix V GX Devices Only^{(1), (2), (3)}

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions ⁽⁴⁾	Maximum
SPI-4	000000000011111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 37:

- (1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
- (2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
- (3) The DPA lock time stated in this table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
- (4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 8 shows the LVDS soft-clock data recovery (CDR)/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps. Table 38 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for a data rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps.

Figure 8. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for a Data Rate ≥ 1.25 Gbps

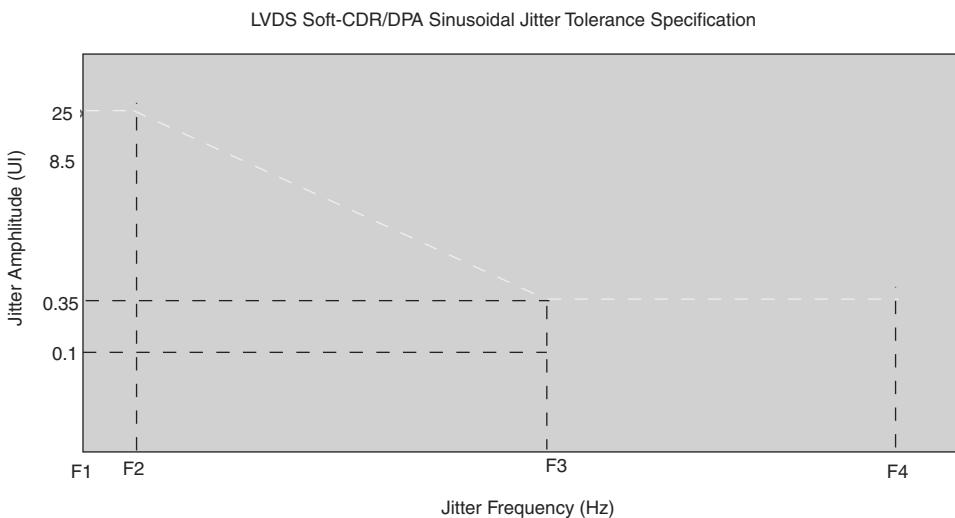


Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices⁽¹⁾, (Part 2 of 2)⁽²⁾, (3)

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the <code>dyn_term_ctrl</code> and <code>oe</code> signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

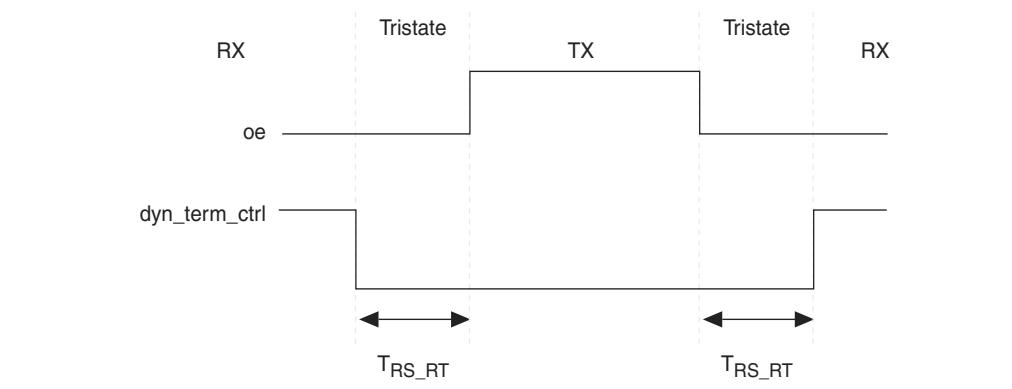
Figure 10. Timing Diagram for oe and dyn_term_ctrl Signals

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Notes to Table 46:

- (1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCIO} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, t_{JPCO} = 12 ns if V_{CCIO} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.
- (2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the “POR Delay Specification” section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices”.

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V GX	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	—	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	—	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	—	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGTC7	—	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GS	5SGSD3	—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
		—	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD5	—	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	—	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

- For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾			
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043	
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067	
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084	
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084	
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085	
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085	
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107	
	GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
		C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Table 51 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Table 51. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t_{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t_{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μs
t_{STATUS}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
t_{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μs
$t_{CF2CK}^{(5)}$	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μs
$t_{ST2CK}^{(5)}$	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μs
t_{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t_{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	$N-1/f_{DCLK}^{(5)}$	—	s
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45 \times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
t_{CLK}	DCLK period	$1/f_{MAX}$	—	s
f_{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz
	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz
t_R	Input rise time	—	40	ns
t_F	Input fall time	—	40	ns
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	$4 \times$ maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times$ CLKUSR period) ⁽⁴⁾	—	—

Notes to Table 51:

- (1) Use these timing parameters when you use the decompression and design security features.
- (2) You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.
- (3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you use the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.
- (5) N is the DCLK-to-DATA ratio and f_{DCLK} is the DCLK frequency the system is operating.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D_{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B	—	—
C	—	—
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f_{HSCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f_{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate ($f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI$), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate ($f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI$), DPA.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
V	$V_{CM(DC)}$	DC common mode input voltage.
	V_{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V_{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	$V_{DIF(AC)}$	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	$V_{DIF(DC)}$	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V_{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	$V_{IH(AC)}$	High-level AC input voltage
	$V_{IH(DC)}$	High-level DC input voltage
	V_{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	$V_{IL(AC)}$	Low-level AC input voltage
	$V_{IL(DC)}$	Low-level DC input voltage
	V_{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V_{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V_{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V_x	Input differential cross point voltage
	V_{ox}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
X	—	—
Y	—	—
Z	—	—

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega R_D$ in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
May 2013	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60 ■ Added Table 24, Table 48 ■ Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12
February 2013	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46 ■ Updated “Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage”
December 2012	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35 ■ Added Table 33 ■ Added “Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Active Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Passive Serial Configuration Timing” ■ Added “Remote System Upgrades” ■ Added “User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification” ■ Added “Initialization” ■ Added “Raw Binary File Size”
June 2012	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3. ■ Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59. ■ Various edits throughout to fix bugs. ■ Changed title of document to <i>Stratix V Device Datasheet</i>. ■ Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.
February 2012	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 2–31. ■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
November 2011	2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices. ■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25. ■ Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.
May 2011	2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24. ■ Updated the “DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications” title. ■ Chapter moved to Volume 1. ■ Minor text edits.
December 2010	1.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23. ■ Converted chapter to the new template. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.

