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Intel - 5SGXEB6R3F43I3N Datasheet



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The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	225400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	597000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1760-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1760-FCBGA (42.5x42.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxeb6r3f43i3n

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I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 9 lists the Stratix V I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 9. I/	0 Pin Leakage	Current for Stratix 	/ Devices ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30	—	30	μA
I _{0Z}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_0 = 0 V$ to $V_{CCIOMAX}$	-30		30	μA

Note to Table 9:

(1) If $V_0 = V_{CCIO}$ to $V_{CCIOMax}$, 100 μ A of leakage current per I/O is expected.

Bus Hold Specifications

Table 10 lists the Stratix V device family bus hold specifications.

Table 10. Bus Hold Parameters for Stratix V Devices

			V _{CCIO}										
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	1.2	2 V	1.	5 V	1.8	B V	2.	5 V	3.0	V	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (maximum)	22.5	_	25.0	_	30.0	_	50.0	_	70.0	_	μA
High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (minimum)	-22.5	_	-25.0	_	-30.0	_	-50.0	_	-70.0	_	μA
Low overdrive current	I _{odl}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	_	120	_	160	_	200	_	300	_	500	μA
High overdrive current	I _{odh}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$		-120		-160	_	-200		-300	_	-500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{trip}	_	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

On-Chip Termination (OCT) Specifications

If you enable OCT calibration, calibration is automatically performed at power-up for I/Os connected to the calibration block. Table 11 lists the Stratix V OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 1 of 2)

			Calibration Accuracy					
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit	
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (25- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%	

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R _{PU}	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option.	1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Notes to Table 16:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.

(2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k Ω .

- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a $\pm 10\%$ tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

I/O		V _{ccio} (V)		V	L (V)	VIH	(V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	IOL	I _{oh}
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mÅ)
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCI0} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCI0}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCI0} – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCI0}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCI0}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V _{CCI0}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCI0} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCI0}	0.75 * V _{CCI0}	2	-2

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Trai	er Speed e 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100		125	100		125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9),} ⁽²³⁾		600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin (5)		_	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V _{ICM} = 0.70 V)	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration (¹⁸)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
, configuration ⁽¹⁸⁾ , (22)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4			2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22),} (27)	_	85		_	85		_	85	_	_	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	DC Gain Setting = 0		0	_	_	0		_	0	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	dB
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 2	_	4	_	_	4	_	_	4	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 3	_	6	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 4	_	8	_	_	8	_	_	8	—	dB
Transmitter											
Supported I/O Standards	_				-	I.4-V ar	nd 1.5-V PC	ML			
Data rate (Standard PCS)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	_	600	_	14100	600		12500	600		8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
	85-Ω setting		85 ± 20%	_	_	85 ± 20%		_	85 ± 20%	_	Ω
Differential on-	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	_	100 ± 20%	_	Ω
chip termination resistors	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 20%			120 ± 20%		_	120 ± 20%		Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 20%			150 ± 20%			150 ± 20%		Ω
V _{OCM} (AC coupled)	0.65-V setting		650		_	650		_	650	_	mV
V _{OCM} (DC coupled)	_		650		_	650		_	650	_	mV
Rise time (7)	20% to 80%	30		160	30		160	30		160	ps
Fall time ⁽⁷⁾	80% to 20%	30		160	30		160	30		160	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	Tx V _{CM} = 0.5 V and slew rate of 15 ps			15			15			15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	x6 PMA bonded mode			120			120			120	ps

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 5 of 7)

Figure 4 shows the differential transmitter output waveform.





Figure 5 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 5. AC Gain Curves for GT Channels

PLL Specifications

Table 31 lists the Stratix V PLL specifications when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85° C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100° C).

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input clock frequency (C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
f _{IN}	Input clock frequency (C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY speed grades)	5	_	800 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (C4, I4 speed grades)	5	_	650 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
f _{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f _{finpfd}	Fractional Input clock frequency to the PFD	50	_	160	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
f _{VCO}	PLL VCO operating range (C3, I3, I3L, I3YY speed grades)	600	_	1600	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (C4, I4 speed grades)	600	—	1300	MHz
t _{einduty}	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40		60	%
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	—	_	717 ⁽²⁾	MHz
f _{out}	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	650 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an internal global or regional clock (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	580 ⁽²⁾	MHz
	Output frequency for an external clock output (C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades)	_	_	800 (2)	MHz
f _{out_ext}	Output frequency for an external clock output (C3, I3, I3L speed grades)	_	_	667 ⁽²⁾	MHz
four four four four four four four four four_Ext for a dedic for a dedic for a dedic for configuration for_Ext four_Ext f	Output frequency for an external clock output (C4, I4 speed grades)	_	_	553 ⁽²⁾	MHz
t _{outduty}	Duty cycle for a dedicated external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t _{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	_	—	10	ns
f _{dyconfigclk}	Dynamic Configuration Clock used for <code>mgmt_clk</code> and <code>scanclk</code>	_	_	100	MHz
t _{LOCK}	Time required to lock from the end-of-device configuration or deassertion of areset	_	_	1	ms
t _{olock}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	_	_	1	ms
	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth		0.3	—	MHz
f _{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	_	1.5		MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)		4	—	MHz
t _{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift			±50	ps
t _{areset}	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	_		ns

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
+ (3) (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{REF} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
t _{INCCJ} ^{(3),} ⁽⁴⁾	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (f _{REF} < 100 MHz)	-750	_	+750	ps (p-p)
t	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f_{OUT} \geq 100 MHz)	_	_	175 ⁽¹⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{outpj_dc} ⁽⁵⁾	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_		17.5 ⁽¹⁾	mUI (p-p)
+ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{0UT} \geq 100 \mbox{ MHz})$	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{foutpj_dc} ⁽⁵⁾	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
+	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	175	ps (p-p)
t _{outccj_dc} ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output (f _{0UT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
+ <i>(5)</i>	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL (f_{OUT} \geq 100 MHz)	_	_	250 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 175 ⁽¹²⁾	ps (p-p)
t _{FOUTCCJ_DC} ⁽⁵⁾	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a dedicated clock output in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} < 100 \text{ MHz}$)+	_	_	25 ⁽¹¹⁾ , 17.5 ⁽¹²⁾	mUI (p-p)
t _{outpj 10} ^{(5),}	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} \geq 100 MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
t _{outpj_io} (5), (8)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{FOUTPJ_IO} (5),	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} \ge 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	600 (10)	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Period Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 ⁽¹⁰⁾	mUI (p-p)
t _{outccj_lo} (5),	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} \geq 100 MHz)	_	_	600	ps (p-p)
(8)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in integer PLL (f_{OUT} < 100 MHz)	_	_	60 ⁽¹⁰⁾	mUI (p-p)
t _{foutccj_10} ^{(5),}	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{0UT} \geq 100 \mbox{ MHz})$	_	_	600 ⁽¹⁰⁾	ps (p-p)
(8), (11)	Cycle-to-cycle Jitter for a clock output on a regular I/O in fractional PLL ($f_{OUT} < 100 \text{ MHz}$)	_	_	60	mUI (p-p)
t _{casc_outpj_dc}	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f_{0UT} \geq 100 MHz)		_	175	ps (p-p)
(5), (6)	Period Jitter for a dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (f _{OUT} < 100 MHz)		_	17.5	mUI (p-p)
f _{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for a duration of 100 μs	_	_	±10	%
dK _{BIT}	Bit number of Delta Sigma Modulator (DSM)	8	24	32	Bits
k _{value}	Numerator of Fraction	128	8388608	2147483648	

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Table 31. PLL Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _{RES}	Resolution of VCO frequency ($f_{INPFD} = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	390625	5.96	0.023	Hz

Notes to Table 31:

(1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.

(2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.

- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source < 120 ps.
- (4) f_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10⁻¹² (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 44 on page 52.
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition: a. Upstream PLL: 0.59Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in Table 42 on page 50.
- (9) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL Usage Summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.
- (10) This specification only covers fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.05 0.95 must be \geq 1000 MHz, while f_{VCO} for fractional value range 0.20 0.80 must be \geq 1200 MHz.
- (11) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VC0} for fractional value range 0.05-0.95 must be \geq 1000 MHz.
- (12) This specification only covered fractional PLL for low bandwidth. The f_{VC0} for fractional value range 0.20-0.80 must be \geq 1200 MHz.

DSP Block Specifications

Table 32 lists the Stratix V DSP block performance specifications.

			I	Peforman	ce			
Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit
		Modes ι	ising one	DSP				4
Three 9 x 9	600	600	600	480	480	420	420	MHz
One 18 x 18	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
Two partial 18 x 18 (or 16 x 16)	600	600	600	480	480	420	400	MHz
One 27 x 27	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of two 18 x 18(One sum of 2 16 x 16)	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of square	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 18 x 18 plus 36 (a x b) + c	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
		Modes u	sing two l	DSPs	1		•	1
Three 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One sum of four 18 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One sum of two 27 x 27	465	465	450	380	380	300	290	MHz
One sum of two 36 x 18	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz
One complex 18 x 18	500	500	500	400	400	350	350	MHz
One 36 x 36	475	475	475	380	380	300	300	MHz

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	C1	C2, C2L	12, 12L	C3	13, 13L, 13YY	C4	14	Unit		
Modes using Three DSPs										
One complex 18 x 25 425 425 415 340 340 275 265								MHz		
Modes using Four DSPs										
One complex 27 x 27	465	465	465	380	380	300	290	MHz		

Table 32. Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V DSP Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Memory Block Specifications

Table 33 lists the Stratix V memory block specifications.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 1 of 2)

		Resour	ces Used	Performance							
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single port, all supported widths	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
MLAB	Simple dual-port, x32/x64 depth	0	1	450	450	400	315	450	400	315	MHz
IVILAD	Simple dual-port, x16 depth ⁽³⁾	0	1	675	675	533	400	675	533	400	MHz
ROM, all supported widths		0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz

		Resour	ces Used			Pe	erforman	ce			
Memory	Mode	ALUTS	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L, 13YY	14	Unit
	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to Old Data , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
M20K Block	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 33:

(1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50**% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

(2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.

(3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
-40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

	Table 35.	External	Temperature	Sensing Diode	e Specifications	for Stratix V Devices
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Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{bias} , diode source current	8	—	200	μΑ
V _{bias,} voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O and external memory interface.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, such as the **LVDS** high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the **PCI/PCI-X** bus interface. General-purpose I/O standards such as 3.3-, 2.5-, 1.8-, and 1.5-**LVTTL/LVCMOS** are capable of a typical 167 MHz and 1.2-**LVCMOS** at 100 MHz interfacing frequency with a 10 pF load.

The actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. Ensure proper timing closure in your design and perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 36 lists high-speed I/O timing for Stratix V devices.

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 1 of 4)

Sumbol	Conditiono		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 13L	., I 3YY	C4,14			Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UIIIL
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) True Differential I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5		800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards ⁽³⁾	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		800	5	_	800	5		625	5		525	MHz
f _{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) Single Ended I/O Standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 $^{(4)}$	5		520	5		520	5		420	5		420	MHz
f _{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	_	5	_	800	5	_	800	5	_	625 (5)	5	_	525 (5)	MHz

i ani o o o i i i i gii	-Speed I/U Specifica		C1				2, I2L		-	., I3YY	C4,14			
Symbol	Conditions				-	-	-		-	-		-		Unit
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{duty}	Transmitter output clock duty cycle for both True and Emulated Differential I/O Standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	160	_	_	160	_	_	200	_	_	200	ps
t _{rise} & t _{fall}	Emulated Differential I/O Standards with three external output resistor networks			250			250			250			300	ps
	True Differential I/O Standards	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	_	_	150	ps
TCCS	Emulated Differential I/O Standards	_		300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	ps
Receiver														
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	150		1434	150	_	1434	150	_	1250	150	_	1050	Mbps
True Differential I/O Standards	SERDES factor J ≥ 4 LVDS RX with DPA (12), (14), (15), (16)	150		1600	150		1600	150		1600	150		1250	Mbps
/O Standards _ - f _{HSDRDPA} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2, uses DDR Registers	(6)		(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 3 of 4)

Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins (1)

Symbol	C1		C2, C2	L, 12, 12L		3, I3L, Syy	C4	4,14	Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Min Max Min Max		Min	Max		
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 44:

(1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

Configuration Specification

POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification (1)

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

Note to Table 45:

(1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	30	—	ns
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	167	—	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TDI)}	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TMS)}	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t _{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14 ⁽¹⁾	ns
t _{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	1 4 ⁽¹⁾	ns

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 46:

(1) A 1 ns adder is required for each V_{CCI0} voltage step down from 3.0 V. For example, $t_{JPC0} = 12$ ns if V_{CCI0} of the TDO I/O bank = 2.5 V, or 13 ns if it equals 1.8 V.

(2) The minimum TCK clock period is 167 ns if VCCBAT is within the range 1.2V-1.5V when you perform the volatile key programming.

Raw Binary File Size

For the POR delay specification, refer to the "POR Delay Specification" section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices".

Table 47 lists the uncompressed raw binary file (.rbf) sizes for Stratix V devices.

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
	5SGXA3	H35, F40, F35 ⁽²⁾	213,798,880	562,392
		H29, F35 ⁽³⁾	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGXA4	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGXA5	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGXA7	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GX	5SGXA9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXAB	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXB5	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB6	_	270,528,640	584,344
	5SGXB9	_	342,742,976	700,888
	5SGXBB	_	342,742,976	700,888
Stratix V GT	5SGTC5	_	269,979,008	562,392
Stratix V GT	5SGTC7	_	269,979,008	562,392
	5SGSD3	_	137,598,880	564,504
	5SGSD4	F1517	213,798,880	563,672
Ctrative VI CC		_	137,598,880	564,504
Stratix V GS	5SGSD5	_	213,798,880	563,672
	5SGSD6	_	293,441,888	565,528
	5SGSD8	—	293,441,888	565,528

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Configuration Scheme	Decompression	Design Security	DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio
	Disabled	Disabled	1
FPP ×32	Disabled	Enabled	4
FFF X02	Enabled	Disabled	8
	Enabled	Enabled	8

Note to Table 49:

(1) Depending on the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio, the host must send a DCLK frequency that is r times the data rate in bytes per second (Bps), or words per second (Wps). For example, in FPP ×16 when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 2, the DCLK frequency must be 2 times the data rate in Wps. Stratix V devices use the additional clock cycles to decrypt and decompress the configuration data.

Figure 11 shows the configuration interface connections between the Stratix V device and a MAX II or MAX V device for single device configuration.

Figure 11. Single Device FPP Configuration Using an External Host



Notes to Figure 11:

- (1) Connect the resistor to a supply that provides an acceptable input signal for the Stratix V device. V_{CCPGM} must be high enough to meet the V_{IH} specification of the I/O on the device and the external host. Altera recommends powering up all configuration system I/Os with V_{CCPGM} .
- (2) You can leave the nCEO pin unconnected or use it as a user I/O pin when it does not feed another device's nCE pin.
- (3) The MSEL pin settings vary for different data width, configuration voltage standards, and POR delay. To connect MSEL, refer to the MSEL Pin Settings section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (4) If you use FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. If you use FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0].

IF the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is greater than 1, at the end of configuration, you can only stop the DCLK (DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio – 1) clock cycles after the last data is latched into the Stratix V device.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.





Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nstatus low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode (3)	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	—
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t _{cd2cu} + (8576 × clkusr period)	_	—

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS \times 1 and AS \times 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 53:

(1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(2) t_{CF2CD}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF2ST0}, t_{CF6}, t_{STATUS}, and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.

(3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform ⁽¹⁾



Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds <code>nSTATUS</code> low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	V _{CM(DC)}	DC common mode input voltage.
	V _{ICM}	Input common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V _{ID}	Input differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	V _{DIF(AC)}	AC differential input voltage—Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{DIF(DC)}	DC differential input voltage— Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V _{IH}	Voltage input high—The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	V _{IH(AC)}	High-level AC input voltage
	V _{IH(DC)}	High-level DC input voltage
V	V _{IL}	Voltage input low—The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	V _{IL(AC)}	Low-level AC input voltage
	V _{IL(DC)}	Low-level DC input voltage
	V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage—The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V _{OD}	Output differential voltage swing—The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
	V _{SWING}	Differential input voltage
	V _X	Input differential cross point voltage
	V _{OX}	Output differential cross point voltage
W	W	High-speed I/O block—clock boost factor
X		
Y	_	_
Z		

Table 60. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for the GX channel in Table 1.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to the V_{CC} description in Table 6.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade to V_{CCHIP_L}, V_{CCHIP_R}, V_{CCHSSI_L}, and V_{CCHSSI_R} descriptions in Table 7.
		■ Added 240-Ω to Table 11.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 23.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 23.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 25.
		 Added the I3YY speed grade and changed the data rates for transceiver speed grade 3 in Table 26.
		Changed CDR PPM tolerance in Table 28.
		 Added additional max data rate for fPLL in Table 28.
		Changed the mode descriptions for MLAB and M20K in Table 33.
		■ Changed the Max value of f _{HSCLK_OUT} for the C2, C2L, I2, I2L speed grades in Table 36.
November 2014	3.3	 Changed the frequency ranges for C1 and C2 in Table 39.
		Changed the .rbf file sizes for 5SGSD6 and 5SGSD8 in Table 47.
		 Added note about nSTATUS to Table 50, Table 51, Table 54.
		 Changed the available settings in Table 58.
		 Changed the note in "Periphery Performance".
		 Updated the "I/O Standard Specifications" section.
		 Updated the "Raw Binary File Size" section.
		 Updated the receiver voltage input range in Table 22.
		 Updated the max frequency for the LVDS clock network in Table 36.
		■ Updated the DCLK note to Figure 11.
		 Updated Table 23 VO_{CM} (DC Coupled) condition.
		 Updated Table 6 and Table 7.
		■ Added the DCLK specification to Table 55.
		 Updated the notes for Table 47.
		 Updated the list of parameters for Table 56.
November 2013	3.2	Updated Table 28
November 2013	3.1	Updated Table 33
November 2013	3.0	Updated Table 23 and Table 28
October 2013	2.9	 Updated the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		 Updated Table 3, Table 12, Table 14, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 24, Table 28, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 47, Table 53, Table 58, and Table 59
October 2013	2.8	 Added Figure 1 and Figure 3
		 Added the "Transceiver Characterization" section
		 Removed all "Preliminary" designations.