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Intel - 5SGXEBBR2H43C2L Datasheet



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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	359200
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	952000
Total RAM Bits	53248000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1760-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1760-HBGA (45x45)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxebbr2h43c2l

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital power supply	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog power supply	-0.5	3.4	V
VI	DC input voltage	-0.5	3.8	V
TJ	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature (No bias)	-65	150	°C
I _{OUT}	DC output current per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 4 lists the absolute conditions for the transceiver power supply for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT devices.

Table 4. Transceiver Power Supply Absolute Conditions for Stratix V GX, GS, and GT Devices

Symbol	Description	Devices	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V _{CCA_GXBL}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GXBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GX, GS	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCA_GTBR}	Transceiver channel PLL power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	3.75	V
V _{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHIP_R}	Transceiver hard IP power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_L}	Transceiver PCS power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCHSSI_R}	Transceiver PCS power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBL}	Receiver analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GXBR}	Receiver analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCR_GTBR}	Receiver analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBL}	Transmitter analog power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GXBR}	Transmitter analog power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCT_GTBR}	Transmitter analog power supply for GT channels (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCL_GTBR}	Transmitter clock network power supply (right side)	GT	-0.5	1.35	V
V _{CCH_GXBL}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (left side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V
V _{CCH_GXBR}	Transmitter output buffer power supply (right side)	GX, GS, GT	-0.5	1.8	V

Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage

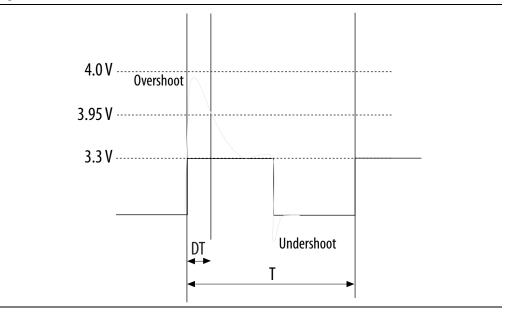
During transitions, input signals may overshoot to the voltage shown in Table 5 and undershoot to -2.0 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Anowed Overshoot burning transitions								
Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ T _J = 100°C	Unit				
		3.8	100	%				
		3.85	64	%				
		3.9	36	%				
		3.95	21	%				
Vi (AC)	AC input voltage	4	12	%				
		4.05	7	%				
		4.1	4	%				
		4.15	2	%				
		4.2	1	%				

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



			Calibration Accuracy				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (34- Ω and 40- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48- Ω , 60- Ω , 80- Ω , and 240- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $Ω$, 30- $Ω$, 40- $Ω$,60- $Ω$, and 120- $Ω$ R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration ($20 \cdot \Omega$, $30 \cdot \Omega$, $40 \cdot \Omega$, $60 \cdot \Omega$, and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R_T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- Ω and 120- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S_left_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCI0} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ ((Part 2 of 2)
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Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

Symbol			Resistance Tolerance				
	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

			Resistance Tolerance				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (50- Ω setting)	V _{CCI0} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R _D	Internal differential termination (100- Ω setting)	V _{CCPD} = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} \,=\, R_{SCAL} \Big(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The R_{OCT} value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .
- (2) R_{SCAL} is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3) ΔT is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4) ΔV is the variation of voltage with respect to the V_{CCIO} at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of R_{SCAL} with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SCAL}}$ with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13.	OCT Variation after Power-U	Calibration for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2) ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} (V)	Typical	Unit
dR/dV		3.0	0.0297	
	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	2.5	0.0344	
		1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DI}	_{c)} (V)	V _{IH(D}	_{C)} (V)	V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{ol} (V)	V _{oh} (V)	I (mA)	I _{oh}
i/U Stanuaru	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	l _{oi} (mA)	(mA)
HSTL-18 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	_	V _{REF} – 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	_	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} – 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCI0}	0.75* V _{CCI0}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} – 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} – 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25* V _{CCIO}	0.75* V _{CCI0}	16	-16
HSUL-12	_	V _{REF} – 0.13	V _{REF} + 0.13	_	V _{REF} – 0.22	V _{REF} + 0.22	0.1* V _{CCIO}	0.9* V _{CCI0}	_	_

Table 19. Single-Ended SSTL, HSTL, and HSUL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Table 20. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{SWIN}	_{G(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)		V _{swing(} ,	_{AC)} (V)
ijo Stanuaru	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.2	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCI0} + 0.6
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCI0} + 0.6	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.175	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCI0} + 0.6
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	_	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	0.35	_
SSTL-135 Class I, II	1.283	1.35	1.45	0.2	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	2(V _{IL(AC)} - V _{REF})
SSTL-125 Class I, II	1.19	1.25	1.31	0.18	(1)	V _{CCI0} /2- 0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{CCI0} /2 + 0.15	2(V _{IH(AC)} - V _{REF})	_
SSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.18	_	V _{REF} -0.15	V _{CCI0} /2	V _{REF} + 0.15	-0.30	0.30

Note to Table 20:

(1) The maximum value for $V_{SWING(DC)}$ is not defined. However, each single-ended signal needs to be within the respective single-ended limits $(V_{IH(DC)} \text{ and } V_{IL(DC)})$.

I/O		V _{ccio} (V)		V _{DIF(I}	V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V	V _{DIF(AC)} (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	_	0.78	_	1.12	0.78	_	1.12	0.4	_
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	_	0.68	_	0.9	0.68	_	0.9	0.4	_

Symbol/	Conditions	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trai	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	isceive Grade	er Speed e 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100		125	100		125	MHz
Receiver											
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Data rate (Standard PCS) (9), (23)	_	600	_	12200	600	_	12200	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) ^{(9),} ⁽²³⁾		600	_	14100	600	_	12500	600	_	8500/ 10312.5 (24)	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin (5)		_	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	—	_	1.2	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	_	-0.4	_		-0.4	_	_	-0.4	_	_	V
Maximum peak- to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p- p) before device configuration ⁽²²⁾	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V
Maximum peak- to-peak	V _{CCR_GXB} = 1.0 V/1.05 V (V _{ICM} = 0.70 V)	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	V
differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p- p) after device configuration ⁽¹⁸⁾ ,	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.90 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	_	_	2.4	V
(22)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85 V$ (V _{ICM} = 0.6 V)			2.4			2.4			2.4	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins ^{(6), (22),} (27)	_	85		_	85		_	85	_	_	mV

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 3 of 7)

Mada (2)	Transceiver	PMA Width	20	20	16	16	10	10	8	8
Mode ⁽²⁾	Speed Grade	PCS/Core Width	40	20	32	16	20	10	16	8
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
FIFO		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	6.5	5.8	5.2	4.72
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
	5	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.84	7.2	5.3	4.7	4.24	3.76
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.8	4.2	3.84	3.44
	1	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	12.2	11.4	9.76	9.12	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	2	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	9.8	9.0	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
Register		C1, C2, C2L, I2, I2L core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	10.3125	6.1	5.7	4.88	4.56
	3	I3YY core speed grade	10.3125	10.3125	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
	0	C3, I3, I3L core speed grade	8.5	8.5	7.92	7.2	4.9	4.5	3.96	3.6
		C4, I4 core speed grade	8.5	8.2	7.04	6.56	4.4	4.1	3.52	3.28

Table 25 shows the approximate maximum data rate using the standard PCS.

Table 25. Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate (1), (3)

Notes to Table 25:

(1) The maximum data rate is in Gbps.

(2) The Phase Compensation FIFO can be configured in FIFO mode or register mode. In the FIFO mode, the pointers are not fixed, and the latency can vary. In the register mode the pointers are fixed for low latency.

(3) The maximum data rate is also constrained by the transceiver speed grade. Refer to Table 1 for the transceiver speed grade.

Table 27 shows the V_{OD} settings for the GX channel.

Symbol	V _{op} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)	V _{op} Setting	V _{op} Value (mV)
	0 (1)	0	32	640
	1 ⁽¹⁾	20	33	660
	2 (1)	40	34	680
	3 (1)	60	35	700
	4 (1)	80	36	720
	5 (1)	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
V _{op} differential peak to peak	15	300	47	940
typical ⁽³⁾	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

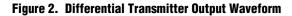
Table 27. Typical V_{0D} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100 $\Omega^{\left(2\right)}$

Note to Table 27:

(1) If TX termination resistance = 100Ω , this VOD setting is illegal.

(2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.

(3) Refer to Figure 2.



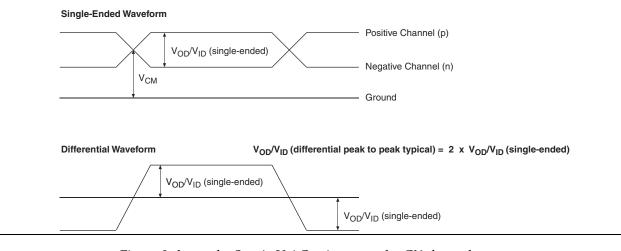


Figure 3 shows the Stratix V AC gain curves for GX channels.

Figure 3. AC Gain Curves for GX Channels (full bandwidth)

Stratix V GT devices contain both GX and GT channels. All transceiver specifications for the GX channels not listed in Table 28 are the same as those listed in Table 23.

Table 28 lists the Stratix V GT transceiver specifications.

Symbol/	Conditions	:	Transceive Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit				
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max					
Reference Clock												
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	/IL, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P	CML, 2.5-V and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS				
	RX reference clock pin		1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz				
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	_	100	-	710	100	_	710	MHz				
Rise time	20% to 80%		_	400		—	400					
Fall time	80% to 20%			400	—		400	ps				
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	%				
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz				
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5		_	0 to -0.5	_	%				
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω				
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin		_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V				
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2					
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V				
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200	_	1600	200	_	1600	mV				
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin		1050/1000 (2)		1050/1000 (2)	mV				
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85 (22)	1	.0/0.9/0.85 (22)	V				
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV				

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/	Conditions	5	Transceiver Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85- Ω setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels		650		—	650	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V		600	_	_	600		mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth		750	_	_	750	_	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾		4			4			μs
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	_	μs
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	_	15			15	—		μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	—	72	—	—	72	CID
nun Lengin	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels			1000	_	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	—	—	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	·1							
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600		12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)⁽¹⁾

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) (Fransceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 5 of 5) ⁽¹⁾
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions		Transceivei peed Grade		S	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	—	_	10	—	—	10	μs

Notes to Table 28:

- (1) Speed grades shown refer to the PMA Speed Grade in the device ordering code. The maximum data rate could be restricted by the Core/PCS speed grade. Contact your Altera Sales Representative for the maximum data rate specifications in each speed grade combination offered. For more information about device ordering codes, refer to the Stratix V Device Overview.
- (2) The reference clock common mode voltage is equal to the VCCR_GXB power supply level.
- (3) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (4) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that receiver equalization is disabled. If you enable receiver equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level.
- (5) Refer to Figure 5 for the GT channel AC gain curves. The total effective AC gain is the AC gain minus the DC gain.
- (6) Refer to Figure 6 for the GT channel DC gain curves.
- (7) CFP2 optical modules require the host interface to have the receiver data pins differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (8) Specifications for this parameter are the same as for Stratix V GX and GS devices. See Table 23 for specifications.
- (9) t_{1 TR} is the time required for the receive CDR to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (10) t_{LTD} is time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx is lockedtodata signal goes high.
- (11) t_{LTD_manual} is the time required for the receiver CDR to start recovering valid data after the rx_is_lockedtodata signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (12) t_{LTR_LTD_manual} is the time the receiver CDR must be kept in lock to reference (LTR) mode after the rx_is_lockedtoref signal goes high when the CDR is functioning in the manual mode.
- (13) tpll_powerdown is the PLL powerdown minimum pulse width.
- (14) tpll lock is the time required for the transmitter CMU/ATX PLL to lock to the input reference clock frequency after coming out of reset.
- (15) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement for PCle at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f(MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz × 100/f.
- (16) The maximum peak to peak differential input voltage V_{ID} after device configuration is equal to 4 × (absolute V_{MAX} for receiver pin V_{ICM}).
- (17) For ES devices, RREF is 2000 $\Omega \pm 1\%$.
- (18) To calculate the REFCLK phase noise requirement at frequencies other than 622 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK phase noise at f(MHz) = REFCLK phase noise at 622 MHz + 20*log(f/622).
- (19) SFP/+ optical modules require the host interface to have RD+/- differentially terminated with 100 Ω. The internal OCT feature is available after the Stratix V FPGA configuration is completed. Altera recommends that FPGA configuration is completed before inserting the optical module. Otherwise, minimize unnecessary removal and insertion with unconfigured devices.
- (20) Refer to Figure 4.
- (21) For oversampling design to support data rates less than the minimum specification, the CDR needs to be in LTR mode only.
- (22) This supply follows VCCR_GXB for both GX and GT channels.
- (23) When you use fPLL as a TXPLL of the transceiver.

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

Transceiver Characterization

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

0h.a.l	Oanditiana		C1		C2,	C2L, I	2, I2L	C3,	13, 131	., I 3YY		C4,I	4	11
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter	•													•
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{SERDES factor J} \\ \geq 4 \end{array}$													
True Differential I/O Standards	LVDS TX with DPA ⁽¹²⁾ , ⁽¹⁴⁾ , ⁽¹⁵⁾ , ⁽¹⁶⁾	(6)		1600	(6)		1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1250	Mbps
- f _{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2,	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	uses DDR Registers	(0)	_	(7)	(0)		(7)	(0)	_	(7)	(0)	_	(7)	wups
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f _{HSDR} (data rate) ⁽¹⁰⁾	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 (17)	(6)		1100	(6)		1100	(6)		840	(6)		840	Mbps
t _{x Jitter} - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160			160	_		160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t _{x Jitter} - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_		0.2			0.2			0.2	_		0.25	UI

Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	_	342,742,976	700,888

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Notes to Table 47:

(1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.

(2) 36-transceiver devices.

(3) 24-transceiver devices.

(4) File size for the periphery image.

(5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.

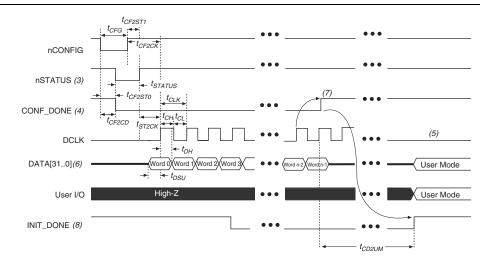
• For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices.* For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help.*

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	AS	4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
GX	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] = 1

Figure 12 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II or MAX V device as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.





Notes to Figure 12:

- (1) Use this timing waveform when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is 1.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic-high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nstatus low for the time of the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
- (6) For FPP ×16, use DATA [15..0]. For FPP ×8, use DATA [7..0]. DATA [31..0] are available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings.
- (7) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high when the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (8) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Table 50 lists the timing parameters for Stratix V devices for FPP configuration when the DCLK-to-DATA[] ratio is 1.

Table 50. FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units	
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns	
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns	
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS	
t _{status}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS	
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽³⁾	μS	
t _{CF2CK} (6)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	_	μS	
t _{ST2CK} ⁽⁶⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μS	
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns	
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns	
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45\times1/f_{MAX}$	—	S	
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45\times1/f_{MAX}$	—	S	
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S	
f	DCLK frequency (FPP ×8/×16)	—	125	MHz	
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency (FPP ×32)	—	100	MHz	
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽⁴⁾	175	437	μS	
t _{CD2CU}	CONTRACT high to an union analysis	4 × maximum			
	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	DCLK period	—		
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + \\ (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \\ \text{period}) \ ^{(5)} \end{array}$	_	_	

Notes to Table 50:

(1) Use these timing parameters when the decompression and design security features are disabled.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(3) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

- (4) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you chose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (5) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.
- (6) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

FPP Configuration Timing when DCLK-to-DATA [] > 1

Figure 13 shows the timing waveform for FPP configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host. This waveform shows timing when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is more than 1.

Active Serial Configuration Timing

Table 52 lists the DCLK frequency specification in the AS configuration scheme.

Table 52.	DCLK Frequency	Specification in the <i>l</i>	AS Configuration Scheme	(1), (2)
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Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

Notes to Table 52:

(1) This applies to the DCLK frequency specification when using the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source.

(2) The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Figure 14 shows the single-device configuration setup for an AS ×1 mode.





Notes to Figure 14:

- (1) If you are using AS $\times 4$ mode, this signal represents the AS_DATA[3..0] and EPCQ sends in 4-bits of data for each DCLK cycle.
- (2) The initialization clock can be from internal oscillator or CLKUSR pin.
- (3) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 53 lists the timing parameters for AS $\times 1$ and AS $\times 4$ configurations in Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CO}	DCLK falling edge to AS_DATA0/ASDO output	—	2	ns
t _{SU}	Data setup time before falling edge on DCLK	1.5	_	ns
t _H	Data hold time after falling edge on DCLK	0	_	ns

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t _{CF2CD}	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t _{CF2ST0}	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t _{CFG}	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t _{status}	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 ⁽¹⁾	μS
t _{CF2ST1}	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 ⁽²⁾	μS
t _{CF2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μS
t _{ST2CK} ⁽⁵⁾	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t _{DSU}	DATA [] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	DATA [] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	_	ns
t _{CH}	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t _{CL}	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t _{CLK}	DCLK period	1/f _{MAX}	_	S
f _{MAX}	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t _{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μS
t _{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	_
t _{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$\begin{array}{c} t_{\text{CD2CU}} + \\ (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR} \\ \text{period}) \ \ ^{(4)} \end{array}$	_	_

Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t_{ST2CK} specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t_{CF2CK} specification.

Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximu

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles ⁽¹⁾
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP ⁽²⁾	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

 Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes		
June 2018	3.9	 Added the "Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration" figure. 		
		 Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		 Changed the condition for 100-Ω R_D in the "OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
April 2017	3.8	 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table 		
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 		
		 Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the "FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1" table. 		
		 Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the "Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency" table. 		
June 2016	3.7	 Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the "Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table 		
Julie 2010		 Added the I_{OUT} specification to the "Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
December 2015	3.6	Added a footnote to the "High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices" table.		
December 2015	3.5	 Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		
December 2015		 Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the "Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		• Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables:		
		 "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" 		
		 "Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate" 		
		 "Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate" 		
July 2015	3.4	 Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		
	-	 Added a note to the "Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins" specification in the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		
		 Changed the t_{co} maximum value in the "AS Timing Parameters for AS '1 and AS '4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices" table. 		
		 Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the "Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices" table. 		