## Intel - 5SGXMA3E2H29I3N Datasheet





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### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-HBGA (33x33)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3e2h29i3n

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Transceiver Speed	Core Speed Grade							
Grade	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	12, 12L	13, 13L	<b>I</b> 3YY	14
3		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes (4)	Yes
GX channel—8.5 Gbps	_	165	165	165		163	163 17	165

### Table 1. Stratix V GX and GS Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering <sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

Notes to Table 1:

(1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

(2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

(3) C2L, I2L, and I3L speed grades are for low-power devices.

(4) I3YY speed grades can achieve up to 10.3125 Gbps.

Table 2 lists the industrial and commercial speed grades for the Stratix V GT devices. **Table 2. Stratix V GT Commercial and Industrial Speed Grade Offering** <sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup>

Transaction Oracle Oracle	Core Speed Grade					
Transceiver Speed Grade	C1	C2	12	13		
2 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—28.05 Gbps	Yes	Yes	_	_		
3 GX channel—12.5 Gbps GT channel—25.78 Gbps	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		

#### Notes to Table 2:

(1) C = Commercial temperature grade; I = Industrial temperature grade.

(2) Lower number refers to faster speed grade.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings define the maximum operating conditions for Stratix V devices. The values are based on experiments conducted with the devices and theoretical modeling of breakdown and damage mechanisms. The functional operation of the device is not implied for these conditions.



Conditions other than those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

Table 3.	Absolute	Maximum	<b>Ratings</b>	for Stratix \	/ Devices	(Part 1 of 2)
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Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply for core voltage and periphery circuitry	-0.5	1.35	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	-0.5	1.8	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Power supply for configuration pins	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	-0.5	3.4	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub>	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub>	I/O pre-driver power supply	-0.5	3.9	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O power supply	-0.5	3.9	V

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min <sup>(4)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	_	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) <sup>(3)</sup>	_	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V <sub>CCPT</sub>	Power supply for programmable power technology	_	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V <sub>CC_AUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VI (1)	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>CCPD</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply		2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply		1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V <sub>CCIO</sub>	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	_	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	_	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	_	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	_	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
V <sub>CCPGM</sub>	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V <sub>CCA_FPLL</sub>	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	_	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCD_FPLL</sub>	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	_	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V <sub>CCBAT</sub> (2)	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	_	1.2	_	3.0	V
VI	DC input voltage	_	-0.5	_	3.6	V
V <sub>0</sub>	Output voltage	—	0	—	V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V
т	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature	Industrial	-40	_	100	°C

			Calibration Accuracy				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,12	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,14	Unit
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , 80- $\Omega$ , and 240- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20- $Ω$ , 30- $Ω$ , 40- $Ω$ ,60- $Ω$ , and 120- $Ω$ R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration ( $20 \cdot \Omega$ , $30 \cdot \Omega$ , $40 \cdot \Omega$ , $60 \cdot \Omega$ , and $120 \cdot \Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{25-}\Omega\\ \textbf{R}_{S\_left\_shift} \end{array}$	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ R <sub>S_left_shift</sub> setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accurat	y Specifications for Stratix V Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (	(Part 2 of 2)
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### Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance to PVT changes.

	Description		<b>Resistance Tolerance</b>				
Symbol		Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0$ and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	$V_{CCI0} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

			<b>Resistance Tolerance</b>				
Symbol	Description	Conditions	C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	Unit
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCI0</sub> = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCPD</sub> = 2.5 V	±25	±25	±25	±25	%

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power-up for OCT-enabled I/Os. Table 13 lists the OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. Use Table 13 to determine the OCT variation after power-up calibration and Equation 1 to determine the OCT variation without recalibration.

## Equation 1. OCT Variation Without Recalibration for Stratix V Devices (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6)

$$R_{OCT} \,=\, R_{SCAL} \Big( 1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \Big)$$

### Notes to Equation 1:

- (1) The  $R_{OCT}$  value shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and  $V_{CCIO}$ .
- (2) R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- (3)  $\Delta T$  is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power-up.
- (4)  $\Delta V$  is the variation of voltage with respect to the V<sub>CCIO</sub> at power-up.
- (5) dR/dT is the percentage change of  $R_{\text{SCAL}}$  with temperature.
- (6) dR/dV is the percentage change of  $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SCAL}}$  with voltage.

Table 13 lists the on-chip termination variation after power-up calibration.

Table 13.	OCT Variation after Power-U	Calibration for Stratix V Devices	(Part 1 of 2) <sup>(1)</sup>
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Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Typical	Unit
		3.0	0.0297	
		2.5	0.0344	
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	1.8	0.0499	%/mV
		1.5	0.0744	
		1.2	0.1241	

## **Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor**

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> Conditions (V) <sup>(3)</sup>	Value <sup>(4)</sup>	Unit
		3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before	1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
R <sub>PU</sub>	and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable	1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
	pull-up resistor option.	1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices (1), (2)

Notes to Table 16:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.

(2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 k $\Omega$ .

- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a  $\pm 10\%$  tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

## I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>), output voltage (V<sub>OH</sub> and V<sub>OL</sub>), and current drive characteristics (I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub>) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> values are valid at the corresponding I<sub>OH</sub> and I<sub>OL</sub>, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to "Glossary" on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012\_486.

I/O		V <sub>ccio</sub> (V)		V	L (V)	VIH	(V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	IOL	I <sub>oh</sub>
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	(mĀ)	(mÅ)
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	$V_{CCI0} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	0.45	V <sub>CCI0</sub> – 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	0.25 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.75 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	2	-2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.65 * V <sub>CCIO</sub>	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	0.25 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.75 * V <sub>CCI0</sub>	2	-2

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O			V <sub>DIF(</sub>	<sub>DC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)				V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V	)	V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.3	_	0.5* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	_	0.4* V <sub>CCI0</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.48
HSUL-12	1.14	1.2	1.3	0.26	0.26	0.5*V <sub>CCI0</sub> - 0.12	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5*V <sub>CCI0</sub> + 0.12	0.4* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6* V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.44	0.44

### Table 21. Differential HSTL and HSUL I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

### Table 22. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices (7)

I/O	Vc	<sub>cio</sub> (V)	(10)		V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(8)</sup>			V <sub>ICM(DC)</sub> (V)		Vo	<sub>D</sub> (V) (	5)	V <sub>осм</sub> (V) <i>(6)</i>		
Standard	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML	Tran	ismitte					•	of the high-s I/O pin speci	•						For
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> =	_	0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
LVDS <sup>(1)</sup>	2.375	2.0	2.025	100	1.25 V	_	1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
BLVDS (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_		—	_	_	_		_		
RSDS (HIO) <sup>(2)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	_	0.3	—	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini- LVDS (HIO) <sup>(3)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	200		600	0.4	_	1.325	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (4			_	300		_	0.6	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.8		_	_			
), (9)		_		300	_	_	1	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.6		_	_			—

Notes to Table 22:

(1) For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rates above 700 Mbps, and 0 V to 1.85 V for data rates below 700 Mbps.

(2) For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

(3) For optimized Mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.3 V to 1.425 V.

- (4) For optimized LVPECL receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be between 0.85 V to 1.75 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.45 V to 1.95 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.
- (5) There are no fixed  $V_{ICM}$ ,  $V_{OD}$ , and  $V_{OCM}$  specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.
- (6) RL range:  $90 \le RL \le 110 \Omega$ .
- (7) The 1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 18.
- (8) The minimum VID value is applicable over the entire common mode range, VCM.
- (9) LVPECL is only supported on dedicated clock input pins.
- (10) Differential inputs are powered by VCCPD which requires 2.5 V.

## **Power Consumption**

Altera offers two ways to estimate power consumption for a design—the Excel-based Early Power Estimator and the Quartus<sup>®</sup> II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature.

# **Switching Characteristics**

This section provides performance characteristics of the Stratix V core and periphery blocks.

These characteristics can be designated as Preliminary or Final.

- Preliminary characteristics are created using simulation results, process data, and other known parameters. The title of these tables show the designation as "Preliminary."
- Final numbers are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. The numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions. There are no designations on finalized tables.

## **Transceiver Performance Specifications**

This section describes transceiver performance specifications.

Table 23 lists the Stratix V GX and GS transceiver specifications.

Table 23.	<b>Transceiver S</b>	necifications (	for Stratix	V GX and GS	Devices (1)	(Part 1 of 7)
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Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Trai	isceive Grade	r Speed 1	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trar	isceive Grade	r Speed 3	Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
<b>Reference Clock</b>											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V	PCML,	1.4-V PCM	L, 1.5-V		, 2.5-V PCN HCSL	1L, Diffe	rential	LVPECL, L\	/DS, and
Standards	RX reference clock pin			1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V	PCML,	2.5-V PCM	L, LVPE	CL, and	d LVDS	
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(8)</sup>	_	100		710	100		710	100	_	710	MHz
Rise time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400	_	_	400	_	_	400	ps
Fall time	Measure at ±60 mV of differential signal <sup>(26)</sup>	_	_	400			400	_		400	μο
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express® (PCIe <sup>®</sup> )	30		33	30		33	30		33	kHz

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 1	Tra	nsceive Grade	r Speed 2	Trai	r Speed 3	Unit	
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	85– $\Omega$ setting		85 ± 30%		—	85 ± 30%			85 ± 30%		Ω
Differential on-	100–Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%		_	100 ± 30%		_	100 ± 30%		Ω
chip termination resistors <sup>(21)</sup>	120–Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%		_	120 ± 30%		_	120 ± 30%		Ω
	150-Ω setting	_	150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%		_	150 ± 30%		Ω
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V full bandwidth		600		_	600	_		600		mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC and DC coupled)	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 0.85 V or 0.9 V half bandwidth	_	600	_	_	600	_	_	600	_	mV
coupleu)	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V/1.05 V full bandwidth	_	700		_	700			700		mV
	V <sub>CCR_GXB</sub> = 1.0 V half bandwidth	_	750	_	_	750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	_	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> (12)	_	4			4			4			μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(13)</sup>		4			4			4	_		μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(14)</sup>		15			15	—		15	—		μs
Run Length	_	_		200		—	200		—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(10)</sup>	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)			16	_		16	_		16	dB

 Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices <sup>(1)</sup> (Part 4 of 7)

Table 24 shows the maximum transmitter data rate for the clock network.

Table 24. Clock Network Maximum Data Rate Transmitter Specifications (1)

		ATX PLL			CMU PLL <sup>(2)</sup>	)		fPLL	
Clock Network	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span	Non- bonded Mode (Gbps)	Bonded Mode (Gbps)	Channel Span
x1 <sup>(3)</sup>	14.1	—	6	12.5	_	6	3.125	_	3
x6 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	14.1	6	_	12.5	6	_	3.125	6
x6 PLL Feedback <sup>(4)</sup>	_	14.1	Side- wide	_	12.5	Side- wide		_	_
xN (PCIe)	_	8.0	8	_	5.0	8	_	_	_
VN (Native DHV ID)	8.0	8.0	Up to 13 channels above and below PLL	7.99	7.99	Up to 13 channels above	3.125	3.125	Up to 13 channels above
	(Native PHY IP)		Up to 7 channels above and below PLL	7.55	7.55	and below PLL	3.120	0.120	and below PLL

Notes to Table 24:

(1) Valid data rates below the maximum specified in this table depend on the reference clock frequency and the PLL counter settings. Check the MegaWizard message during the PHY IP instantiation.

(2) ATX PLL is recommended at 8 Gbps and above data rates for improved jitter performance.

(3) Channel span is within a transceiver bank.

(4) Side-wide channel bonding is allowed up to the maximum supported by the PHY IP.

Table 27 shows the  $V_{\text{OD}}$  settings for the GX channel.

Symbol	V <sub>op</sub> Setting	V <sub>op</sub> Value (mV)	V <sub>op</sub> Setting	V <sub>op</sub> Value (mV)
	0 (1)	0	32	640
	1 <sup>(1)</sup>	20	33	660
	2 (1)	40	34	680
	3 (1)	60	35	700
	4 (1)	80	36	720
	5 (1)	100	37	740
	6	120	38	760
	7	140	39	780
	8	160	40	800
	9	180	41	820
	10	200	42	840
	11	220	43	860
	12	240	44	880
	13	260	45	900
	14	280	46	920
V <sub>op</sub> differential peak to peak	15	300	47	940
typical <sup>(3)</sup>	16	320	48	960
	17	340	49	980
	18	360	50	1000
	19	380	51	1020
	20	400	52	1040
	21	420	53	1060
	22	440	54	1080
	23	460	55	1100
	24	480	56	1120
	25	500	57	1140
	26	520	58	1160
	27	540	59	1180
	28	560	60	1200
	29	580	61	1220
	30	600	62	1240
	31	620	63	1260

Table 27. Typical V\_{0D} Setting for GX Channel, TX Termination = 100  $\Omega^{\left(2\right)}$ 

#### Note to Table 27:

(1) If TX termination resistance =  $100\Omega$ , this VOD setting is illegal.

(2) The tolerance is +/-20% for all VOD settings except for settings 2 and below.

(3) Refer to Figure 2.

Symbol/	Conditions	:	Transceive Speed Grade			Transceive peed Grade		Unit			
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max				
Reference Clock											
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCN	/IL, 1.4-V PC	ML, 1.5-V P	CML, 2.5-V and HCSL	PCML, Diffe	rential LVPE	ECL, LVDS			
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS									
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	40	_	710	40	_	710	MHz			
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) <sup>(6)</sup>	_	100	-	710	100	_	710	MHz			
Rise time	20% to 80%		_	400		—	400				
Fall time	80% to 20%			400	—		400	ps			
Duty cycle	—	45		55	45		55	%			
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	_	33	30	_	33	kHz			
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCle	_	0 to -0.5		_	0 to -0.5	_	%			
On-chip termination resistors <sup>(19)</sup>	_	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω			
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Dedicated reference clock pin		_	1.6	_	_	1.6	V			
	RX reference clock pin	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2				
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub>	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V			
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	_	200		1600	200	_	1600	mV			
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin		1050/1000 (	2)		1050/1000 (	2)	mV			
	RX reference clock pin	1	.0/0.9/0.85 (	22)	1	.0/0.9/0.85 (	22)	V			
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	_	550	250	_	550	mV			

### Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) <sup>(1)</sup>

## Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 2 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol/	Conditions		Transceive Speed Grade			Fransceive Deed Grade		Unit
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Ī
	100 Hz			-70			-70	
Transmitter REFCLK	1 kHz		_	-90	_	_	-90	-
Phase Noise (622	10 kHz		_	-100	_	_	-100	dBc/Hz
MHz) <sup>(18)</sup>	100 kHz		—	-110	_	—	-110	-
	$\geq$ 1 MHz		—	-120	_	—	-120	-
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) <sup>(15)</sup>	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)		_	3	_		3	ps (rms)
RREF <sup>(17)</sup>	—		1800 ± 1%	_	_	1800 ± 1%	_	Ω
Transceiver Clocks								
fixedclk <b>clock</b> frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect		100 or 125	_	_	100 or 125	_	MHz
Reconfiguration clock (mgmt_clk_clk) frequency	_	100	_	125	100	_	125	MHz
Receiver				•				
Supported I/O Standards	—		1.4-V PCMI	_, 1.5-V PCM	L, 2.5-V PCI	ML, LVPEC	L, and LVDS	3
Data rate (Standard PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS) <sup>(21)</sup>	GX channels	600	_	12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps
Data rate	GT channels	19,600	—	28,050	19,600	—	25,780	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <sup>(3)</sup>	GT channels	_	_	1.2	_	_	1.2	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	GT channels	-0.4	_	_	-0.4		_	V
Maximum peak-to-peak	GT channels	_	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
	GT channels							
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage $V_{ID}$ (diff p-p) after device configuration ( <sup>16</sup> ), ( <sup>20</sup> )	V <sub>CCR_GTB</sub> = 1.05 V (V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.65 V)	—	-	2.2	_	_	2.2	V
oomguration ( ), ( )	GX channels		•	•	(8)			
Minimum differential	GT channels	200	_		200			mV
eye opening at receiver serial input pins <sup>(4)</sup> , <sup>(20)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			

Symbol/	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			S	Unit		
Description		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels		100	_	_	100	_	Ω
	85- $\Omega$ setting	_	85 ± 30%	_	_	85 ± 30%	_	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	_	100 ± 30%	_	_	100 ± 30%	_	Ω
for GX channels <sup>(19)</sup>	120-Ω setting	_	120 ± 30%	_	_	120 ± 30%	_	Ω
	150-Ω setting		150 ± 30%	_	_	150 ± 30%	_	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	GT channels		650		—	650	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V		600	_	_	600		mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	_	700	_	_	700	_	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth		750	_	_	750	_	mV
t <sub>LTR</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t <sub>LTD</sub> <sup>(10)</sup>		4			4			μs
t <sub>LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(11)</sup>	—	4	—	—	4	—	_	μs
t <sub>LTR_LTD_manual</sub> <sup>(12)</sup>	_	15			15	—		μs
Run Length	GT channels	_	_	72	—	—	72	CID
nun Lengin	GX channels				(8)			
CDR PPM	GT channels			1000	_	—	1000	± PPM
	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	_	14	—	—	14	dB
equalization (AC Gain) <sup>(5)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Programmable	GT channels	_	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
DC gain <sup>(6)</sup>	GX channels				(8)			
Differential on-chip termination resistors <sup>(7)</sup>	GT channels	_	100	_	_	100	_	Ω
Transmitter	·1							
Supported I/O Standards	_			1.4-V	and 1.5-V F	PCML		
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	_	8500	600	_	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600		12,500	600	_	12,500	Mbps

## Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5)<sup>(1)</sup>

Figure 6 shows the Stratix V DC gain curves for GT channels.

Figure 6. DC Gain Curves for GT Channels

## **Transceiver Characterization**

This section summarizes the Stratix V transceiver characterization results for compliance with the following protocols:

- Interlaken
- 40G (XLAUI)/100G (CAUI)
- 10GBase-KR
- QSGMII
- XAUI
- SFI
- Gigabit Ethernet (Gbe / GIGE)
- SPAUI
- Serial Rapid IO (SRIO)
- CPRI
- OBSAI
- Hyper Transport (HT)
- SATA
- SAS
- CEI

0h.a.l	Oanditiana	C1			C2, C2L, I2, I2L			C3, I3, I3L, I3YY			C4,14			Unit
Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter	•													•
	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10 (9), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16)	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1434	(6)	_	1250	(6)	_	1050	Mbps
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{SERDES factor J} \\ \geq 4 \end{array}$													
True Differential I/O Standards	LVDS TX with DPA <sup>(12)</sup> , <sup>(14)</sup> , <sup>(15)</sup> , <sup>(16)</sup>	(6)		1600	(6)		1600	(6)	_	1600	(6)	_	1250	Mbps
- f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 2,	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
	uses DDR Registers	(0)	_	(7)	(0)		(7)	(0)	_	(7)	(0)	_	(7)	wups
	SERDES factor J = 1, uses SDR Register	(6)	_	(7)	(6)	_	(7)	(6)		(7)	(6)		(7)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks - f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate) <sup>(10)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10 $(17)$	(6)		1100	(6)		1100	(6)		840	(6)		840	Mbps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - True Differential	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	160	_	_	160			160	_		160	ps
I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	_	_	0.1	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> - Emulated Differential I/O Standards	Total Jitter for Data Rate 600 Mbps - 1.25 Gbps	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	300	_	_	325	ps
with Three External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600 Mbps	_		0.2			0.2			0.2	_		0.25	UI

## Table 36. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices (1), (2) (Part 2 of 4)



#### Figure 13. FPP Configuration Timing Waveform When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1 (1), (2)

#### Notes to Figure 13:

- (1) Use this timing waveform and parameters when the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio is >1. To find out the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio for your system, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (2) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (3) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time as specified by the POR delay.
- (4) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF\_DONE is low.
- (5) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (6) "r" denotes the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio. For the DCLK-to-DATA [] ratio based on the decompression and the design security feature enable settings, refer to Table 49 on page 55.
- (7) If needed, pause DCLK by holding it low. When DCLK restarts, the external host must provide data on the DATA [31..0] pins prior to sending the first DCLK rising edge.
- (8) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (9) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode $(3)$	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	—
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	t <sub>cd2cu</sub> + (8576 × clkusr period)	_	—

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS  $\times$ 1 and AS  $\times$ 4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices <sup>(1), (2)</sup> (Part 2 of 2)

#### Notes to Table 53:

(1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(2) t<sub>CF2CD</sub>, t<sub>CF2ST0</sub>, t<sub>CF2ST0</sub>, t<sub>CF6</sub>, t<sub>STATUS</sub>, and t<sub>CF2ST1</sub> timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.

(3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the "Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices" chapter.

## **Passive Serial Configuration Timing**

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform <sup>(1)</sup>



#### Notes to Figure 15:

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF\_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds <code>nSTATUS</code> low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATAO is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF\_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF\_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT DONE goes low.

Table 54 lists the PS configuration timing parameters for Stratix V devices.

Table 54. PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	—	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	—	μS
t <sub>status</sub>	nSTATUS low pulse width	268	1,506 <sup>(1)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	—	1,506 <sup>(2)</sup>	μS
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> (5)	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1,506	—	μS
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	—	μS
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	—	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	DATA[] hold time after rising edge on DCLK	0	—	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	DCLK high time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CL</sub>	DCLK low time	$0.45\times 1/f_{MAX}$	—	S
t <sub>CLK</sub>	DCLK period	1/f <sub>MAX</sub>	—	S
f <sub>MAX</sub>	DCLK frequency	—	125	MHz
t <sub>CD2UM</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode $(3)$	175	437	μS
t <sub>CD2CU</sub>	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	_	_
t <sub>CD2UMC</sub>	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU}$ + (8576 × CLKUSR period) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_

### Notes to Table 54:

(1) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

(2) This value is applicable if you do not delay configuration by externally holding the nSTATUS low.

(3) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.

(4) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on these pins, refer to the "Initialization" section.

(5) If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the t<sub>ST2CK</sub> specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the t<sub>CF2CK</sub> specification.

## Initialization

Table 55 lists the initialization clock source option, the applicable configuration schemes, and the maximum frequency.

Table 55. Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximu	m Frequency
---	-------------

Initialization Clock Source	Configuration Schemes	Maximum Frequency	Minimum Number of Clock Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>
Internal Oscillator	AS, PS, FPP	12.5 MHz	
CLKUSR	AS, PS, FPP <sup>(2)</sup>	125 MHz	8576
DCLK	PS, FPP	125 MHz	

### Notes to Table 55:

(1) The minimum number of clock cycles required for device initialization.

(2) To enable CLKUSR as the initialization clock source, turn on the Enable user-supplied start-up clock (CLKUSR) option in the Quartus II software from the General panel of the Device and Pin Options dialog box.

Parameter	Available	Min	Fast	Model				Slow N	lodel			
(1)	Settings	<b>Offset</b> (2)	Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	12	13, 13YY	14	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

#### Notes to Table 58:

(1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column of Assignment Editor.

(2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

## **Programmable Output Buffer Delay**

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 55. Flugiallillable Uulput Duffel Delay für Stratix V Devices'	Table 59.	). Programmable Output Buffer Delay for	r Stratix V Devices (†
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Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
		0 (default)	ps
D	Rising and/or falling edge	25	ps
D <sub>OUTBUF</sub>	delay	50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

(1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the Output Buffer Delay Control assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the Output Buffer Delay assignment.

# Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions			
Α					
В	—	—			
С					
D	_	_			
E	—	_			
	f <sub>HSCLK</sub>	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.			
F	f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> = 1/TUI), non-DPA.			
	f <sub>hsdrdpa</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum <b>LVDS</b> data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDRDPA</sub> = 1/TUI), DPA.			

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 3 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
		■ Updated Table 2, Table 6, Table 7, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 47, Table 60
May 2013	2.7	■ Added Table 24, Table 48
		<ul> <li>Updated Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12</li> </ul>
February 2013 2.6		<ul> <li>Updated Table 7, Table 9, Table 20, Table 23, Table 27, Table 30, Table 31, Table 35, Table 46</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated "Maximum Allowed Overshoot and Undershoot Voltage"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 3, Table 6, Table 7, Table 8, Table 23, Table 24, Table 25, Table 27, Table 30, Table 32, Table 35</li> </ul>
		Added Table 33
		<ul> <li>Added "Fast Passive Parallel Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
December 0010	0.5	<ul> <li>Added "Active Serial Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
December 2012	2.5	<ul> <li>Added "Passive Serial Configuration Timing"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Remote System Upgrades"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "User Watchdog Internal Circuitry Timing Specification"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Initialization"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added "Raw Binary File Size"</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.</li> </ul>
June 2012	2.4	<ul> <li>Updated Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 6, Table 11, Table 22, Table 23, Table 27, Table 29, Table 30, Table 31, Table 32, Table 35, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 43, Table 56, and Table 59.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Various edits throughout to fix bugs.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Changed title of document to Stratix V Device Datasheet.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Removed document from the Stratix V handbook and made it a separate document.</li> </ul>
February 2012	2.3	■ Updated Table 1–22, Table 1–29, Table 1–31, and Table 1–31.
December 2011	2.2	■ Added Table 2–31.
	2.2	■ Updated Table 2–28 and Table 2–34.
Neurometren 0011	0.1	<ul> <li>Added Table 2–2 and Table 2–21 and updated Table 2–5 with information about Stratix V GT devices.</li> </ul>
November 2011	2.1	■ Updated Table 2–11, Table 2–13, Table 2–20, and Table 2–25.
		<ul> <li>Various edits throughout to fix SPRs.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Updated Table 2–4, Table 2–18, Table 2–19, Table 2–21, Table 2–22, Table 2–23, and Table 2–24.</li> </ul>
May 2011	2.0	<ul> <li>Updated the "DQ Logic Block and Memory Output Clock Jitter Specifications" title.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Chapter moved to Volume 1.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
		■ Updated Table 1–2, Table 1–4, Table 1–19, and Table 1–23.
December 2010	1.1	<ul> <li>Converted chapter to the new template.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Minor text edits.</li> </ul>
July 2010	1.0	Initial release.