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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	128300
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	340000
Total RAM Bits	19456000
Number of I/O	600
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.82V ~ 0.88V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-HBGA (33x33)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5sgxma3e3h29i3ln

Table 5 lists the maximum allowed input overshoot voltage and the duration of the overshoot voltage as a percentage of device lifetime. The maximum allowed overshoot duration is specified as a percentage of high time over the lifetime of the device. A DC signal is equivalent to 100% of the duty cycle. For example, a signal that overshoots to 3.95 V can be at 3.95 V for only ~21% over the lifetime of the device; for a device lifetime of 10 years, the overshoot duration amounts to ~2 years.

Table 5. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % @ $T_J = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	Unit
V_i (AC)	AC input voltage	3.8	100	%
		3.85	64	%
		3.9	36	%
		3.95	21	%
		4	12	%
		4.05	7	%
		4.1	4	%
		4.15	2	%
		4.2	1	%

Figure 1. Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration



Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operating limits for the AC and DC parameters for Stratix V devices. Table 6 lists the steady-state voltage and current values expected from Stratix V devices. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min ⁽⁴⁾	Typ	Max ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
V _{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C1, C2, I2, and I3YY speed grades)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply (C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4 speed grades) ⁽³⁾	—	0.82	0.85	0.88	V
V _{CCPT}	Power supply for programmable power technology	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V _{CC_AUX}	Auxiliary supply for the programmable power technology	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCPD} ⁽¹⁾	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCIO}	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.35 V) power supply	—	1.283	1.35	1.45	V
	I/O buffers (1.25 V) power supply	—	1.19	1.25	1.31	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V _{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{CCA_FPLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V _{CCD_FPLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
V _{CCBAT} ⁽²⁾	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.0	V
V _I	DC input voltage	—	−0.5	—	3.6	V
V _O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V _{CCIO}	V
T _J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	−40	—	100	°C

Table 8 shows the transceiver power supply voltage requirements for various conditions.

Table 8. Transceiver Power Supply Voltage Requirements

Conditions	Core Speed Grade	VCCR_GXB & VCCT_GXB ⁽²⁾	VCCA_GXB	VCCH_GXB	Unit
If BOTH of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Data rate > 10.3 Gbps. ■ DFE is used. 	All	1.05	3.0	1.5	V
If ANY of the following conditions are true ⁽¹⁾ : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATX PLL is used. ■ Data rate > 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE (data rate ≤ 10.3 Gbps), AEQ, or EyeQ feature is used. 	All	1.0			
If ALL of the following conditions are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATX PLL is not used. ■ Data rate ≤ 6.5Gbps. ■ DFE, AEQ, and EyeQ are not used. 	C1, C2, I2, and I3YY	0.90	2.5		
	C2L, C3, C4, I2L, I3, I3L, and I4	0.85	2.5		

Notes to Table 8:

- (1) Choose this power supply voltage requirement option if you plan to upgrade your design later with any of the listed conditions.
- (2) If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB supplies are set to 1.0 V or 1.05 V, they cannot be shared with the VCC core supply. If the VCCR_GXB and VCCT_GXB are set to either 0.90 V or 0.85 V, they can be shared with the VCC core supply.

DC Characteristics

This section lists the supply current, I/O pin leakage current, input pin capacitance, on-chip termination tolerance, and hot socketing specifications.

Supply Current

Supply current is the current drawn from the respective power rails used for power budgeting. Use the Excel-based Early Power Estimator (EPE) to get supply current estimates for your design because these currents vary greatly with the resources you use.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 11. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Calibration Accuracy				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3,I3, I3YY	C4,I4	
50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
34-Ω and 40-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (34-Ω and 40-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω R _S	Internal series termination with calibration (48-Ω, 60-Ω, 80-Ω, and 240-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω, 60-Ω, and 120-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25 V	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60-Ω and 120-Ω R _T	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60-Ω and 120-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25-Ω R _{S_left_shift}	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 V	±15	±15	±15	±15	%

Note to Table 11:

(1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 12 lists the Stratix V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 12. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Resistance Tolerance				Unit
			C1	C2,I2	C3, I3, I3YY	C4, I4	
25-Ω R, 50-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 3.0 and 2.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.8 and 1.5 V	±30	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R _S	Internal series termination without calibration (25-Ω setting)	V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V	±35	±35	±50	±50	%

Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor

Table 16 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Stratix V devices.

Table 16. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)}

Symbol	Description	V _{CCIO} Conditions (V) ⁽³⁾	Value ⁽⁴⁾	Unit
R _{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if you enable the programmable pull-up resistor option.	3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

Notes to Table 16:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable the weak pull-up resistor except the configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- (3) The pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
- (4) These specifications are valid with a ±10% tolerance to cover changes over PVT.

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 17 through Table 22 list the input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by Stratix V devices. These tables also show the Stratix V device family I/O standard specifications. The V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of the terms used in Table 17 through Table 22, refer to “Glossary” on page 65. For tolerance calculations across all SSTL and HSTL I/O standards, refer to Altera knowledge base solution rd07262012_486.

Table 17. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Stratix V Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTTL	2.85	3	3.15	−0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	−2
LVC MOS	2.85	3	3.15	−0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V _{CCIO} − 0.2	0.1	−0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	−0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	−1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V _{CCIO} − 0.45	2	−2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	−2
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	−0.3	0.35 * V _{CCIO}	0.65 * V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 * V _{CCIO}	0.75 * V _{CCIO}	2	−2



-  You typically use the interactive Excel-based Early Power Estimator before designing the FPGA to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after you complete place-and-route. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities that, when combined with detailed circuit models, yields very accurate power estimates.
-  For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	—	0 to -0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V_{MAX} ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V_{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V_{ICM} (AC coupled) ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000/900/850 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽⁴⁾			V
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise (622 MHz) ⁽²⁰⁾	100 Hz	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	—	—	-70	dBc/Hz
	1 kHz	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	—	—	-90	dBc/Hz
	10 kHz	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	—	—	-100	dBc/Hz
	100 kHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (100 MHz) ⁽¹⁷⁾	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz (PCIe)	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps (rms)
R_{REF} ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	—	1800 $\pm 1\%$	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks											
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	—	100 or 125	—	MHz

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽²¹⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC and DC coupled)	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ or 0.9 V full bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 0.85\text{ V}$ or 0.9 V half bandwidth	—	600	—	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}/1.05\text{ V}$ full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	$V_{CCR_GXB} = 1.0\text{ V}$ half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t_{LTR} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
t_{LTD} ⁽¹²⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
t_{LTD_manual} ⁽¹³⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μs
$t_{LTR_LTD_manual}$ ⁽¹⁴⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs
Run Length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽¹⁰⁾	Full bandwidth (6.25 GHz) Half bandwidth (3.125 GHz)	—	—	16	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB

Table 23. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices ⁽¹⁾ (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 1			Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	xN PMA bonded mode	—	—	500	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU PLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	12500	600	—	12500	600	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
ATX PLL											
Supported Data Rate Range	VCO post-divider L=2	8000	—	14100	8000	—	12500	8000	—	8500/ 10312.5 ⁽²⁴⁾	Mbps
	L=4	4000	—	7050	4000	—	6600	4000	—	6600	Mbps
	L=8	2000	—	3525	2000	—	3300	2000	—	3300	Mbps
	L=8, Local/Central Clock Divider =2	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	1000	—	1762.5	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
t _{pll_lock} ⁽¹⁶⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	10	μs
fPLL											
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	600	—	3250/ 3125 ⁽²⁵⁾	Mbps
t _{pll_powerdown} ⁽¹⁵⁾	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 1 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	Dedicated reference clock pin	1.2-V PCML, 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL						
	RX reference clock pin	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS						
Input Reference Clock Frequency (CMU PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	40	—	710	40	—	710	MHz
Input Reference Clock Frequency (ATX PLL) ⁽⁶⁾	—	100	—	710	100	—	710	MHz
Rise time	20% to 80%	—	—	400	—	—	400	ps
Fall time	80% to 20%	—	—	400	—	—	400	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCI Express (PCIe)	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to −0.5	—	—	0 to −0.5	—	%
On-chip termination resistors ⁽¹⁹⁾	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Absolute V _{MAX} ⁽³⁾	Dedicated reference clock pin	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
	RX reference clock pin	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2	
Absolute V _{MIN}	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	Dedicated reference clock pin	1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			1050/1000 ⁽²⁾			mV
	RX reference clock pin	1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			1.0/0.9/0.85 ⁽²²⁾			V
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV

Table 28. Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GT Devices (Part 3 of 5) ⁽¹⁾

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	Transceiver Speed Grade 2			Transceiver Speed Grade 3			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Differential on-chip termination resistors for GX channels ⁽¹⁹⁾	85- Ω setting	—	85 \pm 30%	—	—	85 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	100- Ω setting	—	100 \pm 30%	—	—	100 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	120- Ω setting	—	120 \pm 30%	—	—	120 \pm 30%	—	Ω
	150- Ω setting	—	150 \pm 30%	—	—	150 \pm 30%	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	GT channels	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
VICM (AC and DC coupled) for GX Channels	VCCR_GXB = 0.85 V or 0.9 V	—	600	—	—	600	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V full bandwidth	—	700	—	—	700	—	mV
	VCCR_GXB = 1.0 V half bandwidth	—	750	—	—	750	—	mV
t _{LTR} ⁽⁹⁾	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	μ s
t _{LTD} ⁽¹⁰⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTD_manual} ⁽¹¹⁾	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	μ s
t _{LTR_LTD_manual} ⁽¹²⁾	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μ s
Run Length	GT channels	—	—	72	—	—	72	CID
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
CDR PPM	GT channels	—	—	1000	—	—	1000	\pm PPM
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable equalization (AC Gain) ⁽⁵⁾	GT channels	—	—	14	—	—	14	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Programmable DC gain ⁽⁶⁾	GT channels	—	—	7.5	—	—	7.5	dB
	GX channels	⁽⁸⁾						
Differential on-chip termination resistors ⁽⁷⁾	GT channels	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	—	1.4-V and 1.5-V PCML						
Data rate (Standard PCS)	GX channels	600	—	8500	600	—	8500	Mbps
Data rate (10G PCS)	GX channels	600	—	12,500	600	—	12,500	Mbps

- XFI
- ASI
- HiGig/HiGig+
- HiGig2/HiGig2+
- Serial Data Converter (SDC)
- GPON
- SDI
- SONET
- Fibre Channel (FC)
- PCIe
- QPI
- SFF-8431

Download the Stratix V Characterization Report Tool to view the characterization report summary for these protocols.

Core Performance Specifications

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), memory blocks, configuration, and JTAG specifications.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 30 lists the clock tree specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 30. Clock Tree Performance for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Performance			Unit
	C1, C2, C2L, I2, and I2L	C3, I3, I3L, and I3YY	C4, I4	
Global and Regional Clock	717	650	580	MHz
Periphery Clock	550	500	500	MHz

Note to Table 30:

(1) The Stratix V ES devices are limited to 600 MHz core clock tree performance.

Table 33. Memory Block Performance Specifications for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance							Unit
		ALUTs	Memory	C1	C2, C2L	C3	C4	I2, I2L	I3, I3L, I3YY	I4	
M20K Block	Single-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port with the read-during-write option set to Old Data , all supported widths	0	1	525	525	455	400	525	455	400	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	450	450	400	350	450	400	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port with ECC and optional pipeline registers enabled, 512 × 32	0	1	600	600	500	450	600	500	450	MHz
	True dual port, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz
	ROM, all supported widths	0	1	700	700	650	550	700	500	450	MHz

Notes to Table 33:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to **50%** output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection cyclical redundancy check (CRC) feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.
- (3) The F_{MAX} specification is only achievable with Fitter options, **MLAB Implementation In 16-Bit Deep Mode** enabled.

Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications

Table 34 lists the internal TSD specification.

Table 34. Internal Temperature Sensing Diode Specification

Temperature Range	Accuracy	Offset Calibrated Option	Sampling Rate	Conversion Time	Resolution	Minimum Resolution with no Missing Codes
–40°C to 100°C	±8°C	No	1 MHz, 500 KHz	< 100 ms	8 bits	8 bits

Table 35 lists the specifications for the Stratix V external temperature sensing diode.

Table 35. External Temperature Sensing Diode Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{bias} , diode source current	8	—	200	μA
V _{bias} , voltage across diode	0.3	—	0.9	V
Series resistance	—	—	< 1	Ω
Diode ideality factor	1.006	1.008	1.010	—

Table 40. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4,I4	8	16	ps

Notes to Table 40:

- (1) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (2) The delay settings are linear with a cumulative delay variation of 40 ps for all speed grades. For example, when using a –2 speed grade and applying a 10-phase offset setting to a 90° phase shift at 400 MHz, the expected average cumulative delay is $[625 \text{ ps} + (10 \times 10 \text{ ps}) \pm 20 \text{ ps}] = 725 \text{ ps} \pm 20 \text{ ps}$.

Table 41 lists the DQS phase shift error for Stratix V devices.

Table 41. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ($t_{\text{DQS_PSERR}}$) for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾

Number of DQS Delay Buffers	C1	C2, C2L, I2, I2L	C3, I3, I3L, I3YY	C4,I4	Unit
1	28	28	30	32	ps
2	56	56	60	64	ps
3	84	84	90	96	ps
4	112	112	120	128	ps

Notes to Table 41:

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a –2 speed grade is $\pm 78 \text{ ps}$ or $\pm 39 \text{ ps}$.

Table 42 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (Part 1 of 2)} ^{(2), (3)}

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Regional	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–55	55	–55	55	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–100	100	–100	100	–110	110	–110	110	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–50	50	–50	50	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
Global	Clock period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(per)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–82.5	82.5	–82.5	82.5	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(cc)}}$	–150	150	–150	150	–165	165	–165	165	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{\text{JIT(duty)}}$	–75	75	–75	75	–90	90	–90	90	ps

Table 42. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Stratix V Devices ⁽¹⁾, (Part 2 of 2) ⁽²⁾, ⁽³⁾

Clock Network	Parameter	Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4,I4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
PHY Clock	Clock period jitter	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-25	25	-25	25	-30	30	-35	35	ps
	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-50	50	-50	50	-60	60	-70	70	ps
	Duty cycle jitter	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-37.5	37.5	-37.5	37.5	-45	45	-56	56	ps

Notes to Table 42:

- (1) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a PHY, regional, or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using PHY clock networks whenever possible.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to the memory output clock pins clocked by an integer PLL.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps peak-to-peak is applied with bit error rate (BER) -12, equivalent to 14 sigma.

OCT Calibration Block Specifications

Table 43 lists the OCT calibration block specifications for Stratix V devices.

Table 43. OCT Calibration Block Specifications for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OCTUSRCLK	Clock required by the OCT calibration blocks	—	—	20	MHz
T_{OCTCAL}	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for OCT R_S/R_T calibration	—	1000	—	Cycles
$T_{OCTSHIFT}$	Number of OCTUSRCLK clock cycles required for the OCT code to shift out	—	32	—	Cycles
T_{RS_RT}	Time required between the <code>dyn_term_ctrl</code> and <code>oe</code> signal transitions in a bidirectional I/O buffer to dynamically switch between OCT R_S and R_T (Figure 10)	—	2.5	—	ns

Figure 10 shows the timing diagram for the `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` signals.

Figure 10. Timing Diagram for `oe` and `dyn_term_ctrl` Signals

Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 44 lists the worst-case DCD for Stratix V devices.

Table 44. Worst-Case DCD on Stratix V I/O Pins ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	C1		C2, C2L, I2, I2L		C3, I3, I3L, I3YY		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 44:

(1) The DCD numbers do not cover the core clock network.

Configuration Specification

POR Delay Specification

Power-on reset (POR) delay is defined as the delay between the time when all the power supplies monitored by the POR circuitry reach the minimum recommended operating voltage to the time when the nSTATUS is released high and your device is ready to begin configuration.



For more information about the POR delay, refer to the *Hot Socketing and Power-On Reset in Stratix V Devices* chapter.

Table 45 lists the fast and standard POR delay specification.

Table 45. Fast and Standard POR Delay Specification ⁽¹⁾

POR Delay	Minimum	Maximum
Fast	4 ms	12 ms
Standard	100 ms	300 ms

Note to Table 45:

(1) You can select the POR delay based on the MSEL settings as described in the MSEL Pin Settings section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

JTAG Configuration Specifications

Table 46 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Stratix V devices.

Table 46. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Stratix V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	30	—	ns
t _{JCP}	TCK clock period ⁽²⁾	167	—	ns
t _{JCH}	TCK clock high time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JCL}	TCK clock low time ⁽²⁾	14	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TDI)}	TDI JTAG port setup time	2	—	ns
t _{JPSU (TMS)}	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns

Table 47. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices

Family	Device	Package	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits) ^{(4), (5)}
Stratix V E ⁽¹⁾	5SEE9	—	342,742,976	700,888
	5SEEB	—	342,742,976	700,888

Notes to Table 47:

- (1) Stratix V E devices do not have PCI Express® (PCIe®) hard IP. Stratix V E devices do not support the CvP configuration scheme.
- (2) 36-transceiver devices.
- (3) 24-transceiver devices.
- (4) File size for the periphery image.
- (5) The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the CvP feature.

Use the data in Table 47 to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal (.hex) or tabular text file (.tff) format, have different file sizes. For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Quartus II software. However, for a specific version of the Quartus II software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size. If you are using compression, the file size can vary after each compilation because the compression ratio depends on your design.



For more information about setting device configuration options, refer to *Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices*. For creating configuration files, refer to the *Quartus II Help*.

Table 48 lists the minimum configuration time estimates for Stratix V devices.

Table 48. Minimum Configuration Time Estimation for Stratix V Devices

Variant	Member Code	Active Serial ⁽¹⁾			Fast Passive Parallel ⁽²⁾		
		Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)	Width	DCLK (MHz)	Min Config Time (s)
GX	A3	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
		4	100	0.344	32	100	0.043
	A4	4	100	0.534	32	100	0.067
	A5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	A9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	AB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	B5	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B6	4	100	0.676	32	100	0.085
	B9	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
	BB	4	100	0.857	32	100	0.107
GT	C5	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084
	C7	4	100	0.675	32	100	0.084

Table 53. AS Timing Parameters for AS ×1 and AS ×4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices ^{(1), (2)} (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
t_{CD2UM}	CONF_DONE high to user mode ⁽³⁾	175	437	μs
t_{CD2CU}	CONF_DONE high to CLKUSR enabled	4 × maximum DCLK period	—	—
t_{CD2UMC}	CONF_DONE high to user mode with CLKUSR option on	$t_{CD2CU} + (8576 \times \text{CLKUSR period})$	—	—

Notes to Table 53:

- (1) The minimum and maximum numbers apply only if you choose the internal oscillator as the clock source for initializing the device.
- (2) t_{CF2CD} , t_{CF2ST0} , t_{CFG} , t_{STATUS} , and t_{CF2ST1} timing parameters are identical to the timing parameters for PS mode listed in Table 54 on page 63.
- (3) To enable the CLKUSR pin as the initialization clock source and to obtain the maximum frequency specification on this pin, refer to the Initialization section of the “Configuration, Design Security, and Remote System Upgrades in Stratix V Devices” chapter.

Passive Serial Configuration Timing

Figure 15 shows the timing waveform for a passive serial (PS) configuration when using a MAX II device, MAX V device, or microprocessor as an external host.

Figure 15. PS Configuration Timing Waveform ⁽¹⁾**Notes to Figure 15:**

- (1) The beginning of this waveform shows the device in user mode. In user mode, nCONFIG, nSTATUS, and CONF_DONE are at logic high levels. When nCONFIG is pulled low, a reconfiguration cycle begins.
- (2) After power-up, the Stratix V device holds nSTATUS low for the time of the POR delay.
- (3) After power-up, before and during configuration, CONF_DONE is low.
- (4) Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. You can drive it high or low, whichever is more convenient.
- (5) DATA0 is available as a user I/O pin after configuration. The state of this pin depends on the dual-purpose pin settings in the **Device and Pins Option**.
- (6) To ensure a successful configuration, send the entire configuration data to the Stratix V device. CONF_DONE is released high after the Stratix V device receives all the configuration data successfully. After CONF_DONE goes high, send two additional falling edges on DCLK to begin initialization and enter user mode.
- (7) After the option bit to enable the INIT_DONE pin is configured into the device, the INIT_DONE goes low.

Table 58. IOE Programmable Delay for Stratix V Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Parameter (1)	Available Settings	Min Offset (2)	Fast Model		Slow Model							
			Industrial	Commercial	C1	C2	C3	C4	I2	I3, I3YY	I4	Unit
D3	8	0	1.587	1.699	2.793	2.793	2.992	3.192	2.811	3.047	3.257	ns
D4	64	0	0.464	0.492	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.843	0.920	1.006	ns
D5	64	0	0.464	0.493	0.838	0.838	0.924	1.011	0.844	0.921	1.006	ns
D6	32	0	0.229	0.244	0.415	0.415	0.458	0.503	0.418	0.456	0.499	ns

Notes to Table 58:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column of **Assignment Editor**.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Programmable Output Buffer Delay

Table 59 lists the delay chain settings that control the rising and falling edge delays of the output buffer. The default delay is 0 ps.

Table 59. Programmable Output Buffer Delay for Stratix V Devices (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
D _{OUTBUF}	Rising and/or falling edge delay	0 (default)	ps
		25	ps
		50	ps
		75	ps

Note to Table 59:

- (1) You can set the programmable output buffer delay in the Quartus II software by setting the **Output Buffer Delay Control** assignment to either positive, negative, or both edges, with the specific values stated here (in ps) for the **Output Buffer Delay** assignment.

Glossary

Table 60 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 60. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
A	—	—
B		
C		
D	—	—
E	—	—
F	f _{HCLK}	Left and right PLL input clock frequency.
	f _{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDR} = 1/TUI), non-DPA.
	f _{HSDRDPA}	High-speed I/O block—Maximum and minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f _{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI), DPA.

Document Revision History

Table 61 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 61. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 3)

Date	Version	Changes
June 2018	3.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the “Stratix V Device Overshoot Duration” figure.
April 2017	3.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “PS Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the condition for $100\text{-}\Omega$ R_D in the “OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum value for t_{CD2UMC} in the “FPP Timing Parameters for Stratix V Devices When the DCLK-to-DATA[] Ratio is >1” table. ■ Changed the minimum number of clock cycles value in the “Initialization Clock Source Option and the Maximum Frequency” table.
June 2016	3.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added the V_{ID} minimum specification for LVPECL in the “Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table ■ Added the I_{OUT} specification to the “Absolute Maximum Ratings for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added a footnote to the “High-Speed I/O Specifications for Stratix V Devices” table.
December 2015	3.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the transmitter, receiver, and ATX PLL data rate specifications in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the configuration .rbf sizes in the “Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Stratix V Devices” table.
July 2015	3.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Changed the data rate specification for transceiver speed grade 3 in the following tables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” ■ “Stratix V Standard PCS Approximate Maximum Date Rate” ■ “Stratix V 10G PCS Approximate Maximum Data Rate” ■ Changed the conditions for reference clock rise and fall time, and added a note to the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Added a note to the “Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins” specification in the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table. ■ Changed the t_{CO} maximum value in the “AS Timing Parameters for AS ‘1 and AS ‘4 Configurations in Stratix V Devices” table. ■ Removed the CDR ppm tolerance specification from the “Transceiver Specifications for Stratix V GX and GS Devices” table.